DATABASE MANAGEMENT SYSTEM

CTF

A RealTime Ranking Capture the Flag event.

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Our project will look towards building a real time ranking system, which will be a platform for people to solve cryptographic problems and compete amongst each other at the same time



OBJECTIVES

 To build a Real time ranking portal for competition platform.

 Implementing a NoSQL database using MongoDB

OBJECTIVES

- To use research papers to solve the problems occuring while implementing this project
- To finalize the drawbacks and advantages of such a system.

MOTIVATION



INITIAL THOUGHT

Being relatively new, we decided it would be better if we learnt and tried to implement the same in a fun way.

IS IT REQUIRED?

It would serve as an excellent platform for people to host online competitions.

WOULD IT HELP?

Introduce people to CTFs (Capture the Flag), which are essentially information security competitions.



WHY THIS ?

AN ONLINE COMPETITION PLATFORM?

- Since our project is supposed to be based on competing and solving InfoSec problems, there was a need to have a real time ranking system to make the game more competitive and lively.
- Hence, we searched for papers related to real time ranking and competition.
- This paper gave us an insight into the methods used, research approach and algorithms



Paper 1 Feature Highlights

ELO SYSTEM

Depending on players' win loss ratioscore decreases or increases

RESEARCH APPROACH

Proper experiments have been done and proved in these papers

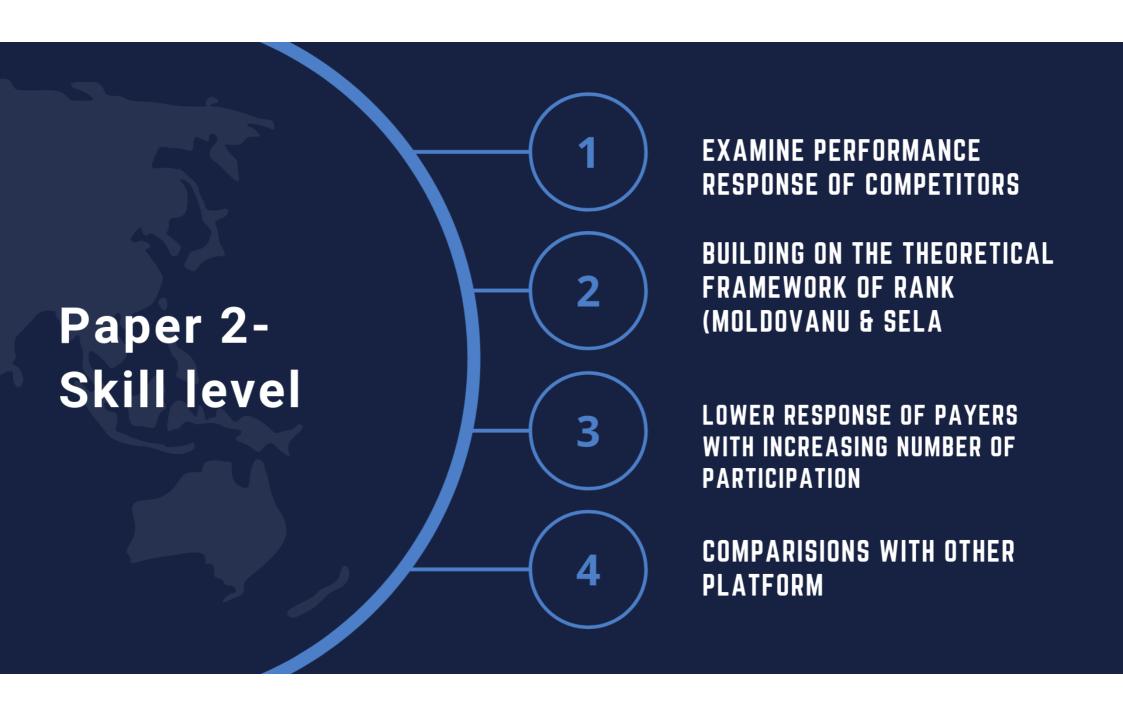


ONLINE LADDER APPROACH

A 400 point difference in the ELO system results in a higher than 96% win expectancy, increasing exponentially..

IMPLEMENTING MIDDLEWARE DESIGN

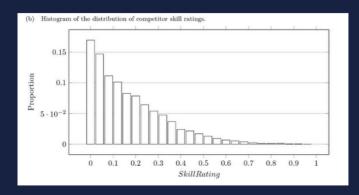
Pipeliines and architecture used for ranking are discussed here



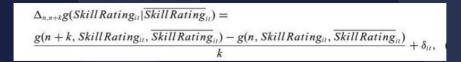
Paper 2 Feature Highlights

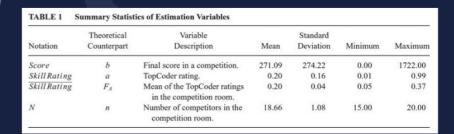
Let X ={FA,δ,V,n} be atournament. Then, the unique, symmetric, equilibrium bid function, where Pj,n(z) is the probability of ranking jth in ability among n competitors, is

