The Automatic Vasospasm Detection Application

Generated by Doxygen 1.8.8

Wed Apr 20 2016 01:25:20

Contents

7 Class Documentation

1	Mair	n Page			1
2	Bug	List			3
3	Nam	espace	Index		5
	3.1	Names	pace List		5
4	Clas	s Index			7
	4.1	Class I	₋ist		7
5	File	Index			9
	5.1	File Lis	st		9
6	Nam	espace	Documer	ntation	11
	6.1	avda N	lamespace	e Reference	11
		6.1.1	Detailed	Description	11
		6.1.2	Enumera	ation Type Documentation	11
			6.1.2.1	Side	11
		6.1.3	Function	Documentation	12
			6.1.3.1	absolute	12
			6.1.3.2	average	12
			6.1.3.3	average	13
			6.1.3.4	decibels	13
			6.1.3.5	diff	14
			6.1.3.6	fft	14
			6.1.3.7	mag	15
			6.1.3.8	max	16
			6.1.3.9	PatientName	17
			6.1.3.10	process	18
			6.1.3.11	ReadParams	20
			6.1.3.12	smooth	22
			6.1.3.13	WriteParams	23

25

iv CONTENTS

7.1	DataPa	trams Struct Reference
	7.1.1	Detailed Description
	7.1.2	Member Data Documentation
		7.1.2.1 freq
		7.1.2.2 noise
7.2	Maxim	um Struct Reference
	7.2.1	Detailed Description
	7.2.2	Member Data Documentation
		7.2.2.1 index
		7.2.2.2 value
File	Docume	entation 2
		ygen.config File Reference
		Detailed Description
8.2	_	n.config
		e File Reference
0.0		Detailed Description
8.4		e
8.5		ME.md File Reference
	8.5.1	Detailed Description
8.6	READI	мE.md
8.7	src/def	initions.hpp File Reference
	8.7.1	Detailed Description
	8.7.2	Macro Definition Documentation
		8.7.2.1 ENUM
	8.7.3	Typedef Documentation
		8.7.3.1 byte
		8.7.3.2 cfloat32
		8.7.3.3 float32
		8.7.3.4 float64
		8.7.3.5 sint16
		8.7.3.6 sint32
		8.7.3.7 sint64
		8.7.3.8 sint8
		8.7.3.9 uint16
		8.7.3.10 uint32
		8.7.3.11 uint64
		8.7.3.12 uint8
	8.7.4	Variable Documentation
		8.7.4.1 BUFFER_SIZE
	7.2 File 8.1 8.2 8.3 8.4 8.5	7.1.1 7.1.2 7.2 7.2 File Docume 8.1 etc/dox 8.1.1 8.2 doxyge 8.3 makefil 8.3.1 8.4 makefil 8.5 READN 8.5.1 8.6 READN 8.7 src/defi 8.7.1 8.7.2 8.7.3

CONTENTS

			8.7.4.2	C	CSV	_HE	ADI	ER				 		 	 	 		 	 	32
			8.7.4.3	D	DET	_TH	RES	SH				 		 	 	 		 	 	32
			8.7.4.4	С	OUR	RATIO	ON					 		 	 	 		 	 	33
			8.7.4.5	Е	∃RR	ROR						 	 	 	 	 		 	 	33
			8.7.4.6	N	ИΑХ	C_DF	ROP	_FI	RE	Q.		 	 	 	 	 		 	 	33
			8.7.4.7	P	PAT	IENT	Г_Р	ATI	н.			 		 	 	 	 	 	 	33
			8.7.4.8	F	REC	_cc	UN	Т				 		 	 	 		 	 	33
			8.7.4.9	S	SAM	1PLE	:_C(OUI	NT			 		 	 	 		 	 	33
			8.7.4.10	S	SAM	1PLE	_FF	REC	Q .			 		 	 	 		 	 	33
			8.7.4.11	Т	ГЕМ	1P_F	ILE					 		 	 	 	 	 	 	33
8	3.8	definition	ons.hpp .									 		 	 	 	 	 	 	33
8	3.9	src/filei	o.hpp File	e Re	efer	rence	Э					 		 	 	 	 	 	 	34
		8.9.1	Detailed	De	escr	iptio	n .					 	35							
8	3.10	fileio.hp	р									 	36							
8	3.11	src/filei	o_test.cpp	рF	ile F	Refe	renc	се				 	39							
		8.11.1	Detailed	De	escr	iptio	n .					 	39							
		8.11.2	Function	ı Do	ocui	men	tatio	n				 		 	 	 		 	 	39
			8.11.2.1	n	nain	ı						 	39							
8	3.12	fileio_te	est.cpp .									 		 	 	 	 	 	 	40
8	3.13	src/mai	in.cpp File	e R	lefer	rence	e					 	40							
		8.13.1	Detailed	De	escr	iptio	n .					 		 	 	 	 	 	 	41
		8.13.2	Function	ı Do	ocui	men	tatio	n				 		 	 	 	 	 	 	41
			8.13.2.1	n	nain	ı						 	41							
8	3.14	main.c	op									 	43							
8	3.15	src/pat	ient_name	e_t	est.	срр	File	Re	efer	enc	е	 		 	 	 	 	 	 	45
		8.15.1	Detailed	De	escr	iptio	n .					 		 	 	 	 	 	 	45
		8.15.2	Function	ı Do	ocui	men	tatio	n				 		 	 	 		 	 	45
			8.15.2.1	n	nain	ı						 		 	 	 		 	 	45
8	3.16	patient	_name_tes	est.	.срр							 		 	 	 	 	 	 	46
8	3.17	src/pro	cess.hpp F	File	e Re	efere	ence					 		 	 	 	 	 	 	46
		8.17.1	Detailed	De	escr	iptio	n .					 		 	 	 		 	 	47
8	3.18	proces	s.hpp									 		 	 	 		 	 	48
8	3.19	src/pro	cess_test.	.ср	p Fi	ïle R	efer	end	се			 		 	 	 	 	 	 	49
		8.19.1	Detailed	De	escr	iptio	n .					 		 	 	 	 	 	 	49
		8.19.2	Macro De	efir	nitio	n Do	ocur	ner	ntat	ion		 		 	 	 	 	 	 	50
			8.19.2.1	C	COU	JNT						 		 	 	 	 	 	 	50
		8.19.3	Function	ı Do	ocui	men	tatio	n				 	50							
			8.19.3.1	n	nain	١.,						 		 	 	 	 	 	 	50
8	3.20	proces	s_test.cpp)								 		 	 	 		 	 	51
8	3.21	src/sigr	math.hpp F	File	e Re	efere	ence					 		 	 	 	 	 	 	52

vi CONTENTS

Index		58
8.24	4 stdin_clear_test.cpp	57
	8.23.3.1 main	56
	8.23.3 Function Documentation	56
	8.23.2.1 COUNT	56
	8.23.2 Macro Definition Documentation	56
	8.23.1 Detailed Description	56
8.23	3 src/stdin_clear_test.cpp File Reference	55
8.22	2 sigmath.hpp	53
	8.21.1 Detailed Description	53

Main Page

Introduction

The Automatic Vasospasm Detection Application (or Algorithm, depending on the usage), AVDA, is an application to objectively detect the presence of vasospasms based on comparisons of parameters extracted from transcranial doppler audio.

Setup

AVDA is intended to be compiled on machines running Linux, though it could likely be adapter for other environments. It must be downloaded from GitHub.com and compiled locally. To do this, navigate to the directory in which AVDA should be placed, then execute the following commands

```
git clone https://github.com/sawbg/avda
cd avda
make
```

Sucessfully cloning, compilation, and execution of AVDA requires up-to-date versions of the following executables:

- git
- make
- gcc (4.9)
- · arecord

FAQ

- Why was this project developed? This project was developed as a course project by two gradute students at the University of Alabama at Birmingham School of Engineering, Nicholas Nolan and Andrew Wisner.
- Is AVDA an active project? Though it is not planned to develop AVDA further in the near future, it is hoped that the algorithm discovered and implemented can be used and built upon by researchers to fully automate the detection of vasospasms.
- AVDA is returning unusually low or high parameters. Why might this be? In development, this occurred when the mic-in volume was set too high. It is likely in this senario that clipping is happening or that the signal (or a strong enough signal) has no been received.
- How will AVDA be affected by the machine uprising? The University supercomputer, Cheaha, has assured us that AVDA will not be needed after the uprising occures.
- What about more specific questions? Questions relating to AVDA not covered in this FAQ may be sent to the AVDA team via awisner94@gmail.com.

2 Main Page

Bug List

File fileio.hpp

file is overly complicated and much more bug-prone than necessary

File main.cpp

extra newline character inserted into stdin buffer after PatientName() is run

Bug List

Namespace Index

3.1	Namespace List	
Here	is a list of all namespaces with brief descriptions:	
-	rdo	4

6 Namespace Index

Class Index

14	Olana	1:4
41	Class	LIST

Here	are the classes, structs, unions and interfaces with brief descriptions:
D	ataParams
M	aximum 2

8 Class Index

File Index

5.1 File List

Here is a list of all files with brief descriptions:

makefile	
Contains recipes for building the test applications, the main application, and the documentation	28
etc/doxygen.config	
Contains Doxygen configuration settings	. 27
src/definitions.hpp	
Contains declarations of system-independant (universal size) integers and float types, shortened	i
type names for some commonly used types, and enumerations	. 29
src/fileio.hpp	
Contains functions related to file I/O use in this program	. 34
src/fileio_test.cpp	
Contains program that tests some functions in fileio.hpp	. 39
src/main.cpp	
Contains the main program	. 40
src/patient_name_test.cpp	
Contains a program to test the PatientName() function	. 45
src/process.hpp	
Contains functions related to the program's threaded processing of audio data	. 46
src/process_test.cpp	
Contains a program to test the process() function	. 49
src/sigmath.hpp	
Contains the functions necessary to perform the mathematical operations required by this pro-	-
gram	. 52
src/stdin_clear_test.cpp	
Contains a program to test clearing the stdin buffer	. 55

10 File Index

Namespace Documentation

6.1 avda Namespace Reference

Enumerations

• enum Side { Side::Left, Side::Right }

Functions

- std::string PatientName ()
- std::map< Side, DataParams > ReadParams (auto filename)
- void WriteParams (std::map< Side, DataParams > params, auto filename)
- DataParams process (float32 *data, uint32 size, float32 samplingRate)
- void absolute (float32 *data, uint32 size)
- float32 average (float32 *data, uint32 size)
- DataParams average (DataParams *params, uint8 size)
- void decibels (float32 *data, uint32 size)
- void diff (float32 *data, uint32 size)
- void fft (cfloat32 *data, uint32 size)
- void mag (cfloat32 *orig, float32 *newmags, uint32 size)
- Maximum max (float32 *data, uint32 size)
- void smooth (float32 *data, uint32 size, uint16 order)

6.1.1 Detailed Description

This namespace contains all code related to this project.

