

## **R-Introduction:**

- R is an interpreted programming language used to analyze statistical information, graphical representation, reporting, and data modeling.
- R is the implementation of the S programming language, which is combined with lexical scoping semantics.
- Its most common use is to analyze and visualize data. R generally comes with the Command-line interface.

### Evolution of R:

- R programming language was designed by Ross Ihaka and Robert Gentleman at the University of Auckland, New Zealand.
- The R Development Core Team currently develops R.

### Why R programming Language:

- R programming is an open-source free language which is currently one of the most requested programming language in the Data Science job market.
- R is a platform-independent language and it is used as a leading tool for machine learning, statistics, and data analysis.
- R programming language allows us to integrate with other languages (C, C++) and it has a vast community of users and it's growing day by day.

## **Advantages of R:**

- R programming is platform independent which runs on any operating systems.
- In R, everyone is welcome to provide new packages, bug fixes, and code enhancements.

## **Disadvantages of R:**

- In the R programming language, the standard of some packages is less than perfect.
- Although, R commands give little pressure to memory management. So R programming language may consume all available memory.

## **Applications of R:**

- We use R for Data Science.
- R is used by many quantitative analysts as its programming tool.
- Tech giants like Google, Facebook, Bing, Accenture, Wipro and many more using R nowadays.

## **R installation:**

R programming is a very popular language and to work on that we have to install two things, i.e., R and RStudio. R and RStudio works together to create a project on R.

### **Installation of R:**

1. First, we have to download the R setup from <https://cloud.r-project.org/bin/windows/base/>.
2. When we click on Download R for windows, our downloading will be started of R setup. Once the downloading is finished, we have to run the setup of R in the following way:
  - Select the path where we want to download the R and proceed to Next.
  - Select all components which we want to install, and then we will proceed to Next.
  - In the next step, we have to select either customized start-up or accept the default, and then we proceed to Next.
  - When we proceed to next, our installation of R in our system will get started.
  - In the last, we will click on finish to successfully install R in our system.

### **Installation of RStudio:**

1. First, we have to visit the RStudio official site.

(<https://rstudio.com/products/rstudio/download/>)

2. Select the RStudio desktop for open-source license and click on download.
3. Select the appropriate installer and download it. Once the downloading is finished, we have to run the setup of R in the following way:
  - Click on Next on welcome page.
  - Click on Install.
  - Click on Finish.
    - RStudio is ready to work.

## **Some basic command**

1. Write a command to get the absolute value of -10.

→ `abs(-10)`

10

2. Write a command to get the cell and floor value of 4.5.

→ `print(ceil(4.2))`

5

→ `print(floor(4.5))`

4

3. Write a command to get the square root value of 10.

→ `print(sqrt(10))`

3.162278

4. Write a command to get the exponential value of 2.

→ `print(exp(2))`

7.389056

5. Write a command to get the pi value.

→ `print(pi)`

3.141593

6. Write a command to get the logarithm value of 100.

→ `print(log(100),base=10)`

4.60517

→ `print(log(100))`

4.60517