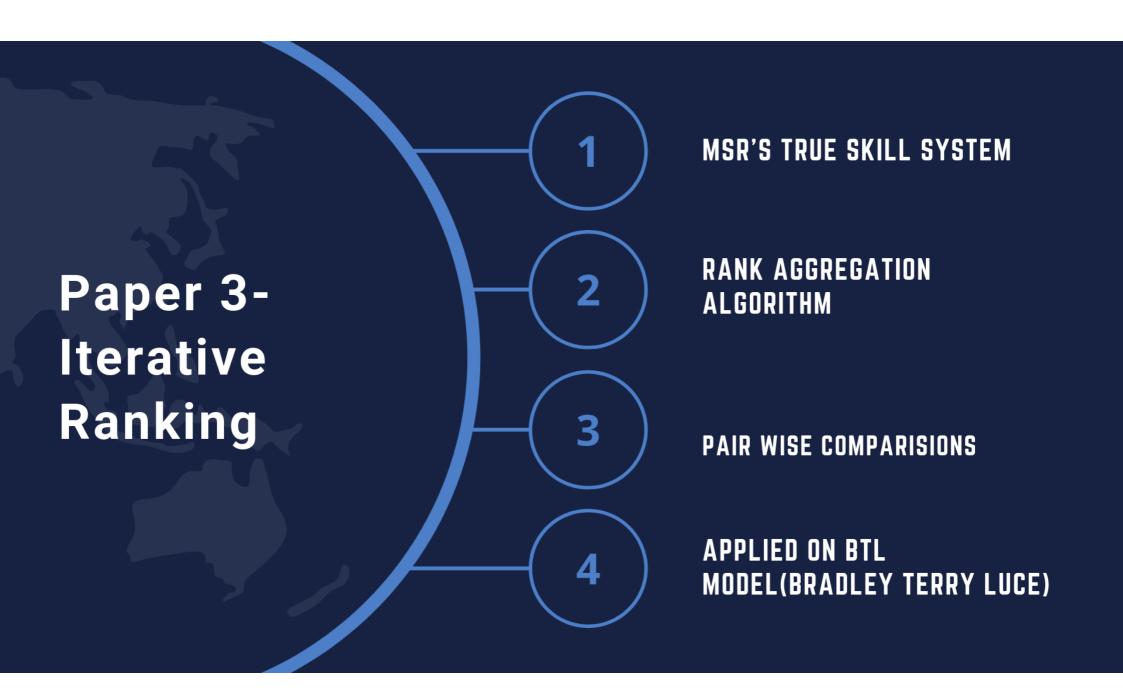
$$b(a) = \sum_{j=1}^{p} V_j \int_0^a \frac{1}{\delta(z)} \frac{\partial P_{j,n}}{\partial a}(z) dz.$$



where n is a baseline number of competitors, k is an incremental addition to the number of competitors, and the error term is redefined appropriately as δ







Paper 3 Feature Highlights

RANDOM WALK APPROACH

A pointer walks over randomnly on a matrix and assigns weights to each block

$$P_{ij} = \begin{cases} \frac{1}{d_{\max}} A_{ij} & \text{if } i \neq j, \\ 1 - \frac{1}{d_{\max}} \sum_{k \neq i}^{d_{\max}} A_{ik} & \text{if } i = j. \end{cases}$$



ERROR BOUND IN STATIONARY DISTRIBUTION

Prsesnts ourr main recovery theorem under the sampling assumptions discussed

ALGORITHMS AND TECHNIQUES

BEST ONES FROM ALL PAPERS

RANDOM WALK APPROACH

A pointer walks over randomnly on a matrix and assigns weghts to each block

ELO SYSTEM

Depending on players' win loss ratio- score decreases or increases

ONLINE LADDER APPROACH

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INNOVATIVE IDEAS USED

MORE FEATURES!







Real Time Ranking

Transparency in points system

Introduce students to Info-Sec community

PRODUCTIVITY BEGINS TODAY!

References

- 1. FRITSCH, TOBIAS & VOIGT, BENJAMIN & SCHILLER, JOCHEN. (2019). THE NEXT GENERATION OF COMPETITIVE ONLINE GAME ORGANIZATION.
- 2. BOUDREAU, K. J., LAKHANI, K. R. AND MENIETTI, M. (2016), PERFORMANCE RESPONSES TO COMPETITION ACROSS SKILL LEVELS IN RANK-ORDER TOURNAMENTS: FIELD EVIDENCE AND IMPLICATIONS FOR TOURNAMENT DESIGN. THE RAND JOURNAL OF ECONOMICS, 47: 140-165. DOI:10.1111/1756-2171.12121
- 3. NEGAHBAN, SAHAND AND OH, SEWOONG AND SHAH, DEVAVRAT, ITERATIVE RANKING FROM PAIR-WISE COMPARISONS, CURRAN ASSOCIATES, INC. (2012)