6.1.2 Enumeration Type Documentation

```
6.1.2.1 enum avda::Side [strong]
```

Side of the head to which a recording pertains.

Enumerator

Left

Right

Definition at line 145 of file definitions.hpp.

```
00145 { Left, Right };
```

6.1.3 Function Documentation

6.1.3.1 void avda::absolute (float32 * data, uint32 size)

Ensures all elements in an array are positive. Note that this function replaces array elements if necessary. It does not populate a new array.

Parameters

data	array whose elements must all be positive
size	number of elements in the data array

Definition at line 123 of file sigmath.hpp.

Here is the caller graph for this function:



6.1.3.2 float32 avda::average (float32 * data, uint32 size)

Takes the average of all elements in an array

Parameters

data	array from which to compute the average
size	number of elements in the data array

Returns

computed average

Definition at line 129 of file sigmath.hpp.

```
00129
                                                          {
00130
               float32 ave;
00131
00132
               for(uint32 i = 0; i < size; i++) {</pre>
00133
                  ave += data[i];
00134
00135
00136
               ave = ave / size;
00137
               return ave;
00138
          }
```

Here is the caller graph for this function:



6.1.3.3 DataParams avda::average (DataParams * params, uint8 size)

Finds the averages of the elements of an array of DataParams.

Parameters

param	DataParams array
size	number of elements in the DataParams array

Returns

DataParams structure containing the average values of the structure's elements in the params array

Definition at line 140 of file sigmath.hpp.

```
00140
                                                                     {
00141
               DataParams ave;
00142
00143
                for(uint8 i = 0; i < size; i++) {</pre>
00144
                    //freq is an attribute. this is how to add structure attributes
                   ave.freq += params[i].freq;
ave.noise += params[i].noise;
00145
00146
00147
00148
00149
                ave.freq /= size;
00150
                ave.noise /= size;
00151
                return ave;
           }
00152
```

6.1.3.4 void avda::decibels (float32 * data, uint32 size)

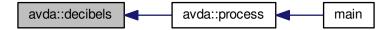
Converts an array of floats to "power decibels", i.e., x[n] = 20*log10(x[n]). The decibel values are written to the same array that contained the values to be converted. In other words, this function should perform an in-place, element-wise conversion.

Parameters

data	array of values to be converted as well as the location where the converted values will be written
size	number of elements in the data array

Definition at line 154 of file sigmath.hpp.

Here is the caller graph for this function:



6.1.3.5 void avda::diff (float32 * data, uint32 size)

Computes the left-handed first derivative of a discrete signal. The first element will be 0.

Parameters

data	array containing the discrete signal data array
size	number of elements in data

Definition at line 160 of file sigmath.hpp.

```
00160
00161
                 float32 temp[size];
00162
                 temp[0] = 0;
00163
00164
                 for(uint32 i = 1; i < size; i++) {</pre>
00165
                      temp[i] = data[i] - data[i-1];
00166
00167
                 for(uint32 i = 0; i < size; i++) {
   data[i] = temp[i];</pre>
00168
00169
00170
00171
```

Here is the caller graph for this function:



6.1.3.6 void avda::fft (cfloat32 * data, uint32 size)

Replaces the values of an array of cfloat32's with the array's DFT using a decimation-in-frequency algorithm.

This code is based on code from http://rosettacode.org/wiki/Fast_Fourier_transform $\#C. \leftarrow 2B.2B.$

Parameters

data	array whose values should be replaced with its DFT	
size	number of elements in the data array	

Definition at line 173 of file sigmath.hpp.

```
00173
                  // DFT
00174
00175
                  uint32 k = size;
                  uint32 n;
00176
                  float32 thetaT = M_PI / size;
cfloat32 phiT(cos(thetaT), sin(thetaT));
cfloat32 T;
00177
00178
00179
00180
                   while (k > 1) {
00181
                       n = k;
k >>= 1;
00182
00183
                       phiT = phiT * phiT;
00184
00185
                        T = 1.0L;
00186
                        for(uint32 1 = 0; 1 < k; 1++) {
   for(uint32 a = 1; a < size; a += n) {
     uint32 b = a + k;</pre>
00187
00188
00189
00190
                                  cfloat32 t = data[a] - data[b];
                                  data[a] += data[b];
data[b] = t * T;
00191
00192
00193
00194
                             T \star = phiT;
00195
00196
                       }
00197
00198
00199
                   // Decimate
00200
                  uint32 m = (uint32) log2(size);
00201
00202
                  for (uint32 a = 0; a < size; a++) {</pre>
00203
                       uint32 b = a;
00204
00205
                        // Reverse bits
                       b = (((b & 0xaaaaaaaa) >> 1) | ((b & 0x555555555) << 1));
b = (((b & 0xccccccc) >> 2) | ((b & 0x333333333) << 2));
b = (((b & 0xf0f0f0f0f) >> 4) | ((b & 0x0f0f0f0f) << 4));
00206
00207
00208
00209
                        b = (((b \& 0xff00ff00) >> 8) | ((b \& 0x00ff00ff) << 8));
00210
                       b = ((b >> 16) | (b << 16)) >> (32 - m);
00211
                        if (b > a)
00212
00213
                       {
00214
                             cfloat32 t = data[a];
                             data[a] = data[b];
data[b] = t;
00215
00216
00217
                        }
00218
             }
00219
```

Here is the caller graph for this function:



6.1.3.7 void avda::mag (cfloat32 * orig, float32 * newmags, uint32 size)

Computes the magitude of an array of complex numbers.

Parameters

orig	array of complex numbers	
newmags	array to which the (real) magitudes are to be written	
size	number of elements in orig and newmags	

Definition at line 221 of file sigmath.hpp.

Here is the caller graph for this function:



6.1.3.8 Maximum avda::max (float32 * data, uint32 size)

Finds the maximum value in an array.

Parameters

data	array whose maximum value is to be found
size	number of elements in the data array

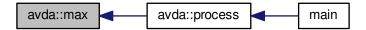
Returns

maximum value and its index

Definition at line 232 of file sigmath.hpp.

```
00232
                                                        {
00233
               Maximum m:
00234
               //loop to run through the length of array data
00235
00236
               for (uint32 i = 0; i < size; i++) {</pre>
00237
                    \star when value at data[i] is above max.value,
00238
00239
                    \star sets max.value equal to data[i] and max.index equal to i
00240
                    if (data[i] > m.value) {
    m.value = data[i];
00241
00242
                        m.index = i;
00243
00244
                    }
00245
               }
00246
00247
               return m;
00248
           }
```

Here is the caller graph for this function:



6.1.3.9 std::string avda::PatientName ()

Prompts a user to enter a first, middle, and last name for a patient and creates a file (if necessary) in which all of the patient's data parameters can be saved. A newly created file will contain the CSV header for the file's data.

Must warn a user if the patient file does not already exist in order to prevent missaving data.

Returns

the file under which all patient data is saved

Definition at line 33 of file fileio.hpp.

```
00033
                 std::string fname = "";
00034
                 std::string mname = "";
00035
                 std::string lname = "";
00036
00037
                 std::string patfil = "";
00038
                 std::string patientname = "";
00039
                uint32 track1 = 0;
                 uint32 track2 = 0;
00040
00041
                uint32 track3 = 0;
00042
00043
00044
                      std::cout << "Please enter the patients name." << std::endl;</pre>
                      std::cout << "First name: ";
00045
00046
                      std::cin >> fname;
00047
                      std::cout << "Middle name: ";
00048
                      std::cin >> mname;
00049
                      std::cout << "Last name: ";
00050
                      std::cin >> lname;
00051
                      // creates new std::string with path to patient file
patientname = PATIENT_PATH + lname + ", " + fname
00052
00053
                           + " " + mname + ".csv";
00054
00055
00056
                      \ensuremath{//} prints out patientname. shows user the path to the patient file
00057
                      //std::cout << patientname << std::endl << std::endl;</pre>
00058
                      std::ifstream file(patientname.c_str());
00059
00060
                      if (file.good()) {
00061
                           track1 = 1;
00062
00063
00064
00065
                       * Compares patientname to existing files and lets user know
00066
                       * if the file does not exist.
00067
00068
                      else if (!file.good()) {
00069
00070
                            \star Do while statement to continue asking user about the file
00071
                            \star if their input is not acceptable
00072
00073
                           do {
00074
                                std::cout << "Patient file does not exist, would you like "
                                "to create file or re-enter their name?" << std::endl;
std::cout << " *Type 'create' and press enter key "
    "to create the patient file." << std::endl;
std::cout << " *Type 'reenter' and press enter key "
    "to re-enter the patients name." << std::endl;
00075
00076
00077
00078
00079
00080
                                std::cout << std::endl;
```

```
std::cin >> patfil;
00082
00083
                            \star patfil equals create, track1 and 2 will increase
00084
00085
                             * escaping both do while loops
00086
                            if (patfil == "create") {
00087
00088
                                std::ofstream createfile(patientname.c_str());
                                track1 = 1;
00089
                                track2 = 1;
00090
                                track3 = 1:
00091
                                createfile << CSV_HEADER << std::endl;</pre>
00092
00093
                                createfile.flush();
00094
                                createfile.close();
00095
00096
00097
00098
                             *patfil equals renter, track1 will remain zero allowing
00099
                             *user to reenter the patient name.
00100
00101
                            else if(patfil == "reenter") {
                                track1 = 0;
track2 = 1;
00102
00103
00104
00105
00106
00107
                             *The users input was neither create or reenter. User
00108
                             *must enter patient name again.
00109
00110
                           else {
00111
                                std::cout << std::endl;
00112
                                std::cout << "Your input is not acceptable." << std::endl;</pre>
00113
                                std::cout << std::endl;
00114
00115
                       }while(track2 == 0);
00116
               } while (track1 == 0);
00117
00118
00119
               return patientname; //returns the path to the patient file
00120
```

Here is the caller graph for this function:



6.1.3.10 DataParams avda::process (float32 * data, uint32 size, float32 samplingRate)

Analyzes a single recording to determine the drop-off frequency and average noiseband noise power.

