



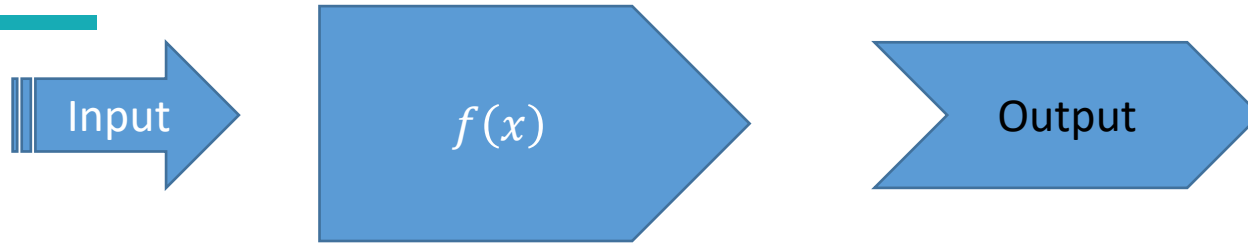
# Functions

Week 1 Part 2

# Objectives:

- Understand the definition of **domain** and **range**

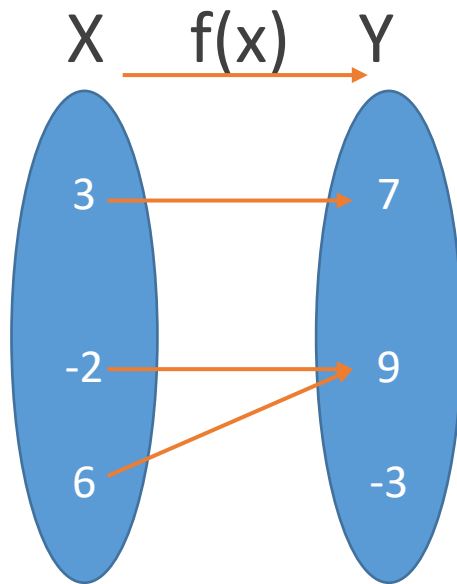
# Domain and Range



- The set of inputs for a function is called the ***domain*** of the function. To define a function fully, the domain must be stated.
- The set of output is called the ***range*** of the function.

# Example

Write the Domain and range

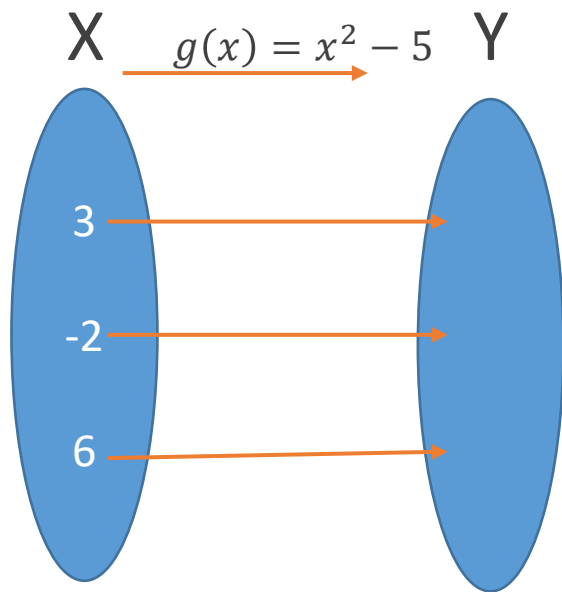


Domain =  $\{ 3, -2, 6 \}$

Range =  $\{ 7, 9 \}$

# Example

Write the Domain and range



Domain =

Range =

# Function values

If  $f(x) = 2x^2 - 5$ , find  $f(3)$  and  $f(-1)$

**Solution:**

As  $f(x)$  is the output of the mapping,  $f(3)$  is the output when 3 is the input, i.e.  $f(3)$  is the value of  $2x^2 - 5$  when  $x = 3$

$$f(3) = 2(3)^2 - 5 = 13$$

$$f(-1) = 2(-1)^2 - 5 = -3$$

## Exercise

1. Find whether  $y$  is a function of  $x$  . Give reasons.

a)  $3y^2 + 5x = 6$    b)  $8x + 2y = 6$    c)  $y^3 - 3x = 4$

2. If  $f(x) = 3x^3 + 4$  , find  $f(0)$  and  $f(-2)$

3. If  $f(x) = 5x^2 - 3x$  , find  $f(-1)$  and  $f(5)$