```
// Reset is called via the ObjectResetter script, if present.
         public void Reset()
              m_Immobilized = false;
         }
}using System;
using UnityEngine;
namespace UnityStandardAssets.Vehicles.Aeroplane
    public class AeroplaneControlSurfaceAnimator : MonoBehaviour
         [SerializeField] private float m_Smoothing = 5f; // The smoothing applied to the
movement of control surfaces.
         [SerializeField] private ControlSurface[] m_ControlSurfaces; // Collection of control
surfaces.
         private AeroplaneController m_Plane; // Reference to the aeroplane controller.
         private void Start()
              // Get the reference to the aeroplane controller.
              m_Plane = GetComponent<AeroplaneController>();
              // Store the original local rotation of each surface, so we can rotate relative to
this
              foreach (var surface in m_ControlSurfaces)
                  surface.originalLocalRotation = surface.transform.localRotation;
              }
         }
         private void Update()
              foreach (var surface in m_ControlSurfaces)
                  switch (surface.type)
                       case ControlSurface.Type.Aileron:
                                 // Ailerons rotate around the x axis, according to the plane's
```

```
roll input
                                Quaternion
                                                               rotation
Quaternion.Euler(surface.amount*m_Plane.RollInput, 0f, 0f);
                                RotateSurface(surface, rotation);
                                break;
                           }
                       case ControlSurface.Type.Elevator:
                           {
                                // Elevators rotate negatively around the x axis, according
to the plane's pitch input
                                Quaternion
                                                               rotation
                                                                                          =
Quaternion.Euler(surface.amount*-m_Plane.PitchInput, 0f, 0f);
                                RotateSurface(surface, rotation);
                                break;
                           }
                       case ControlSurface.Type.Rudder:
                                // Rudders rotate around their y axis, according to the
plane's yaw input
                                Quaternion
                                                  rotation
                                                                        Quaternion.Euler(0f,
surface.amount*m_Plane.YawInput, 0f);
                                RotateSurface(surface, rotation);
                                break:
                           }
                       case ControlSurface.Type.RuddervatorPositive:
                           {
                                // Ruddervators are a combination of rudder and elevator,
and rotate
                                // around their z axis by a combination of the yaw and pitch
input
                                float r = m_Plane.YawInput + m_Plane.PitchInput;
                                Quaternion
                                               rotation
                                                                 Quaternion.Euler(0f,
                                                                                         Of,
surface.amount*r);
                                RotateSurface(surface, rotation);
                                break;
                       case ControlSurface.Type.RuddervatorNegative:
                           {
                                // ... and because ruddervators are "special", we need a
negative version too. >_<
                                float r = m_Plane.YawInput - m_Plane.PitchInput;
                                                                 Quaternion.Euler(0f,
                                Quaternion
                                               rotation
                                                                                         Of,
surface.amount*r);
                                RotateSurface(surface, rotation);
```

```
break;
                           }
                  }
             }
         }
         private void RotateSurface(ControlSurface surface, Quaternion rotation)
         {
             // Create a target which is the surface's original rotation, rotated by the input.
              Quaternion target = surface.originalLocalRotation*rotation;
using System;
using System.Collections.Generic;
using UnityEngine;
#if UNITY_EDITOR
using UnityEditor;
#endif
namespace UnityStandardAssets.Utility
    public class AutoMobileShaderSwitch: MonoBehaviour
    {
         [SerializeField] private ReplacementList m_ReplacementList;
         // Use this for initialization
         private void OnEnable()
         {
#if UNITY_IPHONE || UNITY_ANDROID || UNITY_WP8 || UNITY_BLACKBERRY
             var renderers = FindObjectsOfType<Renderer>();
             Debug.Log (renderers.Length+" renderers");
             var oldMaterials = new List<Material>();
             var newMaterials = new List<Material>();
             int materialsReplaced = 0;
             int materialInstancesReplaced = 0;
             foreach(ReplacementDefinition replacementDef in m_ReplacementList.items)
             {
                  foreach(var r in renderers)
                  {
                       Material[] modifiedMaterials = null;
                       for(int n=0; n<r.sharedMaterials.Length; ++n)</pre>
```

```
var material = r.sharedMaterials[n];
                           if (material.shader == replacementDef.original)
                                if (modifiedMaterials == null)
                                {
                                     modifiedMaterials = r.materials;
                                if (!oldMaterials.Contains(material))
                                {
                                     oldMaterials.Add(material);
                                     Material newMaterial = (Material)Instantiate(material);
                                     newMaterial.shader = replacementDef.replacement;
                                     newMaterials.Add(newMaterial);
                                     ++materialsReplaced;
                                Debug.Log ("replacing "+r.gameObject.name+" renderer
"+n+" with "+newMaterials[oldMaterials.IndexOf(material)].name);
                                modifiedMaterials[n]
                                                                                          =
newMaterials[oldMaterials.IndexOf(material)];
                                ++materialInstancesReplaced;
                           }
                       }
                       if (modifiedMaterials != null)
                           r.materials = modifiedMaterials;
                       }
                  }
             }
              Debug.Log (materialInstancesReplaced+" material instances replaced");
              Debug.Log (materialsReplaced+" materials replaced");
             for(int n=0; n<oldMaterials.Count; ++n)</pre>
