

## About Dataset

Context: The leading cause of death in the developed world is heart disease. Therefore there needs to be work done to help prevent the risks of having a heart attack or stroke.

Content: Use this dataset to predict which patients are most likely to suffer from a heart disease in the near future using the features given.

ge : Age of the patient

Sex : Sex of the patient

exang: exercise induced angina (1 = yes; 0 = no)

ca: number of major vessels (0-3)

cp : Chest Pain type chest pain type

Value 1: typical angina

Value 2: atypical angina

Value 3: non-anginal pain

Value 4: asymptomatic

trtbps : resting blood pressure (in mm Hg)

chol : cholesterol in mg/dl fetched via BMI sensor

fbs : (fasting blood sugar > 120 mg/dl) (1 = true; 0 = false)

rest\_ecg : resting electrocardiographic results

Value 0: normal

Value 1: having ST-T wave abnormality (T wave inversions and/or ST elevation or depression of > 0.05 mV)

Value 2: showing probable or definite left ventricular hypertrophy by Estes' criteria

thalach : maximum heart rate achieved

target : 0= less chance of heart attack 1= more chance of heart attack

```
In [80]: library(dplyr)
library(gmodels)
library(descr)
library(ggplot2)
```

```
In [2]: heart=read.csv(file.choose(),header = T,stringsAsFactors = T)
```

```
In [3]: head(heart)
```

i..age	sex	cp	trestbps	chol	fbs	restecg	thalach	exang	oldpeak	slope	ca	thal	target
63	1	3	145	233	1	0	150	0	2.3	0	0	1	1
37	1	2	130	250	0	1	187	0	3.5	0	0	2	1
41	0	1	130	204	0	0	172	0	1.4	2	0	2	1
56	1	1	120	236	0	1	178	0	0.8	2	0	2	1
57	0	0	120	354	0	1	163	1	0.6	2	0	2	1
57	1	0	140	192	0	1	148	0	0.4	1	0	1	1

```
In [81]: glimpse(heart)
```

```
Rows: 303
Columns: 14
$ i..age    <int> 63, 37, 41, 56, 57, 57, 56, 44, 52, 57, 54, 48, 49, 64, 58, 5~
$ sex       <int> 1, 1, 0, 1, 0, 1, 1, 1, 1, 0, 1, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 0, 1~ 
$ cp        <int> 3, 2, 1, 1, 0, 0, 1, 1, 2, 2, 0, 2, 1, 3, 3, 2, 2, 3, 0, 3, 0~
$ trestbps <int> 145, 130, 130, 120, 120, 140, 140, 120, 172, 150, 140, 130, 1~ 
$ chol      <int> 233, 250, 204, 236, 354, 192, 294, 263, 199, 168, 239, 275, 2~ 
$ fbs       <int> 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0~ 
$ restecg   <int> 0, 1, 0, 1, 1, 0, 1, 1, 1, 1, 0, 0, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1~ 
$ thalach   <int> 150, 187, 172, 178, 163, 148, 153, 173, 162, 174, 160, 139, 1~ 
$ exang     <int> 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0~ 
$ oldpeak   <dbl> 2.3, 3.5, 1.4, 0.8, 0.6, 0.4, 1.3, 0.0, 0.5, 1.6, 1.2, 0.2, 0~ 
$ slope     <int> 0, 0, 2, 2, 1, 1, 2, 2, 2, 2, 1, 2, 1, 2, 0, 2, 2, 1~ 
$ ca        <int> 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 2, 0~ 
$ thal      <int> 1, 2, 2, 2, 1, 2, 3, 3, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 3~ 
$ target    <int> 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1~
```

```
In [82]: dim(heart)
```

```
1. 303
2. 14
```

```
In [83]: heart_data<-heart %>%
  mutate(sex = if_else(sex == 1, "MALE", "FEMALE"),
         fbs = if_else(fbs == 1, ">120", "<=120"),
         exang = if_else(exang == 1, "YES", "NO"),
         cp = if_else(cp == 1, "ATYPICAL ANGINA",
                      if_else(cp == 2, "NON-ANGINAL PAIN", "ASYMPTOMATIC")),
         restecg = if_else(restecg == 0, "NORMAL",
                           if_else(restecg == 1, "ABNORMALITY", "PROBABLE OR DEFINITE")),
         slope = as.factor(slope),
         ca = as.factor(ca),
         thal = as.factor(thal),
         target = if_else(target == 1, "Present", "Absent")
      )
```

```
In [84]: # Covrting the variables into factor
heart_data$sex = as.factor(heart_data$sex)
heart_data$cp = as.factor(heart_data$cp)
heart_data$fbs = as.factor(heart_data$fbs)
heart_data$restecg = as.factor(heart_data$restecg)
heart_data$exang = as.factor(heart_data$exang)
heart_data$slope = as.factor(heart_data$slope)
heart_data$cp=as.factor(heart_data$cp)
heart_data$thal = as.factor(heart_data$thal)
heart_data$target = as.factor(heart_data$target)
```

```
In [85]: dim(heart_data)
```

1. 303  
2. 14

```
In [86]: str(heart_data)
```

```
'data.frame': 303 obs. of 14 variables:
 $ i..age : int 63 37 41 56 57 57 56 44 52 57 ...
 $ sex     : Factor w/ 2 levels "FEMALE","MALE": 2 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 2 2 ...
 $ cp      : Factor w/ 3 levels "ASYMPTOMATIC",...: 1 3 2 2 1 1 2 2 3 3 ...
 $ trestbps: int 145 130 130 120 120 140 140 120 172 150 ...
 $ chol    : int 233 250 204 236 354 192 294 263 199 168 ...
 $ fbs     : Factor w/ 2 levels "<=120",">120": 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 2 1 ...
 $ restecg : Factor w/ 3 levels "ABNORMALITY",...: 2 1 2 1 1 1 2 1 1 1 ...
 $ thalach : int 150 187 172 178 163 148 153 173 162 174 ...
 $ exang   : Factor w/ 2 levels "NO","YES": 1 1 1 1 2 1 1 1 1 1 ...
 $ oldpeak : num 2.3 3.5 1.4 0.8 0.6 0.4 1.3 0 0.5 1.6 ...
 $ slope   : Factor w/ 3 levels "0","1","2": 1 1 3 3 3 2 2 3 3 3 ...
 $ ca      : Factor w/ 5 levels "0","1","2","3",...: 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 ...
 $ thal    : Factor w/ 4 levels "0","1","2","3": 2 3 3 3 3 2 3 4 4 3 ...
 $ target  : Factor w/ 2 levels "Absent","Present": 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 ...
```

```
In [87]: CrossTable(heart$target)
```

