

**CSE585/EE555: Digital Image Processing II**  
**Spring 2021**  
**Project #3 — Nonlinear Filtering and Anisotropic Diffusion**

**assigned:** 8 March 2021  
**due:** Sunday, 28 March 2021  
**reading assignment:** P&V order-statistics paper, pp. 1893-1897, 1901-1908, and 1913-1916 (“PitasVenetsanopoulos.pdf”)  
Perona and Malik anisotropic diffusion paper (“Perona.pdf”)

1. *Nonlinear Filtering:*

- (a) Implement the following filters:
  - i.  $5 \times 5$  mean
  - ii.  $5 \times 5$  median
  - iii.  $5 \times 5$  alpha-trimmed mean ( $\alpha = 0.25$ )
  - iv.  $5 \times 5$  sigma filter ( $\sigma = 20$ );
  - v.  $5 \times 5$  symmetric nearest-neighbor mean.

Feel free to use MATLAB’s median filter `medfilt2` for part (ii). You may also use MATLAB’s order-statistic function `ordfilt2` to construct your alpha-trimmed mean in part (iii).

- (b) Consider the “disk” image in our database. For this image, give filter results for: (1) 1 iteration; (2) 5 iterations. For each result after 5 iterations, also give:
  - (a) the gray-scale histogram;
  - (b) mean and standard deviation of the interior of the large disk region (you can manually define the sub-region you consider for these calculations).
- (c) Give observations on your results, similar to what I did in my discussion of the filter results in L12.

2. *Anisotropic Diffusion for Image Filtering:* Implement the anisotropic diffusion algorithm. For your experiments below, pick  $\lambda = 0.25$ . It is up to you to select an appropriate value of  $K$ . Produce the following results:

- (a) For the “cwheelnoise” image, give the following anisotropic-diffusion results after 0 (original), 5, 20, and 100 iterations (do for both forms of  $g(\cdot)$ , per the discussion after equation (13) in Perona and Malik):
  - i. The image
  - ii. Gray-scale histogram
  - iii. Plot of the line  $y = 128$  through the image.
  - iv. Segmented version of the image, whereby you try to segment out the gray “spokes” component of the wheel by manual thresholding.
- (b) Run anisotropic diffusion on the “cameraman” image, using both forms of  $g(\cdot)$ . Give images for 0 (original), 5, 20, and 100 iterations. No need for histograms, line plots, or segmentations here.
- (c) Discuss the following questions on your results of parts (a-b):
  - i. How does the result change as you iterate? How does  $K$  affect the results?
  - ii. How does  $g(\cdot)$  affect the results (filtered and segmented)?
  - iii. How does anisotropic diffusion run on “cwheelnoise” versus “cameraman”?