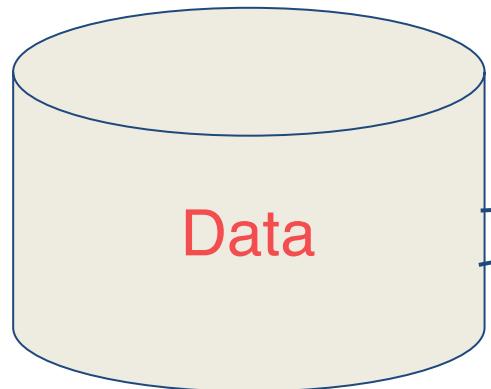


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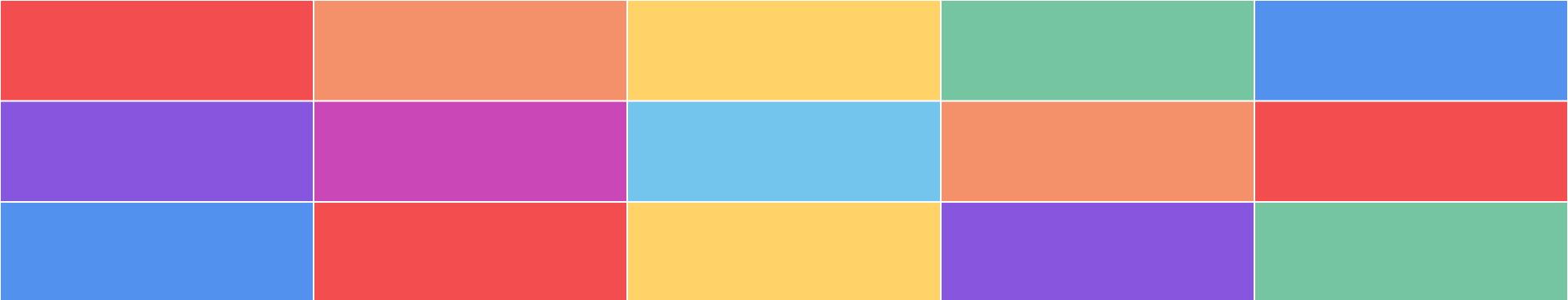
Data

Rules

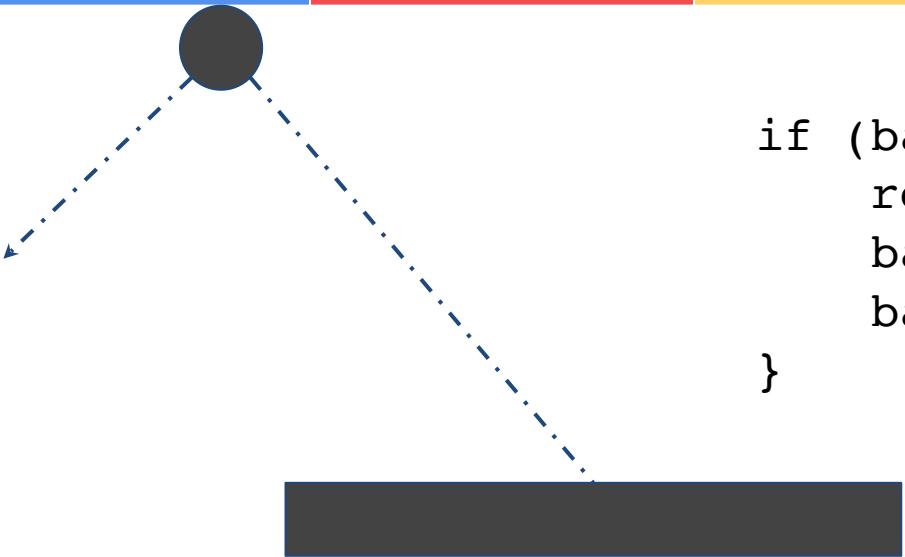
(Expressed in
Code)

```
calcPE(stock){  
    price = readPrice();  
    earnings = readEarnings();  
    return (price/earnings);  
}
```

Answers
(Returned From Code)



```
if (ball.collide(brick)){
    removeBrick();
    ball.dx=-1*(ball.dx);
    ball.dy=-1*(ball.dy);
}
```







Activity Recognition



```
if( speed<4 ) {  
  
    status=WALKING;  
}
```

Activity Recognition



```
if(speed<4){           if(speed<4){  
  
status=WALKING;       status=WALKING;  
}  
} else {  
  
status=RUNNING;  
}
```

Activity Recognition



```
if(speed<4){  
  
status=WALKING;  
}  
}
```



```
if(speed<4){  
  
status=WALKING;  
} else {  
  
status=RUNNING;  
}
```



```
if(speed<4){  
  
status=WALKING;  
} else if(speed<12){  
  
status=RUNNING;  
} else {  
  
status=BIKING;  
}
```

Activity Recognition



```
if(speed<4){  
  
status=WALKING;  
}
```



```
if(speed<4){  
  
status=WALKING;  
} else {  
  
status=RUNNING;  
}
```



```
if(speed<4){  
    status=WALKING;  
} else if(speed<12){  
    status=RUNNING;  
} else {  
    status=BIKING;  
}
```



// Oh crap



Activity Recognition



01010010101001010

10100101010100101

11010100101010010

10100101010010101

00101010

Label =

WALKING

10101001010010101

01010101001001001

0001001001111010

10111110101001001

11101011

Label =

RUNNING

10010100111110101

01110101011101010

11101010101111010

1010111111100011

11010101

Label = BIKING

1111111110100111

0100111101011111

01010101110101010

10111010101010101

00111110

Label =

GOLFING (Sort
of)

X = -1, 0, 1, 2, 3, 4

Y = -3, -1, 1, 3, 5, 7

```
model = tf.keras.Sequential([keras.layers.Dense(units=1, input_shape=[1])])  
model.compile(optimizer='sgd', loss='mean_squared_error')  
  
xs = np.array([-1.0, 0.0, 1.0, 2.0, 3.0, 4.0], dtype=float)  
ys = np.array([-3.0, -1.0, 1.0, 3.0, 5.0, 7.0], dtype=float)  
  
model.fit(xs, ys, epochs=500)  
  
print(model.predict([10.0]))
```

```
model = tf.keras.Sequential([keras.layers.Dense(units=1, input_shape=[1])])
```

```
model.compile(optimizer='sgd', loss='mean_squared_error')
```

```
xs = np.array([-1.0, 0.0, 1.0, 2.0, 3.0, 4.0], dtype=float)
```

```
ys = np.array([-3.0, -1.0, 1.0, 3.0, 5.0, 7.0], dtype=float)
```

```
model.fit(xs, ys, epochs=500)
```

```
print(model.predict([10.0]))
```

```
model = tf.keras.Sequential([keras.layers.Dense(units=1, input_shape=[1])])  
model.compile(optimizer='sgd', loss='mean_squared_error')
```

```
xs = np.array([-1.0, 0.0, 1.0, 2.0, 3.0, 4.0], dtype=float)
```

```
ys = np.array([-3.0, -1.0, 1.0, 3.0, 5.0, 7.0], dtype=float)
```

```
model.fit(xs, ys, epochs=500)
```

```
print(model.predict([10.0]))
```

```
model = tf.keras.Sequential([keras.layers.Dense(units=1, input_shape=[1])])  
model.compile(optimizer='sgd', loss='mean_squared_error')
```

```
xs = np.array([-1.0, 0.0, 1.0, 2.0, 3.0, 4.0], dtype=float)  
ys = np.array([-3.0, -1.0, 1.0, 3.0, 5.0, 7.0], dtype=float)
```

```
model.fit(xs, ys, epochs=500)
```

```
print(model.predict([10.0]))
```

```
model = tf.keras.Sequential([keras.layers.Dense(units=1, input_shape=[1])])  
model.compile(optimizer='sgd', loss='mean_squared_error')  
  
xs = np.array([-1.0, 0.0, 1.0, 2.0, 3.0, 4.0], dtype=float)  
ys = np.array([-3.0, -1.0, 1.0, 3.0, 5.0, 7.0], dtype=float)  
  
model.fit(xs, ys, epochs=500)  
  
print(model.predict([10.0]))
```