## Cell Contents

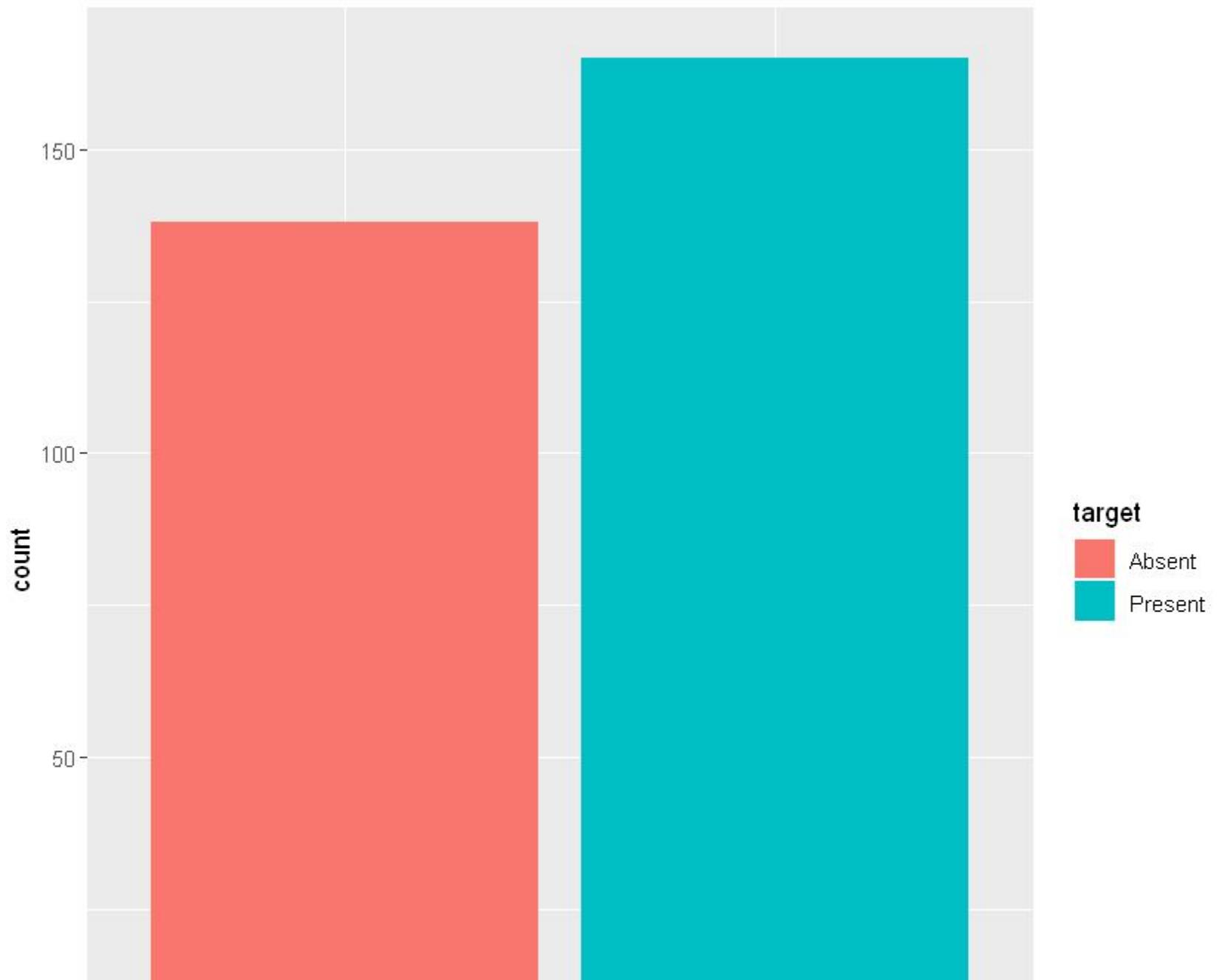
		N
N / Row Total		
0	1	
138	165	
0.455	0.545	

## Data Visualization

```
In [88]: # Bar plot for heart disease

ggplot(heart_data, aes(x=heart_data$target, fill=target))+  
  geom_bar() +  
  xlab("Heart Disease") +  
  ylab("count") +  
  ggtitle("Presence & Absence of Heart Disease")
```

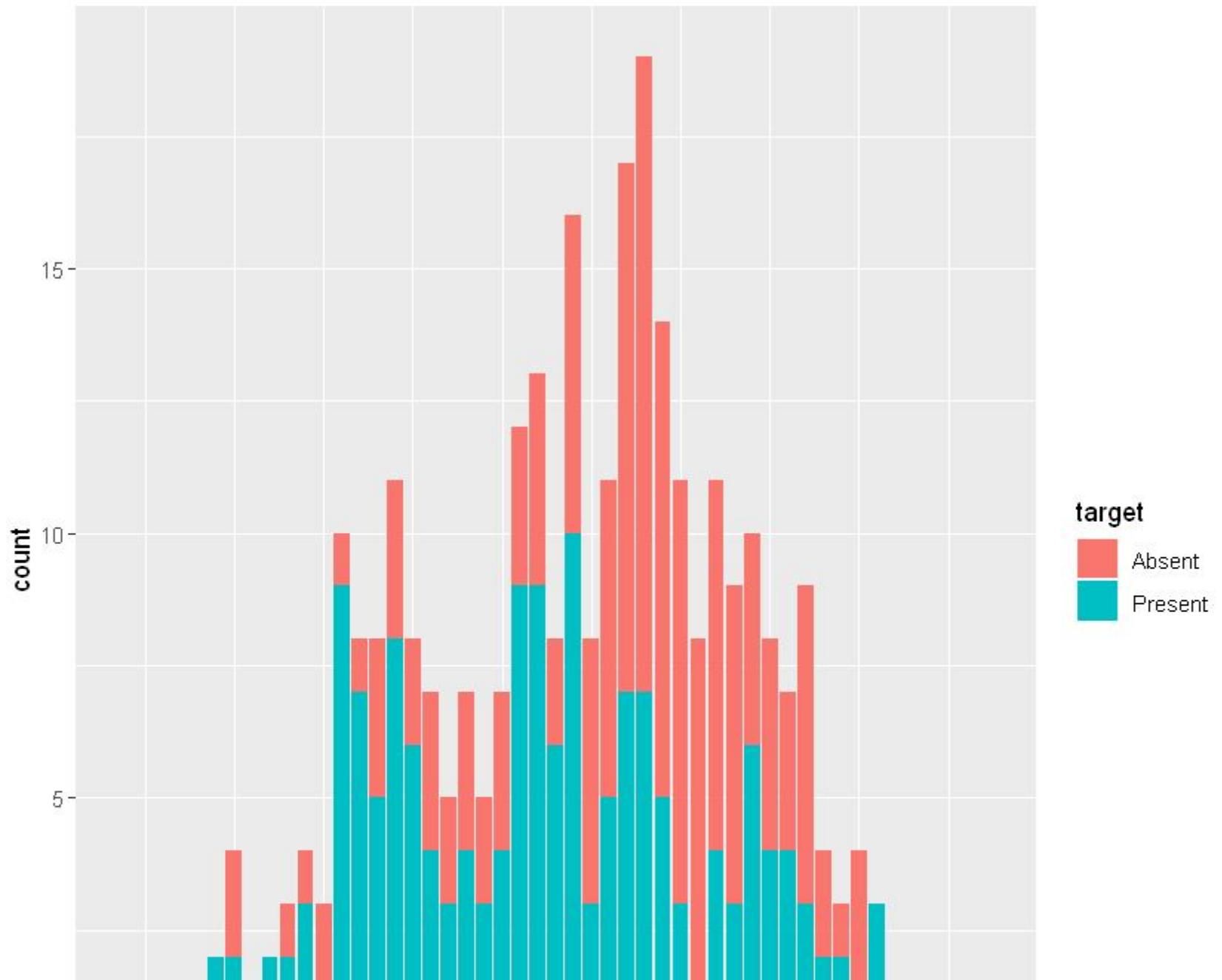
## Presence & Absence of Heart Disease

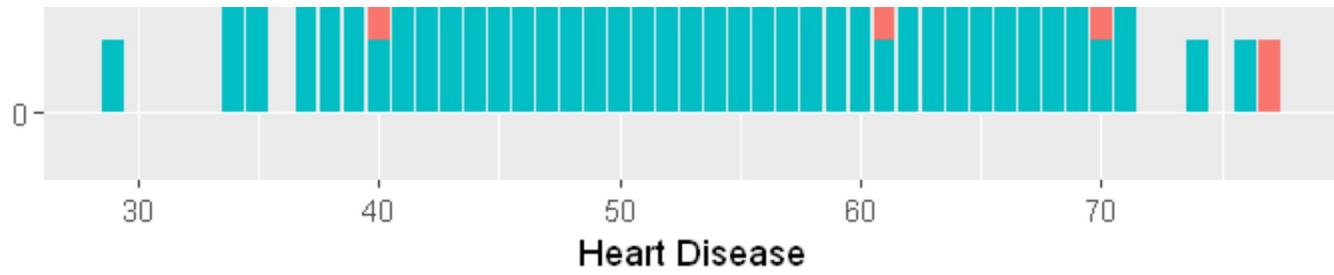




```
In [89]: # age wise heart disease data
ggplot(heart_data, aes(x=heart_data$age, fill=target))+
  geom_bar()+
  xlab("Heart Disease")+
  ylab("count")+
  ggtitle("Presence & Absence of Heart Disease")
```

