## **SBML Model Report**

# Model name: "Salcedo-Sora2016 - Microbial folate biosynthesis and utilisation"



February 10, 2016

## 1 General Overview

This is a document in SBML Level 2 Version 4 format. This model was created by the following two authors: J. Enrique Salcedo-Sora<sup>1</sup> and Mark T. McAuley<sup>2</sup> at June 28<sup>th</sup> 2015 at 2:24 p.m. and last time modified at June 28<sup>th</sup> 2015 at 2:24 p.m. Table 1 gives an overview of the quantities of all components of this model.

Table 1: Number of components in this model, which are described in the following sections.

Element	Quantity	Element	Quantity
compartment types	0	compartments	1
species types	0	species	51
events	0	constraints	0
reactions	31	function definitions	24
global parameters	0	unit definitions	2
rules	0	initial assignments	0

## **Model Notes**

Salcedo-Sora2016 - Microbial folate biosynthesis and utilisation

This model is described in the article: A mathematical model of microbial folate biosynthesis and utilisation: implications for antifolate development. Enrique Salcedo-Sora J, Mc Auley MT.Mol Biosyst. 2016 Jan 21.

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#### Abstract:

The metabolic biochemistry of folate biosynthesis and utilisation has evolved into a complex network of reactions. Although this complexity represents challenges to the field of folate research it has also provided a renewed source for antimetabolite targets. A range of improved folate chemotherapy continues to be developed and applied particularly to cancer and chronic inflammatory diseases. However, new or better antifolates against infectious diseases remain much more elusive. In this paper we describe the assembly of a generic deterministic mathematical model of microbial folate metabolism. Our aim is to explore how a mathematical model could be used to explore the dynamics of this inherently complex set of biochemical reactions. Using the model it was found that: (1) a particular small set of folate intermediates are overrepresented, (2) inhibitory profiles can be quantified by the level of key folate products, (3) using the model to scan for the most effective combinatorial inhibitions of folate enzymes we identified specific targets which could complement current antifolates, and (4) the model substantiates the case for a substrate cycle in the folinic acid biosynthesis reaction. Our model is coded in the systems biology markup language and has been deposited in the BioModels Database (MODEL1511020000), this makes it accessible to the community as a whole.

This model is hosted on BioModels Database and identified by: MODEL1511020000.

To cite BioModels Database, please use: BioModels Database: An enhanced, curated and annotated resource for published quantitative kinetic models.

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#### 2 Unit Definitions

This is an overview of five unit definitions of which three are predefined by SBML and not mentioned in the model.

#### 2.1 Unit time

Name time

**Definition** 60 s

## 2.2 Unit substance

Name substance

Definition µmol

#### 2.3 Unit volume

**Notes** Litre is the predefined SBML unit for volume.

**Definition** 1

## 2.4 Unit area

**Notes** Square metre is the predefined SBML unit for area since SBML Level 2 Version 1.

**Definition**  $m^2$ 

## 2.5 Unit length

**Notes** Metre is the predefined SBML unit for length since SBML Level 2 Version 1.

**Definition** m

## 3 Compartment

This model contains one compartment.

Table 2: Properties of all compartments.

Id	Name	SBO	Spatial Dimensions	Size	Unit	Constant	Outside
compartment	compartment		3	1	litre	Ø	

## 3.1 Compartment compartment

This is a three dimensional compartment with a constant size of one litre.

Name compartment

## 4 Species

This model contains 51 species. The boundary condition of 13 of these species is set to true so that these species' amount cannot be changed by any reaction. Section 7 provides further details and the derived rates of change of each species.

Table 3: Properties of each species.

Id	Name	Compartment	Derived Unit	Constant	Boundary Condi- tion
DAHP	DAHP	compartment	$\mu$ mol·l <sup>-1</sup>	$\Box$	———
PEP	PEP	compartment	$\mu mol \cdot l^{-1}$		
Pi	Pi	compartment	$\mu$ mol·l <sup>-1</sup>		Ē
DHQ	DHQ	compartment	$\mu$ mol·l <sup>-1</sup>		$\Box$
EP	EP	compartment	$\mu$ mol·l <sup>-1</sup>		
DHSK	DHSK	compartment	$\mu mol \cdot l^{-1}$		
SK	SK	compartment	$\mu mol \cdot l^{-1}$		$\Box$
SKP	SKP	compartment	$\mu mol \cdot l^{-1}$	$\Box$	
CVPSK	CVPSK	compartment	$\mu mol \cdot l^{-1}$	$\Box$	
CM	CM	compartment	$\mu mol \cdot l^{-1}$	$\Box$	
Gln	Gln	compartment	$\mu mol \cdot l^{-1}$		
Glu	Glu	compartment	$\mu mol \cdot l^{-1}$		
ADC	ADC	compartment	$\mu mol \cdot l^{-1}$	$\Box$	
Pyr	Pyr	compartment	$\mu mol \cdot l^{-1}$		$\Box$
pABA	pABA	compartment	$\mu mol \cdot l^{-1}$	$\Box$	
DHNTP	DHNTP	compartment	$\mu mol \cdot l^{-1}$	$\Box$	
GTP	GTP	compartment	$\mu mol \cdot l^{-1}$		
AHMDHP	AHMDHP	compartment	$\mu mol \cdot l^{-1}$		
HAD	HAD	compartment	$\mu mol \cdot l^{-1}$	$\Box$	
PTHP	PTHP	compartment	$\mu$ mol·l <sup>-1</sup>		
AHMDPP	AHMDPP	compartment	$\mu mol \cdot l^{-1}$		

Id	Name	Compartment	Derived Unit	Constant	Boundary Condi- tion
DHP	DHP	compartment	$\mu mol \cdot l^{-1}$	$\Box$	$\Box$
DHF	DHF	compartment	$\mu$ mol·l <sup>-1</sup>		
THF	THF	compartment	$\mu$ mol·l <sup>-1</sup>		
THFGlu	THFGlu	compartment	$\mu$ mol· $1^{-1}$		
Gly	Gly	compartment	$\mu mol \cdot l^{-1}$		$\square$
Ser	Ser	compartment	$\mu mol \cdot l^{-1}$	<u></u>	$\overline{\checkmark}$
myTHFGlu	myTHFGlu	compartment	$\mu mol \cdot l^{-1}$		
MTHFGlu	MTHFGlu	compartment	$\mu mol \cdot l^{-1}$	$\Box$	
Нсу	Нсу	compartment	$\mu mol \cdot l^{-1}$		
Met	Met	compartment	$\mu mol \cdot l^{-1}$		
dTMP	dTMP	compartment	$\mu mol \cdot l^{-1}$	$\Box$	
dUMP	dUMP	compartment	$\mu mol \cdot l^{-1}$		$\square$
meTHFGlu	meTHFGlu	compartment	$\mu mol \cdot l^{-1}$		
fTHFGlu	fTHFGlu	compartment	$\mu$ mol·l <sup>-1</sup>		
fmtRNA	fmtRNA	compartment	$\mu$ mol·l <sup>-1</sup>		
mtRNA	mtRNA	compartment	$\mu mol \cdot l^{-1}$		
COTwo	COTwo	${\tt compartment}$	$\mu mol \cdot l^{-1}$		
ADP	ADP	compartment	$\mu mol \cdot l^{-1}$		
ATP	ATP	${\tt compartment}$	$\mu mol \cdot l^{-1}$		$\square$
NADP	NADP	compartment	$\mu mol \cdot l^{-1}$		
NADPH	NADPH	${\tt compartment}$	$\mu mol \cdot l^{-1}$		
AMP	AMP	compartment	$\mu mol \cdot l^{-1}$		
DLp	DLp	${\tt compartment}$	$\mu mol \cdot l^{-1}$		
${\tt SAmDLp}$	SAmDLp	${\tt compartment}$	$\mu mol \cdot l^{-1}$		
Lp	Lp	compartment	$\mu mol \cdot l^{-1}$		
NAD	NAD	compartment	$\mu mol \cdot l^{-1}$	$\Box$	
NADH	NADH	compartment	$\mu mol \cdot l^{-1}$	$\square$	$\square$

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Id	Name	Compartment	Derived Unit	Constant	Boundary Condi- tion
Ammonia	Ammonia	compartment	$\mu$ mol·l <sup>-1</sup>		$\Box$
Formyl	Formyl	compartment	$\mu \text{mol} \cdot l^{-1}$		$\Box$
ffTHFGlu	ffTHFGlu	compartment	$\mu mol \cdot l^{-1}$	$\Box$	$\Box$

## 5 Function definitions

This is an overview of 24 function definitions.

#### **5.1 Function definition** Henri\_Michaelis\_Menten\_\_irreversible

Name Henri-Michaelis-Menten (irreversible)

Arguments substrate, Km, V

## **Mathematical Expression**

$$\frac{V \cdot substrate}{Km + substrate} \tag{1}$$

#### **5.2 Function definition Rate\_Law\_for\_R1**

Name Rate Law for R1

**Notes** Taken from DeLeo et al 1973, JBC 248, 2344-2353

**Arguments** vmax, [PEP], [EP], kpep, kep

## **Mathematical Expression**

$$\frac{vmax \cdot [EP] \cdot [PEP]}{kpep \cdot kep + kpep \cdot [EP] + kep \cdot [PEP] + [EP] \cdot [PEP]}$$
(2)

## 5.3 Function definition Rate\_Law\_for\_R6

Name Rate Law for R6

**Arguments** [PEP], vmax, [SKP], kpep, kskp

## **Mathematical Expression**

$$\frac{\text{vmax} \cdot [\text{PEP}] \cdot [\text{SKP}]}{\text{kpep} \cdot \text{kskp} + \text{kpep} \cdot [\text{SKP}] + \text{kskp} \cdot [\text{PEP}] + [\text{SKP}] \cdot [\text{PEP}]}$$
(3)

## 5.4 Function definition Rate\_Law\_for\_R8

Name Rate Law for R8

Arguments vmax, [CM], [Gln], kcm, kgln

$$\frac{vmax \cdot [CM] \cdot [Gln]}{kcm \cdot kgln + kcm \cdot [Gln] + kgln \cdot [CM] + [CM] \cdot [Gln]}$$
(4)

#### 5.5 Function definition Rate\_Law\_for\_R14

Name Rate Law for R14

Arguments vmax, [DHP], [Glu], kdhp, kglu, [ATP], katp

## **Mathematical Expression**

$$\frac{vmax \cdot [DHP] \cdot [Glu] \cdot [ATP]}{kdhp \cdot kglu \cdot katp + kdhp \cdot ([Glu] + [ATP]) + kglu \cdot ([DHP] + [ATP]) + katp \cdot ([Glu] + [ATP]) + [DHP] \cdot [Glu] \cdot [ATP]}$$

#### **5.6 Function definition Rate\_Law\_for\_R16**

Name Rate Law for R16

Arguments vmax, [THF], [Glu], kthf, kglu, [ATP], katp, [DHF], kidhf

#### **Mathematical Expression**

$$\frac{vmax \cdot [THF] \cdot [Glu] \cdot [ATP]}{kthf \cdot \left(1 + \frac{[DHF]}{kidhf}\right) \cdot kglu \cdot katp + kthf \cdot ([Glu] + [ATP]) + kglu \cdot ([THF] + [ATP]) + katp \cdot ([THF] + [Glu]) + [THF]}$$

## **5.7 Function definition** Rate\_Law\_for\_R17

Name Rate Law for R17

Arguments vmax, [THFGlu], [Ser], kthfglu, kser, [THF], kithf

#### **Mathematical Expression**

$$\frac{vmax \cdot [THFGlu] \cdot [Ser]}{kthfglu \cdot \left(1 + \frac{[THF]}{kithf}\right) \cdot kser + kthfglu \cdot [Ser] + kser \cdot [THFGlu] + [THFGlu] \cdot [Ser]} \tag{7}$$

#### **5.8 Function definition** Rate\_Law\_for\_R18c

Name Rate Law for R18c

Arguments vmax, [THFGlu], kthfglu, [SAmDLp], ksamdlp

$$\frac{vmax \cdot [THFGlu] \cdot [SAmDLp]}{kthfglu \cdot ksamdlp + kthfglu \cdot [SAmDLp] + ksamdlp \cdot [THFGlu] + [THFGlu] \cdot [SAmDLp]}$$

#### **5.9 Function definition** Rate\_Law\_for\_R20

Name Rate Law for R20

Arguments vmax, [MTHFGlu], [Hcy], kmthfglu, khcy

#### **Mathematical Expression**

$$\frac{\text{vmax} \cdot [\text{MTHFGlu}] \cdot [\text{Hcy}]}{\text{kmthfglu} \cdot \text{khcy} + \text{kmthfglu} \cdot [\text{Hcy}] + \text{khcy} \cdot [\text{MTHFGlu}] + [\text{MTHFGlu}] \cdot [\text{Hcy}]}$$