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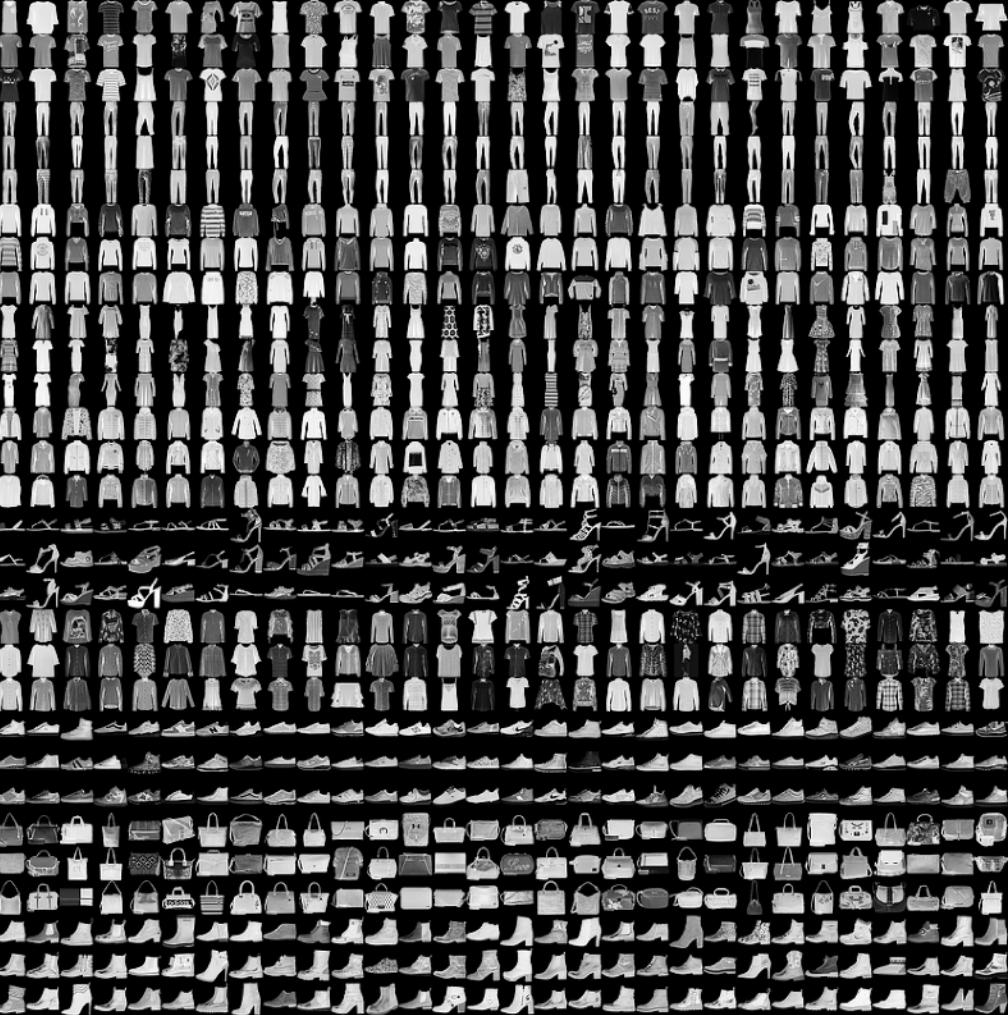
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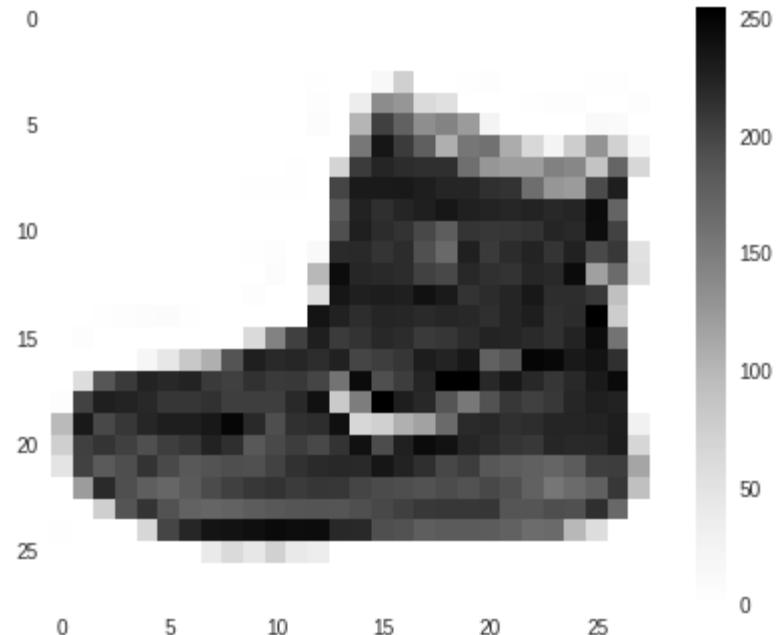
Fashion MNIST

- 70k Images
- 10 Categories
- Images are 28x28
- Can train a neural net!