## Presence & Absence of Heart Disease





## Dividing the age into different age group for better understanding

```
In [90]: heart_data$age_bar=if_else(heart_data$i..age>70,">70 years",if_else(heart_data$i..age>60,"60-70",if_else(heart_data$i..age>50,
if_else(heart_data$i..age>40,"40-50",
if_else(heart_data$i..age>30,"30-40",
if_else(heart_data$i..age>20,"20-30",
if_else(heart_data$i..age>10,"10-20",
if_else(heart_data$i..age>0,"0-10","0-10 years")))))))
```

```
In [91]: tail(heart_data)
```

	i..age	sex	cp	trestbps	chol	fbs	restecg	thalach	exang	oldpeak	slope	ca	thal	target	age_bar
298	59	MALE	ASYMPTOMATIC	164	176	>120	NORMAL	90	NO	1.0	1	2	1	Absent	50-60
299	57	FEMALE	ASYMPTOMATIC	140	241	<=120	ABNORMALITY	123	YES	0.2	1	0	3	Absent	50-60
300	45	MALE	ASYMPTOMATIC	110	264	<=120	ABNORMALITY	132	NO	1.2	1	0	3	Absent	40-50
301	68	MALE	ASYMPTOMATIC	144	193	>120	ABNORMALITY	141	NO	3.4	1	2	3	Absent	60-70
302	57	MALE	ASYMPTOMATIC	130	131	<=120	ABNORMALITY	115	YES	1.2	1	1	3	Absent	50-60
303	57	FEMALE	ATYPICAL ANGINA	130	236	<=120	NORMAL	174	NO	0.0	1	1	2	Absent	50-60

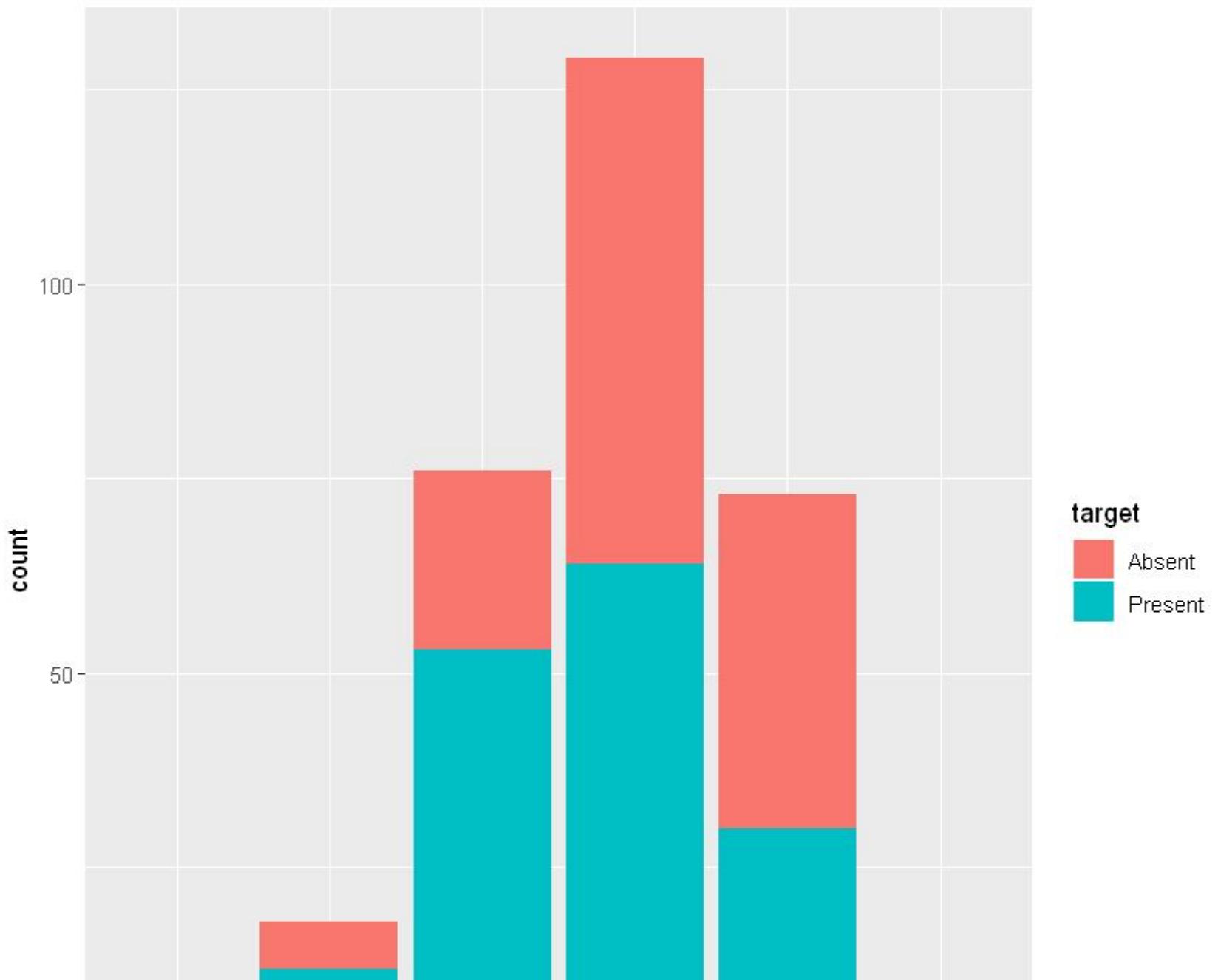
```
In [92]: heart_data$age_bar=as.factor(heart_data$age_bar)
```

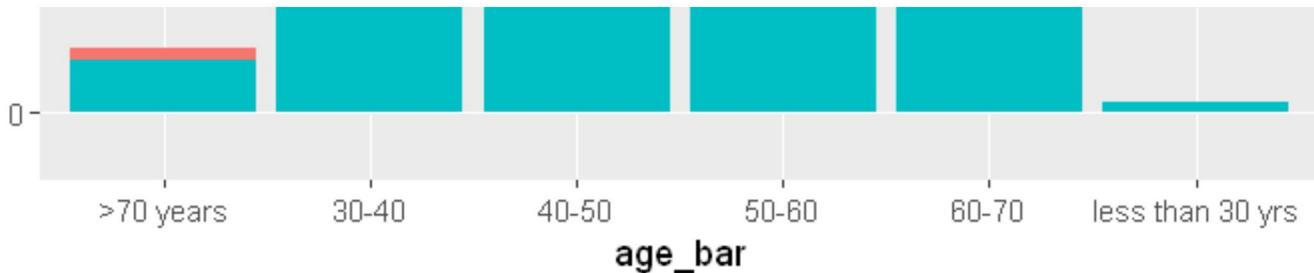
```
In [93]: ggplot(heart_data,aes(x=age_bar,fill=target))+geom_bar()+ ggtitle("Presence & Absence of Heart Disease")
crosstab(heart_data$age_bar,heart_data$disease,prop.r = T,plot = FALSE)
```

Error in table(dep, indep): all arguments must have the same length  
Traceback:

```
1. crosstab(heart_data$age_bar, heart_data$disease, prop.r = T,  
   .     plot = FALSE)  
2. table(dep, indep)  
3. stop("all arguments must have the same length")
```

