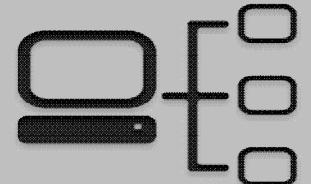
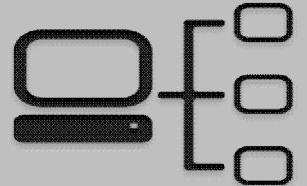


# Basics of Binary Math



- **Lecture Goals**
  - Convert Binary to Decimal
  - Convert Decimal to Binary

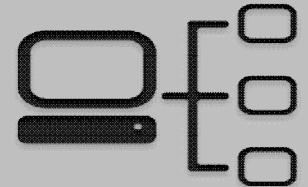
# Basic of Binary Math



- **Why is it important?**
  - We need to know basic binary math to perform subnetting
- **Remember This**

$$128 + 64 + 32 + 16 + 8 + 4 + 2 + 1 = 255$$

What is the binary 11111111 in decimal?



---

128      64      32      16      8      4      2      1

Binary	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
--------	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

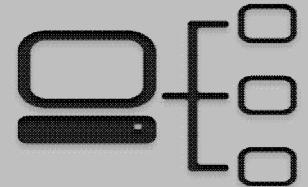
Decimal    128   +   64   +   32   +   16   +   8   +   4   +   2   +   1   =   255 Decimal

---

Add the number where there is a “1”.

Add zero, when there is a “0”.

What is the binary 10101010 in decimal?



---

128      64      32      16      8      4      2      1

---

Binary    1      0      1      0      1      0      1      0

---

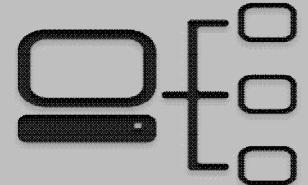
Decimal    128   +   0   +   32   +   0   +   8   +   0   +   2   +   0   =   170 Decimal

---

Add the number where there is a “1”.

Add zero, when there is a “0”.

What is the binary 11100111 in decimal?



---

128      64      32      16      8      4      2      1

Binary	1	1	1	0	0	1	1	1
--------	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

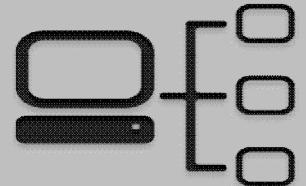
Decimal    128   +   64   +   32   +   0   +   0   +   4   +   2   +   1   =   231   Decimal

---

Add the number where there is a “1”.

Add zero, when there is a “0”.

What is the binary 10000011 in decimal?



---

128	64	32	16	8	4	2	1
-----	----	----	----	---	---	---	---

---

Binary	1	0	0	0	0	1	1
--------	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

---

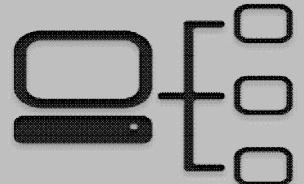
Decimal	128	+	0	+	0	+	0	+	0	+	2	+	1	= 131 Decimal
---------	-----	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---------------

---

Add the number where there is a “1”.

Add zero, when there is a “0”.

# What is 192 in binary?



---

128	64	32	16	8	4	2	1
-----	----	----	----	---	---	---	---

---

Binary	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	= 11000000
--------	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	------------

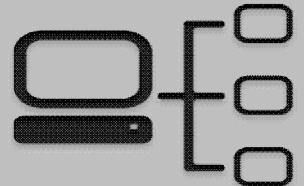
---

Decimal	128	+	64	+	0	+	0	+	0	+	0	= 192 Decimal
---------	-----	---	----	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---------------

---

Start adding the numbers from left to right until you achieve the decimal amount you are looking for!

# What is 202 in binary?



---

128	64	32	16	8	4	2	1
-----	----	----	----	---	---	---	---

---

Binary	1	1	0	0	1	0	1	0	= 11001010
--------	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	------------

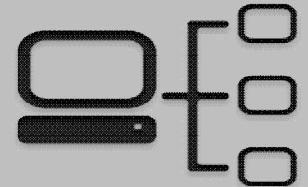
---

Decimal	128	+	64	+	0	+	0	+	8	+	0	+	2	+	0	= 202 Decimal
---------	-----	---	----	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---------------

---

Start adding the numbers from left to right until you achieve the decimal amount you are looking for!

# What is 54 in binary?



---

128	64	32	16	8	4	2	1
-----	----	----	----	---	---	---	---

---

Binary	0	0	1	1	0	1	1	0	= 00110110
--------	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	------------

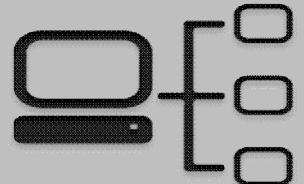
---

Decimal	0	+	0	+	32	+	16	+	0	+	4	+	2	+	0	= 54 Decimal
---------	---	---	---	---	----	---	----	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	--------------

---

Start adding the numbers from left to right until you achieve the decimal amount you are looking for!

# What is 76 in binary?



---

128	64	32	16	8	4	2	1
-----	----	----	----	---	---	---	---

---

Binary	0	1	0	0	1	1	0	0	= 01001100
--------	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	------------

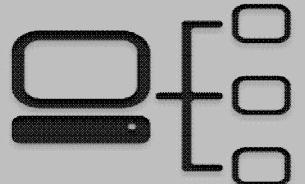
---

Decimal	0	+	64	+	0	+	0	+	8	+	4	+	0	+	0	= 76 Decimal
---------	---	---	----	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	--------------

---

Start adding the numbers from left to right until you achieve the decimal amount you are looking for!

# IP Address Conversion Process



192.	168.	32.	4	Dotted Decimal
11000000.	10101000.	00100000.	00000100	Binary
1 <sup>st</sup> Octet	2 <sup>nd</sup> Octet	3 <sup>rd</sup> Octet	4 <sup>th</sup> Octet	

Whether you are given an IP address in dotted decimal or binary format, follow the respective process above for each octet one-by-one until you have completed the process.

**Note:** Use your Windows calculator in Programmer mode to make the process faster!