Fashion MNIST

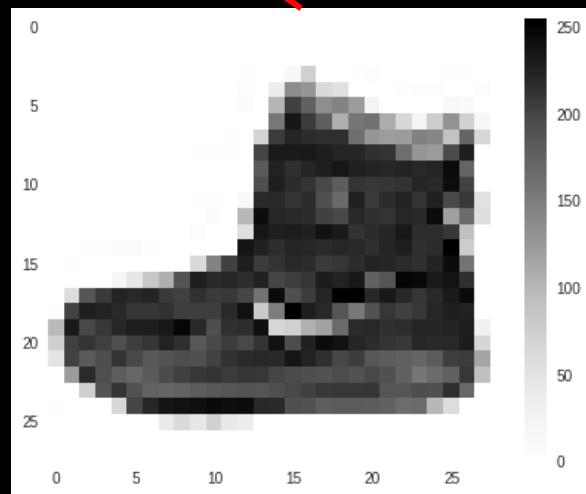
- 70k Images
- 10 Categories
- Images are 28x28
- Can train a neural net!



```
fashion_mnist = tf.keras.datasets.fashion_mnist  
(train_images, train_labels), (test_images, test_labels) = fashion_mnist.load_data()
```

```
fashion_mnist = tf.keras.datasets.fashion_mnist
```

```
(train_images, train_labels), (test_images, test_labels) = fashion_mnist.load_data()
```

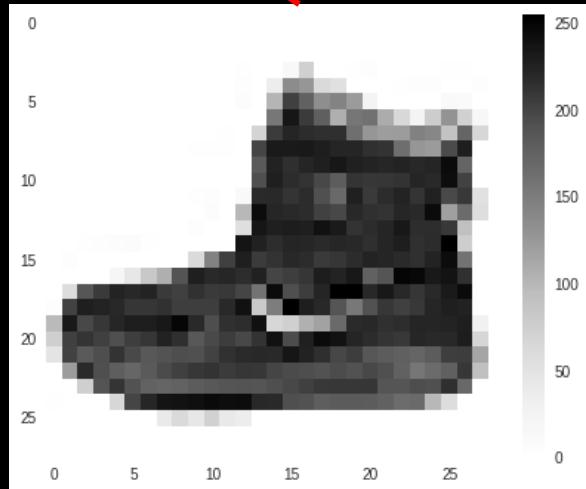


0 9

```
import tensorflow as tf  
from tensorflow import keras
```

```
mnist = tf.keras.datasets.fashion_mnist
```

```
(train_images, train_labels), (test_images, test_labels) = mnist.load_data()
```



09

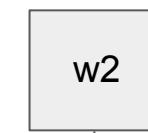
09 = ankle boot;

踝靴；

アンクルブーツ；

Bróg rúitín

```
model = keras.Sequential([  
    keras.layers.Flatten(),  
    keras.layers.Dense(128, activation=tf.nn.relu),  
    keras.layers.Dense(10, activation=tf.nn.softmax)  
])
```



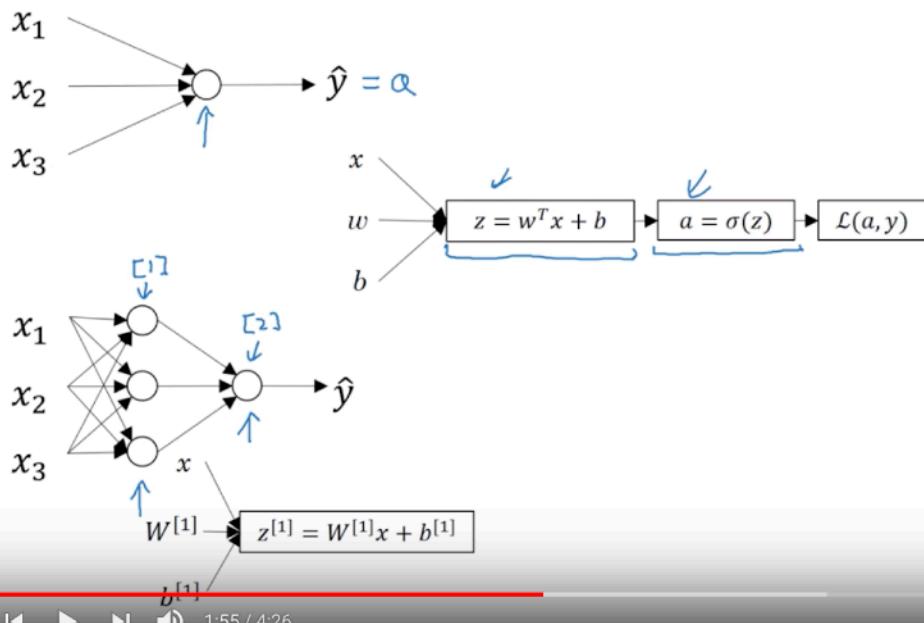
$$w_0 \times 0 + w_1 \times 1 + w_2 \times 2 \dots w_N \times N = 9$$





<https://youtu.be/fXOsFF95ifk>

What is a Neural Network?



Neural Network Overview (C1W3L01)

11,067 views

43 0 SHARE SAVE ...

Neural Networks and Deep Learning (Course 1 of
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- | | |
|--|---|
|  27 One hidden layer Neural Network
Deeplearning.ai 4:27 | Neural Network Overview (C1W3L01)
Deeplearning.ai |
|  26 Neural Network Representations (C1W3L02)
Deeplearning.ai 5:15 | Neural Network Representations (C1W3L02)
Deeplearning.ai |
|  27 Computing Neural Network Output (C1W3L03)
Deeplearning.ai 9:58 | Computing Neural Network Output (C1W3L03)
Deeplearning.ai |
|  28 Vectorizing Across Multiple Examples (C1W3L04)
Deeplearning.ai 9:06 | Vectorizing Across Multiple Examples (C1W3L04)
Deeplearning.ai |
|  29 Explanation For Vectorized Implementation (C1W3L05)
Deeplearning.ai 7:38 | Explanation For Vectorized Implementation (C1W3L05)
Deeplearning.ai |
|  30 Activation Functions (C1W3L06)
Deeplearning.ai 10:57 | Activation Functions (C1W3L06)
Deeplearning.ai |