It should be noted that is algorithm is considered the intellectual property of Andrew Wisner and Nicholas Nolan. The "algorithm" is defined as the use of 1) the frequency drop-off and/or 2) a noise value from the frequency band above the drop-off frequency in order to diagnose (with or without other factors and parameters) the presence of a avdaspasm in a patient. By faculty members and/or students in the UAB ECE department using this algorithm, they agree that the presentation of their code or project that uses this algorithm, whether verbally or in writing, will reference the development of the initial algorithm by Andrew Wisner and Nicholas Nolan. Furthermore, a failure to meet this stipulation will warrant appropriate action by Andrew Wisner and/or Nicholas Nolan. It should be understood that the purpose of this stipulation is not to protect prioprietary rights; rather, it is to help ensure that the intellectual property of the algorithm's creators is protected and is neither misrepresented nor claimed implicitly or explicitly by another individual.

Parameters

	data	data array containing float32 samples of audio	
ĺ	size	size number of samples in each recording. MUST be a power of two.	
ĺ	samplingRate sampling frequency in Hz or Samples/second		

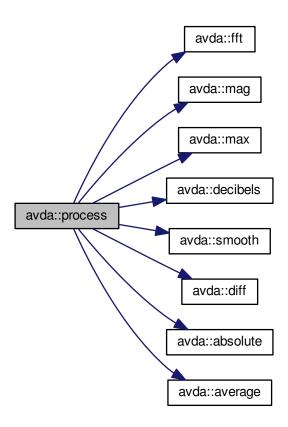
Returns

cut-off frequency (Hz) and average noiseband noise power in decibels

Definition at line 48 of file process.hpp.

```
00048
00049
              if((size & (size - 1) != 0) || size < 2) {</pre>
00050
                  throw std::invalid_argument(
00051
                           "The number of samples is not a power of two!");
00052
00053
              // declare function-scoped variables
00054
00055
              uint32 freqSize = size / 2;
00056
               cfloat32* cdata = (cfloat32*)std::malloc(size * sizeof(
     cfloat32));
00057
              float32* fdata = (float32*)std::malloc(freqSize * sizeof(
     float32));
              float32* origdata = (float32*)std::malloc(freqSize * sizeof(
00058
     float32));
00059
00060
               // convert data to complex numbers for fft()
00061
              for(uint32 i = 0; i < size; i++) {</pre>
00062
                  cdata[i] = data[i];
00063
00064
00065
              // find frequency spectrum in relative decibels
00066
              fft(cdata, size);
00067
              mag(cdata, fdata, freqSize);
00068
              Maximum maximum = max(fdata, freqSize);
00069
00070
              for(uint32 i = 0; i < freqSize; i++) {</pre>
                  fdata[i] /= maximum.value;
00071
00072
00073
00074
              decibels(fdata, freqSize);
00075
              for(uint32 i = 0; i < freqSize; i++) {</pre>
00076
00077
                  origdata[i] = fdata[i];
00078
00079
00080
00081
               \star Run spectrum values through moving-average filter to smooth the
00082
               \star curve and make it easier to determine the derivative.
00083
00084
              smooth(fdata, freqSize, 20);
00085
00086
00087
               \star Find the derivative of the smoothed spectrum. Bote that both this
00088
               \star filter and the previous are necessary to the algorithm.
00089
00090
              diff(fdata, freqSize);
00091
              smooth(fdata, freqSize, 100);
00092
              absolute(fdata, freqSize);
00093
00094
              // find the parameters of this specific recording
00095
              uint16 offset = 1000;
00096
              absolute(&fdata[offset], freqSize - offset);
00097
              maximum = max(&fdata[offset], freqSize - offset);
00098
              uint32 index = maximum.index + offset;
00099
00100
              DataParams params;
              params.freq = index * (float)SAMPLE_FREQ / freqSize / 2;
params.noise = average(&origdata[index + offset],
00101
00102
00103
                       freqSize - offset - index);
00104
00105
               free (cdata);
00106
              free(fdata);
00107
00108
              return params:
00109
00110
```

Here is the call graph for this function:



Here is the caller graph for this function:



6.1.3.11 std::map<Side, DataParams> avda::ReadParams (auto filename)

Reads the previously computed parameters found in the specified file.

Parameters

filename absolute or relative path to the file containing the patient data to read

Returns

patient parameters read for each side

Definition at line 131 of file fileio.hpp.

```
00131
00132
              std::map<Side, DataParams> params;
              DataParams leftparams;
00133
00134
              DataParams rightparams;
00135
              std::ifstream file(filename.c_str());
00137
              std::string leftline;
00138
              std::string rightline;
00139
              std::string leftsearch = "Left";
             std::string rightsearch = "Right";
00140
00141
              std::string paramstring;
00142
             std::string lfreqstr;
00143
              std::string lnoisestr;
00144
              std::string rfreqstr;
00145
              std::string rnoisestr;
00146
             uint32 lcnt = 0;
uint32 rcnt = 0;
00147
00148
              float32 lfreqval;
00149
              float32 lnoiseval;
00150
              float32 rfreqval;
00151
              float32 rnoiseval;
00152
00153
00154
              * if statement which uses ifstream function to open patient file
               * filename)
00156
00157
              if(file.is_open()) {
00158
                 /*
                   * While statement to find the first Left line and save to
00159
00160
                   *leftline as string.
00161
00162
                  while (getline(file, leftline)) {
00163
                      if(leftline.find(leftsearch, 0) != std::string::npos) {
00164
                          break;
                      }
00165
00166
00167
                  }
00168
00169
00170
                   \star While statement to find first right line and save to rightline
00171
                   * as string.
00172
00173
                  while (getline(file, rightline)) {
00174
                      if(rightline.find(rightsearch, 0) != std::string::npos) {
00175
00176
                      }
00177
                  }
00178
00179
                  // Code to break leftline and rightline into its parts
00180
                  std::stringstream lss(leftline);
00181
                  std::stringstream rss(rightline);
00182
00183
                  while (getline(lss,paramstring, ',')) {
00184
                      lcnt++;
00185
00186
                      if(lcnt == 3) {
00187
                          lfreqstr = paramstring;
00188
00189
                      else if(lcnt == 4) {
00190
00191
                          lnoisestr = paramstring;
00192
00193
                  }
00194
00195
                  while(getline(rss,paramstring, ',')) {
00196
                      rcnt++;
00197
00198
                      if(rcnt == 3) {
00199
                          rfreqstr = paramstring;
00200
00201
00202
                      else if(rcnt == 4) {
00203
                          rnoisestr = paramstring;
00204
00205
                  }
```

```
00206
00207
00208
                      * Statement to convert lfreq, lnoise, rfreq, and rnoise from
00209
                      \star strings to floats.
00210
00211
                     lfreqval = atof(lfreqstr.c_str());
                    lnoiseval = atof(lnoisestr.c_str());
rfreqval = atof(rfreqstr.c_str());
00212
00213
00214
                     rnoiseval = atof(rnoisestr.c_str());
00215
00216
                     file.close();
00217
                }
00218
00219
00220
                     throw std::runtime_error("The patient file could not be opened.");
00221
00222
00223
                leftparams.freq = lfreqval;
leftparams.noise = lnoiseval;
00224
00225
                rightparams.freq = rfreqval;
00226
                rightparams.noise = rnoiseval;
00227
                params[Side::Left] = leftparams;
params[Side::Right] = rightparams;
00228
00229
00230
00231
                return params;
00232
```

Here is the caller graph for this function:



6.1.3.12 void avda::smooth (float32 * data, uint32 size, uint16 order)

Applies an nth-order moving-average filter to a discrete signal.

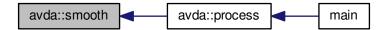
Parameters

data	array containing the signal to which the filter should be applied	
size	number of elements in the data array	
order	order of the filter	

Definition at line 250 of file sigmath.hpp.

```
00250
                  float32 coeff = 1 / (float32)order;
float32 temp[size];
00251
00252
00253
                  for(uint32 i = 0; i < size; i++) {</pre>
00254
00255
                       temp[i] = 0;
00256
                       for(uint16 j = 0; j < order && j <= i; j++) {
    temp[i] += data[i - j];</pre>
00257
00258
00259
00260
00261
                       temp[i] *= coeff;
00262
                  }
00263
                  for(uint32 i = 0; i < size; i++) {
   data[i] = temp[i];</pre>
00264
00265
00266
00267
             }
```

Here is the caller graph for this function:



6.1.3.13 void avda::WriteParams (std::map < Side, DataParams > params, auto filename)

Writes (appends) the passed parameters to the specified file.

Parameters

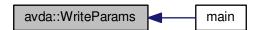
```
params parameters to be written
```

the patient CSV file's filename

Definition at line 241 of file fileio.hpp.

```
00241
00242
                 char temp[80];
00243
                 std::ofstream file(filename.c_str(),
00244
                          std::ofstream::out | std::ofstream::app);
00245
00246
                 //Gives pointer measurement time a data type of time_t.
00247
                 time t measurementtime:
                time(&measurementtime); //Gets the current time.
strftime(temp, 80, "%c", localtime(&measurementtime));
std::string fTime = std::string(temp);
00248
00249
00250
00251
00252
                 \ensuremath{//\mathrm{if}} statement to print the Left side parameters to the patient file.
00253
                 if(file.is_open()) {
   file << fTime + "," + "Left" + ","</pre>
00254
00255
                          + std::to_string(params[Side::Left].freq)
00256
                           + ", " + std::to_string(params[Side::Left].noise) << std::endl;
00257
00258
00259
                 \ensuremath{//\mathrm{if}} statement to print the Right side parameters to the patient file.
00260
                 if(file.is_open()) {
    file << fTime + "," + "Right" + ","</pre>
00261
00262
                           + std::to_string(params[Side::Right].freq)
00263
                           + ", " + std::to_string(params[Side::Right].noise) << std::endl;
00264
                 }
00265
00266
                 else {
00267
                     std::cout << "Patient file can not be opened!" << std::endl;
00268
00269
00270
                 file.close();
00271
            }
```

Here is the caller graph for this function:



Namespace	Docume	entation

Class Documentation

7.1 DataParams Struct Reference

```
#include <definitions.hpp>
```

Public Attributes

- float32 freq = 0
- float32 noise = 0

7.1.1 Detailed Description

Calculated results from processing the audio recordings.

Definition at line 107 of file definitions.hpp.

7.1.2 Member Data Documentation

7.1.2.1 float32 DataParams::freq = 0

Cut-off frequency.

Definition at line 111 of file definitions.hpp.

7.1.2.2 float32 DataParams::noise = 0

Mean relative noiseband power.

Definition at line 116 of file definitions.hpp.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

• src/definitions.hpp

7.2 Maximum Struct Reference

```
#include <definitions.hpp>
```

26 Class Documentation

Public Attributes

- float32 value = 0
- uint32 index = 0

7.2.1 Detailed Description

Maximum value found in an array and the value's index in that array.

