## Python 1 to 10

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#2
a=float(input("Enter 1st number"))
b=float(input("Enter 2nd nuber"))
c = ((a**2) - (b**2)) **0.5
print("Distance:",c)
#3
import sys
a=int(sys.argv[1])
b=int(sys.argv[2])
c=a+b
print(c)
#4
a=int(input("Enter the 1st number:"))
b=int(input("Enter the 2nd number"))
print("Number before swap is",a,b)
a=a+b
b=a-b
a=a-b
print("Number after swap:",a,b)
#5
a=int(input("Enter the number:"))
if a \% 2 == 0:
    print("Given number", a, "is an even number")
else:
    print("Given number", a, "is an odd number")
if a == 2:
   print("Given number", a, "is an prime number")
if a >= 2:
    for i in range (2,(a//2)):
        if a % i == 0:
            print("Given number is not a prime number")
            break
        else:
            print("Given number is a prime number")
            break
#6
a=int(input("Enter the range of list"))
ls = []
pl = []
nl = []
for i in range (a):
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b=int(input("Enter the number:"))

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```
ls.append(b)
print(len(ls))
#7
a = int(input("Enter the range of the list: "))
ls = []
for i in range(a):
    b = int(input("Enter the number: "))
    ls.append(b)
print("Your list is:", ls)
ls.sort()
n = len(ls)
if n % 2 == 0:
    # For even-length lists, calculate the average of the two middle
    c = (ls[n // 2 - 1] + ls[n // 2]) / 2
    print("The median =", c)
else:
    # For odd-length lists, simply take the middle element
    c = ls[n // 2]
    print("Median =", c)
#9
def lis(lst):
    r = []
    for i in 1st:
        s = set()
        s.add(i)
        r.append(s)
    return(r)
lst = []
a = int(input("Enter the range of set:"))
for i in range (a):
    b = int(input("Enter the number: "))
    lst.append(b)
print(lis(lst))
#10
a = int(input("Enter the range of list:"))
num = []
for i in range (a):
    b = int(input("Enter the number:"))
    num.append(b)
cubes = list(map(lambda x: x ** 3, num))
print("Your list elements:", num)
print("Cube of list elements:", cubes)
```