#### **5.10 Function definition Rate\_Law\_for\_R21**

Name Rate Law for R21

Arguments vmax, [myTHFGlu], [dUMP], kdump, kmythfglu, [DHF], kidhf

#### **Mathematical Expression**

$$\frac{vmax \cdot [myTHFGlu] \cdot [dUMP]}{kmythfglu \cdot \left(1 + \frac{[DHF]}{kidhf}\right) \cdot kdump + kmythfglu \cdot [dUMP] + kdump \cdot [myTHFGlu] + [myTHFGlu] \cdot [dUMP]}$$

#### **5.11 Function definition** Rate\_Law\_for\_R18b

Name Rate Law for R18b

Arguments vmax, [Gly], [DLp], kgly, kdlp

## **Mathematical Expression**

$$\frac{vmax \cdot [Gly] \cdot [DLp]}{kgly \cdot kdlp + kgly \cdot [DLp] + kdlp \cdot [Gly] + [Gly] \cdot [DLp]}$$
(11)

#### **5.12 Function definition Rate\_Law\_for\_R18a**

Name Rate Law for R18a

Arguments vmax, [NADH], [Lp], knadh, klp

$$\frac{vmax \cdot [NADH] \cdot [Lp]}{knadh \cdot klp + knadh \cdot [Lp] + klp \cdot [NADH] + [NADH] \cdot [Lp]}$$
(12)

#### 5.13 Function definition Rate\_Law\_for\_R4

Name Rate Law for R4

**Arguments** vmax, [DHSK], [NADPH], kdhsk, knadph

#### **Mathematical Expression**

$$\frac{vmax \cdot [DHSK] \cdot [NADPH]}{kdhsk \cdot knadph + kdhsk \cdot [NADPH] + knadph \cdot [DHSK] + [DHSK] \cdot [NADPH]}$$

## 5.14 Function definition Rate\_Law\_for\_R5

Name Rate Law for R5

**Arguments** vmax, [SK], [ATP], ksk, katp

## **Mathematical Expression**

$$\frac{vmax \cdot [SK] \cdot [ATP]}{ksk \cdot katp + ksk \cdot [ATP] + katp \cdot [SK] + [SK] \cdot [ATP]}$$
(14)

#### 5.15 Function definition Rate\_Law\_for\_R12

**Name** Rate Law for R12

Arguments vmax, [ATP], katp, [AHMDHP], kahmdhp

## **Mathematical Expression**

$$\frac{vmax \cdot [AHMDHP] \cdot [ATP]}{kahmdhp \cdot katp + katp \cdot [AHMDHP] + kahmdhp \cdot [ATP] + [AHMDHP] \cdot [ATP]})$$

#### 5.16 Function definition Rate\_Law\_for\_R15

Name Rate Law for R15

Arguments vmax, [DHF], [NADPH], kdhf, knadph

$$\frac{vmax \cdot [DHF] \cdot [NADPH]}{kdhf \cdot knadph + kdhf \cdot [NADPH] + knadph \cdot [DHF] + [DHF] \cdot [NADPH]} \ (16)$$

#### 5.17 Function definition Rate\_Law\_for\_R19

Name Rate Law for R19

Arguments vmax, [myTHFGlu], [NADPH], knadph, kmythfglu, [DHF], kidhf

#### **Mathematical Expression**

$$\frac{vmax \cdot [myTHFGlu] \cdot [NADPH]}{kmythfglu \cdot \left(1 + \frac{[DHF]}{kidhf}\right) \cdot knadph + kmythfglu \cdot [NADPH] + knadph \cdot [myTHFGlu] + [myTHFGlu] \cdot [NADPH]}$$

#### 5.18 Function definition Rate\_Law\_for\_R22

Name Rate Law for R22

Arguments vmax, [myTHFGlu], [NADP], kmythfglu, knadp, [DHF], kidhf

#### **Mathematical Expression**

$$\frac{vmax \cdot [myTHFGlu] \cdot [NADP]}{kmythfglu \cdot \left(1 + \frac{[DHF]}{kidhf}\right) \cdot knadp + kmythfglu \cdot [NADP] + knadp \cdot [myTHFGlu] + [myTHFGlu] \cdot [NADP]}$$

#### 5.19 Function definition Rate\_Law\_for\_R25

Name Rate Law for R25

Arguments vmax, [fTHFGlu], [mtRNA], kfthfglu, kmtrna

## **Mathematical Expression**

$$\frac{vmax \cdot [fTHFGlu] \cdot [mtRNA]}{kfthfglu \cdot kmtrna + kfthfglu \cdot [mtRNA] + kmtrna \cdot [fTHFGlu] + [fTHFGlu] \cdot [mtRNA]}$$

$$(19)$$

#### 5.20 Function definition Rate\_Law\_for\_R26

Name Rate Law for R26

Arguments vmax, [fTHFGlu], [NADP], kfthfglu, knadp

$$\frac{vmax \cdot [fTHFGlu] \cdot [NADP]}{kfthfglu \cdot knadp + kfthfglu \cdot [NADP] + knadp \cdot [fTHFGlu] + [fTHFGlu] \cdot [NADP]}$$
 (20)

#### 5.21 Function definition Rate\_Law\_for\_R13

Name Rate Law for R13

Arguments vmax, kahmdpp, kpaba, [AHMDPP], [pABA]

#### **Mathematical Expression**

$$\frac{vmax \cdot [AHMDPP] \cdot [pABA]}{kahmdpp \cdot kpaba + kpaba \cdot [AHMDPP] + kahmdpp \cdot [pABA] + [AHMDPP] \cdot [pABA]}$$
 (21)

#### 5.22 Function definition Rate\_Law\_for\_R24

Name Rate Law for R24

Arguments vmax, kthfglu, kformyl, katp, [THFGlu], [Formyl], [ATP]

## **Mathematical Expression**

$$\frac{vmax \cdot [THFGlu] \cdot [Formyl] \cdot [ATP]}{kthfglu \cdot kformyl \cdot katp + kthfglu \cdot ([Formyl] + [ATP]) + kformyl \cdot ([THFGlu] + [ATP]) + katp \cdot ([Formyl] + [THFGlu] + [THFGlu])}$$

#### **5.23 Function definition** Rate\_Law\_for\_R10

Name Rate Law for R10

Arguments vmax, [GTP], kgtp, [THF], kiTHF

#### **Mathematical Expression**

$$\frac{vmax \cdot [GTP]}{kgtp \cdot \left(1 + \frac{[THF]}{kiTHF}\right) + [GTP]}$$
 (23)

## 5.24 Function definition Rate\_Law\_for\_R29

Name Rate Law for R29

**Arguments** vmax, [ATP], [ffTHFGlu], katp, kffthfglu

$$\frac{vmax \cdot [ATP] \cdot [ffTHFGlu]}{katp \cdot kffthfglu + katp \cdot [ffTHFGlu] + kffthfglu \cdot [ATP] + [ATP] \cdot [ffTHFGlu]} (24)$$

## **6 Reactions**

This model contains 31 reactions. All reactions are listed in the following table and are subsequently described in detail. If a reaction is affected by a modifier, the identifier of this species is written above the reaction arrow.

Table 4: Overview of all reactions

Νō	Id	Name	Reaction Equation SBO
1	R1	R1	$PEP + EP \xrightarrow{PEP, EP} DAHP + Pi$
2	R2	R2	$DAHP \xrightarrow{DAHP} DHQ + Pi$
3	R3	R3	$DHQ \xrightarrow{DHQ} DHSK$
4	R4	R4	$DHSK + NADPH \xrightarrow{DHSK, NADPH} SK + NADP$
5	R5	R5	$SK + ATP \xrightarrow{SK, ATP} SKP + ADP + Pi$
6	R6	R6	$SKP + PEP \xrightarrow{SKP, PEP} CVPSK + Pi$
7	R7	R7	$CVPSK \xrightarrow{CVPSK} CM + Pi$
8	R8	R8	$CM + Gln \xrightarrow{CM, Gln} ADC + Glu$
9	R9	R9	$ADC \xrightarrow{ADC} pABA + Pyr$
10	R10	R10	$GTP \xrightarrow{THF, GTP, THF} DHNTP + Formyl$
11	R11	R11	$DHNTP \xrightarrow{DHNTP} AHMDHP + HAD + Pi$
12	R27	R27	$DHNTP \xrightarrow{DHNTP} PTHP + Pi$
13	R12	R12	$AHMDHP + ATP \xrightarrow{AHMDHP, ATP} AHMDPP +$
			AMP
14	R14	R14	$DHP+Glu+ATP \xrightarrow{DHP, Glu, ATP} DHF+ADP+Pi$
15	R15	R15	$DHF + NADPH \xrightarrow{DHF, NADPH} THF + NADP$

14	N₀	Id	Name	Reaction Equation SBO	
	16	R16	R16	$\begin{array}{l} THF+Glu+ATP \xrightarrow{DHF, THF, Glu, ATP, DHF} THFGlu+\\ ADP+Pi \end{array}$	
	17	R17	R17	THFGlu+Ser THF, THFGlu, Ser, THF myTHFGlu+Gly	
	18	R18b	R18b	$DLp + Gly \xrightarrow{DLp, Gly} SAmDLp + COTwo$	
	19	R19	R19	myTHFGlu+NADPH DHF, myTHFGlu, NADPH, DHF NADP	'HFGlu+
$P_{I}$	20	R20	R20	$MTHFGlu + Hcy \xrightarrow{MTHFGlu, Hcy} THFGlu + Met$	
oduced.	21	R21	R21	myTHFGlu+dUMP DHF, myTHFGlu, dUMP, DHF DHF	+
Produced by SBML2PTEX	22	R22	R22	myTHFGlu+NADP	FGlu+
ILZATEX	23	R25	R25	$\begin{array}{l} \text{fTHFGlu} + \text{mtRNA} \xrightarrow{\text{fTHFGlu, mtRNA}} \text{fmtRNA} + \\ \text{THFGlu} \end{array}$	
	24	R26	R26	$\begin{array}{ll} \text{fTHFGlu} \; + \; \text{NADP} & \xrightarrow{\text{fTHFGlu}, \; \text{NADP}} \\ \text{THFGlu} \; + \\ \text{COTwo} + \text{NADPH} \end{array}$	
	25	R18c	R18c	$\begin{array}{l} THFGlu, SAmDLp \\ \longleftarrow \end{array} myTHFGlu + \\ Lp + Ammonia \end{array}$	
	26	R18a	R18a	$Lp + NADH \xrightarrow{NADH, Lp} DLp + NAD$	
	27	R13	R13	$AHMDPP + pABA \xrightarrow{AHMDPP, pABA} DHP + Pi$	
	28	R24	R24	$\begin{array}{cccc} \text{fTHFGlu} & + & \text{ADP} & + \\ \text{Pi} & \xrightarrow{\text{fTHFGlu, ADP, Pi}} & \text{THFGlu + ATP + Formyl} \end{array}$	

N⁰	Id	Name	Reaction Equation	SBO
29	R23	R23	meTHFGlu	
30	R28	R28	meTHFGlu $\xrightarrow{\text{meTHFGlu}}$ ffTHFGlu	
31	R29	R29	ATP + ffTHFGlu $\xrightarrow{\text{ATP, ffTHFGlu}}$ ADP + Pi + meTHFGlu	

## **6.1 Reaction R1**

This is an irreversible reaction of two reactants forming two products influenced by two modifiers.

#### Name R1

## **Reaction equation**

$$PEP + EP \xrightarrow{PEP, EP} DAHP + Pi$$
 (25)

#### **Reactants**

Table 5: Properties of each reactant.

Id	Name	SBO
PEP	PEP	
EP	EP	

#### **Modifiers**

Table 6: Properties of each modifier.

Id	Name	SBO
PEP	PEP	
EP	EP	

## **Products**

Table 7: Properties of each product.

Id	Name	SBO
DAHP	DAHP	
Pi	Pi	

#### **Kinetic Law**

$$v_1 = \text{vol} (\text{compartment}) \cdot \text{Rate\_Law\_for\_R1} (\text{vmax}, [\text{PEP}], [\text{EP}], \text{kpep}, \text{kep})$$
 (26)

$$Rate\_Law\_for\_R1 (vmax, [PEP], [EP], kpep, kep)$$

$$= \frac{vmax \cdot [EP] \cdot [PEP]}{kpep \cdot kep + kpep \cdot [EP] + kep \cdot [PEP] + [EP] \cdot [PEP]}$$
(27)

$$Rate\_Law\_for\_R1 (vmax, [PEP], [EP], kpep, kep) \\ = \frac{vmax \cdot [EP] \cdot [PEP]}{kpep \cdot kep + kpep \cdot [EP] + kep \cdot [PEP] + [EP] \cdot [PEP]}$$
 (28)

Table 8: Properties of each parameter.

		1	
Id	Name	SBO Value Unit	Constant
vmax	vmax	578.76	
kpep	kpep	36.00	$\square$
kep	kep	285.00	$\checkmark$

#### 6.2 Reaction R2

This is an irreversible reaction of one reactant forming two products influenced by one modifier.