Definition at line 123 of file definitions.hpp.

7.2.2 Member Data Documentation

7.2.2.1 uint32 Maximum::index = 0

Value's index in array.

Definition at line 132 of file definitions.hpp.

7.2.2.2 float32 Maximum::value = 0

Value.

Definition at line 127 of file definitions.hpp.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

• src/definitions.hpp

File Documentation

8.1 etc/doxygen.config File Reference

Contains Doxygen configuration settings.

8.1.1 Detailed Description

Contains Doxygen configuration settings.

Author

Samnuel Andrew Wisner, awisner94@gmail.com

Definition in file doxygen.config.

8.2 doxygen.config

```
00001 PROJECT_NAME = "The Automatic Vasospasm Detection Application"
00003 INPUT = src/ etc/doxygen.config makefile README.md
00004 OUTPUT_DIRECTORY = doc/
00005
00006 GENERATE_HTML = YES
00007 GENERATE_RTF = YES
00008 GENERATE_LATEX = YES
00009 GENERATE_MAN = YES
00010 GENERATE_XML = NO
00011 GENERATE_DOCBOOK = NO
00012
00013 USE_PDF_LATEX = YES
00014 USE_PDF_HYPERLINKS = YES
00015
00016 RECURSIVE = YES
00017 SOURCE_BROWSER = YES
00018 SOURCE_TOOLTIPS = YES
00019 EXTRACT_ALL = YES
00020 DISABLE_INDEX = NO
00021 GENERATE_TREEVIEW = YES
00022 SEARCHENGINE = YES
00023 SERVER_BASED_SEARCH = NO
00024 USE_MDFILE_AS_MAINPAGE = README.md
00026 LATEX_SOURCE_CODE = YES
00027 STRIP_CODE_COMMENTS = YES
00028 INLINE_SOURCES = YES
00029
00030 HAVE_DOT = YES
00031 CALL_GRAPH = YES
00032 CALLER_GRAPH = YES
```

28 File Documentation

8.3 makefile File Reference

Contains recipes for building the test applications, the main application, and the documentation.

8.3.1 Detailed Description

Contains recipes for building the test applications, the main application, and the documentation.

Author

Samuel Andrew Wisner, awisner94@gmail.com

Definition in file makefile.

8.4 makefile

```
00001 GCC = g++-g-std=gnu++14
00002
00003 avda:
00004
        $(GCC) src/main.cpp -o bin/avda
00005
00006 count:
00007
        grep -r "src/" -e "Samuel Andrew Wisner" -l | xargs wc -l
80000
00009 docs:
00010
        rm -r doc/
        doxygen etc/doxygen.config
00012
        cd doc/latex; make pdf;
00013
        git reset
00014
        git add doc/.
00015
        git commit -m "Updated documentation."
00016
        git push
00017
00018 fileio-test:
00019
       $(GCC) src/fileio_test.cpp -o bin/fileiotest
00020
00021 patient-name-test:
00022
        $(GCC) src/patient_name_test.cpp -o bin/patnametest
00024 process-test:
00025
        $(GCC) src/process_test.cpp -o bin/proctest
00026
00027 stdin-clear-test:
00028
        $(GCC) src/stdin clear test.cpp -o bin/cleartest
```

8.5 README.md File Reference

Contains the readme text as markdown, which also doubles as the main page.

8.5.1 Detailed Description

Contains the readme text as markdown, which also doubles as the main page.

Author

Samuel Andrew Wisner, awisner94@gmail.com

Definition in file README.md.

8.6 README.md

00001 # vasospasm-detector

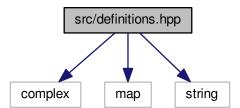
```
00002
00003 ## Introduction
00004 The Automatic Vasospasm Detection Application (or Algorithm, depending on the
00005 usage), AVDA, is an application to objectively detect the presence of vasospasms
00006 based on comparisons of parameters extracted from transcranial doppler audio.
00007
00009 AVDA is intended to be compiled on machines running Linux, though it could
00010 likely be adapter for other environments. It must be downloaded from GitHub.com
00011 and compiled locally. To do this, navigate to the directory in which AVDA should
00012 be placed, then execute the following commands
00013
00014
        git clone https://github.com/sawbg/avda
00015
00016
        make
00017
00018 Sucessfully cloning, compilation, and execution of AVDA requires up-to-date
00019 versions of the following executables:
00021 * git
00022 * make
00023 * gcc (4.9)
00024 * arecord
00025
00026 ## FAQ
00028 * **Why was this project developed?** This project was developed as a course
00029 project by two gradute students at the University of Alabama at Birmingham
00030 School of Engineering, Nicholas Nolan and Andrew Wisner.
00031
00032 * **Is AVDA an active project?** Though it is not planned to develop AVDA
00033 further in the near future, it is hoped that the algorithm discovered and
00034 implemented can be used and built upon by researchers to fully automate the
00035 detection of vasospasms.
00036
00037 * **AVDA is returning unusually low or high parameters. Why might this be?** In
00038 development, this occured when the mic-in volume was set too high. It is 00039 likely in this senario that clipping is happening or that the signal (or a
00040 strong enough signal) has no been received.
00041
00042 * **How will AVDA be affected by the machine uprising?** The University
00044 uprising occures.
00046 \star **What about more specific questions?** Questions relating to AVDA not
00047 covered in this FAQ may be sent to the AVDA team via awisner94@gmail.com.
```

8.7 src/definitions.hpp File Reference

Contains declarations of system-independant (universal size) integers and float types, shortened type names for some commonly used types, and enumerations.

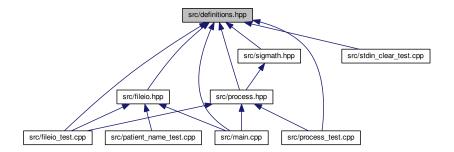
```
#include <complex>
#include <map>
#include <string>
```

Include dependency graph for definitions.hpp:



30 File Documentation

This graph shows which files directly or indirectly include this file:



Classes

- struct DataParams
- struct Maximum

Namespaces

• avda

Macros

• #define ENUM signed char

Typedefs

- typedef unsigned char byte
- typedef unsigned char uint8
- typedef signed char sint8
- typedef unsigned short uint16
- typedef signed short sint16
- typedef unsigned int uint32
- typedef signed int sint32
- typedef unsigned long long uint64
- typedef signed long long sint64
- typedef float float32
- typedef double float64
- typedef std::complex< float32 > cfloat32

Enumerations

• enum avda::Side { avda::Side::Left, avda::Side::Right }

Variables

- const std::string CSV_HEADER = "Time,Side,Frequency,Noise Level"
- const uint16 DET_THRESH = 5000
- const uint8 DURATION = 6
- const sint8 ERROR = -1
- const uint16 MAX_DROP_FREQ = 7000
- const std::string PATIENT_PATH = "/home/pi/patients/"
- const uint8 REC_COUNT = 6
- const uint32 SAMPLE_COUNT = 131072
- const uint16 SAMPLE_FREQ = 24000
- const std::string TEMP_FILE = ".temp"
- const uint32 BUFFER_SIZE = SAMPLE_COUNT * sizeof(float32)

8.7.1 Detailed Description

Contains declarations of system-independant (universal size) integers and float types, shortened type names for some commonly used types, and enumerations.

Author

Samuel Andrew Wisner, awisner94@gmail.com

Definition in file definitions.hpp.

8.7.2 Macro Definition Documentation

8.7.2.1 #define ENUM signed char

Definition at line 16 of file definitions.hpp.

8.7.3 Typedef Documentation

8.7.3.1 typedef unsigned char byte

Definition at line 20 of file definitions.hpp.

8.7.3.2 typedef std::complex<float32> cfloat32

Complex float32's.

Definition at line 102 of file definitions.hpp.

8.7.3.3 typedef float float32

Definition at line 33 of file definitions.hpp.

8.7.3.4 typedef double float64

Definition at line 34 of file definitions.hpp.

8.7.3.5 typedef signed short sint16

Definition at line 25 of file definitions.hpp.

8.7.3.6 typedef signed int sint32

Definition at line 28 of file definitions.hpp.

8.7.3.7 typedef signed long long sint64

Definition at line 31 of file definitions.hpp.

8.7.3.8 typedef signed char sint8

Definition at line 22 of file definitions.hpp.

8.7.3.9 typedef unsigned short uint16

Definition at line 24 of file definitions.hpp.

8.7.3.10 typedef unsigned int uint32

Definition at line 27 of file definitions.hpp.

8.7.3.11 typedef unsigned long long uint64

Definition at line 30 of file definitions.hpp.

8.7.3.12 typedef unsigned char uint8

Definition at line 21 of file definitions.hpp.

8.7.4 Variable Documentation

8.7.4.1 const uint32 BUFFER_SIZE = SAMPLE_COUNT * sizeof(float32)

Size of the sample buffer.

Definition at line 94 of file definitions.hpp.

8.7.4.2 const std::string CSV_HEADER = "Time,Side,Frequency,Noise Level"

First line of CSV data file declaring column names.

Definition at line 42 of file definitions.hpp.

8.7.4.3 const uint16 DET_THRESH = 5000

Threshold for the differential-parameters product to be considered indicative of a vasospasm.

Definition at line 48 of file definitions.hpp.

8.8 definitions.hpp 33

8.7.4.4 const uint8 DURATION = 6

Duration of recording in seconds.

Definition at line 53 of file definitions.hpp.

8.7.4.5 const sint8 ERROR = -1

Error integer returned when the program must exit with an error.

Definition at line 58 of file definitions.hpp.

```
8.7.4.6 const uint16 MAX_DROP_FREQ = 7000
```

Maximum drop-off frequency considered valid.

Definition at line 63 of file definitions.hpp.

```
8.7.4.7 const std::string PATIENT_PATH = "/home/pi/patients/"
```

Absolute path to the folder containing the patients files

Definition at line 68 of file definitions.hpp.

```
8.7.4.8 const uint8 REC_COUNT = 6
```

Number of recordings (both left and right) to make.

Definition at line 73 of file definitions.hpp.

```
8.7.4.9 const uint32 SAMPLE_COUNT = 131072
```

Number of samples to use in processing the recordings. Must be a power of two. SAMPLE_COUNT / SAMPLE_ FREQ < DURATION must be true.

Definition at line 79 of file definitions.hpp.

```
8.7.4.10 const uint16 SAMPLE FREQ = 24000
```

Recording sampling rate in Hz (NOT kHz).

Definition at line 84 of file definitions.hpp.

```
8.7.4.11 const std::string TEMP_FILE = ".temp"
```

Filename of the temporary recording file.

Definition at line 89 of file definitions.hpp.