Why Non-Linear Activation Functions

Complete User Registration system using PHP and MySQL...
Awa Melvine
5.7M views

32:43

```
mnist = tf.keras.datasets.fashion_mnist
(training_images, training_labels), (test_images, test_labels) = mnist.load_data()
training_images=training_images/255.0
test_images=test_images/255.0
model = tf.keras.models.Sequential([
    tf.keras.layers.Flatten(),
    tf.keras.layers.Dense(512, activation=tf.nn.relu),
    tf.keras.layers.Dense(10, activation=tf.nn.softmax)
])
model.compile(optimizer=tf.optimizers.Adam(), loss='sparse_categorical_crossentropy')
model.fit(training_images, training_labels, epochs=5)
```

```
mnist = tf.keras.datasets.fashion_mnist
(training_images, training_labels), (test_images, test_labels) = mnist.load_data()
training_images=training_images/255.0
test_images=test_images/255.0
model = tf.keras.models.Sequential([
    tf.keras.layers.Flatten(),
    tf.keras.layers.Dense(512, activation=tf.nn.relu),
    tf.keras.layers.Dense(10, activation=tf.nn.softmax)
])
model.compile(optimizer=tf.optimizers.Adam(), loss='sparse_categorical_crossentropy')
model.fit(training_images, training_labels, epochs=5)
```

```
class myCallback(tf.keras.callbacks.Callback):  
    def on_epoch_end(self, epoch, logs={}):  
        if(logs.get('loss')<0.4):  
            print("\nLoss is low so cancelling training!")  
            self.model.stop_training = True
```

```
class myCallback(tf.keras.callbacks.Callback):
    def on_epoch_end(self, epoch, logs={}):
        if(logs.get('loss')<0.4):
            print("\nLoss is low so cancelling training!")
            self.model.stop_training = True
```

```
class myCallback(tf.keras.callbacks.Callback):

    def on_epoch_end(self, epoch, logs={}):
        if(logs.get('loss')<0.4):
            print("\nLoss is low so cancelling training!")
            self.model.stop_training = True
```

```
mnist = tf.keras.datasets.fashion_mnist
(training_images, training_labels), (test_images, test_labels) = mnist.load_data()
training_images=training_images/255.0
test_images=test_images/255.0
model = tf.keras.models.Sequential([
    tf.keras.layers.Flatten(),
    tf.keras.layers.Dense(512, activation=tf.nn.relu),
    tf.keras.layers.Dense(10, activation=tf.nn.softmax)
])
model.compile(optimizer=tf.optimizers.Adam(), loss='sparse_categorical_crossentropy')
model.fit(training_images, training_labels, epochs=5)
```

```
callbacks = myCallback()
```

```
mnist = tf.keras.datasets.fashion_mnist
(training_images, training_labels), (test_images, test_labels) = mnist.load_data()
training_images=training_images/255.0
test_images=test_images/255.0
model = tf.keras.models.Sequential([
    tf.keras.layers.Flatten(),
    tf.keras.layers.Dense(512, activation=tf.nn.relu),
    tf.keras.layers.Dense(10, activation=tf.nn.softmax)
])
model.compile(optimizer=tf.optimizers.Adam(), loss='sparse_categorical_crossentropy')
model.fit(training_images, training_labels, epochs=5)
```

```
callbacks = myCallback()

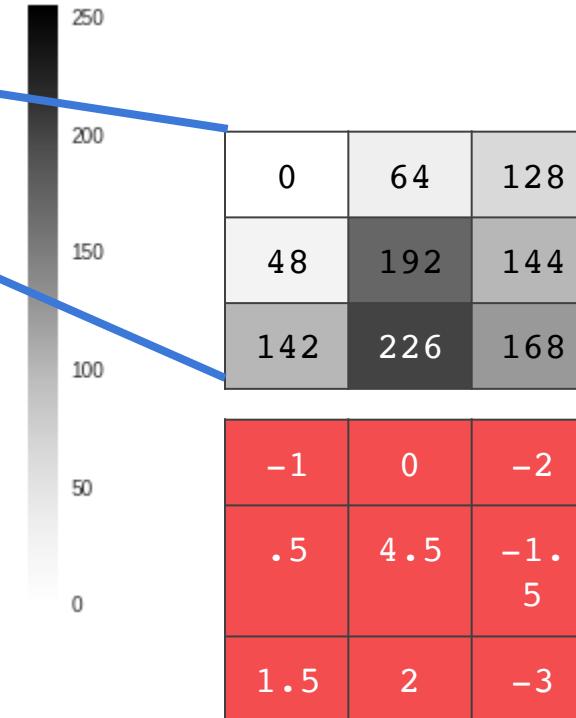
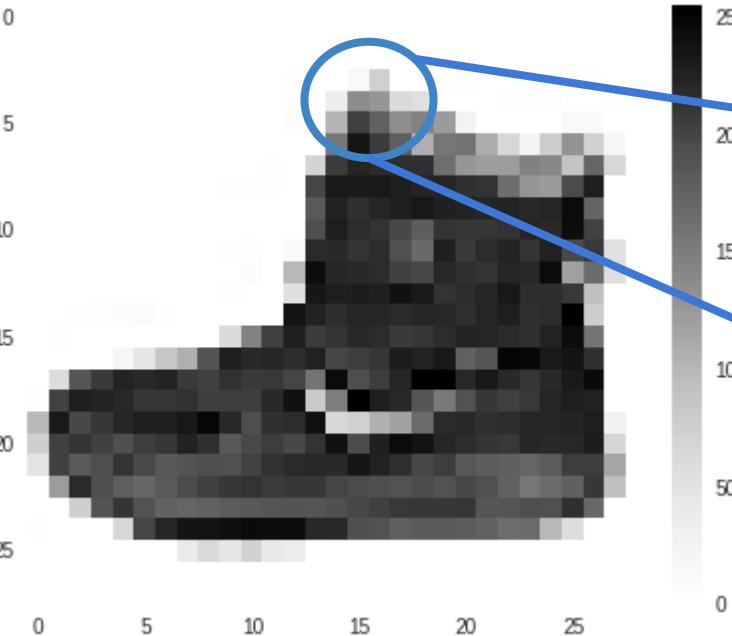
mnist = tf.keras.datasets.fashion_mnist
(training_images, training_labels), (test_images, test_labels) = mnist.load_data()
training_images=training_images/255.0
test_images=test_images/255.0
model = tf.keras.models.Sequential([
    tf.keras.layers.Flatten(),
    tf.keras.layers.Dense(512, activation=tf.nn.relu),
    tf.keras.layers.Dense(10, activation=tf.nn.softmax)
])
model.compile(optimizer=tf.optimizers.Adam(), loss='sparse_categorical_crossentropy')
model.fit(training_images, training_labels, epochs=5, callbacks=[callbacks])
```

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Current Pixel Value is 192

Consider neighbor values

Filter Definition

CURRENT_PIXEL_VALUE = 192

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{NEW_PIXEL_VALUE} = & (-1 * 0) + (0 * 64) + (-2 * 128) + \\
 & (.5 * 48) + (4.5 * 192) + (-1.5 * 144) \\
 & + \\
 & (1.5 * 142) + (2 * 226) + (-3 * 168)
 \end{aligned}$$

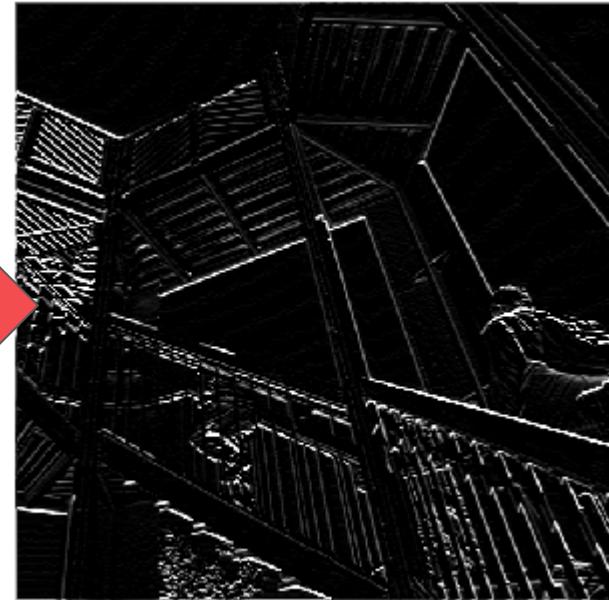


$$\begin{array}{|c|c|c|} \hline -1 & 0 & 1 \\ \hline -2 & 0 & 2 \\ \hline -1 & 0 & 1 \\ \hline \end{array}$$





$$\begin{array}{|c|c|c|} \hline -1 & -2 & -1 \\ \hline 0 & 0 & 0 \\ \hline 1 & 2 & 1 \\ \hline \end{array}$$