## Name R2

## **Reaction equation**

$$DAHP \xrightarrow{DAHP} DHQ + Pi$$
 (29)

## Reactant

Table 9: Properties of each reactant.

Id	Name	SBO
DAHP	DAHP	

## **Modifier**

Table 10: Properties of each modifier.

Id	Name	SBO
DAHP	DAHP	

## **Products**

Table 11: Properties of each product.

Id	Name	SBO
DHQ	DHQ	
Pi	Pi	

#### **Kinetic Law**

**Derived unit** contains undeclared units

$$v_2 = \text{vol} (\text{compartment}) \cdot \text{Henri\_Michaelis\_Menten\_irreversible} ([\text{DAHP}], \text{Km}, \text{V})$$
 (30)

$$Henri\_Michaelis\_Menten\_irreversible (substrate, Km, V) = \frac{V \cdot substrate}{Km + substrate}$$
(31)

$$Henri\_Michaelis\_Menten\_irreversible (substrate, Km, V) = \frac{V \cdot substrate}{Km + substrate} \tag{32}$$

Table 12: Properties of each parameter.

Id	Name	SBO Value Unit	Constant
Km	Km	4.700	
V	V	7.462	$\checkmark$

## **6.3 Reaction R3**

This is an irreversible reaction of one reactant forming one product influenced by one modifier.

#### Name R3

## **Reaction equation**

$$DHQ \xrightarrow{DHQ} DHSK \tag{33}$$

#### Reactant

Table 13: Properties of each reactant.

Id	Name	SBO
DHQ	DHQ	

## **Modifier**

Table 14: Properties of each modifier.

Id	Name	SBO
DHQ	DHQ	

## **Product**

Table 15: Properties of each product.

Id	Name	SBO
DHSK	DHSK	

#### **Kinetic Law**

$$v_3 = \text{vol} (\text{compartment}) \cdot \text{Henri\_Michaelis\_Menten\_irreversible} ([\text{DHQ}], \text{Km}, \text{V})$$
 (34)

$$Henri\_Michaelis\_Menten\_irreversible (substrate, Km, V) = \frac{V \cdot substrate}{Km + substrate} \tag{35}$$

$$Henri\_Michaelis\_Menten\_irreversible (substrate, Km, V) = \frac{V \cdot substrate}{Km + substrate}$$
(36)

Table 16: Properties of each parameter.

Id	Name	SBO Value Unit	Constant
Km	Km	58.00	$\overline{\hspace{1cm}}$
V	V	116.48	$\square$

## **6.4 Reaction R4**

This is an irreversible reaction of two reactants forming two products influenced by two modifiers.

#### Name R4

## **Reaction equation**

$$DHSK + NADPH \xrightarrow{DHSK, NADPH} SK + NADP$$
 (37)

#### **Reactants**

Table 17: Properties of each reactant.

Id	Name	SBO
DHSK	DHSK	
NADPH	NADPH	

#### **Modifiers**

Table 18: Properties of each modifier.

Id	Name	SBO
DHSK	DHSK	
NADPH	NADPH	

## **Products**

Table 19: Properties of each product.

Id	Name	SBO
SK	SK	
NADP	NADP	

#### **Kinetic Law**

Derived unit contains undeclared units

 $v_4 = \text{vol}\left(\text{compartment}\right) \cdot \text{Rate\_Law\_for\_R4}\left(\text{vmax}, [\text{DHSK}], [\text{NADPH}], \text{kdhsk}, \text{knadph}\right)$  (38)

$$\begin{aligned} & Rate\_Law\_for\_R4(vmax,[DHSK],[NADPH],kdhsk,knadph) \\ & = \frac{vmax \cdot [DHSK] \cdot [NADPH]}{kdhsk \cdot knadph + kdhsk \cdot [NADPH] + knadph \cdot [DHSK] + [DHSK] \cdot [NADPH]} \end{aligned} \tag{39}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & Rate\_Law\_for\_R4 (vmax, [DHSK], [NADPH], kdhsk, knadph) \\ & = \frac{vmax \cdot [DHSK] \cdot [NADPH]}{kdhsk \cdot knadph + kdhsk \cdot [NADPH] + knadph \cdot [DHSK] + [DHSK] \cdot [NADPH]} \end{aligned} \tag{40}$$

Table 20: Properties of each parameter.

Id	Name	SBO Value	Unit	Constant
vmax	vmax	17290.0		
kdhsk	kdhsk	30.0		
knadph	knadph	11.0		

#### 6.5 Reaction R5

This is an irreversible reaction of two reactants forming three products influenced by two modifiers.

#### Name R5

## **Reaction equation**

$$SK + ATP \xrightarrow{SK, ATP} SKP + ADP + Pi$$
 (41)

#### **Reactants**

Table 21: Properties of each reactant.

Id	Name	SBO
SK	SK	
ATP	ATP	

#### **Modifiers**

Table 22: Properties of each modifier.

Id	Name	SBO
SK	SK	
ATP	ATP	

## **Products**

Table 23: Properties of each product.

Id	Name	SBO
SKP	SKP	
ADP	ADP	
Pi	Pi	

#### **Kinetic Law**

$$v_5 = \text{vol} (\text{compartment}) \cdot \text{Rate\_Law\_for\_R5} (\text{vmax}, [\text{SK}], [\text{ATP}], \text{ksk}, \text{katp})$$
 (42)

$$\begin{aligned} & Rate\_Law\_for\_R5 \, (vmax, [SK], [ATP], ksk, katp) \\ & = \frac{vmax \cdot [SK] \cdot [ATP]}{ksk \cdot katp + ksk \cdot [ATP] + katp \cdot [SK] + [SK] \cdot [ATP]} \end{aligned} \tag{43}$$

$$\begin{aligned} &Rate\_Law\_for\_R5 \, (vmax, [SK], [ATP], ksk, katp) \\ &= \frac{vmax \cdot [SK] \cdot [ATP]}{ksk \cdot katp + ksk \cdot [ATP] + katp \cdot [SK] + [SK] \cdot [ATP]} \end{aligned} \tag{44}$$

Table 24: Properties of each parameter.

Id	Name	SBO Value Unit	Constant
vmax	vmax	18200.0	
ksk	ksk	200.0	
katp	katp	151.5	

## 6.6 Reaction R6

This is an irreversible reaction of two reactants forming two products influenced by two modifiers.

#### Name R6

## **Reaction equation**

$$SKP + PEP \xrightarrow{SKP, PEP} CVPSK + Pi$$
 (45)

#### **Reactants**

Table 25: Properties of each reactant.

Id	Name	SBO
SKP	SKP	
PEP	PEP	

#### **Modifiers**

Table 26: Properties of each modifier.

Id	Name	SBO
SKP	SKP	
PEP	PEP	

## **Products**

Table 27: Properties of each product.

Id	Name	SBO
CVPSK	CVPSK	
Pi	Pi	

#### **Kinetic Law**

$$v_6 = \text{vol}\left(\text{compartment}\right) \cdot \text{Rate\_Law\_for\_R6}\left([\text{SKP}], \text{vmax}, [\text{PEP}], \text{kpep}, \text{kskp}\right)$$
 (46)

$$Rate\_Law\_for\_R6 ([PEP], vmax, [SKP], kpep, kskp) \\ = \frac{vmax \cdot [PEP] \cdot [SKP]}{kpep \cdot kskp + kpep \cdot [SKP] + kskp \cdot [PEP] + [SKP] \cdot [PEP]}$$

$$(47)$$

$$\begin{aligned} & Rate\_Law\_for\_R6\left([PEP],vmax,[SKP],kpep,kskp\right) \\ &= \frac{vmax \cdot [PEP] \cdot [SKP]}{kpep \cdot kskp + kpep \cdot [SKP] + kskp \cdot [PEP] + [SKP] \cdot [PEP]} \end{aligned} \tag{48}$$

Table 28: Properties of each parameter.

		1	
Id	Name	SBO Value Unit	Constant
vmax	vmax	1547.0	$\overline{Z}$
kpep	kpep	93.0	
kskp	kskp	80.0	$\square$

## 6.7 Reaction R7

This is an irreversible reaction of one reactant forming two products influenced by one modifier.

#### Name R7

## **Reaction equation**

$$CVPSK \xrightarrow{CVPSK} CM + Pi \tag{49}$$

## Reactant

Table 29: Properties of each reactant.

Id	Name	SBO
CVPSK	CVPSK	

## **Modifier**

Table 30: Properties of each modifier.

Id	Name	SBO
CVPSK	CVPSK	

## **Products**

Table 31: Properties of each product.

Id	Name	SBO
CM	CM	
Pi	Pi	

#### **Kinetic Law**

#### **Derived unit** contains undeclared units

 $v_7 = \text{vol} (\text{compartment}) \cdot \text{Henri\_Michaelis\_Menten\_irreversible} ([\text{CVPSK}], \text{Km}, \text{V})$  (50)

$$Henri\_Michaelis\_Menten\_irreversible (substrate, Km, V) = \frac{V \cdot substrate}{Km + substrate}$$
 (51)

$$Henri\_Michaelis\_Menten\_irreversible (substrate, Km, V) = \frac{V \cdot substrate}{Km + substrate} \tag{52}$$

Table 32: Properties of each parameter.

Id	Name	SBO Value Unit	Constant
Km	Km	12.7	
V	V	728.0	$\checkmark$

## 6.8 Reaction R8

This is an irreversible reaction of two reactants forming two products influenced by two modifiers.

#### Name R8

## **Reaction equation**

$$CM + Gln \xrightarrow{CM, Gln} ADC + Glu$$
 (53)

#### **Reactants**

Table 33: Properties of each reactant.

Id	Name	SBO
CM	CM	
Gln	Gln	

## **Modifiers**

Table 34: Properties of each modifier.

Id	Name	SBO
CM	CM	
${\tt Gln}$	Gln	

#### **Products**

Table 35: Properties of each product.

Id	Name	SBO
ADC	ADC	
Glu	Glu	

## **Kinetic Law**

$$v_8 = vol\left(compartment\right) \cdot Rate\_Law\_for\_R8\left(vmax, [CM], [Gln], kcm, kgln\right) \tag{54}$$

$$\begin{split} & Rate\_Law\_for\_R8 \, (vmax, [CM], [Gln], kcm, kgln) \\ & = \frac{vmax \cdot [CM] \cdot [Gln]}{kcm \cdot kgln + kcm \cdot [Gln] + kgln \cdot [CM] + [CM] \cdot [Gln]} \end{split} \tag{55}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & Rate\_Law\_for\_R8 \, (vmax, [CM], [Gln], kcm, kgln) \\ &= \frac{vmax \cdot [CM] \cdot [Gln]}{kcm \cdot kgln + kcm \cdot [Gln] + kgln \cdot [CM] + [CM] \cdot [Gln]} \end{aligned} \tag{56}$$

Table 36: Properties of each parameter.

		1	
Id	Name	SBO Value Unit	Constant
vmax	vmax	26.0	
kcm	kem	13.0	
kgln	kgln	1100.0	$\mathbf{Z}$

## **6.9 Reaction R9**

This is an irreversible reaction of one reactant forming two products influenced by one modifier.

## Name R9

## **Reaction equation**

$$ADC \xrightarrow{ADC} pABA + Pyr$$
 (57)

## Reactant

Table 37: Properties of each reactant.

Id	Name	SBO
ADC	ADC	

## **Modifier**

Table 38: Properties of each modifier.

Id	Name	SBO
ADC	ADC	

## **Products**

Table 39: Properties of each product.

Id	Name	SBO
pABA	pABA	
Pyr	Pyr	

## **Kinetic Law**

#### **Derived unit** contains undeclared units

$$v_9 = \text{vol} (\text{compartment}) \cdot \text{Henri\_Michaelis\_Menten\_irreversible} ([ADC], Km, V)$$
 (58)

$$Henri\_Michaelis\_Menten\_irreversible (substrate, Km, V) = \frac{V \cdot substrate}{Km + substrate} \tag{59}$$

$$Henri\_Michaelis\_Menten\_irreversible (substrate, Km, V) = \frac{V \cdot substrate}{Km + substrate} \tag{60}$$

Table 40: Properties of each parameter.

Id	Name	SBO Value Unit	Constant
Km	Km	1.1	
V	V	2.2	$\checkmark$

#### **6.10 Reaction R10**

This is an irreversible reaction of one reactant forming two products influenced by three modifiers.

#### Name R10

## **Reaction equation**

$$GTP \xrightarrow{THF, GTP, THF} DHNTP + Formyl$$
 (61)

#### Reactant

Table 41: Properties of each reactant.

Id	Name	SBO
GTP	GTP	

#### **Modifiers**

Table 42: Properties of each modifier.

Id	Name	SBO
THF	THF	
GTP	GTP	
THF	THF	

#### **Products**

Table 43: Properties of each product.

