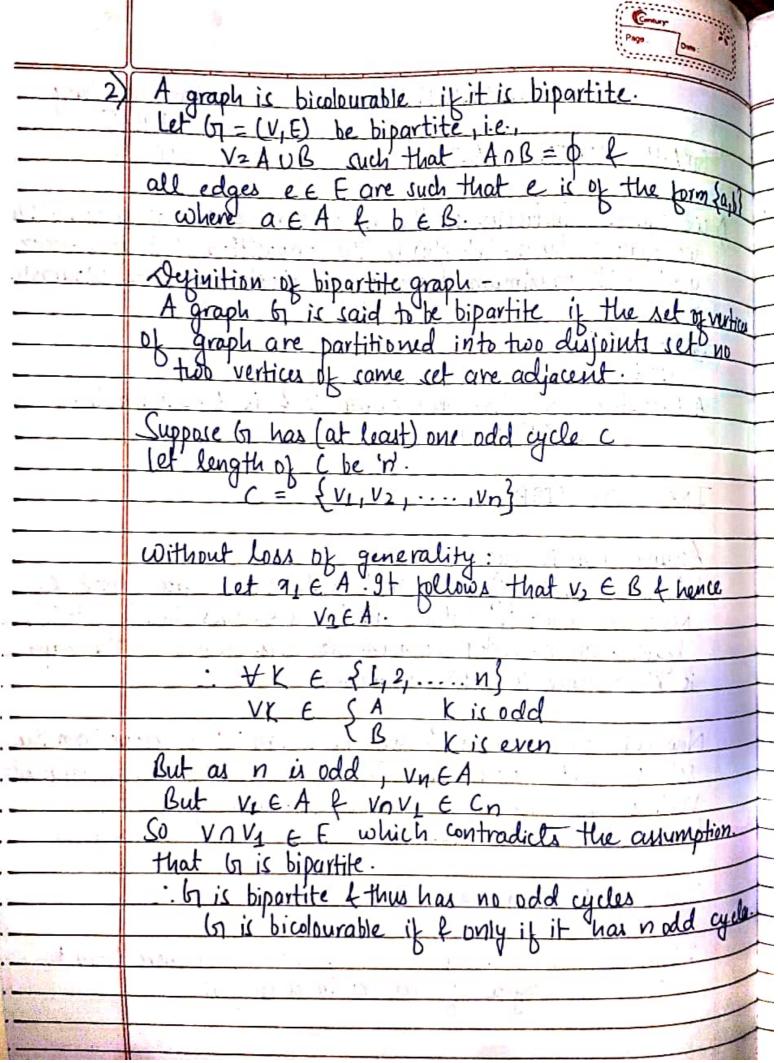
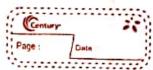


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| | ASSIGNMENT 1 Saurar Chaudhary |
| | 20184165 |
| | GRAPH COLORING BASED CSE-C |
| 11.0 | |
| 1 | We can use induction on the no of vertices in the graph which |
| | we denote by n. let P(n) be the proposition that an n-vertex graph with maximum degree of at most k is (k+1) colourable. |
| | graph with maximum degree of at most k is (k+1) colourable. |
| 131.1 | O I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I |
| 01 | BASE CASE |
| 5. | N=1. per relice to the transfer and |
| | A 1-vertea graph has man degree Of is 1-colourable. |
| TV. | P(1) is true |
| | St in I Is I care the |
| | INQUITIVE STEP |
| | |
| | Assume P(n) is true |
| | let be an (n+1) vertex graph with max. degree atmost k. |
| | Remove a vertex 'v' (thus removing all edges incident to It). |
| | Assume P(n) is true Let on be an (n+1) verter graph with man degree atmost k. Remove a verter 'v' (thus removing all edges incident to it). Leaving an n-verter subgraph. The man degree of this graph is 'k' & hence is (k+1) colourable. |
| | is 'k' & hence is (k+1) colourable |
| | Colore Irom Hee |
| | Now add back vertex v. We can assign v a colour promitive |
| | set of (K+1) colours that is different from as in adjuste |
| | vertices as there are atmost & vertices adjacted to |