0	64	128	128
48	192	144	144
142	226	168	0
255	0	0	64

0	64
48	192

192

128	128
144	144

144

142	226
255	0

255

192	144
255	168

168	0
0	64

168

```
model = tf.keras.models.Sequential([
    tf.keras.layers.Flatten(),
    tf.keras.layers.Dense(128, activation=tf.nn.relu),
    tf.keras.layers.Dense(10, activation=tf.nn.softmax)
])
```

```
model = tf.keras.models.Sequential([
    tf.keras.layers.Conv2D(64, (3,3), activation='relu',
                          input_shape=(28, 28, 1)),
    tf.keras.layers.MaxPooling2D(2, 2),
    tf.keras.layers.Conv2D(64, (3,3), activation='relu'),
    tf.keras.layers.MaxPooling2D(2,2),
    tf.keras.layers.Flatten(),
    tf.keras.layers.Dense(128, activation='relu'),
    tf.keras.layers.Dense(10, activation='softmax')
])
```

```
model = tf.keras.models.Sequential([
    tf.keras.layers.Conv2D(64, (3,3), activation='relu',
                          input_shape=(28, 28, 1)),
    tf.keras.layers.MaxPooling2D(2, 2),
    tf.keras.layers.Conv2D(64, (3,3), activation='relu'),
    tf.keras.layers.MaxPooling2D(2,2),
    tf.keras.layers.Flatten(),
    tf.keras.layers.Dense(128, activation='relu'),
    tf.keras.layers.Dense(10, activation='softmax')
])
```

Computer Vision Problems

Image Classification



Cat? (0/1)

Neural Style Transfer



Object detection



▶ PLAY ALL

Andrew Ng

Convolutional Neural Networks (Course 4 of the Deep Learning Specialization)

42 videos • 415,722 views • Last updated on Nov 7, 2017



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C4W1L01 Computer Vision

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1

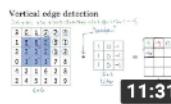


5:44

C4W1L02 Edge Detection Examples

Deeplearning.ai

2



11:31

C4W1L03 More Edge Detection

Deeplearning.ai

3

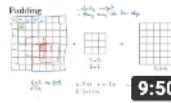


7:58

C4W1L04 Padding

Deeplearning.ai

4

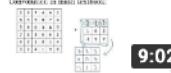


9:50

C4W1L05 Strided Convolutions

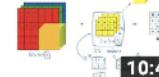
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5



9:02

Convolutions on RGB image



10:45

C4W1L06 Convolutions Over Volumes

Deeplearning.ai

<https://bit.ly/2UGa7uH>

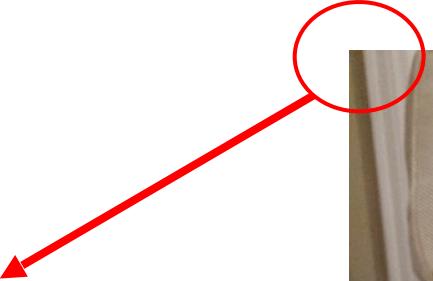
```
model = tf.keras.models.Sequential([
    tf.keras.layers.Conv2D(64, (3,3), activation='relu',
                          input_shape=(28, 28, 1)),
    tf.keras.layers.MaxPooling2D(2, 2),
    tf.keras.layers.Conv2D(64, (3,3), activation='relu'),
    tf.keras.layers.MaxPooling2D(2,2),
    tf.keras.layers.Flatten(),
    tf.keras.layers.Dense(128, activation='relu'),
    tf.keras.layers.Dense(10, activation='softmax')
])
```

```
model = tf.keras.models.Sequential([
    tf.keras.layers.Conv2D(64, (3,3), activation='relu',
                          input_shape=(28, 28, 1)),
    tf.keras.layers.MaxPooling2D(2, 2),
    tf.keras.layers.Conv2D(64, (3,3), activation='relu'),
    tf.keras.layers.MaxPooling2D(2,2),
    tf.keras.layers.Flatten(),
    tf.keras.layers.Dense(128, activation='relu'),
    tf.keras.layers.Dense(10, activation='softmax')
])
```

`model.summary()`

Layer (type)	Output Shape	Param #
conv2d_12 (Conv2D)	(None, 26, 26, 64)	640
max_pooling2d_12 (MaxPooling)	(None, 13, 13, 64)	0
conv2d_13 (Conv2D)	(None, 11, 11, 64)	36928
max_pooling2d_13 (MaxPooling)	(None, 5, 5, 64)	0
flatten_5 (Flatten)	(None, 1600)	0
dense_10 (Dense)	(None, 128)	204928
dense_11 (Dense)	(None, 10)	1290

Layer (type)	Output Shape	Param #
conv2d_12 (Conv2D)	(None, 26, 26, 64)	640
max_pooling2d_12 (MaxPooling)	(None, 13, 13, 64)	0
conv2d_13 (Conv2D)	(None, 11, 11, 64)	36928
max_pooling2d_13 (MaxPooling)	(None, 5, 5, 64)	0
flatten_5 (Flatten)	(None, 1600)	0
dense_10 (Dense)	(None, 128)	204928
dense_11 (Dense)	(None, 10)	1290











Layer (type)	Output Shape	Param #
conv2d_12 (Conv2D)	(None, 26, 26, 64)	640
max_pooling2d_12 (MaxPooling)	(None, 13, 13, 64)	0
conv2d_13 (Conv2D)	(None, 11, 11, 64)	36928
max_pooling2d_13 (MaxPooling)	(None, 5, 5, 64)	0
flatten_5 (Flatten)	(None, 1600)	0
dense_10 (Dense)	(None, 128)	204928
dense_11 (Dense)	(None, 10)	1290

Layer (type)	Output Shape	Param #
conv2d_12 (Conv2D)	(None, 26, 26, 64)	640
max_pooling2d_12 (MaxPooling)	(None, 13, 13, 64)	0
conv2d_13 (Conv2D)	(None, 11, 11, 64)	36928
max_pooling2d_13 (MaxPooling)	(None, 5, 5, 64)	0
flatten_5 (Flatten)	(None, 1600)	0
dense_10 (Dense)	(None, 128)	204928
dense_11 (Dense)	(None, 10)	1290

Layer (type)	Output Shape	Param #
conv2d_12 (Conv2D)	(None, 26, 26, 64)	640
max_pooling2d_12 (MaxPooling)	(None, 13, 13, 64)	0
conv2d_13 (Conv2D)	(None, 11, 11, 64)	36928
max_pooling2d_13 (MaxPooling)	(None, 5, 5, 64)	0
flatten_5 (Flatten)	(None, 1600)	0
dense_10 (Dense)	(None, 128)	204928
dense_11 (Dense)	(None, 10)	1290