Id	Name	SBO
DHNTP	DHNTP	
Formyl	Formyl	

#### **Kinetic Law**

**Derived unit** contains undeclared units

$$v_{10} = \text{vol}(\text{compartment}) \cdot \text{Rate\_Law\_for\_R10}(\text{vmax}, [\text{GTP}], \text{kgtp}, [\text{THF}], \text{kiTHF})$$
 (62)

$$Rate\_Law\_for\_R10 (vmax, [GTP], kgtp, [THF], kiTHF) = \frac{vmax \cdot [GTP]}{kgtp \cdot \left(1 + \frac{[THF]}{kiTHF}\right) + [GTP]}$$
 (63)

$$Rate\_Law\_for\_R10 (vmax, [GTP], kgtp, [THF], kiTHF) = \frac{vmax \cdot [GTP]}{kgtp \cdot \left(1 + \frac{[THF]}{kiTHF}\right) + [GTP]} \quad (64)$$

Table 44: Properties of each parameter.

Id	Name	SBO Value Unit	Constant
vmax	vmax	1515.150	Ø
kgtp	kgtp	17.600	
kiTHF	kiTHF	0.157	$\square$

## 6.11 Reaction R11

This is an irreversible reaction of one reactant forming three products influenced by one modifier.

## Name R11

## **Reaction equation**

$$DHNTP \xrightarrow{DHNTP} AHMDHP + HAD + Pi$$
 (65)

#### Reactant

Table 45: Properties of each reactant.

Id	Name	SBO
DHNTP	DHNTP	

#### **Modifier**

Table 46: Properties of each modifier.

Id	Name	SBO
DHNTP	DHNTP	

#### **Products**

Table 47: Properties of each product.

Id	Name	SBO
AHMDHP	AHMDHP	
HAD	HAD	
Pi	Pi	

## **Kinetic Law**

$$\textit{v}_{11} = vol\left(compartment\right) \cdot Henri\_Michaelis\_Menten\_irreversible\left([DHNTP], Km, V\right) \quad (66)$$

$$Henri\_Michaelis\_Menten\_irreversible (substrate, Km, V) = \frac{V \cdot substrate}{Km + substrate} \tag{67}$$

$$Henri\_Michaelis\_Menten\_irreversible (substrate, Km, V) = \frac{V \cdot substrate}{Km + substrate} \tag{68}$$

Table 48: Properties of each parameter.

Id	Name	SBO Value Unit	Constant
Km	Km	7.400	
V	V	792.064	

## 6.12 Reaction R27

This is an irreversible reaction of one reactant forming two products influenced by one modifier.

## Name R27

## **Reaction equation**

$$DHNTP \xrightarrow{DHNTP} PTHP + Pi$$
 (69)

## Reactant

Table 49: Properties of each reactant.

Id	Name	SBO
DHNTP	DHNTP	

## **Modifier**

Table 50: Properties of each modifier.

Id	Name	SBO
DHNTP	DHNTP	

## **Products**

Table 51: Properties of each product.

Id	Name	SBO
PTHP	PTHP	
Pi	Pi	

## **Kinetic Law**

 $v_{12} = vol\left(compartment\right) \cdot Henri\_Michaelis\_Menten\_irreversible\left([DHNTP], Km, V\right) \quad (70)$ 

$$Henri\_Michaelis\_Menten\_irreversible (substrate, Km, V) = \frac{V \cdot substrate}{Km + substrate} \tag{71}$$

$$Henri\_Michaelis\_Menten\_irreversible (substrate, Km, V) = \frac{V \cdot substrate}{Km + substrate}$$
(72)

Table 52: Properties of each parameter.

Id	Name	SBO Value Unit	Constant
Km	Km	10.000	$\overline{Z}$
V	V	22.659	$\square$

#### 6.13 Reaction R12

This is an irreversible reaction of two reactants forming two products influenced by two modifiers.

#### Name R12

## **Reaction equation**

$$AHMDHP + ATP \xrightarrow{AHMDHP, ATP} AHMDPP + AMP$$
 (73)

#### **Reactants**

Table 53: Properties of each reactant.

Id	Name	SBO
AHMDHP	AHMDHP	
ATP	ATP	

#### **Modifiers**

Table 54: Properties of each modifier.

Id	Name	SBO
AHMDHP	AHMDHP	
ATP	ATP	

#### **Products**

Table 55: Properties of each product.

Id	Name	SBO
AHMDPP	AHMDPP	
AMP	AMP	

#### **Kinetic Law**

#### Derived unit contains undeclared units

$$v_{13} = \text{vol} (\text{compartment}) \cdot \text{Rate\_Law\_for\_R12} (\text{vmax}, [\text{AHMDHP}], \text{katp}, [\text{ATP}], \text{kahmdhp})$$
 (74)

$$\begin{aligned} & Rate\_Law\_for\_R12 (vmax, [ATP], katp, [AHMDHP], kahmdhp) \\ & = \frac{vmax \cdot [AHMDHP] \cdot [ATP]}{kahmdhp \cdot katp + katp \cdot [AHMDHP] + kahmdhp \cdot [ATP] + [AHMDHP] \cdot [ATP]} \end{aligned} \tag{75}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & Rate\_Law\_for\_R12 \, (vmax, [ATP], katp, [AHMDHP], kahmdhp) \\ & = \frac{vmax \cdot [AHMDHP] \cdot [ATP]}{kahmdhp \cdot katp + katp \cdot [AHMDHP] + kahmdhp \cdot [ATP] + [AHMDHP] \cdot [ATP]} \end{aligned} \tag{76}$$

Table 56: Properties of each parameter.

Id	Name	SBO Value Unit	Constant
vmax katp	vmax katp	382.2 15.0	<b>Z</b>
kahmdhp	kahmdhp	3.6	

## 6.14 Reaction R14

This is an irreversible reaction of three reactants forming three products influenced by three modifiers.

## Name R14

## **Reaction equation**

$$DHP + Glu + ATP \xrightarrow{DHP, Glu, ATP} DHF + ADP + Pi$$
 (77)

#### **Reactants**

Table 57: Properties of each reactant.

Name	SBO
DHP	
Glu	
ATP	
	DHP Glu

#### **Modifiers**

Table 58: Properties of each modifier.

Id	Name	SBO
DHP	DHP	
Glu	Glu	
ATP	ATP	

#### **Products**

Table 59: Properties of each product.

Id	Name	SBO
DHF	DHF	
ADP	ADP	
Pi	Pi	

#### **Kinetic Law**

#### **Derived unit** contains undeclared units

 $v_{14} = vol (compartment) \cdot Rate\_Law\_for\_R14 (vmax, [DHP], [Glu], kdhp, kglu, [ATP], katp)$ (78)  $Rate\_Law\_for\_R14 (vmax, [DHP], [Glu], kdhp, kglu, [ATP], katp)$ (79)  $vmax \cdot [DHP] \cdot [Glu] \cdot [ATP]$   $= \frac{vmax \cdot [DHP] \cdot [Glu] \cdot [ATP]}{kdhp \cdot kglu \cdot katp + kdhp \cdot ([Glu] + [ATP]) + kglu \cdot ([DHP] + [ATP]) + katp \cdot ([Glu] + [ATP]) + [DHP] \cdot [Glu] \cdot ([DHP] + [ATP])$   $Rate\_Law\_for\_R14 (vmax, [DHP], [Glu], kdhp, kglu, [ATP], katp)$ (80)

$$= \frac{vmax \cdot [DHP] \cdot [Glu] \cdot [ATP]}{kdhp \cdot kglu \cdot katp + kdhp \cdot ([Glu] + [ATP]) + kglu \cdot ([DHP] + [ATP]) + katp \cdot ([Glu] + [ATP]) + [DHP] \cdot [Glu] \cdot}$$

Table 60: Properties of each parameter.

Id	Name	SBO Value Unit	Constant
vmax	vmax	2.821	lacksquare
kdhp	kdhp	1.000	
kglu	kglu	1380.000	
katp	katp	100.000	$\square$

## 6.15 Reaction R15

This is an irreversible reaction of two reactants forming two products influenced by two modifiers.

## Name R15

## **Reaction equation**

$$DHF + NADPH \xrightarrow{DHF, NADPH} THF + NADP$$
 (81)

#### **Reactants**

Table 61: Properties of each reactant.

Id	Name	SBO
DHF	DHF	
NADPH	NADPH	

#### **Modifiers**

Table 62: Properties of each modifier.

Id	Name	SBO
DHF	DHF	
NADPH	NADPH	

#### **Products**

Table 63: Properties of each product.

Id	Name	SBO
THF	THF	

Id	Name	SBO
NADP	NADP	

## **Kinetic Law**

#### **Derived unit** contains undeclared units

$$v_{15} = \text{vol} (\text{compartment}) \cdot \text{Rate\_Law\_for\_R15} (\text{vmax}, [\text{DHF}], [\text{NADPH}], \text{kdhf}, \text{knadph})$$
 (82)

$$\begin{aligned} &Rate\_Law\_for\_R15 \, (vmax, [DHF], [NADPH], kdhf, knadph) \\ &= \frac{vmax \cdot [DHF] \cdot [NADPH]}{kdhf \cdot knadph + kdhf \cdot [NADPH] + knadph \cdot [DHF] + [DHF] \cdot [NADPH]} \end{aligned} \tag{83}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & Rate\_Law\_for\_R15 \, (vmax, [DHF], [NADPH], kdhf, knadph) \\ & = \frac{vmax \cdot [DHF] \cdot [NADPH]}{kdhf \cdot knadph + kdhf \cdot [NADPH] + knadph \cdot [DHF] + [DHF] \cdot [NADPH]} \end{aligned} \tag{84}$$

Table 64: Properties of each parameter.

Id	Name	SBO Value Unit	Constant
vmax	vmax	3000.00	<b>Z</b>
kdhf	kdhf	3.00	<b>Z</b>
knadph	knadph	6.12	<b>Z</b>

#### 6.16 Reaction R16

This is an irreversible reaction of three reactants forming three products influenced by five modifiers.

## Name R16

## **Reaction equation**

$$THF + Glu + ATP \xrightarrow{DHF, THF, Glu, ATP, DHF} THFGlu + ADP + Pi$$
(85)

## **Reactants**

Table 65: Properties of each reactant.

Id	Name	SBO
THF	THF	
Glu	Glu	
ATP	ATP	

#### **Modifiers**

Table 66: Properties of each modifier.

Id	Name	SBO
DHF	DHF	
THF	THF	
Glu	Glu	
ATP	ATP	
DHF	DHF	

#### **Products**

Table 67: Properties of each product.

Id	Name	SBO
THFGlu	THFGlu	
ADP	ADP	
Pi	Pi	

### **Kinetic Law**

$$v_{16} = \text{vol (compartment)}$$

$$\cdot \text{Rate\_Law\_for\_R16 (vmax, [THF], [Glu], kthf, kglu, [ATP], katp, [DHF], kidhf)}$$

$$\text{Rate\_Law\_for\_R16 (vmax, [THF], [Glu], kthf, kglu, [ATP], katp, [DHF], kidhf)}$$

$$= \frac{\text{vmax} \cdot [\text{THF}] \cdot [\text{Glu}] \cdot [\text{ATP}]}{\text{kthf} \cdot \left(1 + \frac{[\text{DHF}]}{\text{kidhf}}\right) \cdot \text{kglu} \cdot \text{katp} + \text{kthf} \cdot ([\text{Glu}] + [\text{ATP}]) + \text{kglu} \cdot ([\text{THF}] + [\text{ATP}]) + \text{katp} \cdot ([\text{THF}] + [\text{Glu}]) + [\text{THR}]}$$

$$\text{Rate\_Law\_for\_R16 (vmax, [THF], [Glu], kthf, kglu, [ATP], katp, [DHF], kidhf)}$$

$$\text{vmax} \cdot [\text{THF}] \cdot [\text{Glu}] \cdot [\text{ATP}]$$

$$= \frac{\text{vmax} \cdot [\text{THF}] \cdot [\text{Glu}] \cdot [\text{ATP}]}{\text{kthf} \cdot \left(1 + \frac{[\text{DHF}]}{\text{kidhf}}\right) \cdot \text{kglu} \cdot \text{katp} + \text{kthf} \cdot ([\text{Glu}] + [\text{ATP}]) + \text{kglu} \cdot ([\text{THF}] + [\text{ATP}]) + \text{katp} \cdot ([\text{THF}] + [\text{Glu}]) + [\text{THF}]}$$

Table 68: Properties of each parameter.

		1 1	
Id	Name	SBO Value Unit	Constant
vmax	vmax	84.63	$ \mathcal{A} $
kthf	kthf	26.00	
kglu	kglu	740.00	
katp	katp	128.00	
kidhf	kidhf	3.10	

### 6.17 Reaction R17

This is a reversible reaction of two reactants forming two products influenced by four modifiers.

