**Transaction Management:**

1. Spring-

The Spring framework provides consistent abstraction for transaction management using

* Different transaction APIs such as Java Transaction API(JTA), JDBC, Hibernate, Java Persistence API(JPA) and Java Data Objects(JDO)
* It supports Declarative transaction management.
* It provides excellent integration with spring’s Data Access abstractions.

1. Hibernate-

In Hibernate framework, we have Transaction interface that defines unit of work. It maintains abstraction from the transaction implementation (JTA, JDBC)

A transaction is associated with Session and instantiated by calling session.beginTransaction()

In hibernate, it is better to roll back the transaction if any exception occurs, so that resources can be free.