| I H | Now add back verter's' we can assign 'v' a colour from the set of (k+1) colours that is different from all its adjacent vertices as there are atmost k vertices adjacent to v f thus afterest one of the (k+1) colours is still available. |
| 5 | |
| | : Gic (K+1) colourable. |
| E. A | will not exceed by more than I |
| | : Chromatic no. of agraph will not exceed by more than I the man. degree of vertices in a graph. |
| Si Carlo | the man degree of voltas of grapes |
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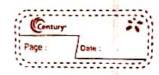


3) Let P be a Hamiltonian path of G, with origin u. Because the path P-u extends to a Hamiltonian path of G, the path Pentends to a Hamiltonian cycle Cof G. When C has no chord, 67= Cix a cycle. So let uv be a chord of C. Then u-v-is one too, because u-Cvu C-1v-is a Hamiltonian path of 61, likewise, uv-is a chord of C (where u-denotes the successor of u on C and u-visithe successor of u-). And if the length of uCv is at least four, uv and u-v-are also chords of C, in view of the Hamiltonian path u-- (v-u-v-C-1v-u-uv and the fact that uv-=(u)-v-When C has a chord uw of length two, let v=u-(=w-).
Then vw- E E. Morcover, if vw- E E, then vw- (-1) E E
in view of the Hamiltonian path w- (-1) cu w(w-v. 9f then to is complete, because uw is a chord of length two for all i. 91 Chas no thord of length two, every chord of Cis odd; moreover, every odd thord must be present.

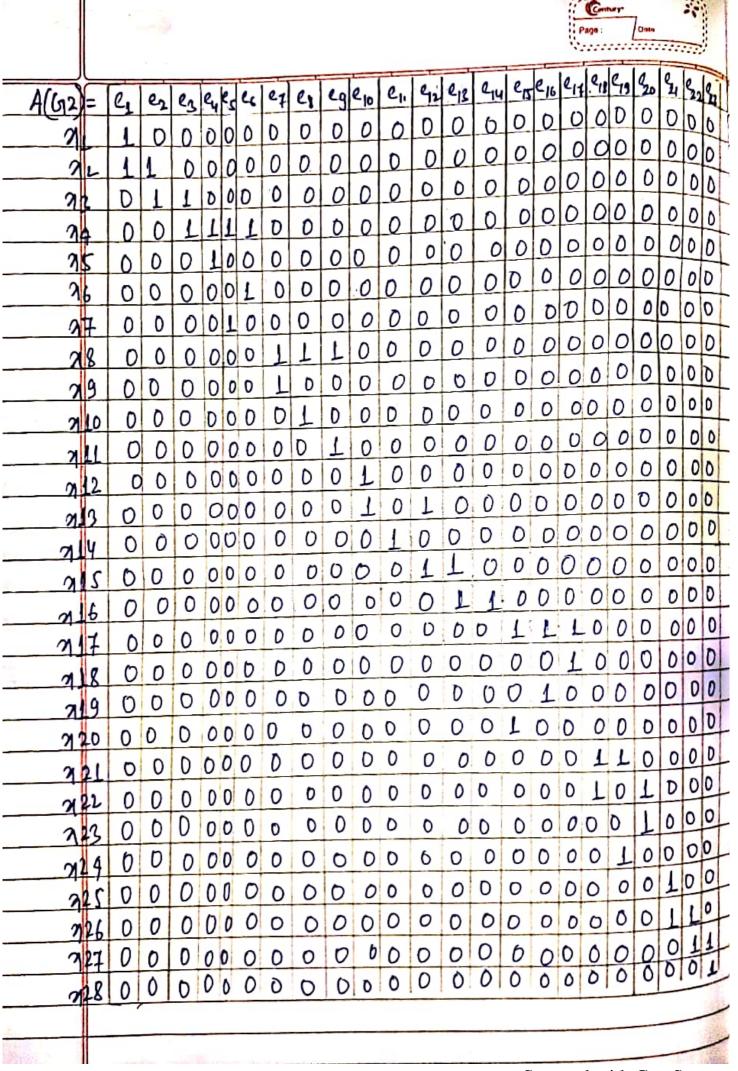
Thus, G= Kn, where | V (ln) = 2n.