### Name R17

# **Reaction equation**

$$THFGlu + Ser \xrightarrow{THF, THFGlu, Ser, THF} myTHFGlu + Gly$$
(89)

### **Reactants**

Table 69: Properties of each reactant.

Id	Name	SBO
THFGlu	THFGlu	
Ser	Ser	

### **Modifiers**

Table 70: Properties of each modifier.

Id	Name	SBO
THF	THF	
THFGlu	THFGlu	
Ser	Ser	
THF	THF	

## **Products**

Table 71: Properties of each product.

Id	Name	SBO
myTHFGlu Gly	myTHFGlu Gly	

### **Kinetic Law**

#### **Derived unit** contains undeclared units

$$v_{17} = \text{vol}\left(\text{compartment}\right) \cdot \text{Rate\_Law\_for\_R17}\left(\text{vmax}, [\text{THFGlu}], [\text{Ser}], \text{kthfglu}, \text{kser}, [\text{THF}], \text{kithf}\right)$$
(90)

$$Rate\_Law\_for\_R17 (vmax, [THFGlu], [Ser], kthfglu, kser, [THF], kithf) \\ = \frac{vmax \cdot [THFGlu] \cdot [Ser]}{kthfglu \cdot \left(1 + \frac{[THF]}{kithf}\right) \cdot kser + kthfglu \cdot [Ser] + kser \cdot [THFGlu] + [THFGlu] \cdot [Ser]}$$
 (91)

$$Rate\_Law\_for\_R17 (vmax, [THFGlu], [Ser], kthfglu, kser, [THF], kithf) \\ = \frac{vmax \cdot [THFGlu] \cdot [Ser]}{kthfglu \cdot \left(1 + \frac{[THF]}{kithf}\right) \cdot kser + kthfglu \cdot [Ser] + kser \cdot [THFGlu] + [THFGlu] \cdot [Ser]}$$
 (92)

Table 72: Properties of each parameter.

Id	Name	SBO Value Unit	Constant
vmax	vmax	682.500	$\overline{Z}$
kthfglu	kthfglu	40.000	
kser	kser	700.000	
kithf	kithf	0.157	

### 6.18 Reaction R18b

This is a reversible reaction of two reactants forming two products influenced by two modifiers.

#### Name R18b

## **Reaction equation**

$$DLp + Gly \xrightarrow{DLp, Gly} SAmDLp + COTwo$$
 (93)

### **Reactants**

Table 73: Properties of each reactant.

Id	Name	SBO
DLp	DLp	
Gly	Gly	

### **Modifiers**

Table 74: Properties of each modifier.

Id	Name	SBO
DLp	DLp	
Gly	Gly	

### **Products**

Table 75: Properties of each product.

Id	Name	SBO
SAmDLp COTwo	SAmDLp COTwo	
COIWO	COIWO	

### **Kinetic Law**

$$\nu_{18} = vol\left(compartment\right) \cdot Rate\_Law\_for\_R18b\left(vmax, [DLp], [Gly], kgly, kdlp\right) \tag{94}$$

$$\begin{split} Rate\_Law\_for\_R18b & (vmax, [Gly], [DLp], kgly, kdlp) \\ &= \frac{vmax \cdot [Gly] \cdot [DLp]}{kgly \cdot kdlp + kgly \cdot [DLp] + kdlp \cdot [Gly] + [Gly] \cdot [DLp]} \end{split} \tag{95}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \text{Rate\_Law\_for\_R18b} \left( vmax, [Gly], [DLp], kgly, kdlp \right) \\ &= \frac{vmax \cdot [Gly] \cdot [DLp]}{kgly \cdot kdlp + kgly \cdot [DLp] + kdlp \cdot [Gly] + [Gly] \cdot [DLp]} \end{aligned} \tag{96}$$

Table 76: Properties of each parameter.

Id	Name	SBO Value Unit	Constant
vmax	vmax kgly	751.66 4505.00	
kgly kdlp	kdlp	290.00	<b>☑</b> <b>☑</b>

## 6.19 Reaction R19

This is an irreversible reaction of two reactants forming two products influenced by four modifiers.

### Name R19

# **Reaction equation**

$$myTHFGlu + NADPH \xrightarrow{DHF, myTHFGlu, NADPH, DHF} MTHFGlu + NADP$$
 (97)

### **Reactants**

Table 77: Properties of each reactant.

SBO	Name	Id
	myTHFGlu NADPH	myTHFGlu
	NADPH	NADPH

### **Modifiers**

Table 78: Properties of each modifier.

Id	Name	SBO
DHF	DHF	
${\tt myTHFGlu}$	myTHFGlu	
NADPH	NADPH	
DHF	DHF	

### **Products**

Table 79: Properties of each product.

Id	Name	SBO
MTHFGlu	MTHFGlu	
NADP	NADP	

### **Kinetic Law**

#### **Derived unit** contains undeclared units

$$v_{19} = \text{vol} (\text{compartment}) \cdot \text{Rate\_Law\_for\_R19} (\text{vmax}, [\text{myTHFGlu}], [\text{NADPH}], \text{knadph}, \\ \text{kmythfglu}, [\text{DHF}], \text{kidhf})$$
(98)

$$= \frac{\text{vmax} \cdot [\text{myTHFGlu}] \cdot [\text{NADPH}]}{\text{kmythfglu} \cdot \left(1 + \frac{[\text{DHF}]}{\text{kidhf}}\right) \cdot \text{knadph} + \text{kmythfglu} \cdot [\text{NADPH}] + \text{knadph} \cdot [\text{myTHFGlu}] + [\text{myTHFGlu}] \cdot [\text{NADPH}]}$$

$$Rate\_Law\_for\_R19 (vmax, [myTHFGlu], [NADPH], knadph, kmythfglu, [DHF], kidhf) \\ vmax \cdot [myTHFGlu] \cdot [NADPH]$$
 (100)

$$= \frac{\sqrt{\ln x \cdot [\ln y \, \text{FH Old}] \cdot [\text{NADPH}]}}{\text{kmythfglu} \cdot \left(1 + \frac{[\text{DHF}]}{\text{kidhf}}\right) \cdot \text{knadph} + \text{kmythfglu} \cdot [\text{NADPH}] + \text{knadph} \cdot [\text{myTHFGlu}] + [\text{myTHFGlu}] \cdot [\text{NADPH}]}$$

Table 80: Properties of each parameter.

		1			
Id	Name	SBO	Value	Unit	Constant
vmax	vmax		738.920		
knadph	knadph		19.000		$\mathbf{Z}$
kmythfglu	kmythfglu		33.000		$\mathbf{Z}$
kidhf	kidhf		0.428		$\mathbf{Z}$

### **6.20 Reaction R20**

This is an irreversible reaction of two reactants forming two products influenced by two modifiers.

### Name R20

### **Reaction equation**

$$MTHFGlu + Hcy \xrightarrow{MTHFGlu, Hcy} THFGlu + Met$$
 (101)

### **Reactants**

Table 81: Properties of each reactant.

Id	Name	SBO
MTHFGlu	MTHFGlu	
Нсу	Нсу	

#### **Modifiers**

Table 82: Properties of each modifier.

Id	Name	SBO
MTHFGlu	MTHFGlu	
Нсу	Hcy	

### **Products**

Table 83: Properties of each product.

Id	Name	SBO
THFGlu	THFGlu	
Met	Met	

#### **Kinetic Law**

$$v_{20} = \text{vol}\left(\text{compartment}\right) \cdot \text{Rate\_Law\_for\_R20}\left(\text{vmax}, [\text{MTHFGlu}], [\text{Hcy}], \text{kmthfglu}, \text{khcy}\right)$$
 (102)

$$\begin{aligned} & \text{Rate\_Law\_for\_R20} \, (\text{vmax}, [\text{MTHFGlu}], [\text{Hcy}], \text{kmthfglu}, \text{khcy}) \\ & = \frac{\text{vmax} \cdot [\text{MTHFGlu}] \cdot [\text{Hcy}]}{\text{kmthfglu} \cdot \text{khcy} + \text{kmthfglu} \cdot [\text{Hcy}] + \text{khcy} \cdot [\text{MTHFGlu}] + [\text{MTHFGlu}] \cdot [\text{Hcy}]} \end{aligned} \tag{103}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \text{Rate\_Law\_for\_R20} \, (\text{vmax}, [\text{MTHFGlu}], [\text{Hcy}], \text{kmthfglu}, \text{khcy}) \\ & = \frac{\text{vmax} \cdot [\text{MTHFGlu}] \cdot [\text{Hcy}]}{\text{kmthfglu} \cdot \text{khcy} + \text{kmthfglu} \cdot [\text{Hcy}] + \text{khcy} \cdot [\text{MTHFGlu}] + [\text{MTHFGlu}] \cdot [\text{Hcy}]} \end{aligned} \tag{104}$$

Table 84: Properties of each parameter.

		1	
Id	Name	SBO Value Unit	Constant
vmax	vmax	379.925	
kmthfglu	kmthfglu	30.000	$\mathbf{Z}$
khcy	khcy	17.000	$\square$

## **6.21 Reaction R21**

This is an irreversible reaction of two reactants forming two products influenced by four modifiers.

### Name R21

# **Reaction equation**

$$myTHFGlu + dUMP \xrightarrow{DHF, myTHFGlu, dUMP, DHF} dTMP + DHF$$
 (105)

### **Reactants**

Table 85: Properties of each reactant.

Id	Name	SBO
myTHFGlu	myTHFGlu	
dUMP	dUMP	

### **Modifiers**

Table 86: Properties of each modifier.

Id	Name	SBO
DHF	DHF	
${\tt myTHFGlu}$	myTHFGlu	
dUMP	dUMP	
DHF	DHF	

### **Products**

Table 87: Properties of each product.

Id	Name	SBO
dTMP DHF	dTMP DHF	

### **Kinetic Law**

**Derived unit** contains undeclared units

$$v_{21} = \text{vol} (\text{compartment}) \cdot \text{Rate\_Law\_for\_R21} (\text{vmax}, [\text{myTHFGlu}], [\text{dUMP}], \text{kdump}, \\ \text{kmythfglu}, [\text{DHF}], \text{kidhf})$$

$$(106)$$

$$\begin{aligned} & Rate\_Law\_for\_R21 \left(vmax, [myTHFGlu], [dUMP], kdump, kmythfglu, [DHF], kidhf \right) \\ & = \frac{vmax \cdot [myTHFGlu] \cdot [dUMP]}{kmythfglu \cdot \left(1 + \frac{[DHF]}{kidhf}\right) \cdot kdump + kmythfglu \cdot [dUMP] + kdump \cdot [myTHFGlu] + [myTHFGlu] \cdot [dUMP]} \end{aligned}$$

$$= \frac{\frac{[IIIJ] \text{TH of } J \text{ The of } J \text{$$

Table 88: Properties of each parameter.

		1	1		
Id	Name	SBO	Value	Unit	Constant
vmax	vmax		49.140		
kdump	kdump		5.400		
kmythfglu	kmythfglu		17.000		
kidhf	kidhf		0.428		$\mathbf{Z}$

### **6.22 Reaction R22**

This is a reversible reaction of two reactants forming two products influenced by four modifiers.

#### Name R22

## **Reaction equation**

$$myTHFGlu + NADP \xrightarrow{DHF, myTHFGlu, NADP, DHF} meTHFGlu + NADPH \tag{109}$$

### **Reactants**

Table 89: Properties of each reactant.

Id	Name	SBO
myTHFGlu NADP	myTHFGlu NADP	

#### **Modifiers**

Table 90: Properties of each modifier.

Id	Name	SBO
DHF	DHF	
${\tt myTHFGlu}$	myTHFGlu	
NADP	NADP	
DHF	DHF	

#### **Products**

Table 91: Properties of each product.

Name	SBO
meTHFGlu NADPH	
	meTHFGlu

### **Kinetic Law**

$$\begin{aligned} v_{22} &= \text{vol (compartment)} \cdot \text{Rate\_Law\_for\_R22 (vmax, [myTHFGlu], [NADP], kmythfglu, } \\ &\quad \text{knadp, [DHF], kidhf)} \end{aligned} \\ &\text{Rate\_Law\_for\_R22 (vmax, [myTHFGlu], [NADP], kmythfglu, knadp, [DHF], kidhf)} \\ &= \frac{\text{vmax} \cdot [\text{myTHFGlu}] \cdot [\text{NADP}]}{\text{kmythfglu} \cdot \left(1 + \frac{[\text{DHF}]}{\text{kidhf}}\right) \cdot \text{knadp} + \text{kmythfglu} \cdot [\text{NADP}] + \text{knadp} \cdot [\text{myTHFGlu}] + [\text{myTHFGlu}] \cdot [\text{NADP}]} \\ &\text{Rate\_Law\_for\_R22 (vmax, [\text{myTHFGlu}], [\text{NADP}], kmythfglu, knadp, [\text{DHF}], kidhf)} \\ &= \frac{\text{vmax} \cdot [\text{myTHFGlu}] \cdot [\text{NADP}]}{\text{kmythfglu} \cdot \left(1 + \frac{[\text{DHF}]}{\text{kidhf}}\right) \cdot \text{knadp} + \text{kmythfglu} \cdot [\text{NADP}]} + \text{knadp} \cdot [\text{myTHFGlu}] + [\text{myTHFGlu}] \cdot [\text{NADP}]} \end{aligned}$$

Table 92: Properties of each parameter.