## Presence & Absence of Heart Disease





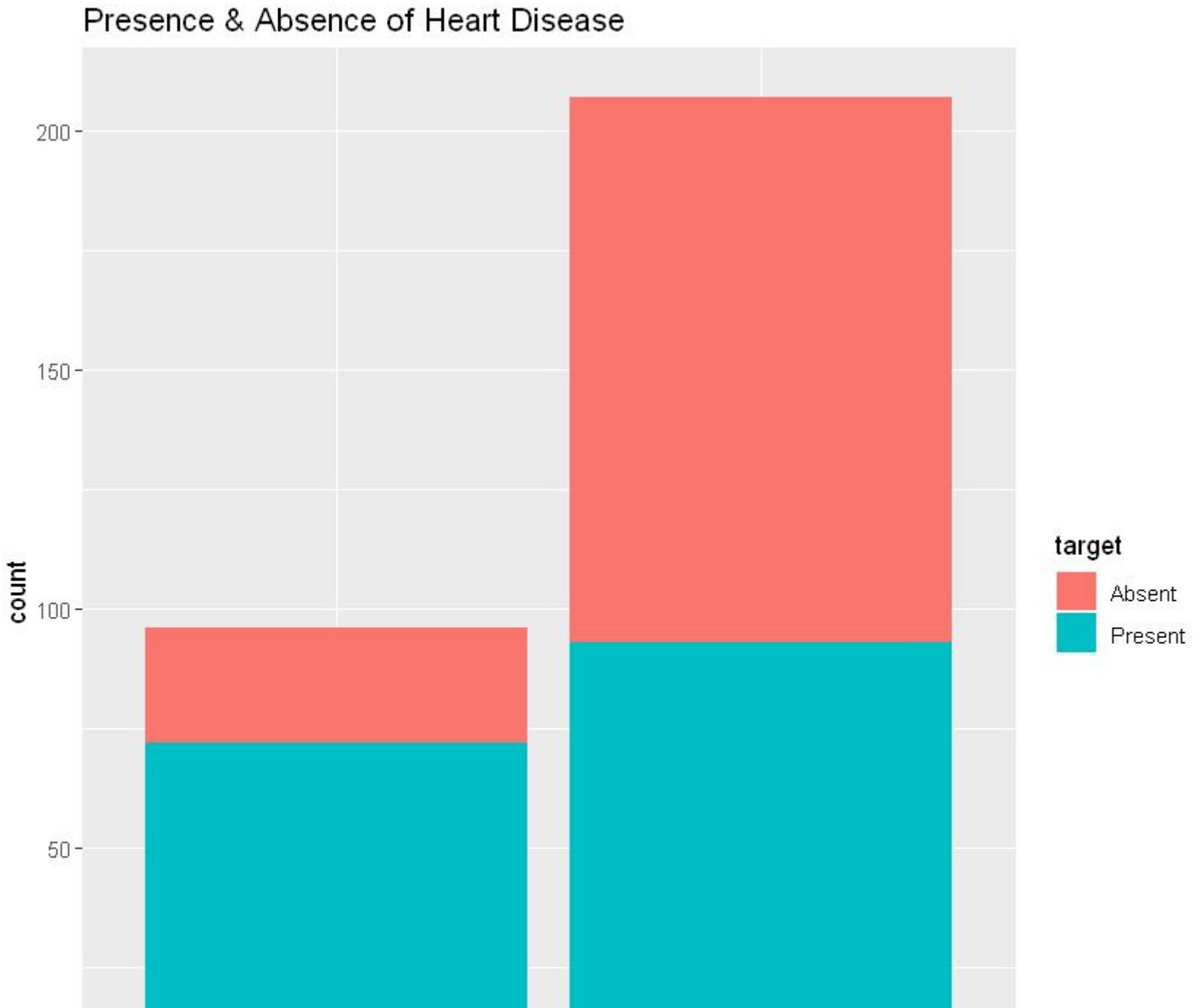
```
In [ ]: table(heart_data$sex)
# There is a imbalance between male and female data
```

```
In [94]: # compare Heart disease Genderwise

heart_data %>%
  ggplot(aes(x=sex, fill=target)) +
  geom_bar() + ggtitle("Presence & Absence of Heart Disease")
crosstab(heart_data$sex, heart_data$disease, prop.r = T, plot = FALSE)
```

Error in table(dep, indep): all arguments must have the same length  
Traceback:

1. crosstab(heart\_data\$sex, heart\_data\$disease, prop.r = T, plot = FALSE)
2. table(dep, indep)
3. stop("all arguments must have the same length")





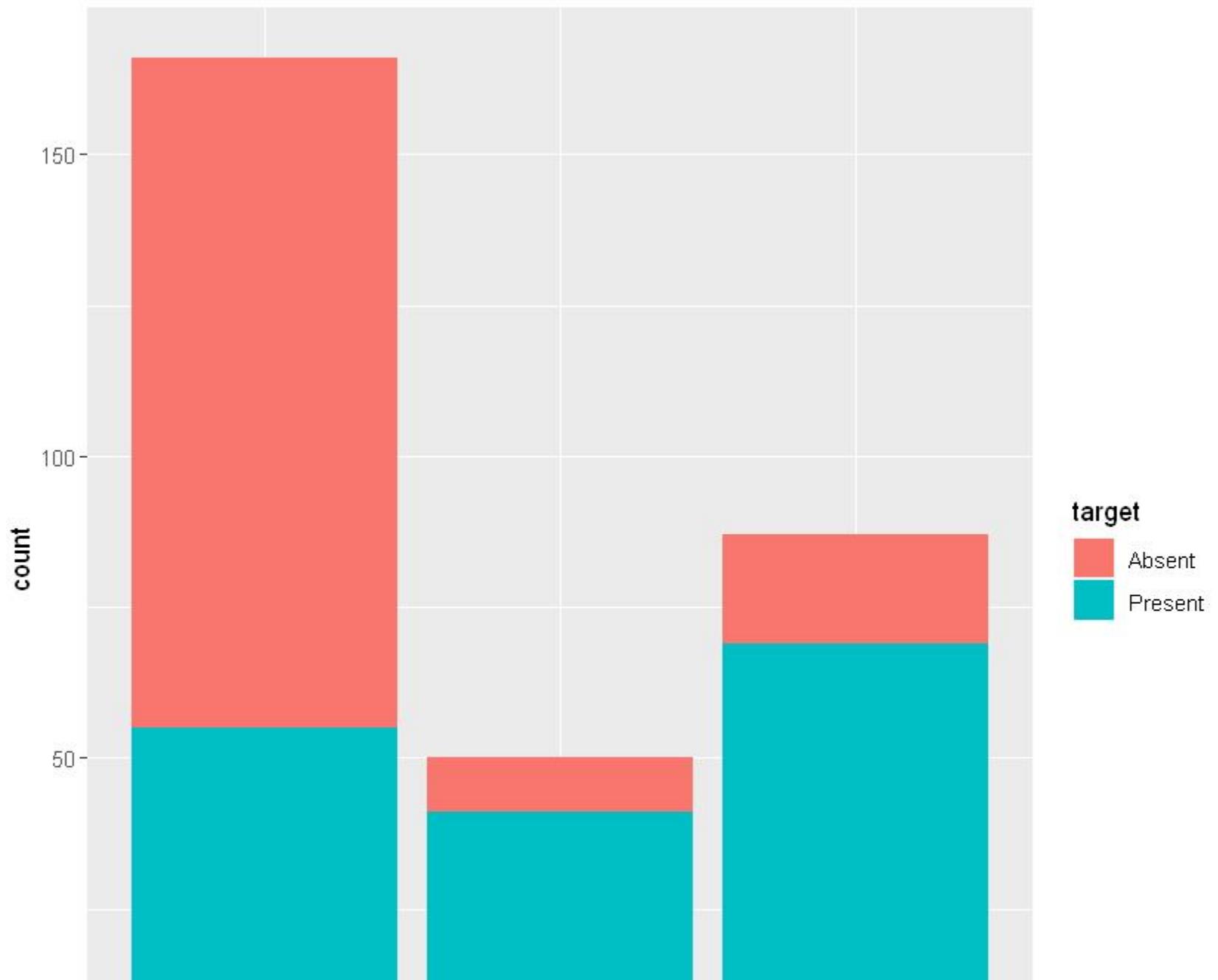
Female are more prone to heart disease as compared to male.

