

```
import pandas as pd
```

```
import numpy as np
```

```
titanic = pd.read_csv(r"C:\Users\Hanshu\Desktop\titanic dataset.csv", header = 0, dtype={'Age' :  
np.float64})
```

```
titanic.describe()
```

```
#Name column can never decide survival of a person, hence we can safely delete it
```

```
del titanic['Name']
```

```
titanic.head()
```

```
del titanic['Ticket']
```

```
titanic.head()
```

```
del titanic['Fare']
```

```
titanic.head()
```

```
del titanic['Cabin']
```

```
titanic.head()
```

```
# Changing Value for "Male, Female" string values to numeric values , male=1 and female=2
```

```
def getNumber(str):
```

```
    if str == 'male':
```

```
        return 1
```

```
    else:
```

```
        return 2
```

```
titanic["Gender"] = titanic['Sex'].apply(getNumber)
```

```
titanic.head()
```

```
#Deleting Sex column, since no use of it now
```

```
del titanic['Sex']
```

```
titanic.head()
```

```
titanic.isnull().sum()
```

```
### Fill the null values of the Age column. Fill mean Survived age(mean age of the survived people)
in the column where the person has survived and mean not Survived age (mean age of the people
who have not survived) in the column where person has not survived###
```

```
meanS = titanic[titanic.Survived==1].Age.mean()
```

```
meanS
```

```
### Creating a new "Age" column , filling values in it with a condition if goes True then given values
(here meanS) is put in place of last values else nothing happens, simply the values are copied from
the "Age" column of the dataset###
```

```
titanic['age']=np.where(pd.isnull(titanic.Age) & titanic['Survived']==1, meanS, titanic['Age'])
```

```
titanic.isnull().sum()
```

```
# Finding the mean age of "Not Survived" people
```

```
meanNS = titanic[titanic.Survived==0].Age.mean()
```

```
meanNS
```

```
titanic.age.fillna(meanNS,inplace=True)
```

```
titanic.head()
```

```
titanic.isnull().sum()
```

```
del titanic['Age']
```

```
titanic.head()
```

```
### We want to check if "Embarked" column is is important for analysis or not, that is whether
survival of the person depends on the Embarked column value or not###
```

```
# Finding the number of people who have survived

# given that they have embarked or boarded from a particular port

survivedQ = titanic[titanic.Embarked == 'Q'][titanic.Survived == 1].shape[0]
survivedC = titanic[titanic.Embarked == 'C'][titanic.Survived == 1].shape[0]
survivedS = titanic[titanic.Embarked == 'S'][titanic.Survived == 1].shape[0]

print(survivedQ)
print(survivedC)
print(survivedS)
```

```
survivedQ = titanic[titanic.Embarked == 'Q'][titanic.Survived == 0].shape[0]
survivedC = titanic[titanic.Embarked == 'C'][titanic.Survived == 0].shape[0]
survivedS = titanic[titanic.Embarked == 'S'][titanic.Survived == 0].shape[0]

print(survivedQ)
print(survivedC)
print(survivedS)
```

#As there are significant changes in the survival rate based on which port the passengers aboard the ship.

#We cannot delete the whole embarked column(It is useful).

#Now the Embarked column has some null values in it and hence we can safely say that deleting some rows from total rows will not affect the result. So rather than trying to fill those null values with some vales. We can simply remove them.

```
titanic.dropna(inplace=True)
titanic.head()
```

```
titanic.isnull().sum()
```

#Renaming "age" and "gender" columns

```
titanic.rename(columns={'age': 'Age'}, inplace=True)
```

```
titanic.head()
```

```
titanic.rename(columns={'Gender':'Sex'}, inplace=True)
```

```
titanic.head()
```

```
def getEmb(str):
```

```
    if str=='S':
```

```
        return 1
```

```
    elif str=='Q':
```

```
        return 2
```

```
    else:
```

```
        return 3
```

```
titanic['Embark']=titanic['Embarked'].apply(getEmb)
```

```
titanic.head()
```

```
del titanic['Embarked']
```

```
titanic.rename(columns={'Embark':'Embarked'}, inplace=True)
```

```
titanic.head()
```

```
#Drawing a pie chart for number of males and females aboard
```

```
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
```

```
from matplotlib import style
```

```
males = (titanic['Sex'] == 1).sum()
```

```
#Summing up all the values of column gender with a
```

```
#condition for male and similiary for females
```

```
females = (titanic['Sex'] == 2).sum()
```

```
print(males)
```

```
print(females)
```

```
p = [males , females]
```

```

plt.pie(p, # giving array

labels = ['Male', 'Female'], # correspondingly giving labels

colors = ['green', 'Yellow'], # Corresponding colors

explode = (0.15, 0), #How much the gap should be there between the pies

startangle = 0) #what start angle should be given

plt.axis('equal')

plt.show()

```

More Precise Pie Chart

```

MaleS=titanic[titanic.Sex==1][titanic.Survived==1].shape[0]
print(MaleS)
MaleN=titanic[titanic.Sex==1][titanic.Survived==0].shape[0]
print(MaleN)
FemaleS=titanic[titanic.Sex==2][titanic.Survived==1].shape[0]
print(FemaleS)
FemaleN=titanic[titanic.Sex==2][titanic.Survived==0].shape[0]
print(FemaleN)

```

```

chart=[MaleS, MaleN, FemaleS, FemaleN]

colors=['lightskyblue', 'yellowgreen', 'Yellow', 'Orange']

labels=["Survived Male", "Not Survived Male", "Survived Female", "Not Survived Female"]

explode=[0,0.05,0,0.1]

plt.pie(chart, labels=labels, colors=colors, explode=explode, startangle=100, counterclock=False, autopct
="%0.2f%%")

plt.axis("equal")

plt.show()

```