Id	Name	SBO Value Unit	Constant
vmax	vmax	1892.800	
kmythfglu	kmythfglu	25.000	<b>∠</b>
knadp	knadp	22.000	Ø
kidhf	kidhf	0.428	$\square$

## 6.23 Reaction R25

This is a reversible reaction of two reactants forming two products influenced by two modifiers.

### Name R25

# **Reaction equation**

$$fTHFGlu + mtRNA \xrightarrow{fTHFGlu, mtRNA} fmtRNA + THFGlu$$
 (113)

### **Reactants**

Table 93: Properties of each reactant.

Id	Name	SBO
fTHFGlu	fTHFGlu	
mtRNA	mtRNA	

## **Modifiers**

Table 94: Properties of each modifier.

Id	Name	SBO
fTHFGlu	fTHFGlu	
mtRNA	mtRNA	

### **Products**

Table 95: Properties of each product.

Id	Name	SBO
fmtRNA	fmtRNA	
THFGlu	THFGlu	

#### **Kinetic Law**

**Derived unit** contains undeclared units

$$\begin{split} \nu_{23} &= vol \left( compartment \right) \cdot Rate\_Law\_for\_R25 \left( vmax, [fTHFGlu], [mtRNA], kfthfglu, kmtrna \right) \\ &\qquad \qquad (114) \end{split}$$
 
$$Rate\_Law\_for\_R25 \left( vmax, [fTHFGlu], [mtRNA], kfthfglu, kmtrna \right) \\ &= \frac{vmax \cdot [fTHFGlu] \cdot [mtRNA]}{kfthfglu \cdot kmtrna + kfthfglu \cdot [mtRNA] + kmtrna \cdot [fTHFGlu] + [fTHFGlu] \cdot [mtRNA]} \\ &\qquad \qquad (115) \end{split}$$

$$Rate\_Law\_for\_R25 \ (vmax, [fTHFGlu], [mtRNA], kfthfglu, kmtrna) \\ = \frac{vmax \cdot [fTHFGlu] \cdot [mtRNA]}{kfthfglu \cdot kmtrna + kfthfglu \cdot [mtRNA] + kmtrna \cdot [fTHFGlu] + [fTHFGlu] \cdot [mtRNA]}$$
 (116)

Table 96: Properties of each parameter.

		2 2	
Id	Name	SBO Value Unit	Constant
vmax	vmax	116.48	
kfthfglu	kfthfglu	12.15	$\square$
kmtrna	kmtrna	1.07	$\square$

#### **6.24 Reaction R26**

This is a reversible reaction of two reactants forming three products influenced by two modifiers.

### Name R26

## **Reaction equation**

$$fTHFGlu + NADP \xrightarrow{fTHFGlu, NADP} THFGlu + COTwo + NADPH$$
 (117)

#### Reactants

Table 97: Properties of each reactant.

Id	Name	SBO
fTHFGlu	fTHFGlu	
NADP	NADP	

### **Modifiers**

Table 98: Properties of each modifier.

Id	Name	SBO
fTHFGlu	fTHFGlu	
NADP	NADP	

#### **Products**

Table 99: Properties of each product.

Id	Name	SBO
THFGlu	THFGlu	
COTwo	COTwo	
NADPH	NADPH	

#### **Kinetic Law**

$$v_{24} = vol\left(compartment\right) \cdot Rate\_Law\_for\_R26\left(vmax, [fTHFGlu], [NADP], kfthfglu, knadp\right) \tag{118}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & Rate\_Law\_for\_R26 \, (vmax, [fTHFGlu], [NADP], kfthfglu, knadp) \\ & = \frac{vmax \cdot [fTHFGlu] \cdot [NADP]}{kfthfglu \cdot knadp + kfthfglu \cdot [NADP] + knadp \cdot [fTHFGlu] + [fTHFGlu] \cdot [NADP]} \end{aligned} \tag{119}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & Rate\_Law\_for\_R26 \left(vmax, [fTHFGlu], [NADP], kfthfglu, knadp\right) \\ & = \frac{vmax \cdot [fTHFGlu] \cdot [NADP]}{kfthfglu \cdot knadp + kfthfglu \cdot [NADP] + knadp \cdot [fTHFGlu] + [fTHFGlu] \cdot [NADP]} \end{aligned} \tag{120}$$

Table 100: Properties of each parameter.

Id	Name	SBO Value Unit	Constant
vmax	vmax	59.332	Ø
kfthfglu	kfthfglu	7.850	
knadp	knadp	0.900	Ø

### 6.25 Reaction R18c

This is a reversible reaction of two reactants forming three products influenced by two modifiers.

### Name R18c

## **Reaction equation**

$$THFGlu + SAmDLp \xrightarrow{THFGlu, SAmDLp} myTHFGlu + Lp + Ammonia \qquad (121)$$

#### **Reactants**

Table 101: Properties of each reactant.

Id	Name	SBO
THFGlu SAmDLp	THFGlu SAmDLp	

### **Modifiers**

Table 102: Properties of each modifier.

Id	Name	SBO
THFGlu	THFGlu	
${\tt SAmDLp}$	SAmDLp	

### **Products**

Table 103: Properties of each product.

Id	Name	SBO
myTHFGlu Lp Ammonia	myTHFGlu Lp Ammonia	

### **Kinetic Law**

$$v_{25} = \text{vol} (\text{compartment}) \cdot \text{Rate\_Law\_for\_R18c} (\text{vmax}, [\text{THFGlu}], \text{kthfglu}, [\text{SAmDLp}], \text{ksamdlp})$$
(122)

$$\begin{aligned} &Rate\_Law\_for\_R18c \, (vmax, [THFGlu], kthfglu, [SAmDLp], ksamdlp) \\ &= \frac{vmax \cdot [THFGlu] \cdot [SAmDLp]}{kthfglu \cdot ksamdlp + kthfglu \cdot [SAmDLp] + ksamdlp \cdot [THFGlu] + [THFGlu] \cdot [SAmDLp]} \end{aligned} \tag{123}$$

$$Rate\_Law\_for\_R18c \, (vmax, [THFGlu], kthfglu, [SAmDLp], ksamdlp)$$

$$= \frac{vmax \cdot [THFGlu] \cdot [SAmDLp]}{kthfglu \cdot ksamdlp + kthfglu \cdot [SAmDLp] + ksamdlp \cdot [THFGlu] + [THFGlu] \cdot [SAmDLp]}$$

$$(124)$$

Table 104: Properties of each parameter.

Id	Name	SBO Value Unit	Constant
vmax	vmax	196.56	$\square$
kthfglu	kthfglu	67.70	$\square$
ksamdlp	ksamdlp	290.00	

### 6.26 Reaction R18a

This is a reversible reaction of two reactants forming two products influenced by two modifiers.

### Name R18a

## **Reaction equation**

$$Lp + NADH \xrightarrow{NADH, Lp} DLp + NAD$$
 (125)

### **Reactants**

Table 105: Properties of each reactant.

Id	Name	SBO
Lp NADH	Lp NADH	

#### **Modifiers**

Table 106: Properties of each modifier.

Id	Name	SBO
NADH	NADH	

Id	Name	SBO
Lp	Lp	

### **Products**

Table 107: Properties of each product.

Id	Name	SBO
DLp NAD	DLp NAD	

#### **Kinetic Law**

### **Derived unit** contains undeclared units

$$\textit{v}_{26} = vol\left(compartment\right) \cdot Rate\_Law\_for\_R18a\left(vmax, [NADH], [Lp], knadh, klp\right) \quad (126)$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \text{Rate\_Law\_for\_R18a} \, (\text{vmax}, [\text{NADH}], [\text{Lp}], \text{knadh}, \text{klp}) \\ & = \frac{\text{vmax} \cdot [\text{NADH}] \cdot [\text{Lp}]}{\text{knadh} \cdot \text{klp} + \text{knadh} \cdot [\text{Lp}] + \text{klp} \cdot [\text{NADH}] + [\text{NADH}] \cdot [\text{Lp}]} \end{aligned} \tag{127}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \text{Rate\_Law\_for\_R18a} \left( \text{vmax}, [\text{NADH}], [\text{Lp}], \text{knadh}, \text{klp} \right) \\ & = \frac{\text{vmax} \cdot [\text{NADH}] \cdot [\text{Lp}]}{\text{knadh} \cdot \text{klp} + \text{knadh} \cdot [\text{Lp}] + \text{klp} \cdot [\text{NADH}] + [\text{NADH}] \cdot [\text{Lp}]} \end{aligned} \tag{128}$$

Table 108: Properties of each parameter.

Id	Name	SBO Value Unit	Constant
vmax	vmax	5432.7	
knadh	knadh	58.0	
klp	klp	1280.0	<b>Z</b>

### 6.27 Reaction R13

This is an irreversible reaction of two reactants forming two products influenced by two modifiers.

### Name R13

### **Reaction equation**

$$AHMDPP + pABA \xrightarrow{AHMDPP, pABA} DHP + Pi$$
 (129)

### **Reactants**

Table 109: Properties of each reactant.

Id	Name	SBO
AHMDPP	AHMDPP	
pABA	pABA	

### **Modifiers**

Table 110: Properties of each modifier.

Id	Name	SBO
AHMDPP	AHMDPP	
pABA	pABA	

### **Products**

Table 111: Properties of each product.

Id	Name	SBO
DHP	DHP	
Pi	Pi	

#### **Kinetic Law**

$$v_{27} = \text{vol} (\text{compartment}) \cdot \text{Rate\_Law\_for\_R13} (\text{vmax}, \text{kahmdpp}, \text{kpaba}, [\text{AHMDPP}], [\text{pABA}])$$
 (130)

$$= \frac{vmax \cdot [AHMDPP] \cdot [pABA]}{kahmdpp \cdot kpaba + kpaba \cdot [AHMDPP] + kahmdpp \cdot [pABA] + [AHMDPP] \cdot [pABA]}$$

$$(131)$$

$$Rate\_Law\_for\_R13 (vmax, kahmdpp, kpaba, [AHMDPP], [pABA]) \\ = \frac{vmax \cdot [AHMDPP] \cdot [pABA]}{kahmdpp \cdot kpaba + kpaba \cdot [AHMDPP] + kahmdpp \cdot [pABA] + [AHMDPP] \cdot [pABA]}$$

$$(132)$$

Table 112: Properties of each parameter.

Id	Name	SBO Valu	ue Unit	Constant
vmax	vmax	105.0	014	$\overline{Z}$
kahmdpp	kahmdpp	3.1	150	
kpaba	kpaba	2.6	500	$\square$

### 6.28 Reaction R24

This is a reversible reaction of three reactants forming three products influenced by three modifiers.

### Name R24

## **Reaction equation**

$$fTHFGlu + ADP + Pi \xrightarrow{fTHFGlu, ADP, Pi} THFGlu + ATP + Formyl$$
 (133)

### **Reactants**

Table 113: Properties of each reactant.

Id	Name	SBO
fTHFGlu	fTHFGlu	
ADP	ADP	
Pi	Pi	

### **Modifiers**

Table 114: Properties of each modifier.

Id	Name	SBO
fTHFGlu	fTHFGlu	
ADP	ADP	
Pi	Pi	

### **Products**

Table 115: Properties of each product.

Id	Name	SBO
THFGlu	THFGlu	
ATP	ATP	
Formyl	Formyl	

### **Kinetic Law**

Derived unit contains undeclared units

$$v_{28} = vol \, (compartment) \\ \cdot Rate\_Law\_for\_R24 \, (vmax, kthfglu, kformyl, katp, [fTHFGlu], [ADP], [Pi])$$

$$Rate\_Law\_for\_R24 \, (vmax, kthfglu, kformyl, katp, [THFGlu], [Formyl], [ATP]) \qquad (135) \\ vmax \cdot [THFGlu] \cdot [Formyl] \cdot [ATP]$$

$$= \frac{vmax \cdot [THFGlu] \cdot [Formyl] \cdot [ATP]}{kthfglu \cdot kformyl \cdot katp + kthfglu \cdot ([Formyl] + [ATP]) + kformyl \cdot ([THFGlu] + [ATP]) + katp \cdot ([Formyl] + [THFGlu] \cdot [Formyl] \cdot [ATP])$$

$$= \frac{vmax \cdot [THFGlu] \cdot [Formyl] \cdot [ATP]}{kthfglu \cdot kformyl \cdot katp + kthfglu \cdot ([Formyl] + [ATP]) + kformyl \cdot ([THFGlu] + [ATP]) + katp \cdot ([Formyl] + [THFGlu] + [THFGlu$$

Table 116: Properties of each parameter.