8.8 definitions.hpp

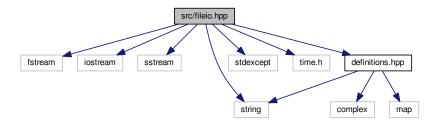
```
00001
00009 #ifndef definitions_H
00010 #define definitions_H
00011
00012 #include <complex>
00013 #include <map>
```

```
00014 #include <string>
00016 #define ENUM signed char
00017
00018 // Type definitions
00019
00020 typedef unsigned char byte;
00021 typedef unsigned char uint8;
00022 typedef signed char sint8;
00023
00024 typedef unsigned short uint16;
00025 typedef signed short sint16;
00026
00027 typedef unsigned int uint32;
00028 typedef signed int sint32;
00029
00030 typedef unsigned long long uint64;
00031 typedef signed long long sint64;
00033 typedef float float32;
00034 typedef double float64;
00035
00036
00037 // Constants
00038
00042 const std::string CSV_HEADER = "Time, Side, Frequency, Noise Level";
00043
00048 const uint16 DET_THRESH = 5000;
00049
00053 const uint8 DURATION = 6:
00054
00058 const sint8 ERROR = -1;
00059
00063 const uint16 MAX_DROP_FREQ = 7000;
00064
00068 const std::string PATIENT_PATH = "/home/pi/patients/";
00069
00073 const uint8 REC_COUNT = 6;
00074
00079 const uint32 SAMPLE_COUNT = 131072;//262144;
08000
00084 const uint16 SAMPLE FREO = 24000;
00085
00089 const std::string TEMP_FILE = ".temp";
00094 const uint32 BUFFER_SIZE = SAMPLE_COUNT * sizeof(
     float32);
00095
00096
00097 // Objective/structural type definitions
00098
00102 typedef std::complex<float32> cfloat32;
00103
00107 typedef struct {
00111
         float32 freq = 0;
00112
         float32 noise = 0;
00117 } DataParams;
00118
00123 typedef struct {
00127
        float32 value = 0;
00128
00132
         uint32 index = 0;
00133 } Maximum;
00134
00135
00136 // Enumerations
00137
00141 namespace avda {
         enum class Side { Left, Right };
00146 }
00147
00148
00149 // Doxygen documentation for other files.
00150
00171 #endif
```

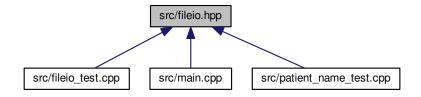
8.9 src/fileio.hpp File Reference

Contains functions related to file I/O use in this program.

```
#include <fstream>
#include <iostream>
#include <sstream>
#include <string>
#include <stdexcept>
#include <time.h>
#include "definitions.hpp"
Include dependency graph for fileio.hpp:
```



This graph shows which files directly or indirectly include this file:



Namespaces

• avda

Functions

- std::string avda::PatientName ()
- std::map< Side, DataParams > avda::ReadParams (auto filename)
- void avda::WriteParams (std::map< Side, DataParams > params, auto filename)

8.9.1 Detailed Description

Contains functions related to file I/O use in this program.

Author

Samuel Andrew Wisner, awisner94@gmail.com Nicholas K. Nolan

Bug file is overly complicated and much more bug-prone than necessary

Definition in file fileio.hpp.

8.10 fileio.hpp

```
00009 #ifndef fileio_H
00010 #define fileio_H
00011
00012 #include <fstream>
00013 #include <iostream>
00014 #include <sstream>
00015 #include <string>
00016 #include <stdexcept>
00017 #include <time.h>
00018
00019 #include "definitions.hpp"
00020
00021 namespace avda {
        std::string PatientName() {
    std::string fname = "";
00033
00034
                 std::string mname = "";
00035
                std::string lname = "";
00036
                 std::string patfil = "";
00038
                 std::string patientname = "";
00039
                 uint32 track1 = 0;
                uint32 track2 = 0;
uint32 track3 = 0;
00040
00041
00042
00043
                     std::cout << "Please enter the patients name." << std::endl;
std::cout << "First name: ";</pre>
00044
00045
00046
                      std::cin >> fname;
                      std::cout << "Middle name: ";
00047
00048
                      std::cin >> mname;
                      std::cout << "Last name: ";
00050
                      std::cin >> lname;
00051
                      // creates new std::string with path to patient file patientname = PATIENT_PATH + lname + ", " + fname
00052
00053
00054
                           + " " + mname + ".csv";
00055
00056
                      // prints out patientname. shows user the path to the patient file
00057
                      //std::cout << patientname << std::endl << std::endl;</pre>
                      std::ifstream file(patientname.c_str());
00058
00059
00060
                      if (file.good()) {
00061
                           track1 = 1;
00062
00063
00064
                       \star Compares patientname to existing files and lets user know
00065
00066
                       * if the file does not exist.
00067
00068
                      else if (!file.good()) {
00069
00070
                            \star Do while statement to continue asking user about the file
00071
                            \star if their input is not acceptable
00072
00073
                           do {
00074
                                std::cout << "Patient file does not exist, would you like "
                                "to create file or re-enter their name?" << std::endl;
std::cout << " *Type 'create' and press enter key "
"to create the patient file." << std::endl;
std::cout << " *Type 'reenter' and press enter key "
"to re-enter the patients name." << std::endl;
00075
00076
00077
00078
00079
00080
                                std::cout << std::endl;
00081
                                std::cin >> patfil;
00082
00083
                                 * patfil equals create, track1 and 2 will increase * escaping both do while loops
00084
00085
00086
00087
                                if(patfil == "create") {
```

8.10 fileio.hpp 37

```
00088
                                std::ofstream createfile(patientname.c_str());
                                track1 = 1;
track2 = 1;
00089
00090
00091
                               track3 = 1;
                               createfile << CSV_HEADER << std::endl;</pre>
00092
00093
                                createfile.flush();
00094
                               createfile.close();
00095
00096
00097
00098
                            *patfil equals renter, track1 will remain zero allowing
00099
                            *user to reenter the patient name.
00100
00101
                           else if(patfil == "reenter") {
                               track1 = 0;
track2 = 1;
00102
00103
00104
00105
00106
00107
                            *The users input was neither create or reenter. User
00108
                             *must enter patient name again.
00109
00110
                           else {
                               std::cout << std::endl;
std::cout << "Your input is not acceptable." << std::endl;</pre>
00111
00112
                               std::cout << std::endl;
00113
00114
00115
                       }while(track2 == 0);
00116
00117
              } while (track1 == 0);
00118
00119
              return patientname; //returns the path to the patient file
00120
00121
00131
          std::map<Side, DataParams> ReadParams(auto filename) {
00132
              std::map<Side, DataParams> params;
              DataParams leftparams;
00133
              DataParams rightparams;
00135
00136
              std::ifstream file(filename.c_str());
00137
              std::string leftline;
00138
              std::string rightline;
              std::string leftsearch = "Left";
00139
              std::string rightsearch = "Right";
00140
00141
              std::string paramstring;
00142
              std::string lfreqstr;
00143
              std::string lnoisestr;
00144
              std::string rfreqstr;
00145
              std::string rnoisestr;
00146
              uint32 lcnt = 0;
              uint32 rcnt = 0;
00147
00148
              float32 lfreqval;
00149
               float32 lnoiseval;
00150
               float32 rfreqval;
00151
               float32 rnoiseval:
00152
00153
00154
               * if statement which uses ifstream function to open patient file
00155
               * filename)
00156
              if(file.is_open()) {
00157
00158
                   ^{'} ^{\star} While statement to find the first Left line and save to
00159
00160
                    *leftline as string.
00161
00162
                  while (getline(file, leftline)) {
                      if(leftline.find(leftsearch, 0) != std::string::npos) {
00163
00164
                           break:
00165
00166
00167
                   }
00168
00169
                   * While statement to find first right line and save to rightline
00170
00171
                   * as string.
00172
00173
                   while (getline(file, rightline)) {
00174
                       if(rightline.find(rightsearch, 0) != std::string::npos) {
00175
                           break;
00176
00177
                   }
00178
00179
                   // Code to break leftline and rightline into its parts
00180
                   std::stringstream lss(leftline);
00181
                   std::stringstream rss(rightline);
00182
00183
                   while(getline(lss,paramstring, ',')) {
```

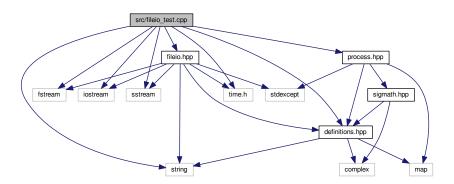
```
00184
                        lcnt++;
00185
00186
                        if(lcnt == 3) {
00187
                           lfreqstr = paramstring;
00188
00189
00190
                        else if(lcnt == 4) {
00191
                            lnoisestr = paramstring;
00192
00193
                   }
00194
00195
                   while (getline (rss, paramstring, ',')) {
00196
                        rcnt++;
00197
00198
                        if(rcnt == 3) {
00199
                           rfreqstr = paramstring;
00200
00201
00202
                        else if(rcnt == 4) {
00203
                            rnoisestr = paramstring;
00204
00205
                   }
00206
00207
                   /*
00208
                    * Statement to convert lfreq, lnoise, rfreq, and rnoise from
00209
                    * strings to floats.
00210
00211
                   lfreqval = atof(lfreqstr.c_str());
                   lnoiseval = atof(lnoisestr.c_str());
00212
                   rfreqval = atof(rfreqstr.c_str());
00213
                   rnoiseval = atof(rnoisestr.c_str());
00214
00215
00216
                   file.close();
00217
               }
00218
00219
               else {
00220
                   throw std::runtime_error("The patient file could not be opened.");
00221
00222
00223
               leftparams.freq = lfreqval;
00224
               leftparams.noise = lnoiseval;
               rightparams.freq = rfreqval;
rightparams.noise = rnoiseval;
00225
00226
00227
00228
               params[Side::Left] = leftparams;
00229
               params[Side::Right] = rightparams;
00230
00231
               return params;
00232
          }
00233
00241
          void WriteParams(std::map<Side, DataParams> params, auto filename) {
00242
              char temp[80];
00243
               std::ofstream file(filename.c_str(),
00244
                        std::ofstream::out | std::ofstream::app);
00245
00246
               //Gives pointer measurementtime a data type of time t.
00247
               time_t measurementtime;
               time(&measurementtime); //Gets the current time.
strftime(temp, 80, "%c", localtime(&measurementtime));
std::string fTime = std::string(temp);
00248
00249
00250
00251
00252
               //if statement to print the Left side parameters to the patient file.
               if(file.is_open()) {
    file << fTime + "," + "Left" + ","</pre>
00253
00254
00255
                        + std::to_string(params[Side::Left].freq)
                        + ", " + std::to_string(params[Side::Left].noise) << std::endl;
00256
00257
               }
00258
00259
               //if statement to print the Right side parameters to the patient file.
               if(file.is_open()) {
    file << fTime + "," + "Right" + ","</pre>
00260
00261
00262
                        + std::to_string(params[Side::Right].freq)
                        + ", " + std::to_string(params[Side::Right].noise) << std::endl;
00263
00264
               }
00265
00266
00267
                   std::cout << "Patient file can not be opened!" << std::endl;
00268
00269
00270
               file.close():
00271
          }
00272 }
00273
00274 #endif
```

8.11 src/fileio_test.cpp File Reference

Contains program that tests some functions in fileio.hpp.

```
#include <fstream>
#include <iostream>
#include <sstream>
#include <string>
#include <time.h>
#include "definitions.hpp"
#include "fileio.hpp"
#include "process.hpp"
```

Include dependency graph for fileio_test.cpp:



Functions

• int main ()

8.11.1 Detailed Description

Contains program that tests some functions in fileio.hpp.