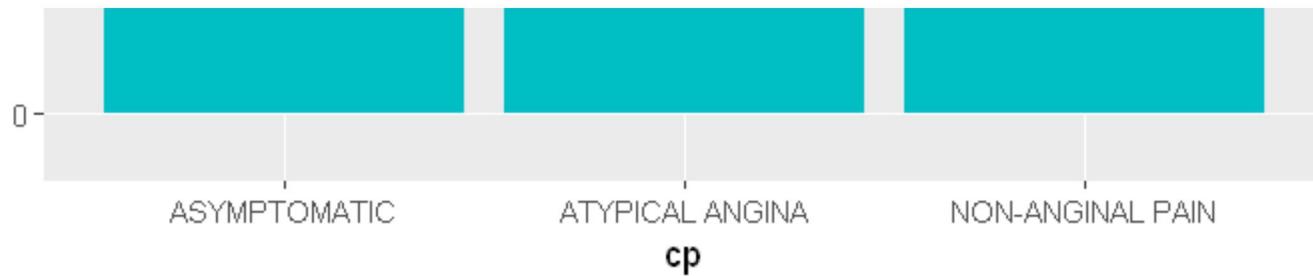
```
In [95]: # Chest pain analysis  
#cp  
  
#Chest pain type  
  
heart_data %>%  
  ggplot(aes(x=cp, fill=target))+  
  geom_bar()+ ggtitle("Presence & Absence of Heart Disease")  
crosstab(heart_data$cp, heart_data$disease, prop.r = T, plot = FALSE)
```

Error in table(dep, indep): all arguments must have the same length  
Traceback:

1. crosstab(heart\_data\$cp, heart\_data\$disease, prop.r = T, plot = FALSE)
2. table(dep, indep)
3. stop("all arguments must have the same length")

## Presence & Absence of Heart Disease





Here we see that it is very difficult to tell whether a patient has a heart disease attending just to the symptoms of the patients.

In [96]: `#trestbps`

```
# Resting blood pressure in millimeters of mercury (mm Hg) when the patient was admitted to the hospital.

resting_bp= heart_data %>%
  mutate(resting_bps=case_when(100<=trestbps & trestbps<=130~'Normal',
                               130<trestbps & trestbps<=140~'Moderately high',
                               140<trestbps & trestbps<=160~'Very high',
                               TRUE~>160 extreamly high))
```

In [97]: `resting_bp`

age	sex	cp	trestbps	chol	fbs	restecg	thalach	exang	oldpeak	slope	ca	thal	target	age_bar	rest
63	MALE	ASYMPTOMATIC	145	233	>120	NORMAL	150	NO	2.3	0	0	1	Present	60-70	Very
37	MALE	NON-ANGINAL PAIN	130	250	<=120	ABNORMALITY	187	NO	3.5	0	0	2	Present	30-40	Norr
41	FEMALE	ATYPICAL ANGINA	130	204	<=120	NORMAL	172	NO	1.4	2	0	2	Present	40-50	Norr
56	MALE	ATYPICAL ANGINA	120	236	<=120	ABNORMALITY	178	NO	0.8	2	0	2	Present	50-60	Norr
57	FEMALE	ASYMPTOMATIC	120	354	<=120	ABNORMALITY	163	YES	0.6	2	0	2	Present	50-60	Norr
57	MALE	ASYMPTOMATIC	140	192	<=120	ABNORMALITY	148	NO	0.4	1	0	1	Present	50-60	Mo
56	FEMALE	ATYPICAL ANGINA	140	294	<=120	NORMAL	153	NO	1.3	1	0	2	Present	50-60	Mo
44	MALE	ATYPICAL ANGINA	120	263	<=120	ABNORMALITY	173	NO	0.0	2	0	3	Present	40-50	Norr
52	MALE	NON-ANGINAL PAIN	172	199	>120	ABNORMALITY	162	NO	0.5	2	0	3	Present	50-60	e
57	MALE	NON-ANGINAL PAIN	150	168	<=120	ABNORMALITY	174	NO	1.6	2	0	2	Present	50-60	Very
54	MALE	ASYMPTOMATIC	140	239	<=120	ABNORMALITY	160	NO	1.2	2	0	2	Present	50-60	Mo
48	FEMALE	NON-ANGINAL PAIN	130	275	<=120	ABNORMALITY	139	NO	0.2	2	0	2	Present	40-50	Norr
49	MALE	ATYPICAL ANGINA	130	266	<=120	ABNORMALITY	171	NO	0.6	2	0	2	Present	40-50	Norr
64	MALE	ASYMPTOMATIC	110	211	<=120	NORMAL	144	YES	1.8	1	0	2	Present	60-70	Norr
58	FEMALE	ASYMPTOMATIC	150	283	>120	NORMAL	162	NO	1.0	2	0	2	Present	50-60	Very
50	FEMALE	NON-ANGINAL PAIN	120	219	<=120	ABNORMALITY	158	NO	1.6	1	0	2	Present	40-50	Norr

age	sex	cp	trestbps	chol	fbs	restecg	thalach	exang	oldpeak	slope	ca	thal	target	age_bar	rest
58	FEMALE	NON-ANGINAL PAIN	120	340	<=120	ABNORMALITY	172	NO	0.0	2	0	2	Present	50-60	Norr
66	FEMALE	ASYMPTOMATIC	150	226	<=120	ABNORMALITY	114	NO	2.6	0	0	2	Present	60-70	Very
43	MALE	ASYMPTOMATIC	150	247	<=120	ABNORMALITY	171	NO	1.5	2	0	2	Present	40-50	Very
69	FEMALE	ASYMPTOMATIC	140	239	<=120	ABNORMALITY	151	NO	1.8	2	2	2	Present	60-70	Mo
59	MALE	ASYMPTOMATIC	135	234	<=120	ABNORMALITY	161	NO	0.5	1	0	3	Present	50-60	Mo
44	MALE	NON-ANGINAL PAIN	130	233	<=120	ABNORMALITY	179	YES	0.4	2	0	2	Present	40-50	Norr
42	MALE	ASYMPTOMATIC	140	226	<=120	ABNORMALITY	178	NO	0.0	2	0	2	Present	40-50	Mo
61	MALE	NON-ANGINAL PAIN	150	243	>120	ABNORMALITY	137	YES	1.0	1	0	2	Present	60-70	Very
40	MALE	ASYMPTOMATIC	140	199	<=120	ABNORMALITY	178	YES	1.4	2	0	3	Present	30-40	Mo
71	FEMALE	ATYPICAL ANGINA	160	302	<=120	ABNORMALITY	162	NO	0.4	2	2	2	Present	>70 years	Very
59	MALE	NON-ANGINAL PAIN	150	212	>120	ABNORMALITY	157	NO	1.6	2	0	2	Present	50-60	Very
51	MALE	NON-ANGINAL PAIN	110	175	<=120	ABNORMALITY	123	NO	0.6	2	0	2	Present	50-60	Norr
65	FEMALE	NON-ANGINAL PAIN	140	417	>120	NORMAL	157	NO	0.8	2	1	2	Present	60-70	Mo
53	MALE	NON-ANGINAL PAIN	130	197	>120	NORMAL	152	NO	1.2	0	0	2	Present	50-60	Norr
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
58	MALE	ASYMPTOMATIC	100	234	<=120	ABNORMALITY	156	NO	0.1	2	1	3	Absent	50-60	Norr
47	MALE	ASYMPTOMATIC	110	275	<=120	NORMAL	118	YES	1.0	1	1	2	Absent	40-50	Norr