Layer (type)	Output Shape	Param #
conv2d_12 (Conv2D)	(None, 26, 26, 64)	640
max_pooling2d_12 (MaxPooling)	(None, 13, 13, 64)	0
conv2d_13 (Conv2D)	(None, 11, 11, 64)	36928
max_pooling2d_13 (MaxPooling)	(None, 5, 5, 64)	0
flatten_5 (Flatten)	(None, 1600)	0
dense_10 (Dense)	(None, 128)	204928
dense_11 (Dense)	(None, 10)	1290

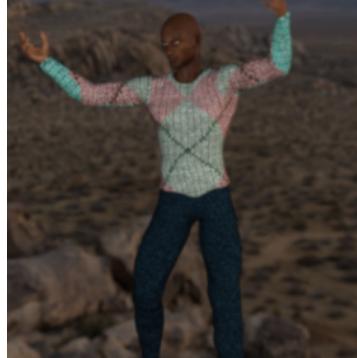
Layer (type)	Output Shape	Param #
conv2d_12 (Conv2D)	(None, 26, 26, 64)	640
max_pooling2d_12 (MaxPooling)	(None, 13, 13, 64)	0
conv2d_13 (Conv2D)	(None, 11, 11, 64)	36928
max_pooling2d_13 (MaxPooling)	(None, 5, 5, 64)	0
flatten_5 (Flatten)	(None, 1600)	0
dense_10 (Dense)	(None, 128)	204928
dense_11 (Dense)	(None, 10)	1290