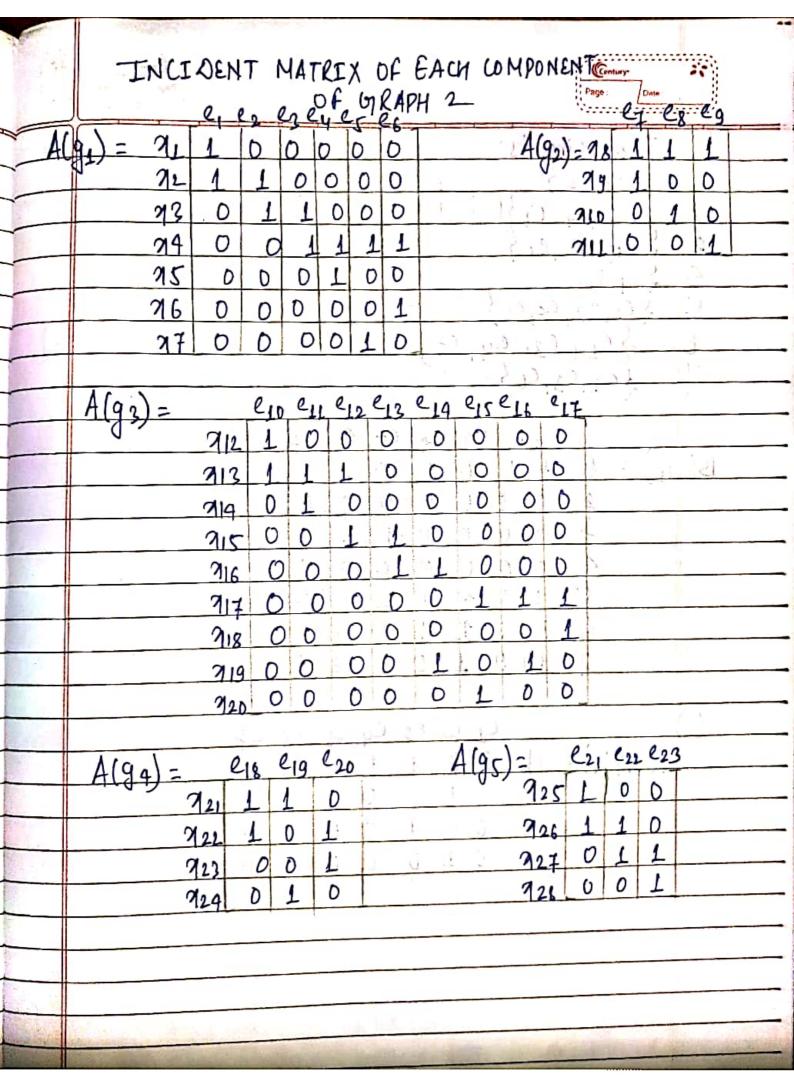


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| 4 | Let the regions fedges of to be respectively donoted by ri,, rt and ej,, em. Let the vertices of to |
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| 34 | the vertices and edges of Grare in one to one correspondence with the regions of edges of Grand two vertices only if the corresponding regions of and sin is have the corresponding edge e as a common edge on their |
| | the vertices and edges of brare in one to one correspon |
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| William | corresponding edge e as a common edge on their |