t.age	sex	cp	trestbps	chol	fbs	restecg	thalach	exang	oldpeak	slope	ca	thal	target	age_bar	rest
52	MALE	ASYMPTOMATIC	125	212	<=120	ABNORMALITY	168	NO	1.0	2	2	3	Absent	50-60	Norr
58	MALE	ASYMPTOMATIC	146	218	<=120	ABNORMALITY	105	NO	2.0	1	1	3	Absent	50-60	Very
57	MALE	ATYPICAL ANGINA	124	261	<=120	ABNORMALITY	141	NO	0.3	2	0	3	Absent	50-60	Norr
58	FEMALE	ATYPICAL ANGINA	136	319	>120	NORMAL	152	NO	0.0	2	2	2	Absent	50-60	Mo
61	MALE	ASYMPTOMATIC	138	166	<=120	NORMAL	125	YES	3.6	1	1	2	Absent	60-70	Mo
42	MALE	ASYMPTOMATIC	136	315	<=120	ABNORMALITY	125	YES	1.8	1	0	1	Absent	40-50	Mo
52	MALE	ASYMPTOMATIC	128	204	>120	ABNORMALITY	156	YES	1.0	1	0	0	Absent	50-60	Norr
59	MALE	NON-ANGINAL PAIN	126	218	>120	ABNORMALITY	134	NO	2.2	1	1	1	Absent	50-60	Norr
40	MALE	ASYMPTOMATIC	152	223	<=120	ABNORMALITY	181	NO	0.0	2	0	3	Absent	30-40	Very
61	MALE	ASYMPTOMATIC	140	207	<=120	NORMAL	138	YES	1.9	2	1	3	Absent	60-70	Mo
46	MALE	ASYMPTOMATIC	140	311	<=120	ABNORMALITY	120	YES	1.8	1	2	3	Absent	40-50	Mo
59	MALE	ASYMPTOMATIC	134	204	<=120	ABNORMALITY	162	NO	0.8	2	2	2	Absent	50-60	Mo
57	MALE	ATYPICAL ANGINA	154	232	<=120	NORMAL	164	NO	0.0	2	1	2	Absent	50-60	Very
57	MALE	ASYMPTOMATIC	110	335	<=120	ABNORMALITY	143	YES	3.0	1	1	3	Absent	50-60	Norr
55	FEMALE	ASYMPTOMATIC	128	205	<=120	PROBABLE OR DEFINITE	130	YES	2.0	1	1	3	Absent	50-60	Norr
61	MALE	ASYMPTOMATIC	148	203	<=120	ABNORMALITY	161	NO	0.0	2	1	3	Absent	60-70	Very
58	MALE	ASYMPTOMATIC	114	318	<=120	PROBABLE OR DEFINITE	140	NO	4.4	0	3	1	Absent	50-60	Norr

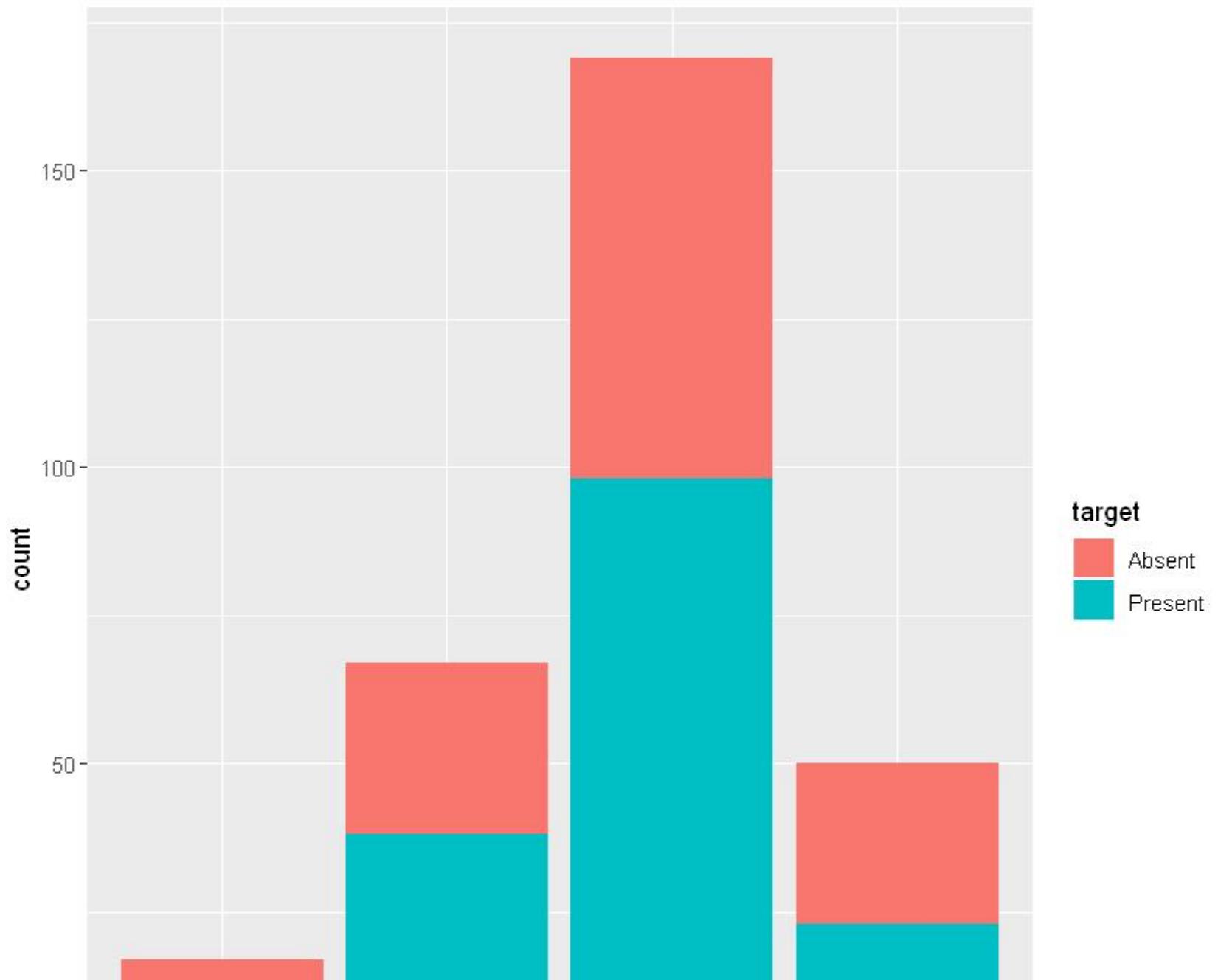
i..age	sex	cp	trestbps	chol	fbs	restecg	thalach	exang	oldpeak	slope	ca	thal	target	age_bar	rest
58	FEMALE	ASYMPTOMATIC	170	225	>120	NORMAL	146	YES	2.8	1	2	1	Absent	50-60	e
67	MALE	NON-ANGINAL PAIN	152	212	<=120	NORMAL	150	NO	0.8	1	0	3	Absent	60-70	Very
44	MALE	ASYMPTOMATIC	120	169	<=120	ABNORMALITY	144	YES	2.8	0	0	1	Absent	40-50	Norr
63	MALE	ASYMPTOMATIC	140	187	<=120	NORMAL	144	YES	4.0	2	2	3	Absent	60-70	Mo
63	FEMALE	ASYMPTOMATIC	124	197	<=120	ABNORMALITY	136	YES	0.0	1	0	2	Absent	60-70	Norr
59	MALE	ASYMPTOMATIC	164	176	>120	NORMAL	90	NO	1.0	1	2	1	Absent	50-60	e
57	FEMALE	ASYMPTOMATIC	140	241	<=120	ABNORMALITY	123	YES	0.2	1	0	3	Absent	50-60	Mo
45	MALE	ASYMPTOMATIC	110	264	<=120	ABNORMALITY	132	NO	1.2	1	0	3	Absent	40-50	Norr
68	MALE	ASYMPTOMATIC	144	193	>120	ABNORMALITY	141	NO	3.4	1	2	3	Absent	60-70	Very
57	MALE	ASYMPTOMATIC	130	131	<=120	ABNORMALITY	115	YES	1.2	1	1	3	Absent	50-60	Norr
57	FEMALE	ATYPICAL ANGINA	130	236	<=120	NORMAL	174	NO	0.0	1	1	2	Absent	50-60	Norr

```
In [98]: resting_bp %>%
  ggplot(aes(x=resting_bps, fill=target)) +
  geom_bar() + ggtitle("Presence & Absence of Heart Disease")
crosstab(resting_bp$resting_bps, heart_data$disease, prop.r = T, plot = FALSE)
```