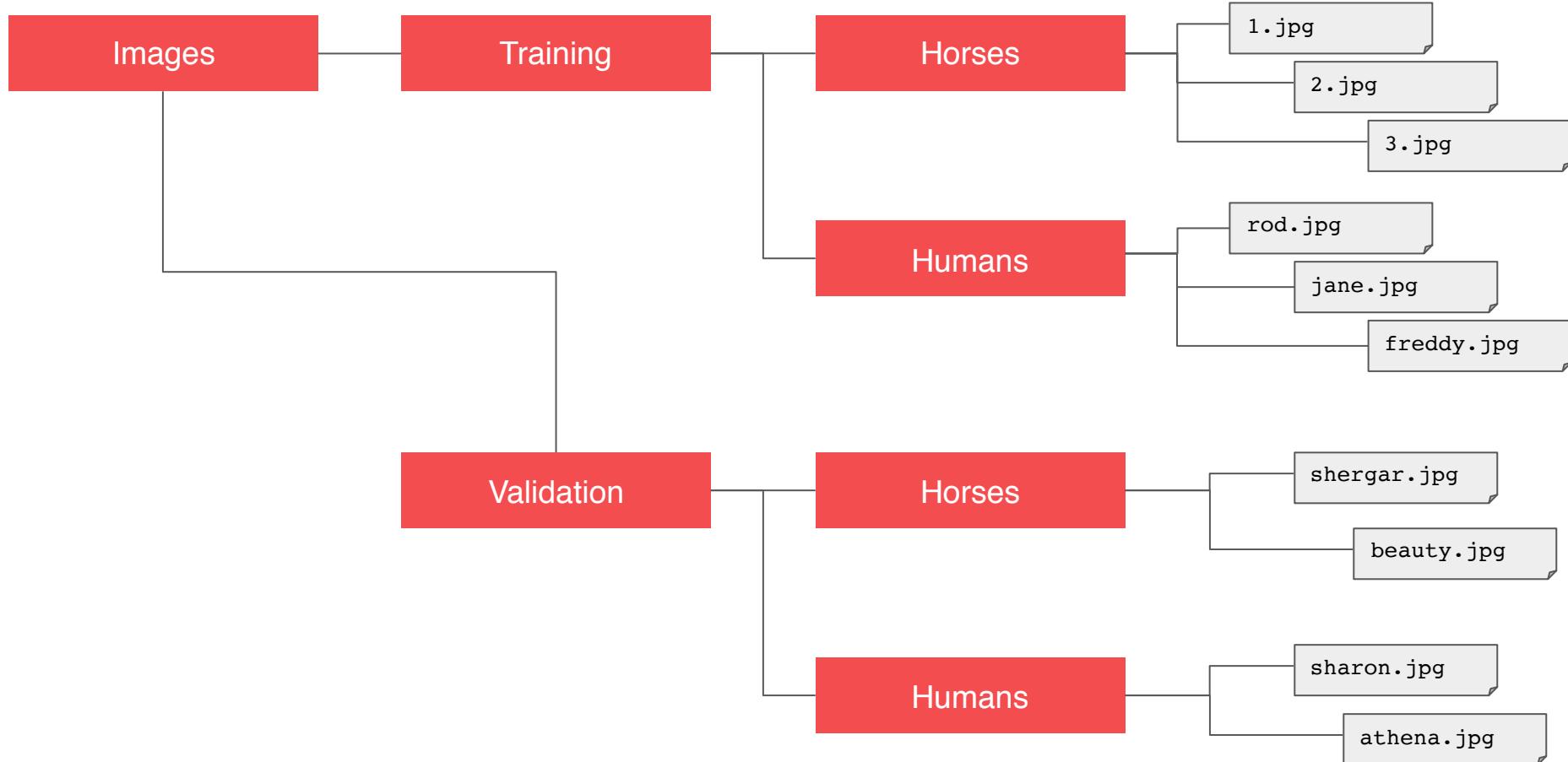
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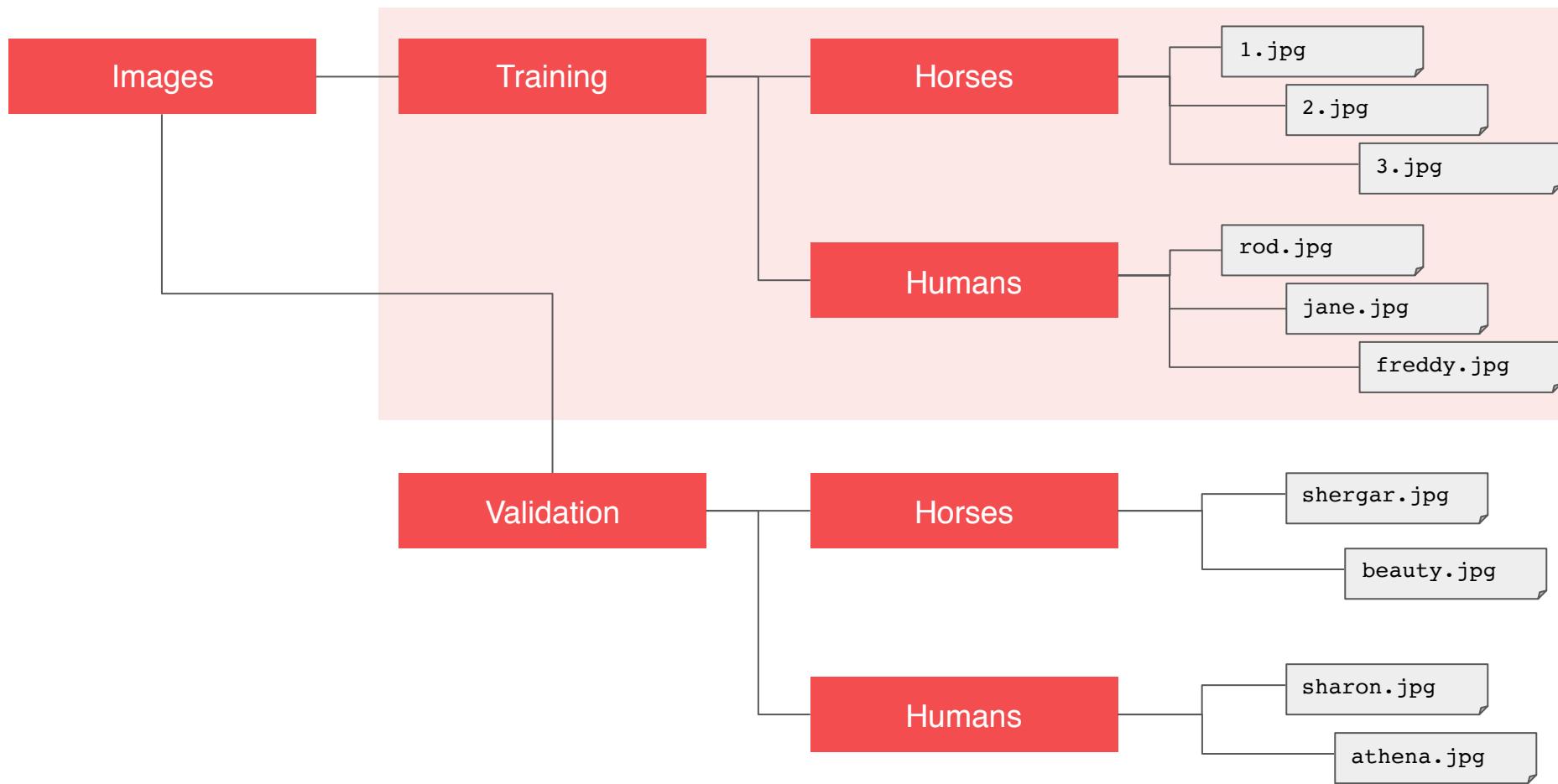
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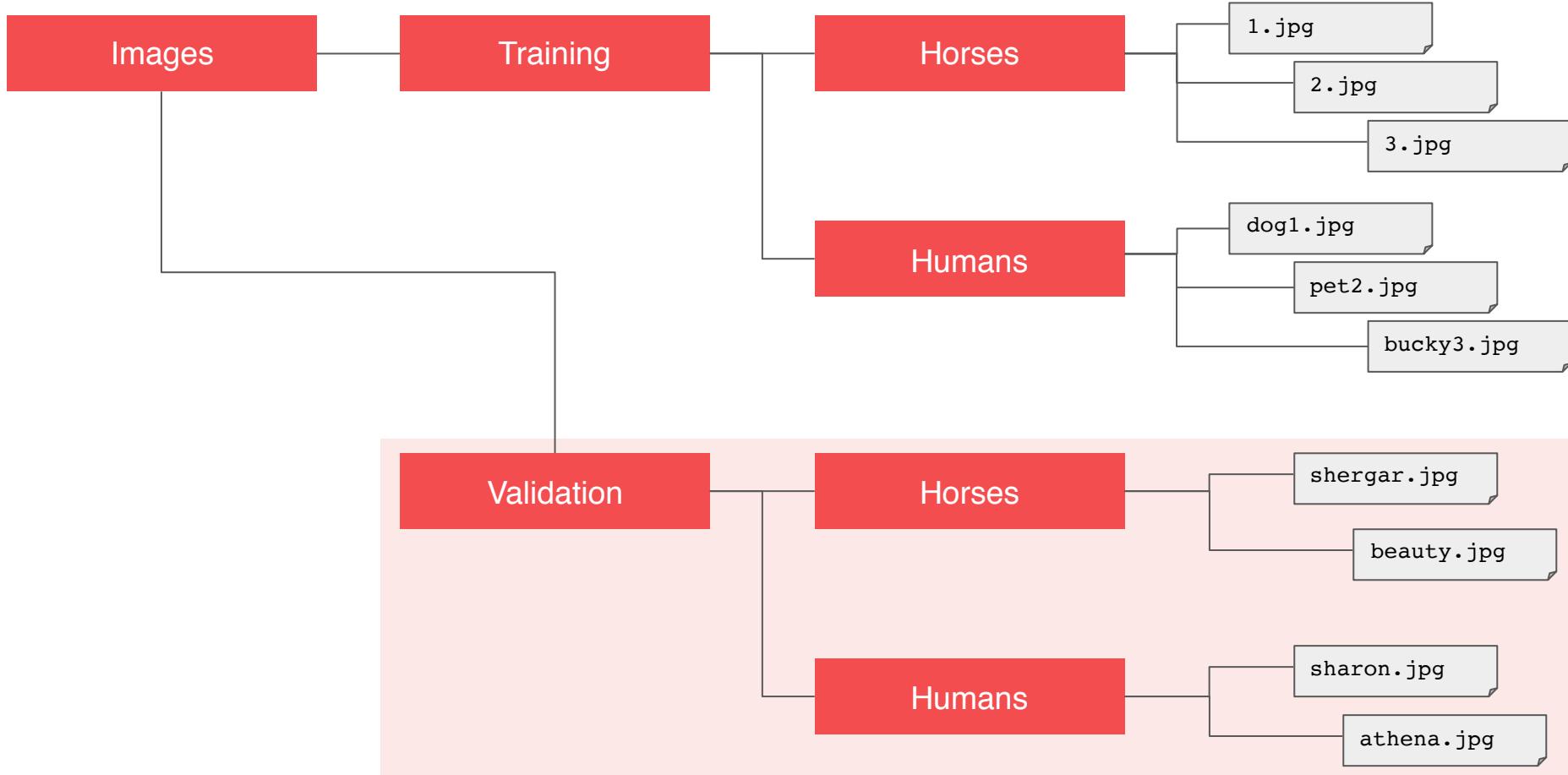
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```
from tensorflow.keras.preprocessing.image  
import ImageDataGenerator
```

```
train_datagen = ImageDataGenerator(rescale=1./255)
```

```
train_generator = train_datagen.flow_from_directory(  
    train_dir,  
    target_size=(300, 300),  
    batch_size=128,  
    class_mode='binary')
```