Id	Name	SBO Value	Unit	Constant
vmax	vmax	15315.3		
kthfglu	kthfglu	134.0		
kformyl	kformyl	3190.0		$\square$
katp	katp	74.5		$\square$

### **6.29 Reaction R23**

This is a reversible reaction of one reactant forming one product influenced by two modifiers.

### Name R23

## **Reaction equation**

$$meTHFGlu \xrightarrow{meTHFGlu, fTHFGlu} fTHFGlu$$
 (137)

### Reactant

Table 117: Properties of each reactant.

Id	Name	SBO
meTHFGlu	meTHFGlu	

## **Modifiers**

Table 118: Properties of each modifier.

Id	Name	SBO
meTHFGlu fTHFGlu	meTHFGlu fTHFGlu	

### **Product**

Table 119: Properties of each product.

Id	Name	SBO
fTHFGlu	fTHFGlu	

### **Kinetic Law**

$$v_{29} = \text{vol}\left(\text{compartment}\right) \cdot \left(\text{k1} \cdot \left[\text{meTHFGlu}\right] - \text{k2} \cdot \left[\text{fTHFGlu}\right]\right)$$
 (138)

Table 120: Properties of each parameter.

		1	
Id	Name	SBO Value Unit	Constant
k1	k1	0.080	
k2	k2	0.031	$\mathbf{Z}$

### 6.30 Reaction R28

This is an irreversible reaction of one reactant forming one product influenced by one modifier.

### Name R28

### **Reaction equation**

$$meTHFGlu \xrightarrow{meTHFGlu} ffTHFGlu$$
 (139)

#### Reactant

Table 121: Properties of each reactant.

Id	Name	SBO
meTHFGlu	meTHFGlu	

#### **Modifier**

Table 122: Properties of each modifier.

Id	Name	SBO
meTHFGlu	meTHFGlu	

### **Product**

Table 123: Properties of each product.

Id	Name	SBO
ffTHFGlu	ffTHFGlu	

### **Kinetic Law**

### Derived unit contains undeclared units

 $v_{30} = \text{vol} (\text{compartment}) \cdot \text{Henri\_Michaelis\_Menten\_irreversible} ([\text{meTHFGlu}], \text{Km}, \text{V})$  (140)

$$Henri\_Michaelis\_Menten\_irreversible (substrate, Km, V) = \frac{V \cdot substrate}{Km + substrate} \tag{141}$$

$$Henri\_Michaelis\_Menten\_irreversible (substrate, Km, V) = \frac{V \cdot substrate}{Km + substrate} \tag{142}$$

Table 124: Properties of each parameter.

Id	Name	SBO Value Unit	Constant
Km	Km	67.0	
V	V	200.0	$\square$

# 6.31 Reaction R29

This is an irreversible reaction of two reactants forming three products influenced by two modifiers.

### Name R29

## **Reaction equation**

$$ATP + ffTHFGlu \xrightarrow{ATP, ffTHFGlu} ADP + Pi + meTHFGlu$$
 (143)

### **Reactants**

Table 125: Properties of each reactant.

Id	Name	SBO
ATP	ATP	
ffTHFGlu	ffTHFGlu	

### **Modifiers**

Table 126: Properties of each modifier.

Id	Name	SBO
ATP	ATP	
ffTHFGlu	ffTHFGlu	

### **Products**

Table 127: Properties of each product.

Name	SBO
ADP	
Pi	
meTHFGlu	
	ADP Pi

#### **Kinetic Law**

#### **Derived unit** contains undeclared units

$$v_{31} = \text{vol} (\text{compartment}) \cdot \text{Rate\_Law\_for\_R29} (\text{vmax}, [\text{ATP}], [\text{ffTHFGlu}], \text{katp}, \text{kffthfglu})$$
 (144)

$$\begin{aligned} & \text{Rate\_Law\_for\_R29} \, (\text{vmax}, [\text{ATP}], [\text{ffTHFGlu}], \text{katp}, \text{kffthfglu}) \\ & = \frac{\text{vmax} \cdot [\text{ATP}] \cdot [\text{ffTHFGlu}]}{\text{katp} \cdot \text{kffthfglu} + \text{katp} \cdot [\text{ffTHFGlu}] + \text{kffthfglu} \cdot [\text{ATP}] + [\text{ATP}] \cdot [\text{ffTHFGlu}]} \end{aligned} \tag{145}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \text{Rate\_Law\_for\_R29} \, (\text{vmax}, [\text{ATP}], [\text{ffTHFGlu}], \text{katp}, \text{kffthfglu}) \\ & = \frac{\text{vmax} \cdot [\text{ATP}] \cdot [\text{ffTHFGlu}]}{\text{katp} \cdot \text{kffthfglu} + \text{katp} \cdot [\text{ffTHFGlu}] + \text{kffthfglu} \cdot [\text{ATP}] + [\text{ATP}] \cdot [\text{ffTHFGlu}]} \end{aligned} \tag{146}$$

Table 128: Properties of each parameter.

Id	Name	SBO Value Unit	Constant
vmax katp kffthfglu	vmax katp kffthfglu	500.0 50.0 5.0	<b>Z</b> <b>Z</b>

# 7 Derived Rate Equations

When interpreted as an ordinary differential equation framework, this model implies the following set of equations for the rates of change of each species.

Identifiers for kinetic laws highlighted in gray cannot be verified to evaluate to units of SBML substance per time. As a result, some SBML interpreters may not be able to verify the consistency of the units on quantities in the model. Please check if

- parameters without an unit definition are involved or
- volume correction is necessary because the hasOnlySubstanceUnits flag may be set to false and spacialDimensions > 0 for certain species.

### 7.1 Species DAHP

### Name DAHP

Initial concentration  $0.9796078511 \, \mu mol \cdot l^{-1}$ 

This species takes part in three reactions (as a reactant in R2 and as a product in R1 and as a modifier in R2).

$$\frac{\mathrm{d}}{\mathrm{d}t}\mathrm{DAHP} = v_1 - v_2 \tag{147}$$

## 7.2 Species PEP

Name PEP

Initial concentration  $16.01031821 \, \mu \text{mol} \cdot l^{-1}$ 

This species takes part in four reactions (as a reactant in R1, R6 and as a modifier in R1, R6), which do not influence its rate of change because this constant species is on the boundary of the reaction system:

$$\frac{\mathrm{d}}{\mathrm{d}t}\mathrm{PEP} = 0\tag{148}$$

## 7.3 Species Pi

Name Pi

Initial concentration  $2.725541316 \, \mu mol \cdot l^{-1}$ 

This species takes part in 13 reactions (as a reactant in R24 and as a product in R1, R2, R5, R6, R7, R11, R27, R14, R16, R13, R29 and as a modifier in R24).

$$\frac{\mathrm{d}}{\mathrm{d}t} \mathrm{Pi} = |v_1| + |v_2| + |v_5| + |v_6| + |v_7| + |v_{11}| + |v_{12}| + |v_{14}| + |v_{16}| + |v_{27}| + |v_{31}| - |v_{28}|$$
(149)

## 7.4 Species DHQ

Name DHQ

Initial concentration  $0.9994087764 \, \mu mol \cdot l^{-1}$ 

This species takes part in three reactions (as a reactant in R3 and as a product in R2 and as a modifier in R3).

$$\frac{\mathrm{d}}{\mathrm{d}t}\mathrm{DHQ} = v_2 - v_3 \tag{150}$$

### 7.5 Species EP

Name EP

Initial concentration  $107.502052 \, \mu \text{mol} \cdot l^{-1}$ 

This species takes part in two reactions (as a reactant in R1 and as a modifier in R1), which do not influence its rate of change because this constant species is on the boundary of the reaction system:

$$\frac{\mathrm{d}}{\mathrm{d}t}\mathrm{EP} = 0\tag{151}$$

### 7.6 Species DHSK

#### Name DHSK

Initial concentration  $1.92788104 \ \mu mol \cdot l^{-1}$ 

This species takes part in three reactions (as a reactant in R4 and as a product in R3 and as a modifier in R4).

$$\frac{\mathrm{d}}{\mathrm{d}t}\mathrm{DHSK} = v_3 - v_4 \tag{152}$$

### 7.7 Species SK

#### Name SK

Initial concentration  $5.06777189 \ \mu mol \cdot l^{-1}$ 

This species takes part in three reactions (as a reactant in R5 and as a product in R4 and as a modifier in R5).

$$\frac{\mathrm{d}}{\mathrm{d}t}\mathrm{SK} = |v_4| - |v_5| \tag{153}$$

## 7.8 Species SKP

#### Name SKP

Initial concentration  $2 \mu mol \cdot l^{-1}$ 

This species takes part in three reactions (as a reactant in R6 and as a product in R5 and as a modifier in R6).

$$\frac{\mathrm{d}}{\mathrm{d}t}\mathrm{SKP} = |v_5| - |v_6| \tag{154}$$

### 7.9 Species CVPSK

#### Name CVPSK

Initial concentration  $0.9174312684 \ \mu mol \cdot l^{-1}$ 

This species takes part in three reactions (as a reactant in R7 and as a product in R6 and as a modifier in R7).

$$\frac{\mathrm{d}}{\mathrm{d}t}\mathrm{CVPSK} = |v_6| - |v_7| \tag{155}$$

### 7.10 Species CM

#### Name CM

Initial concentration  $1.009195849 \ \mu mol \cdot l^{-1}$ 

This species takes part in three reactions (as a reactant in R8 and as a product in R7 and as a modifier in R8).

$$\frac{\mathrm{d}}{\mathrm{d}t}\mathrm{CM} = v_7 - v_8 \tag{156}$$

### 7.11 Species Gln

Name Gln

Initial concentration  $381.0009289 \ \mu mol \cdot l^{-1}$ 

This species takes part in two reactions (as a reactant in R8 and as a modifier in R8), which do not influence its rate of change because this constant species is on the boundary of the reaction system:

$$\frac{\mathrm{d}}{\mathrm{d}t}\mathrm{Gln} = 0\tag{157}$$

### 7.12 Species Glu

Name Glu

Initial concentration 959.9999225  $\mu$ mol·l<sup>-1</sup>

This species takes part in five reactions (as a reactant in R14, R16 and as a product in R8 and as a modifier in R14, R16).

$$\frac{d}{dt}Glu = |v_8| - |v_{14}| - |v_{16}| \tag{158}$$

## 7.13 Species ADC

Name ADC

Initial concentration  $0.9907047071 \, \mu mol \cdot l^{-1}$ 

This species takes part in three reactions (as a reactant in R9 and as a product in R8 and as a modifier in R9).

$$\frac{\mathrm{d}}{\mathrm{d}t}\mathrm{ADC} = v_8 - v_9 \tag{159}$$

## 7.14 Species Pyr

Name Pyr

Initial concentration  $1.000006539 \, \mu mol \cdot l^{-1}$ 

This species takes part in one reaction (as a product in R9).

$$\frac{\mathrm{d}}{\mathrm{d}t} \mathrm{Pyr} = v_9 \tag{160}$$

### 7.15 Species pABA

Name pABA

Initial concentration  $1.00378139 \, \mu \text{mol} \cdot l^{-1}$ 

This species takes part in three reactions (as a reactant in R13 and as a product in R9 and as a modifier in R13).

$$\frac{\mathrm{d}}{\mathrm{d}t}\mathrm{pABA} = |v_9| - |v_{27}| \tag{161}$$

# 7.16 Species DHNTP

Name DHNTP

Initial concentration  $4 \mu mol \cdot l^{-1}$ 

This species takes part in five reactions (as a reactant in R11, R27 and as a product in R10 and as a modifier in R11, R27).

$$\frac{d}{dt}DHNTP = |v_{10}| - |v_{11}| - |v_{12}|$$
 (162)

### 7.17 Species GTP

Name GTP

Initial concentration  $487.4867469 \ \mu mol \cdot l^{-1}$ 

This species takes part in two reactions (as a reactant in R10 and as a modifier in R10), which do not influence its rate of change because this constant species is on the boundary of the reaction system:

$$\frac{\mathrm{d}}{\mathrm{d}t}\mathrm{GTP} = 0\tag{163}$$

### 7.18 Species AHMDHP

Name AHMDHP

Initial concentration  $2.01877235 \ \mu mol \cdot l^{-1}$ 

This species takes part in three reactions (as a reactant in R12 and as a product in R11 and as a modifier in R12).

$$\frac{\mathrm{d}}{\mathrm{d}t}\mathrm{AHMDHP} = v_{11} - v_{13} \tag{164}$$

## 7.19 Species HAD

Name HAD

Initial concentration  $2.002305849 \, \mu mol \cdot l^{-1}$ 

This species takes part in one reaction (as a product in R11).