Author

Samuel Andrew Wisner

Definition in file fileio test.cpp.

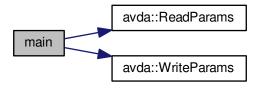
8.11.2 Function Documentation

```
8.11.2.1 int main ( )
```

Tests the functions in fileio.hpp.

Definition at line 23 of file fileio_test.cpp.

Here is the call graph for this function:



8.12 fileio_test.cpp

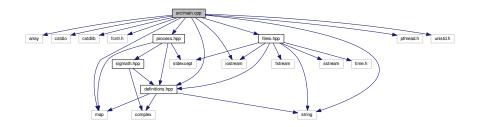
```
00007 #include <fstream>
00008 #include <iostream>
00009 #include <sstream>
00010 #include <string>
00011 #include <time.h>
00013 #include "definitions.hpp"
00014 #include "fileio.hpp"
00015 #include "process.hpp"
00016
00017 using namespace std;
00018 using namespace avda;
00019
00023 int main() {
            string path = PATIENT_PATH + "wizmack, sammy andy.csv";
00024
             map<Side, DataParams> laMap = ReadParams(path);
cout << laMap[Side::Right].freq << endl;
00025
00026
00027
             cout << laMap[Side::Right].noise << endl;</pre>
00028
00029
             WriteParams(laMap, path);
00030 }
```

8.13 src/main.cpp File Reference

Contains the main program.

```
#include <array>
#include <cstdio>
#include <cstdlib>
#include <fcntl.h>
#include <iostream>
#include <map>
#include <pthread.h>
#include <string>
#include <unistd.h>
#include "definitions.hpp"
#include "fileio.hpp"
#include "process.hpp"
```

Include dependency graph for main.cpp:



Functions

• int main (int argc, char **argv)

8.13.1 Detailed Description

Contains the main program.

Author

Samuel Andrew Wisner, awisner94@gmail.com

Bug extra newline character inserted into stdin buffer after PatientName() is run

Definition in file main.cpp.

8.13.2 Function Documentation

```
8.13.2.1 int main ( int argc, char ** argv )
```

The main program for this project. It will detect avdaspasms over a period of days.

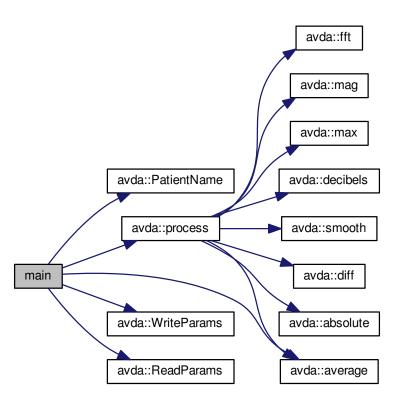
Definition at line 30 of file main.cpp.

```
00030
00031
            // Recorded audio buffer
00032
            float32* buffer = (float32*)std::malloc(BUFFER_SIZE);
           bool cont = true; // whether to continue in the recording loop
DataParams params[REC_COUNT]; // holds DataParam's from recordings
00033
00034
00035
           string filename = PatientName(); // generate name for patient's file
map<Side, DataParams> results; // parameters by side
00036
           map<Side, DataParams> results;
00037
00038
            // arecord command
00039
           const string recCommand = string("arecord -t raw -d ")
                + to_string(DURATION) + string(" -D plughw:1,0 -f FLOAT -q -r ")
+ to_string(SAMPLE_FREQ) + string(" ") + TEMP_FILE;
00040
00041
00042
00043
           // Recording
00044
           while (cont) {
00045
                for(uint8 i = 0; i < REC_COUNT; i++) {</pre>
                     00046
00047
00048
00049
00050
00051
00052
                     cout << "Analyzing..." << endl;
00053
00054
                     system(recCommand.c_str());
usleep(DURATION*1000000 + 1500000); // sleep DURATION + 1.5 seconds
00055
00056
00057
                     int file = open(TEMP_FILE.c_str(), O_RDONLY); // open temp file
```

```
int retRead = read(file, buffer, BUFFER_SIZE); // copy to buffer
00059
                   close(file); // close temp file
                   remove(TEMP_FILE.c_str()); // delete temp file
00060
00061
                   // if something goes wrong reading the temp file, program exits if(file < 0 || retRead < BUFFER_SIZE) { cerr << "An error occurred reading the doppler audio! "
00062
00063
00064
00065
                            "The program will now exit." << endl;
00066
                        return ERROR;
00067
                    }
00068
                   // process and store parameters
00069
00070
                   params[i] = process(buffer, SAMPLE_COUNT,
      SAMPLE_FREQ);
00071
                    cout << "The analysis is complete." << endl << endl;</pre>
00072
00073
00074
               // calculate averaged parameters
               results[Side::Left] = average(params, REC_COUNT / 2);
00076
               results[Side::Right] = average(&params[REC_COUNT / 2], REC_COUNT / 2);
00077
00078
               cout << "Analysis is complete." << endl << endl;</pre>
00079
00080
               // print averaged side analysis
for(int i = 0; i < 2; i++) {</pre>
00081
                  Side side = (Side)i;
00082
                   00083
00084
00085
                   cout << "Average relative noiseband power: "
00086
00087
                       << (sint16) (results[side].noise - 0.5) << " dB" << endl <<endl;
00088
               }
00089
00090
               cont = results[Side::Left].freq > MAX_DROP_FREQ
00091
                   || results[Side::Right].freq > MAX_DROP_FREQ;
00092
00093
               if(cont) {
                   cout << "An error in aquisition of the doppler audio has occurred! "
00094
                        "Ensure the connection from the doppler machine to this device "
"is secure and the connection uninterruptable." << endl << endl;
00095
00096
00097
               }
00098
          }
00099
00100
           free(buffer); // free buffer to prevent memory leak
           WriteParams(results, filename);
00101
00102
00103
           // examine likelihood of avdaspasm
00104
           try {
              map<Side, DataParams> baseParams = ReadParams(filename);
00105
00106
               map<Side, bool> comparison;
00107
00108
               for(uint8 i = 0; i < 2; i++) {</pre>
00109
                   Side side = (Side)i;
00110
                   float comp = (results[side].freq - baseParams[side].freq)
                        * (baseParams[side].noise - results[side].noise);
00111
                   comparison[side] = comp > DET_THRESH;
00112
00113
00114
00115
               string which;
00116
00117
               if(comparison[Side::Left] && !comparison[Side::Right]) {
                   which = "The left";
00118
00119
               } else if(!comparison[Side::Left] && comparison[Side::Right]) {
00120
                   which = "The right";
00121
               } else if (comparison[Side::Left] && comparison[Side::Right]) {
00122
                   which = "Both";
00123
               } else {
                   which = "Neither";
00124
00125
00126
00127
               cout << which << " side seems to show evidence of a vasospasm." << endl;</pre>
00128
           } catch(runtime_error ex)
               cout << "These values will be stored as the baseline parameters to "
    "which all future parameters are compared." << endl;</pre>
00129
00130
00131
           }
00132 }
```

8.14 main.cpp 43

Here is the call graph for this function:



8.14 main.cpp

```
00009 #include <array>
00010 #include <cstdio>
00011 #include <cstdlib>
00012 #include <fcntl.h>
00013 #include <iostream>
00014 #include <map>
00015 #include <pthread.h>
00016 #include <string>
00017 #include <unistd.h>
00018
00019 #include "definitions.hpp"
00020 #include "fileio.hpp"
00021 #include "process.hpp"
00022
00023 using namespace std;
00024 using namespace avda;
00025
00030 int main(int argc, char** argv) {
00031
         // Recorded audio buffer
00032
           float32* buffer = (float32*)std::malloc(BUFFER_SIZE);
          bool cont = true; // whether to continue in the recording loop
DataParams params[REC_COUNT]; // holds DataParam's from recordings
00033
00034
          string filename = PatientName(); // generate name for patient's file
map<Side, DataParams> results; // parameters by side
00035
00036
00037
00038
           // arecord command
          00039
00040
00041
00042
00043
          // Recording
00044
          while (cont) {
```