Error in table(dep, indep): all arguments must have the same length  
Traceback:

1. crosstab(resting\_bp\$resting\_bps, heart\_data\$disease, prop.r = T,  
. plot = FALSE)
2. table(dep, indep)
3. stop("all arguments must have the same length")

## Presence & Absence of Heart Disease





```
In [ ]: # Cholesterol
ggplot(heart_data, aes(chol, fill=target)) +
  geom_histogram(binwidth=10) +
  ggtitle("Presence & Absence of Heart Disease")
```

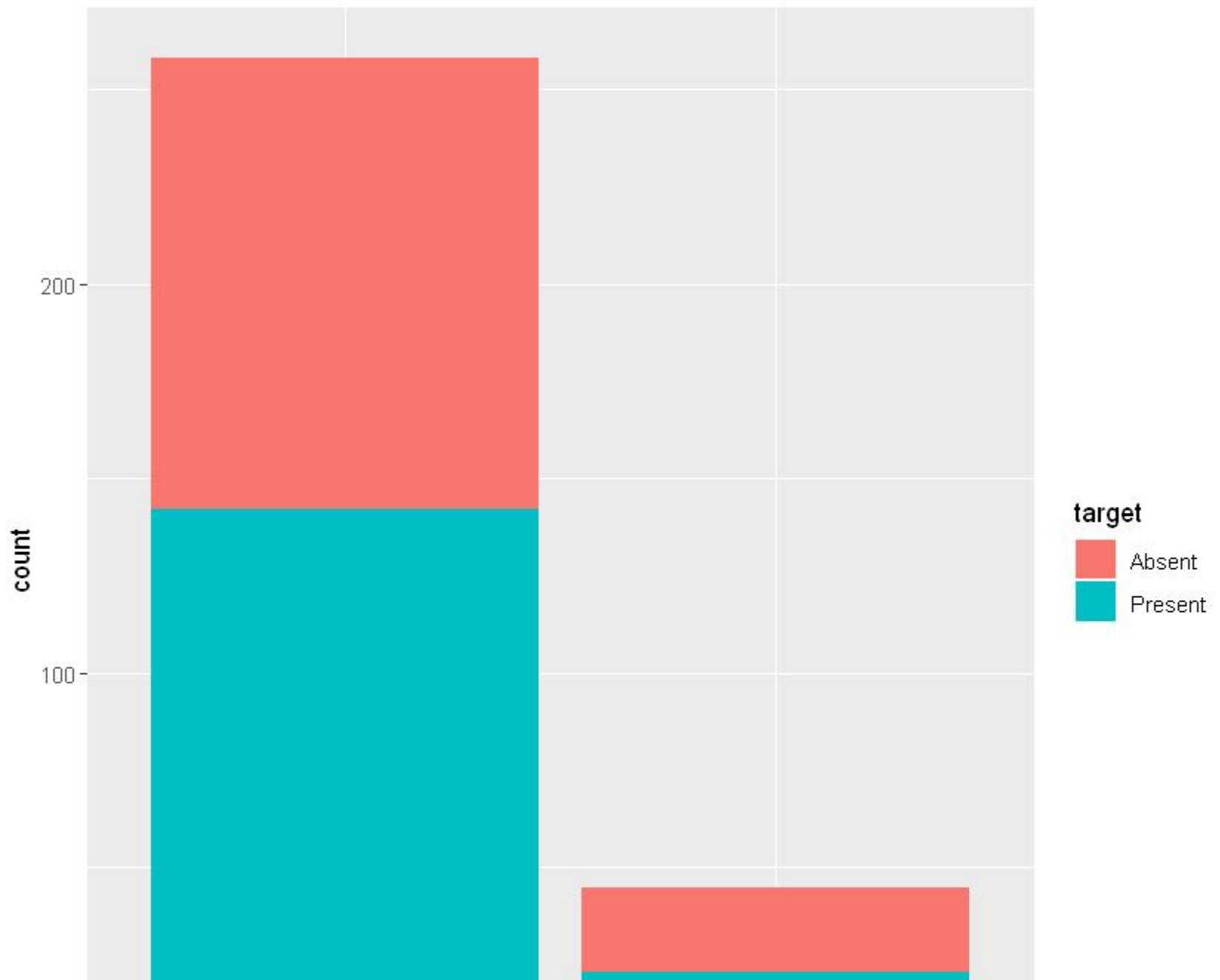
```
In [99]: heart_data$fbs=as.factor(heart_data$fbs)
ggplot(heart_data, aes(fbs, fill=target)) +
  geom_bar() + ggtitle("Presence & Absence of Heart Disease")
```

```
crosstab(heart_data$fbs, heart_data$disease, prop.r = T, plot = FALSE)
```

Error in table(dep, indep): all arguments must have the same length  
Traceback:

```
1. crosstab(heart_data$fbs, heart_data$disease, prop.r = T, plot = FALSE)
2. table(dep, indep)
3. stop("all arguments must have the same length")
```