$$\frac{\mathrm{d}}{\mathrm{d}t}\mathrm{HAD} = v_{11} \tag{165}$$

### 7.20 Species PTHP

Name PTHP

Initial concentration  $1.002298517 \, \mu \text{mol} \cdot l^{-1}$ 

This species takes part in one reaction (as a product in R27).

$$\frac{\mathrm{d}}{\mathrm{d}t}\mathrm{PTHP} = |v_{12}|\tag{166}$$

## 7.21 Species AHMDPP

Name AHMDPP

Initial concentration  $0.9873083466 \ \mu mol \cdot l^{-1}$ 

This species takes part in three reactions (as a reactant in R13 and as a product in R12 and as a modifier in R13).

$$\frac{\mathrm{d}}{\mathrm{d}t}\mathrm{AHMDPP} = v_{13} - v_{27} \tag{167}$$

### 7.22 Species DHP

Name DHP

Initial concentration  $0.9963801483 \ \mu mol \cdot l^{-1}$ 

This species takes part in three reactions (as a reactant in R14 and as a product in R13 and as a modifier in R14).

$$\frac{d}{dt}DHP = |v_{27}| - |v_{14}| \tag{168}$$

### 7.23 Species DHF

Name DHF

Initial concentration  $1.142744159 \ \mu mol \cdot l^{-1}$ 

This species takes part in twelve reactions (as a reactant in R15 and as a product in R14, R21 and as a modifier in R15, R16, R16, R19, R19, R21, R21, R22, R22).

$$\frac{d}{dt}DHF = |v_{14}| + |v_{21}| - |v_{15}| \tag{169}$$

### 7.24 Species THF

Name THF

Initial concentration  $8 \mu mol \cdot l^{-1}$ 

This species takes part in seven reactions (as a reactant in R16 and as a product in R15 and as a modifier in R10, R10, R16, R17, R17).

$$\frac{d}{dt}THF = |v_{15}| - |v_{16}| \tag{170}$$

### 7.25 Species THFGlu

Name THFGlu

Initial concentration  $1 \ \mu mol \cdot l^{-1}$ 

This species takes part in nine reactions (as a reactant in R17, R18c and as a product in R16, R20, R25, R26, R24 and as a modifier in R17, R18c).

$$\frac{d}{dt}THFGlu = |v_{16}| + |v_{20}| + |v_{23}| + |v_{24}| + |v_{28}| - |v_{17}| - |v_{25}|$$
(171)

### 7.26 Species Gly

Name Gly

Initial concentration  $499.9974679 \mu mol \cdot l^{-1}$ 

This species takes part in three reactions (as a reactant in R18b and as a product in R17 and as a modifier in R18b), which do not influence its rate of change because this constant species is on the boundary of the reaction system:

$$\frac{\mathrm{d}}{\mathrm{d}t}\mathrm{Gly} = 0\tag{172}$$

### 7.27 Species Ser

Name Ser

Initial concentration  $6.803576818 \, \mu mol \cdot l^{-1}$ 

This species takes part in two reactions (as a reactant in R17 and as a modifier in R17), which do not influence its rate of change because this constant species is on the boundary of the reaction system:

$$\frac{\mathrm{d}}{\mathrm{d}t}\mathrm{Ser} = 0\tag{173}$$

## 7.28 Species myTHFGlu

Name myTHFGlu

Initial concentration  $1.04350884 \ \mu mol \cdot l^{-1}$ 

This species takes part in eight reactions (as a reactant in R19, R21, R22 and as a product in R17, R18c and as a modifier in R19, R21, R22).

$$\frac{d}{dt} myTHFGlu = v_{17} + v_{25} - v_{19} - v_{21} - v_{22}$$
 (174)

### 7.29 Species MTHFGlu

Name MTHFGlu

Initial concentration  $1.000096392 \, \mu \text{mol} \cdot l^{-1}$ 

This species takes part in three reactions (as a reactant in R20 and as a product in R19 and as a modifier in R20).

$$\frac{\mathrm{d}}{\mathrm{d}t}\mathrm{MTHFGlu} = v_{19} - v_{20} \tag{175}$$

## 7.30 Species Hcy

Name Hcy

Initial concentration  $1.000182797 \, \mu mol \cdot l^{-1}$ 

This species takes part in two reactions (as a reactant in R20 and as a modifier in R20), which do not influence its rate of change because this constant species is on the boundary of the reaction system:

$$\frac{\mathrm{d}}{\mathrm{d}t}\mathrm{Hcy} = 0\tag{176}$$

## 7.31 Species Met

Name Met

Initial concentration  $0.9998172031 \ \mu mol \cdot l^{-1}$ 

This species takes part in one reaction (as a product in R20).

$$\frac{\mathrm{d}}{\mathrm{d}t}\mathrm{Met} = v_{20} \tag{177}$$

### 7.32 Species dTMP

Name dTMP

Initial concentration  $0.9974700923 \ \mu mol \cdot l^{-1}$ 

This species takes part in one reaction (as a product in R21).

$$\frac{\mathrm{d}}{\mathrm{d}t}\mathrm{d}T\mathrm{MP} = v_{21} \tag{178}$$

# 7.33 Species dUMP

Name dUMP

Initial concentration  $20.00252991 \, \mu \text{mol} \cdot l^{-1}$ 

This species takes part in two reactions (as a reactant in R21 and as a modifier in R21), which do not influence its rate of change because this constant species is on the boundary of the reaction system:

$$\frac{\mathrm{d}}{\mathrm{d}t}\mathrm{d}U\mathrm{MP} = 0\tag{179}$$

### 7.34 Species meTHFGlu

Name meTHFGlu

Initial concentration  $0.9082384182 \, \mu mol \cdot l^{-1}$ 

This species takes part in six reactions (as a reactant in R23, R28 and as a product in R22, R29 and as a modifier in R23, R28).

$$\frac{d}{dt} \text{meTHFGlu} = |v_{22}| + |v_{31}| - |v_{29}| - |v_{30}|$$
 (180)

### 7.35 Species fTHFGlu

Name fTHFGlu

Initial concentration  $1.83347183 \, \mu \text{mol} \cdot l^{-1}$ 

This species takes part in eight reactions (as a reactant in R25, R26, R24 and as a product in R23 and as a modifier in R25, R26, R24, R23).

$$\frac{d}{dt} fTHFGlu = |v_{29}| - |v_{23}| - |v_{24}| - |v_{28}|$$
(181)

## 7.36 Species fmtRNA

Name fmtRNA

Initial concentration  $0.9968760756 \, \mu mol \cdot l^{-1}$ 

This species takes part in one reaction (as a product in R25).

$$\frac{\mathrm{d}}{\mathrm{d}t}\mathrm{fmtRNA} = v_{23} \tag{182}$$

### 7.37 Species mtRNA

Name mtRNA

Initial concentration  $1.003123924 \ \mu mol \cdot l^{-1}$ 

This species takes part in two reactions (as a reactant in R25 and as a modifier in R25), which do not influence its rate of change because this constant species is on the boundary of the reaction system:

$$\frac{\mathrm{d}}{\mathrm{d}t}\mathrm{mtRNA} = 0\tag{183}$$

### 7.38 Species COTwo

Name COTwo

Initial concentration  $0.988683328 \ \mu mol \cdot l^{-1}$ 

This species takes part in two reactions (as a product in R18b, R26).

$$\frac{\mathrm{d}}{\mathrm{d}t}\mathrm{COTwo} = v_{18} + v_{24} \tag{184}$$

### 7.39 Species ADP

Name ADP

Initial concentration  $2.828115142 \ \mu mol \cdot l^{-1}$ 

This species takes part in six reactions (as a reactant in R24 and as a product in R5, R14, R16, R29 and as a modifier in R24).

$$\frac{d}{dt}ADP = |v_5| + |v_{14}| + |v_{16}| + |v_{31}| - |v_{28}|$$
(185)

## 7.40 Species ATP

Name ATP

Initial concentration  $963.0188351 \, \mu \text{mol} \cdot l^{-1}$ 

This species takes part in eleven reactions (as a reactant in R5, R12, R14, R16, R29 and as a product in R24 and as a modifier in R5, R12, R14, R16, R29), which do not influence its rate of change because this constant species is on the boundary of the reaction system:

$$\frac{\mathrm{d}}{\mathrm{d}t}\mathrm{ATP} = 0\tag{186}$$

### 7.41 Species NADP

Name NADP

Initial concentration  $2 \mu mol \cdot l^{-1}$ 

This species takes part in seven reactions (as a reactant in R22, R26 and as a product in R4, R15, R19 and as a modifier in R22, R26).

$$\frac{d}{dt}NADP = v_4 + |v_{15}| + |v_{19}| - |v_{22}| - |v_{24}|$$
(187)

### 7.42 Species NADPH

Name NADPH

Initial concentration  $12.19849409 \, \mu mol \cdot l^{-1}$ 

This species takes part in eight reactions (as a reactant in R4, R15, R19 and as a product in R22, R26 and as a modifier in R4, R15, R19), which do not influence its rate of change because this constant species is on the boundary of the reaction system:

$$\frac{\mathrm{d}}{\mathrm{d}t}\mathrm{NADPH} = 0\tag{188}$$

### 7.43 Species AMP

Name AMP

Initial concentration  $0.983533495~\mu mol \cdot l^{-1}$ 

This species takes part in one reaction (as a product in R12).

$$\frac{\mathrm{d}}{\mathrm{d}t}\mathrm{AMP} = v_{13} \tag{189}$$

### 7.44 Species DLp

Name DLp

Initial concentration  $0.7017503089 \ \mu mol \cdot l^{-1}$ 

This species takes part in three reactions (as a reactant in R18b and as a product in R18a and as a modifier in R18b).

$$\frac{\mathrm{d}}{\mathrm{d}t}\mathrm{DLp} = |v_{26}| - |v_{18}| \tag{190}$$

### 7.45 Species SAmDLp

Name SAmDLp

Initial concentration  $1.000015336~\mu mol \cdot l^{-1}$ 

This species takes part in three reactions (as a reactant in R18c and as a product in R18b and as a modifier in R18c).

$$\frac{\mathrm{d}}{\mathrm{d}t}\mathrm{SAmDLp} = |v_{18}| - |v_{25}| \tag{191}$$

## 7.46 Species Lp

### Name Lp

Initial concentration  $1.298234355 \, \mu mol \cdot l^{-1}$ 

This species takes part in three reactions (as a reactant in R18a and as a product in R18c and as a modifier in R18a), which do not influence its rate of change because this constant species is on the boundary of the reaction system:

$$\frac{\mathrm{d}}{\mathrm{d}t}\mathrm{Lp} = 0\tag{192}$$

## 7.47 Species NAD

Name NAD

Initial concentration  $0.7017656449 \ \mu mol \cdot l^{-1}$ 

This species takes part in one reaction (as a product in R18a).

$$\frac{\mathrm{d}}{\mathrm{d}t}\mathrm{NAD} = v_{26} \tag{193}$$

### 7.48 Species NADH

Name NADH

Initial concentration  $8.349823436 \, \mu \text{mol} \cdot l^{-1}$ 

This species takes part in two reactions (as a reactant in R18a and as a modifier in R18a), which do not influence its rate of change because this constant species is on the boundary of the reaction system:

$$\frac{\mathrm{d}}{\mathrm{d}t}\mathrm{NADH} = 0\tag{194}$$

### 7.49 Species Ammonia

Name Ammonia

Initial concentration  $0.9895374253 \ \mu mol \cdot l^{-1}$ 

This species takes part in one reaction (as a product in R18c).

$$\frac{\mathrm{d}}{\mathrm{d}t}\mathrm{Ammonia} = v_{25} \tag{195}$$

# 7.50 Species Formyl

Name Formyl

Initial concentration  $8 \mu mol \cdot l^{-1}$ 

This species takes part in two reactions (as a product in R10, R24).

$$\frac{\mathrm{d}}{\mathrm{d}t}\mathrm{Formyl} = |v_{10}| + |v_{28}| \tag{196}$$

# 7.51 Species ffTHFGlu

Name ffTHFGlu

Initial concentration  $1 \mu mol \cdot l^{-1}$ 

This species takes part in three reactions (as a reactant in R29 and as a product in R28 and as a modifier in R29).

$$\frac{\mathrm{d}}{\mathrm{d}t}\mathrm{ffTHFGlu} = |v_{30}| - |v_{31}| \tag{197}$$

 $\mathfrak{BML2}^{a}$  was developed by Andreas Dräger<sup>a</sup>, Hannes Planatscher<sup>a</sup>, Dieudonné M Wouamba<sup>a</sup>, Adrian Schröder<sup>a</sup>, Michael Hucka<sup>b</sup>, Lukas Endler<sup>c</sup>, Martin Golebiewski<sup>d</sup> and Andreas Zell<sup>a</sup>. Please see http://www.ra.cs.uni-tuebingen.de/software/SBML2LaTeX for more information.

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