```
train_datagen = ImageDataGenerator(rescale=1./255)
```

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    train_dir,  
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train_generator = train_datagen.flow_from_directory(  
    train_dir,  
    target_size=(300, 300),  
    batch_size=128,  
    class_mode='binary')
```

```
test_datagen = ImageDataGenerator(rescale=1./255)

validation_generator = test_datagen.flow_from_directory(
    validation_dir,
    target_size=(300, 300),
    batch_size=32,
    class_mode='binary')
```

```
model = tf.keras.models.Sequential([
    tf.keras.layers.Conv2D(16, (3,3), activation='relu',
                          input_shape=(300, 300, 3)),
    tf.keras.layers.MaxPooling2D(2, 2),
    tf.keras.layers.Conv2D(32, (3,3), activation='relu'),
    tf.keras.layers.MaxPooling2D(2,2),
    tf.keras.layers.Conv2D(64, (3,3), activation='relu'),
    tf.keras.layers.MaxPooling2D(2,2),
    tf.keras.layers.Flatten(),
    tf.keras.layers.Dense(512, activation='relu'),
    tf.keras.layers.Dense(1, activation='sigmoid')
])
```

```
model = tf.keras.models.Sequential([
    tf.keras.layers.Conv2D(16, (3,3), activation='relu',
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    tf.keras.layers.Flatten(),
    tf.keras.layers.Dense(512, activation='relu'),
    tf.keras.layers.Dense(1, activation='sigmoid')
])
```

Layer (type)	Output Shape	Param #
conv2d_5 (Conv2D)	(None, 298, 298, 16)	448
max_pooling2d_5 (MaxPooling2)	(None, 149, 149, 16)	0
conv2d_6 (Conv2D)	(None, 147, 147, 32)	4640
max_pooling2d_6 (MaxPooling2)	(None, 73, 73, 32)	0
conv2d_7 (Conv2D)	(None, 71, 71, 64)	18496
max_pooling2d_7 (MaxPooling2)	(None, 35, 35, 64)	0
flatten_1 (Flatten)	(None, 78400)	0
dense_2 (Dense)	(None, 512)	40141312
dense_3 (Dense)	(None, 1)	513

Total params: 40,165,409

Trainable params: 40,165,409

Non-trainable params: 0

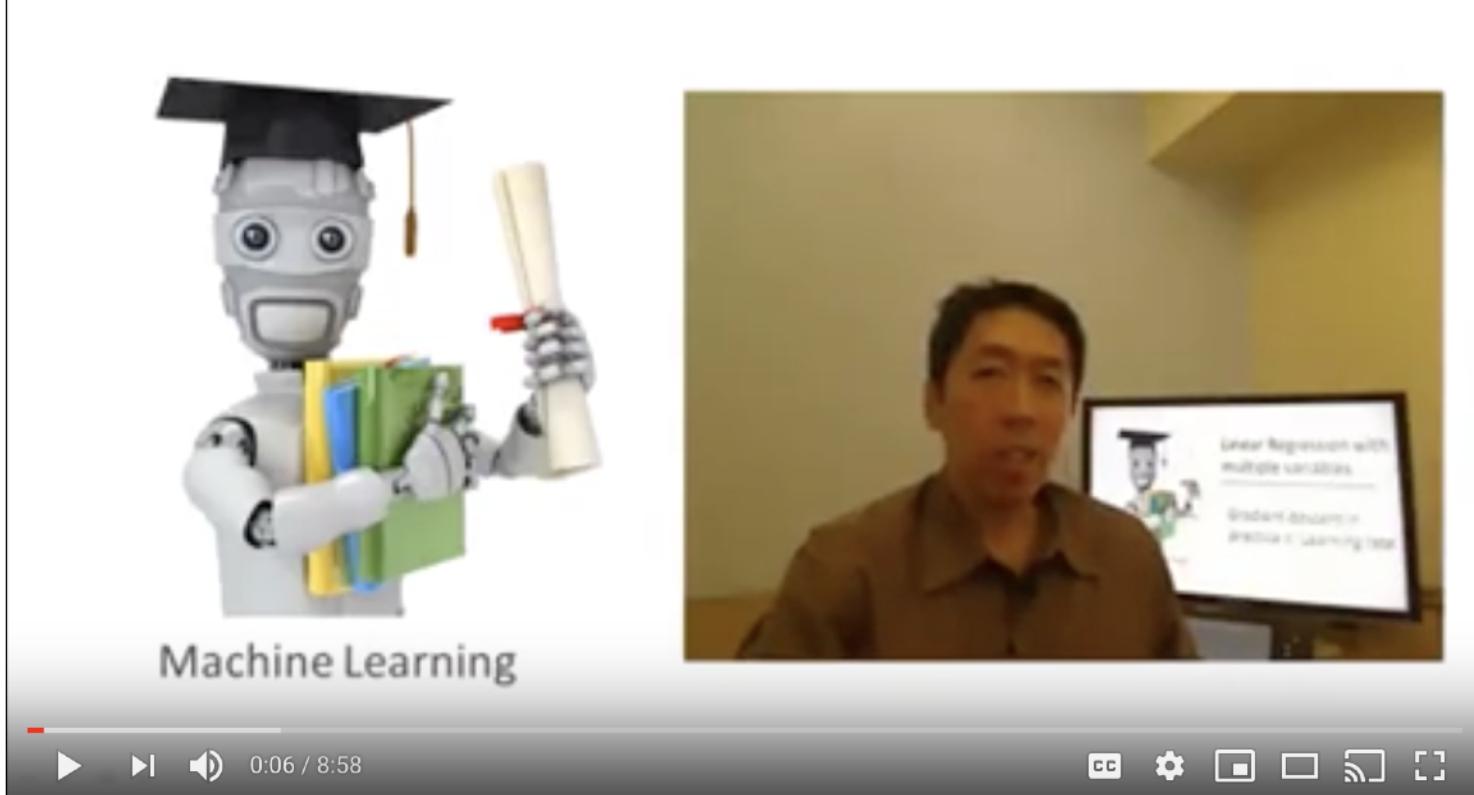
```
from tensorflow.keras.optimizers import RMSprop
```

```
model.compile(loss='binary_crossentropy',
```

```
    optimizer=RMSprop(lr=0.001),
```

```
    metrics=['accuracy'])
```

<https://youtu.be/zLRB4oupj6g>



2.1.4 Gradient Descent in Practice II Learning Rate by Andrew Ng

```
history = model.fit(  
    train_generator,  
    steps_per_epoch=8,  
    epochs=15,  
    validation_data=validation_generator,  
    validation_steps=8,  
    verbose=2)
```



```
history = model.fit(  
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```

```
import numpy as np
from google.colab import files
from keras.preprocessing import image

uploaded = files.upload()

for fn in uploaded.keys():

    # predicting images
    path = '/content/' + fn
    img = image.load_img(path, target_size=(300, 300))
    x = image.img_to_array(img)
    x = np.expand_dims(x, axis=0)

    images = np.vstack([x])
    classes = model.predict(images, batch_size=10)
    print(classes[0])
    if classes[0]>0.5:
        print(fn + " is a human")
    else:
        print(fn + " is a horse")
```

```
import numpy as np
from google.colab import files
from keras.preprocessing import image

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