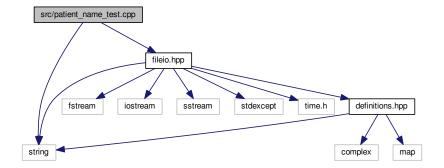
```
for(uint8 i = 0; i < REC_COUNT; i++) {</pre>
                    00046
00047
00048
00049
00050
                    << " ";
getchar(); // wait for ENTER to be pressed</pre>
00052
                     cout << "Analyzing..." << endl;
00053
                    system(recCommand.c_str());
usleep(DURATION*1000000 + 1500000); // sleep DURATION + 1.5 seconds
00054
00055
00056
                    int file = open(TEMP_FILE.c_str(), O_RDONLY); // open temp file
int retRead = read(file, buffer, BUFFER_SIZE); // copy to buffer
close(file); // close temp file
00057
00058
00059
                    remove(TEMP_FILE.c_str()); // delete temp file
00060
00061
00062
                     // if something goes wrong reading the temp file, program exits
                     if(file < 0 || retRead < BUFFER_SIZE) {</pre>
00063
                         cerr << "An error occurred reading the doppler audio! "
00064
00065
                             "The program will now exit." << endl;
00066
                         return ERROR;
00067
                    }
00068
00069
                    // process and store parameters
                    params[i] = process(buffer, SAMPLE_COUNT,
      SAMPLE_FREQ);
00071
                    cout << "The analysis is complete." << endl << endl;</pre>
00072
00073
                // calculate averaged parameters
results[Side::Left] = average(params, REC_COUNT / 2);
00074
00075
00076
                results[Side::Right] = average(&params[REC_COUNT / 2], REC_COUNT / 2);
00077
00078
                cout << "Analysis is complete." << endl << endl;</pre>
00079
08000
                // print averaged side analysis
                for(int i = 0; i < 2; i++) {
                    Side side = (Side)i;
00082
                    cout << (side == Side::Left ? "[LEFT]" : "[RIGHT]") << endl;
cout << "Drop-off frequency: " << (uint16) (results[side].freq + 0.5)</pre>
00083
00084
                         << " Hz" << endl;
00085
                    cout << "Average relative noiseband power: "
00086
                         << (sint16) (results[side].noise - 0.5) << " dB" << endl <<endl;
00087
00088
00089
00090
                cont = results[Side::Left].freq > MAX_DROP_FREQ
00091
                    || results[Side::Right].freq > MAX_DROP_FREQ;
00092
00093
                if(cont) {
00094
                           "An error in aquisition of the doppler audio has occurred! '
                    cout
                         "Ensure the connection from the doppler machine to this device "
"is secure and the connection uninterruptable." << endl << endl;
00095
00096
00097
               }
00098
           }
00099
           free(buffer); // free buffer to prevent memory leak
00100
00101
           WriteParams(results, filename);
00102
00103
           // examine likelihood of avdaspasm
00104
               map<Side, DataParams> baseParams = ReadParams(filename);
00105
00106
                map<Side, bool> comparison;
00107
00108
                for(uint8 i = 0; i < 2; i++) {</pre>
                    Side side = (Side)i;
float comp = (results[side].freq - baseParams[side].freq)
00109
00110
                         * (baseParams[side].noise - results[side].noise);
00111
                    comparison[side] = comp > DET_THRESH;
00112
00113
                }
00114
00115
                string which;
00116
                if(comparison[Side::Left] && !comparison[Side::Right]) {
00117
00118
                    which = "The left";
00119
                } else if(!comparison[Side::Left] && comparison[Side::Right]) {
00120
                    which = "The right";
00121
                } else if (comparison[Side::Left] && comparison[Side::Right]) {
00122
                    which = "Both";
                } else {
00123
                   which = "Neither";
00124
00125
                }
00126
                cout << which << " side seems to show evidence of a vasospasm." << endl;</pre>
00127
           } catch(runtime_error ex) {
   cout << "These values will be stored as the baseline parameters to "
    "which all future parameters are compared." << endl;</pre>
00128
00129
00130
```

```
00131 }
00132 }
```

8.15 src/patient_name_test.cpp File Reference

Contains a program to test the PatientName() function.

```
#include <string>
#include "fileio.hpp"
Include dependency graph for patient_name_test.cpp:
```



Functions

• int main (int argc, char **argv)

8.15.1 Detailed Description

Contains a program to test the PatientName() function.

Author

Samuel Andrew Wisner, awisner94@gmail.com

Definition in file patient_name_test.cpp.

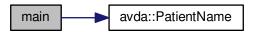
8.15.2 Function Documentation

```
8.15.2.1 int main ( int argc, char ** argv )
```

Tests the PatientName() function from fileio.hpp.

Definition at line 17 of file patient_name_test.cpp.

Here is the call graph for this function:



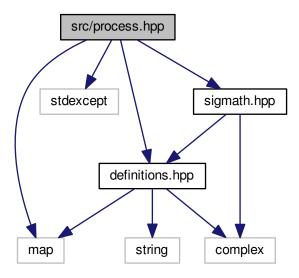
8.16 patient_name_test.cpp

8.17 src/process.hpp File Reference

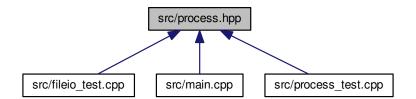
Contains functions related to the program's threaded processing of audio data.

```
#include <map>
#include <stdexcept>
#include "definitions.hpp"
#include "sigmath.hpp"
```

Include dependency graph for process.hpp:



This graph shows which files directly or indirectly include this file:



Namespaces

avda

Functions

• DataParams avda::process (float32 *data, uint32 size, float32 samplingRate)

8.17.1 Detailed Description

Contains functions related to the program's threaded processing of audio data.

Author

Samuel Andrew Wisner, awisner94@gmail.com

Definition in file process.hpp.

8.18 process.hpp

```
00001
00008 #ifndef process_H
00009 #define process_H
00010
00011 #include <map>
00012 #include <stdexcept>
00013
00014 #include "definitions.hpp"
00015 #include "sigmath.hpp"
00016
00017 namespace avda {
         DataParams process(float32* data, uint32 size,
      float32 samplingRate) {
               if((size & (size - 1) != 0) || size < 2) {</pre>
00049
                   throw std::invalid_argument(
00050
                             "The number of samples is not a power of two!");
00051
00052
00053
00054
               //\ {\tt declare}\ {\tt function-scoped}\ {\tt variables}
               uint32 freqSize = size / 2;
cfloat32* cdata = (cfloat32*)std::malloc(size * sizeof(
00055
00056
      cfloat32));
00057
               float32* fdata = (float32*)std::malloc(freqSize * sizeof(
      float32));
00058
                float32* origdata = (float32*)std::malloc(freqSize * sizeof(
      float32));
00059
00060
               // convert data to complex numbers for fft() \,
               for (uint32 i = 0; i < size; i++) {</pre>
00061
00062
                   cdata[i] = data[i];
00063
00064
               \ensuremath{//} find frequency spectrum in relative decibels
00065
               fft (cdata, size);
mag(cdata, fdata, freqSize);
00066
00067
00068
               Maximum maximum = max(fdata, freqSize);
00069
00070
               for(uint32 i = 0; i < freqSize; i++) {</pre>
                    fdata[i] /= maximum.value;
00071
00072
00073
00074
               decibels(fdata, freqSize);
00075
00076
               for(uint32 i = 0; i < freqSize; i++) {</pre>
00077
                    origdata[i] = fdata[i];
00078
00079
08000
00081
                * Run spectrum values through moving-average filter to smooth the
00082
                * curve and make it easier to determine the derivative.
00083
00084
               smooth(fdata, freqSize, 20);
00085
00086
00087
                \star Find the derivative of the smoothed spectrum. Bote that both this
00088
                 \star filter and the previous are necessary to the algorithm.
00089
00090
               diff(fdata, freqSize);
               smooth(fdata, freqSize, 100);
00091
00092
               absolute(fdata, freqSize);
00093
00094
                // find the parameters of this specific recording
00095
               uint16 offset = 1000;
00096
               absolute(&fdata[offset], freqSize - offset);
               maximum = max(&fdata[offset], freqSize - offset);
uint32 index = maximum.index + offset;
00097
00098
00099
00100
               DataParams params;
               params.freq = index * (float)SAMPLE_FREQ / freqSize / 2;
params.noise = average(&origdata[index + offset],
00101
00102
00103
                        freqSize - offset - index);
00104
00105
               free(cdata);
00106
               free(fdata);
```

```
00107

00108 return params;

00109

00110 }

00111 }

00112

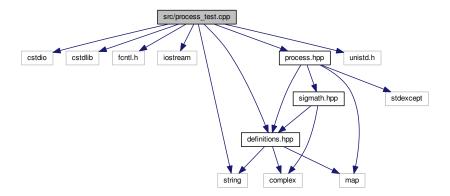
00113 #endif
```

8.19 src/process_test.cpp File Reference

Contains a program to test the process() function.

```
#include <cstdio>
#include <cstdlib>
#include <fcntl.h>
#include <iostream>
#include <string>
#include <unistd.h>
#include "definitions.hpp"
#include "process.hpp"
```

Include dependency graph for process_test.cpp:



Macros

#define COUNT 131072

Functions

• int main (int argc, char **argv)

8.19.1 Detailed Description

Contains a program to test the process() function.

Author

Samuel Andrew Wisner, awisner94@gmail.com

Definition in file process_test.cpp.

8.19.2 Macro Definition Documentation

8.19.2.1 #define COUNT 131072

Definition at line 17 of file process_test.cpp.

8.19.3 Function Documentation

```
8.19.3.1 int main ( int argc, char ** argv )
```

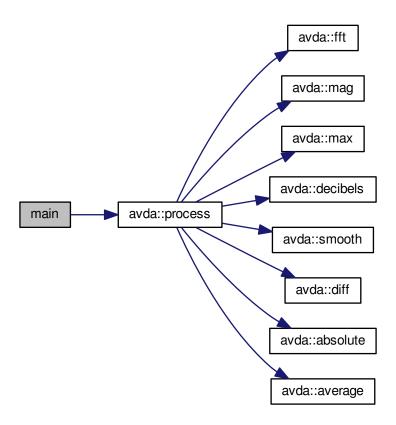
Tests the process() function from process.hpp.

Definition at line 25 of file process_test.cpp.

```
00025
00026
            int file = open("/home/pi/avda/etc/audio/test.raw", O_RDONLY);
00027
            if(file < 0) {
   cerr << "File unreadable!" << endl;</pre>
00028
00029
00030
                 return -1;
00031
00032
            float32* buffer = (float32*)malloc(COUNT * sizeof(float32));
00033
00034
            int charRead = read(file, buffer, COUNT * sizeof(float32));
00035
            if(charRead < COUNT) {
   cerr << "Too few bytes read!" << endl;</pre>
00036
00037
                return -1;
00038
00039
00040
00041
            close(file);
00042
            DataParams params = process(buffer, COUNT, SAMPLE_FREQ);
00043
00044
            free(buffer);
cout << "Cutoff: " << params.freq << endl;
cout << "Noise: " << params.noise << endl;</pre>
00045
00046
00047 }
```

8.20 process_test.cpp 51

Here is the call graph for this function:



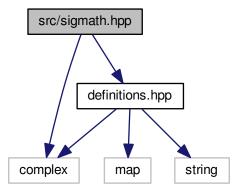
8.20 process_test.cpp

```
00001
00007 #include <cstdio>
00008 #include <cstdlib>
00009 #include <fcntl.h>
00010 #include <iostream>
00011 #include <string>
00012 #include <unistd.h>
00013
00014 #include "definitions.hpp"
00015 #include "process.hpp"
00016
00017 #define COUNT 131072
00018
00019 using namespace std;
00020 using namespace avda;
00021
00025 int main(int argc, char** argv) {
00026
          int file = open("/home/pi/avda/etc/audio/test.raw", O_RDONLY);
00027
           if(file < 0) {
   cerr << "File unreadable!" << endl;</pre>
00028
00029
00030
               return -1;
00031
00032
00033
           float32* buffer = (float32*)malloc(COUNT * sizeof(float32));
           int charRead = read(file, buffer, COUNT * sizeof(float32));
00034
00035
           if(charRead < COUNT) {
    cerr << "Too few bytes read!" << endl;</pre>
00036
00037
                return -1;
```

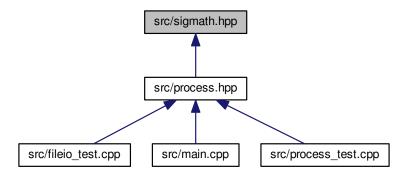
8.21 src/sigmath.hpp File Reference

Contains the functions necessary to perform the mathematical operations required by this program.

```
#include <complex>
#include "definitions.hpp"
Include dependency graph for sigmath.hpp:
```



This graph shows which files directly or indirectly include this file:



8.22 sigmath.hpp 53

Namespaces

avda

Functions

- void avda::absolute (float32 *data, uint32 size)
- float32 avda::average (float32 *data, uint32 size)
- DataParams avda::average (DataParams *params, uint8 size)
- void avda::decibels (float32 *data, uint32 size)
- void avda::diff (float32 *data, uint32 size)
- void avda::fft (cfloat32 *data, uint32 size)
- void avda::mag (cfloat32 *orig, float32 *newmags, uint32 size)
- Maximum avda::max (float32 *data, uint32 size)
- void avda::smooth (float32 *data, uint32 size, uint16 order)

8.21.1 Detailed Description

Contains the functions necessary to perform the mathematical operations required by this program.