## Presence & Absence of Heart Disease





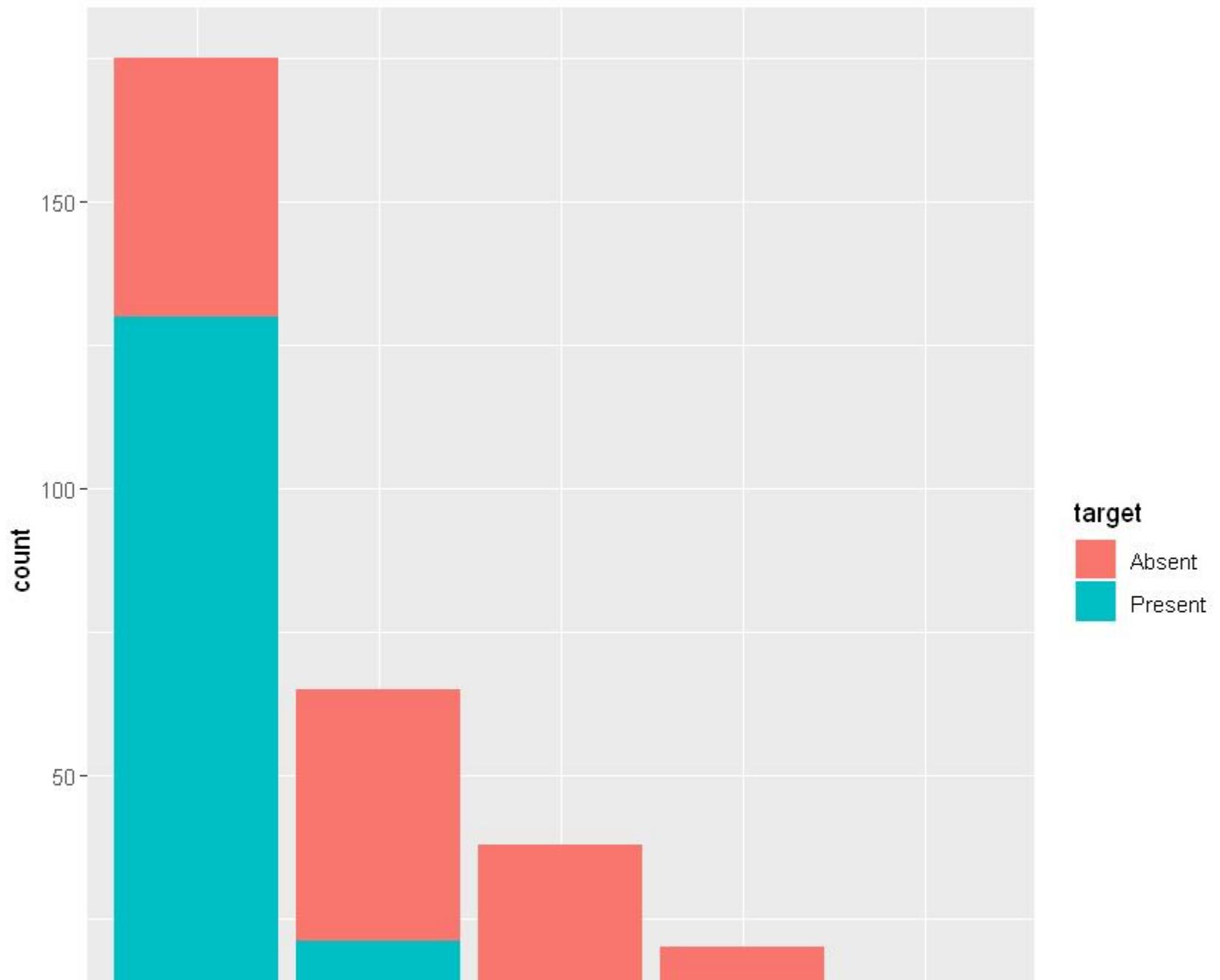
There is no concluding evidence about the sugar level effect on heart disease.

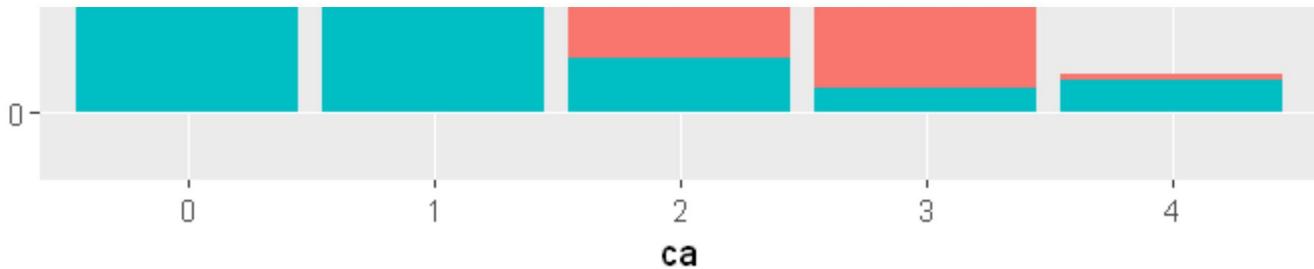
```
In [100]: #ca  
#This feature refers to the number of narrow bLOOD vessels seen  
  
ggplot(heart_data, aes(ca, fill=target)) +  
  geom_bar() + ggtitle("Presence & Absence of Heart Disease")  
  
crosstab(heart_data$ca, heart_data$disease, prop.r = T, plot = FALSE)
```

Error in table(dep, indep): all arguments must have the same length  
Traceback:

```
1. crosstab(heart_data$ca, heart_data$disease, prop.r = T, plot = FALSE)  
2. table(dep, indep)  
3. stop("all arguments must have the same length")
```

## Presence & Absence of Heart Disease





```
In [ ]: # Correlation between independent variable  
library(corrplot)  
corr_heart= heart_data[,sapply(heart_data,is.numeric)]  
str(corr_heart)  
cor(corr_heart)
```

```
In [ ]:
```

## Model Building

```
In [101... library(caret)
```

```
TraindataRows = createDataPartition(heart_data$target, p=0.7, list= FALSE) trainData = heart_data[TraindataRows,] testData = heart_data[-TraindataRows,]
```

```
In [102... AUC = list()  
Accuracy = list()
```

Logistics Regression

```
In [ ]: install.packages('e1071', dependencies = TRUE)
```

```
In [ ]: install.packages("pROC")
```

```
In [ ]: set.seed(10)
logRegModel = train(target ~ ., data=trainData, method = 'glm', family = 'binomial')
logRegPrediction = predict(logRegModel, testData)
logRegPredictionprob = predict(logRegModel, testData, type='prob')[2]
logRegConfMat = confusionMatrix(logRegPrediction, testData[, "target"])
#ROC Curve
library(pROC)
AUC$logReg = roc(as.numeric(testData$target),as.numeric(as.matrix((logRegPredictionprob))))$auc
Accuracy$logReg = logRegConfMat$overall['Accuracy']
```

```
In [ ]: # Support Vector Machine

install.packages('kernlab')
fitControl = trainControl(method = "repeatedcv",
                           number = 5,
                           repeats = 5,
                           ## Estimate class probabilities
                           classProbs = TRUE,
                           ## Evaluate performance using
                           ## the following function
                           summaryFunction = twoClassSummary)

set.seed(10)
svmModel = train(target ~ ., data = trainData,
                  method = "svmRadial",
                  trControl = fitControl ,
                  preProcess = c("center", "scale"),
                  tunelength = 8,
                  metric = "ROC")
svmPrediction = predict(svmModel, testData)
svmPredictionprob = predict(svmModel, testData, type='prob')[2]
svmConfMat = confusionMatrix(svmPrediction, testData[, "target"])
#ROC Curve
library(pROC)
AUC$svm = roc(as.numeric(testData$target),as.numeric(as.matrix((svmPredictionprob))))$auc
Accuracy$svm = svmConfMat$overall['Accuracy']
```

```
In [ ]: # Random Forest  
library(randomForest)  
set.seed(10)  
RFModel = randomForest(target ~ .,  
                        data=trainData,  
                        importance=TRUE,  
                        ntree=200)  
#varImpPlot(RFModel)  
RFPrediction = predict(RFModel, testData)  
RFPredictionprob = predict(RFModel, testData, type="prob")[, 2]  
  
RFConfMat = confusionMatrix(RFPrediction, testData[, "target"])  
  
AUC$RF = roc(as.numeric(testData$target), as.numeric(as.matrix((RFPredictionprob))))$auc  
Accuracy$RF = RFConfMat$overall['Accuracy']
```

```
In [ ]: row.names = names(Accuracy)  
col.names = c("AUC", "Accuracy")  
cbind(as.data.frame(matrix(c(AUC, Accuracy), nrow = 3, ncol = 2,  
                           dimnames = list(row.names, col.names))))
```

```
In [ ]: logRegConfMat
```

So here accuracy rate is 86 % which is quite good.

```
In [ ]: RFConfMat
```

```
In [ ]: svmConfMat
```

## So here Logistic Regression model gives highest accuracy.

```
In [ ]:
```

```
In [ ]:
```