

PHP Course Ducat Noida (Batch 6 pm) 11 April 2020

PHP : PHP stands for hypertext pre processor. server side scripting language which used for developed dynamic websites. It was developed by Rasmus Lerdorf around 1994.

Extension : .php

Advantage

- * open source(source code can change)**
- * multiplatform(win,linux,mac)**
- * support many databases (e.g mysql, oracle etc)**
- * support many web servers (e.g. apache, iis etc)**
- * easy to use, light weight, fast processing**
- * support oops features**

php

xampp (Cross)

wamp (windows)

lamp (linx)

mamp (mac)

xampp download from apachefriends.org

install

xampp control panel (start apache and mysql)

save file

c://xampp/htdocs/folder/filename.php

e.g.

c://xampp/htdocs/06pm/first.php

code

Run (browser)

http://localhost/06pm/first.php

or

localhost/06pm/first.php

Tags(Delimiters)

1 standard tag

<?php

?>

2 short tag

<?

?>

3 Asp tag

<%

%>

for output on screen

echo

- * fast processing**
- * it can execute multiple statement**

e.g.

```
echo "" , "" , "" ;  
echo "Hello" , "Ducat" ;
```

print

- * slow processing**
- * it can execute only single statement**

e.g.

```
print "" ;  
print "Hello" ;
```

concatenation (.)

```
echo "Hello"."Ducat" ;  
print "Hello"."Ducat" ;
```

new line

**
 (webpage)**

\n (file)

**echo "Hello
 PHP";**

**print "Hello
 PHP";**

echo "<h1>India</h1>";

comments

// single line comments

single line comments

/*

multiple line comments

***/**

variable : it is a temporary memory location which is used for hold the information. the value of the variable can vary(change) at run time.

Rules for declare variable

- * start from \$ sign
- * continue with a-zA-Z_
- * can combination a-zA-Z0-9

e.g.

```
$a;  
$D;  
$5;      wrong  
$_A;  
$a5;  
$5a;  wrong
```

```
$a = 5;  
echo $a;
```

```
$b = "India";  
echo $b;
```

Data Types : in php data types allocate automatically at run time.

int, string, double, array, object , resource, boolean, null

check data type

gettype(var name)

show only data type

var_dump(var name)

print, show data type and value

e.g.

\$a = 5;

echo gettype(\$a);

var_dump(\$a);

e.g

\$x = 5;

echo "value of x is ".\$x;

e.g.

\$a = 5;

\$b = 3;

echo "value of a is ".\$a." and value of b is ".\$b;

e.g.

```
$z = 8;
```

```
echo "value of z = ".$z;           (value of z is 8)  
echo "value of z = $z";           (value of z is 8)  
echo 'value of z = $z';           (value of z is $z)
```

Constant : it is a temporary memory location which used for hold the information. the value of constant can not vry(change) at run time.

```
defined("constant name","value");  
const constantname = value;
```

Rules for define constant name

- * always start from a-zA-Z_**
- * can use a-zA-Z0-9**

e.g

```
define("HOST","Localhost");  
or  
const HOST = "Localhost";
```

```
echo HOST;
```

e.g.

```
define("A","India");  
or  
const A = "India";
```

```
echo A;
```