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| 10/ | let G be k-region colorable we, whor the vertices in |
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| | as assigned to the region r in G. Since the vertices |
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| 13- | corresponding regions rfs are adjacent in by. 6th is K-verter colorable |
| V 0. | 6 16 K- Vertez Colorable |
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| best! | Conversely, let be K-verten colourable. Now, color |
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| M 3 | the same colour as the vertex rin ho. This |
| | gives a k-region coloring of G, since the regions r and s are adjacent in G only if the corresponding vertices r* and s* are adjacent in G*. |
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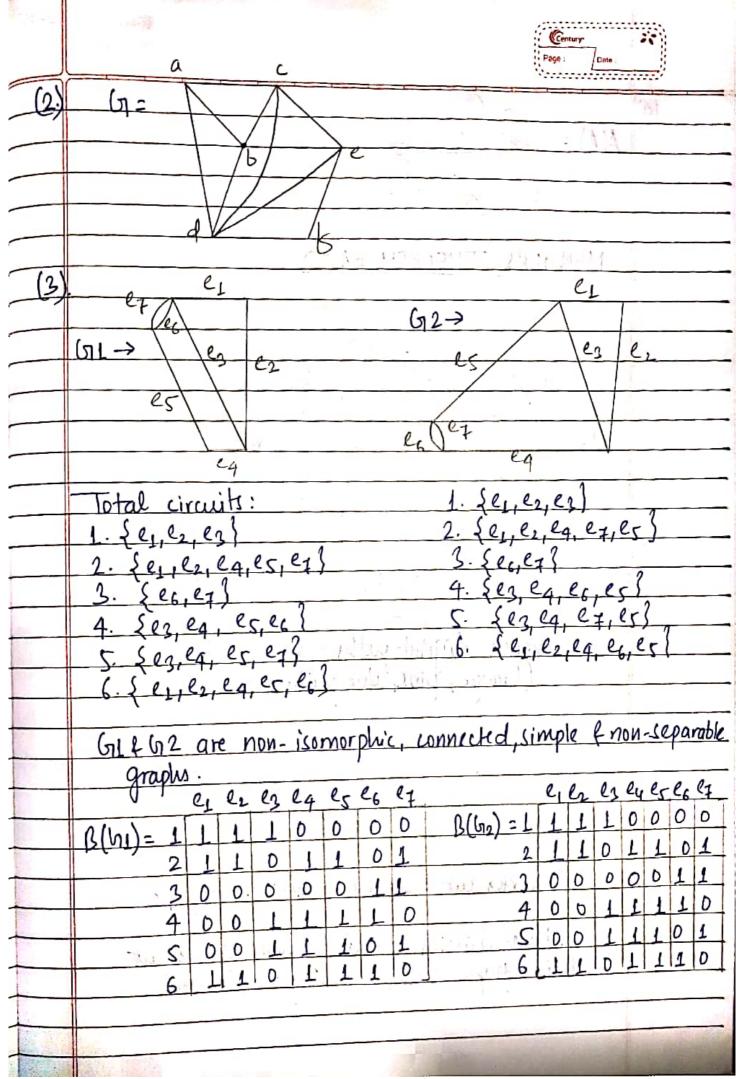


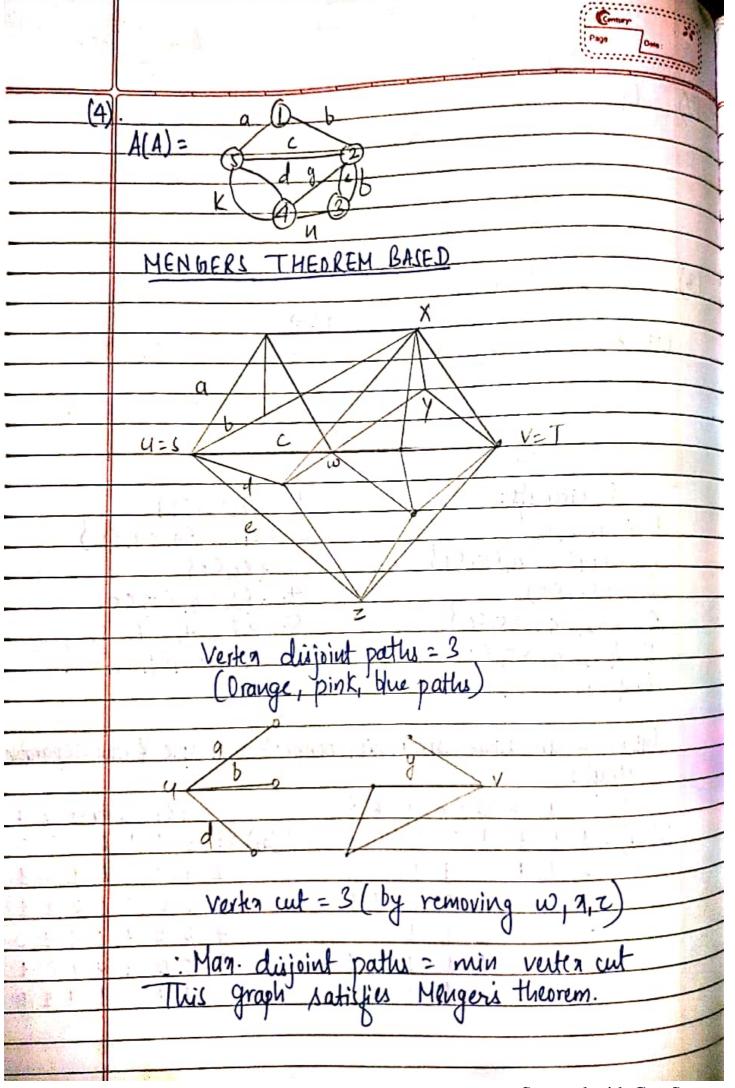
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| | GRAPH REPRESENTATION IN MATRIX |
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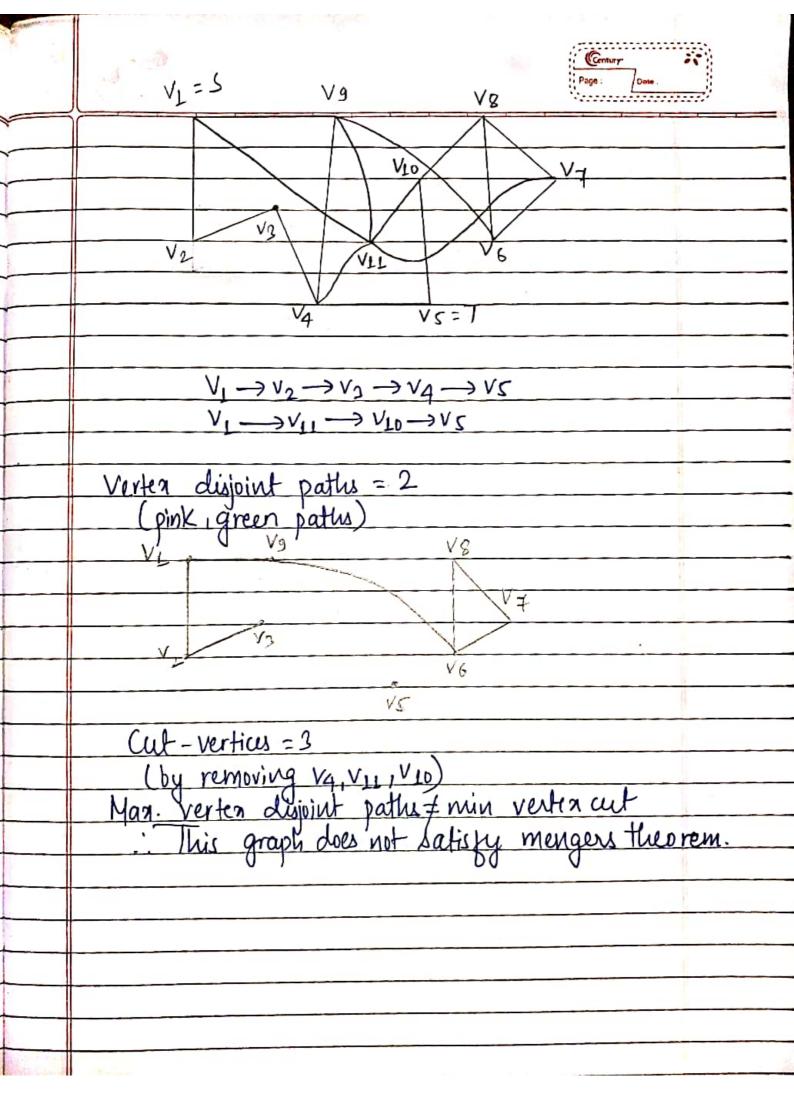




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