Author

```
Samuel Andrew Wisner, awisner94@gmail.com
Nicholas K. Nolan
```

Definition in file sigmath.hpp.

8.22 sigmath.hpp

```
00009 #ifndef sigmath_H
00010 #define sigmath_H
00011
00012 #include <complex>
00013 #include "definitions.hpp"
00014
00015 namespace avda {
00016
         // PROTOTYPES
00017
          void absolute(float32* data, uint32 size);
00026
00027
00037
          float32 average(float32* data, uint32 size);
00038
00049
          DataParams average (DataParams* params, uint8 size);
00050
00062
          void decibels(float32* data, uint32 size);
00063
00072
          void diff(float32* data, uint32 size);
00073
00085
          void fft(cfloat32* data, uint32 size);
00086
00096
          void mag(cfloat32* orig, float32* newmags, uint32 size);
00097
00107
          Maximum max(float32* data, uint32 size);
00108
00119
          void smooth(float32* data, uint32 size, uint16 order);
00120
          // DEFINITIONS
00121
00122
          void absolute(float32* data, uint32 size) {
00123
00124
              for(uint32 i = 0; i < size; i++) {</pre>
00125
                  data[i] = fabsf(data[i]);
00126
00127
          }
00128
00129
          float32 average(float32* data, uint32 size) {
00130
              float32 ave;
00131
```

```
for(uint32 i = 0; i < size; i++) {</pre>
                 ave += data[i];
00133
00134
               }
00135
               ave = ave / size;
00136
              return ave;
00137
00138
          }
00139
00140
          DataParams average(DataParams* params, uint8 size) {
00141
               DataParams ave;
00142
00143
               for(uint8 i = 0; i < size; i++) {</pre>
00144
                   //freq is an attribute. this is how to add structure attributes
00145
                   ave.freq += params[i].freq;
00146
                   ave.noise += params[i].noise;
00147
00148
              ave.freq /= size;
ave.noise /= size;
00149
00150
00151
              return ave;
00152
00153
          void decibels(float32* data, uint32 size) {
00154
              for (uint32 i = 0; i < size; i++) {
   data[i] = 20 * log10(data[i]);</pre>
00155
00156
00157
00158
00159
          void diff(float32* data, uint32 size) {
00160
00161
               float32 temp[size];
00162
               temp[0] = 0;
00163
00164
               for(uint32 i = 1; i < size; i++) {</pre>
00165
                  temp[i] = data[i] - data[i-1];
00166
00167
               for (uint32 i = 0; i < size; i++) {</pre>
00168
                  data[i] = temp[i];
00169
00170
00171
        }
00172
          void fft(cfloat32* data, uint32 size) {
00173
00174
              // DFT
               uint32 k = size;
00175
00176
              uint32 n;
00177
               float32 thetaT = M_PI / size;
00178
               cfloat32 phiT(cos(thetaT), sin(thetaT));
00179
               cfloat32 T;
00180
00181
               while (k > 1) {
                 n = k;
k >>= 1;
phiT = phiT * phiT;
00182
00183
00184
00185
                   T = 1.0L;
00186
                   for(uint32 1 = 0; 1 < k; 1++) {
    for(uint32 a = 1; a < size; a += n) {</pre>
00187
00189
                           uint32 b = a + k;
00190
                            cfloat32 t = data[a] - data[b];
                            data[a] += data[b];
data[b] = t * T;
00191
00192
00193
00194
00195
                        T \star = phiT;
00196
                   }
00197
               }
00198
               // Decimate
00199
00200
               uint32 m = (uint32) log2 (size);
00201
00202
               for(uint32 a = 0; a < size; a++) {</pre>
00203
                   uint32 b = a;
00204
                   // Reverse bits
00205
00206
                   b = (((b \& 0xaaaaaaaaa) >> 1) | ((b \& 0x55555555) << 1));
00207
                   b = (((b \& 0xccccccc) >> 2) | ((b \& 0x33333333) << 2));
00208
                   b = (((b & 0xf0f0f0f0) >> 4) | ((b & 0x0f0f0f0f) << 4));
00209
                   b = (((b \& 0xff00ff00) >> 8) | ((b \& 0x00ff00ff) << 8));
                   b = ((b >> 16) | (b << 16)) >> (32 - m);
00210
00211
00212
                   if (b > a)
                   {
                        cfloat32 t = data[a];
data[a] = data[b];
00214
00215
                        data[b] = t;
00216
00217
                   }
00218
               }
```

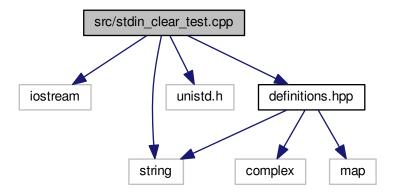
```
00219
         }
00220
00221
          void mag(cfloat32* orig, float32* newmags, uint32 size) {
00222
              //loop to run throught the length of array orig
00223
              for (uint32 n = 0; n < size; n++) {</pre>
00224
                  * abs should calculate the magnitude of complex array elements.
00226
                  * saves to new array
00227
00228
                  newmags[n] = std::abs(orig[n]);
              }
00229
00230
        }
00231
00232
        Maximum max(float32* data, uint32 size) {
00233
             Maximum m;
00234
              //loop to run through the length of array data
00235
00236
              for (uint32 i = 0; i < size; i++) {</pre>
00238
                  * when value at data[i] is above max.value,
00239
                   * sets max.value equal to data[i] and max.index equal to i
00240
00241
                  if (data[i] > m.value) {
                      m.value = data[i];
00242
00243
                      m.index = i;
00245
              }
00246
00247
              return m;
00248
        }
00249
         void smooth(float32* data, uint32 size, uint16 order) {
00251
            float32 coeff = 1 / (float32)order;
00252
              float32 temp[size];
00253
              for (uint32 i = 0; i < size; i++) {</pre>
00254
00255
                 temp[i] = 0;
00257
                  for (uint16 j = 0; j < order && j <= i; j++) {</pre>
00258
                     temp[i] += data[i - j];
00259
00260
00261
                  temp[i] *= coeff;
00262
              }
00263
00264
              for(uint32 i = 0; i < size; i++) {</pre>
00265
                 data[i] = temp[i];
00266
00267
         }
00268 }
00269
00270 #endif
```

8.23 src/stdin_clear_test.cpp File Reference

Contains a program to test clearing the stdin buffer.

```
#include <iostream>
#include <string>
#include <unistd.h>
#include "definitions.hpp"
```

Include dependency graph for stdin_clear_test.cpp:



Macros

• #define COUNT 80

Functions

• int main (int argc, char **argv)

8.23.1 Detailed Description

Contains a program to test clearing the stdin buffer.

Author

Samuel Andrew Wisner, awisner94@gmail.com Nicholas K. Nolan

Definition in file stdin_clear_test.cpp.

8.23.2 Macro Definition Documentation

8.23.2.1 #define COUNT 80

Definition at line 14 of file stdin_clear_test.cpp.

8.23.3 Function Documentation

8.23.3.1 int main (int argc, char ** argv)

Tests the ability to clear the stdin buffer.

Definition at line 22 of file stdin_clear_test.cpp.

```
00022
00023
             char text1[COUNT];
00024
            char text2[COUNT];
00025
             cout << "Enter text to ignore: ";</pre>
00026
            cout.flush();
read(STDIN_FILENO, &text1, COUNT);
00027
00029 //
            fflush(stdin);
00030
             cout << endl << "Enter text to print: ";</pre>
            cout.flush();
read(STDIN_FILENO, &text2, COUNT);
cout << endl << "In buffer: " << text2 << endl;</pre>
00031
00032
00033
00034 }
```

8.24 stdin_clear_test.cpp

```
00008 #include <iostream>
00009 #include <string>
00010 #include <unistd.h>
00011
00012 #include "definitions.hpp"
00013
00014 #define COUNT 80
00015
00016 using namespace std;
00017 using namespace avda;
00018
00022 int main(int argc, char** argv) {
00023
          char text1[COUNT];
00024
          char text2[COUNT];
00025
          cout << "Enter text to ignore: ";
cout.flush();</pre>
00026
00027
00028
           read(STDIN_FILENO, &text1, COUNT);
00029 //
          fflush(stdin);
00030
          cout << endl << "Enter text to print: ";</pre>
00031
           cout.flush();
           read(STDIN_FILENO, &text2, COUNT);
00032
           cout << endl << "In buffer: " << text2 << endl;
00033
00034 }
```

Index

avda, 22

```
absolute
                                                       value
     avda, 12
                                                            Maximum, 26
avda, 11
    absolute, 12
    average, 12, 13
    decibels, 13
    diff, 14
    fft, 14
    Left, 11
    mag, 15
    max, 16
    process, 18
     Right, 11
    Side, 11
    smooth, 22
average
    avda, 12, 13
decibels
     avda, 13
diff
    avda, 14
fft
    avda, 14
index
    Maximum, 26
Left
    avda, 11
mag
    avda, 15
makefile, 28
max
    avda, 16
Maximum, 25
    index, 26
    value, 26
process
    avda, 18
Right
    avda, 11
Side
    avda, 11
smooth
```