             {
                  Debug.Log
                                                                    (oldMaterials[n].name+"
("+oldMaterials[n].shader.name+")"+"
                                          replaced
                                                        with
                                                                 "+newMaterials[n].name+"
("+newMaterials[n].shader.name+")");
             }
#endif
         }
         [Serializable]
         public class ReplacementDefinition
         {
              public Shader original = null;
```

```
public Shader replacement = null;
         }
         [Serializable]
         public class ReplacementList
         {
              public ReplacementDefinition[] items = new ReplacementDefinition[0];
         }
    }
}
namespace UnityStandardAssets.Utility.Inspector
#if UNITY_EDITOR
    [CustomPropertyDrawer(typeof (AutoMobileShaderSwitch.ReplacementList))]
    public class ReplacementListDrawer: PropertyDrawer
         const float k_LineHeight = 18;
         const float k_Spacing = 4;
         public override void OnGUI(Rect position, SerializedProperty property, GUIContent
label)
         {
              EditorGUI.BeginProperty(position, label, property);
              float x = position.x;
              float y = position.y;
              float inspectorWidth = position.width;
              // Don't make child fields be indented
              var indent = EditorGUI.indentLevel;
              EditorGUI.indentLevel = 0;
              var items = property.FindPropertyRelative("items");
              var titles = new string[] {"Original", "Replacement", ""};
              var props = new string[] {"original", "replacement", "-"};
              var widths = new float [.45f, .45f, .1f];
              const float lineHeight = 18;
              bool changedLength = false;
              if (items.arraySize > 0)
              {
                  for (int i = -1; i < items.arraySize; ++i)
                       var item = items.GetArrayElementAtIndex(i);
```

```
float rowX = x;
for (int n = 0; n < props.Length; ++n)
    float w = widths[n]*inspectorWidth;
    // Calculate rects
    Rect rect = new Rect(rowX, y, w, lineHeight);
    rowX += w;
    if (i == -1)
    {
         // draw title labels
         EditorGUI.LabelField(rect, titles[n]);
    }
    else
    {
         if (props[n] == "-" || props[n] == "^" || props[n] == "v")
              if (GUI.Button(rect, props[n]))
                   switch (props[n])
                   {
                        case "-":
                             items.DeleteArrayElementAtIndex(i);
                            items.DeleteArrayElementAtIndex(i);
                            changedLength = true;
                            break;
                        case "v":
                            if (i > 0)
                            {
                                 items.MoveArrayElement(i, i + 1);
                            }
                            break;
                        case "^":
                            if (i < items.arraySize - 1)
                                 items.MoveArrayElement(i, i - 1);
                            }
                            break;
                   }
              }
         else
```

```
{
                                     SerializedProperty
                                                                      prop
item.FindPropertyRelative(props[n]);
                                     EditorGUI.PropertyField(rect, prop, GUIContent.none);
                                }
                           }
                       }
                       y += lineHeight + k_Spacing;
                       if (changedLength)
                       {
                           break;
                       }
                  }
             }
             // add button
             var addButtonRect = new Rect((x + position.width) - widths[widths.Length -
1]*inspectorWidth, y,
                                               widths[widths.Length - 1]*inspectorWidth,
lineHeight);
             if (GUI.Button(addButtonRect, "+"))
             {
                  items.InsertArrayElementAtIndex(items.arraySize);
             }
             y += lineHeight + k_Spacing;
              // Set indent back to what it was
              EditorGUI.indentLevel = indent;
              EditorGUI.EndProperty();
         }
         public override float GetPropertyHeight(SerializedProperty property, GUIContent
label)
         {
              SerializedProperty items = property.FindPropertyRelative("items");
              float lineAndSpace = k_LineHeight + k_Spacing;
              return 40 + (items.arraySize*lineAndSpace) + lineAndSpace;
         }
    }
#endif
}
```

```
using UnityEngine;
using UnityEngine.Rendering;
namespace UnityStandardAssets.CinematicEffects
{
    [ExecuteInEditMode]
    [RequireComponent(typeof(Camera))]
    [AddComponentMenu("Image Effects/Cinematic/Ambient Occlusion")]
#if UNITY_5_4_OR_NEWER
    [ImageEffectAllowedInSceneView]
#endif
    public partial class AmbientOcclusion : MonoBehaviour
         #region Public Properties
         /// Effect settings.
         [SerializeField]
         public Settings settings = Settings.defaultSettings;
         /// Checks if the ambient-only mode is supported under the current settings.
         public bool isAmbientOnlySupported
                           return
                                     targetCamera.hdr
                                                            &&
                                                                    occlusionSource
              get
OcclusionSource.GBuffer; }
         }
         /// Checks if the G-buffer is available
         public bool isGBufferAvailable
                        {
                                              target Camera. actual Rendering Path \\
              get
                                return
                                                                                        ==
RenderingPath.DeferredShading; }
         }
         #endregion
         #region Private Properties
         // Properties referring to the current settings
         float intensity
         {
              get { return settings.intensity; }
         }
```

```
float radius
   #pragma strict
@CustomEditor (Vignetting)
class VignettingEditor extends Editor
{
    var serObj : SerializedObject;
  var mode : SerializedProperty;
  var intensity : SerializedProperty; // intensity == 0 disables pre pass (optimization)
  var chromaticAberration : SerializedProperty;
  var axialAberration : SerializedProperty;
  var blur : SerializedProperty; // blur == 0 disables blur pass (optimization)
  var blurSpread : SerializedProperty;
  var luminanceDependency: SerializedProperty;
    function OnEnable () {
         serObj = new SerializedObject (target);
    mode = serObj.FindProperty ("mode");
    intensity = serObj.FindProperty ("intensity");
    chromaticAberration = serObj.FindProperty ("chromaticAberration");
    axialAberration = serObj.FindProperty ("axialAberration");
    blur = serObj.FindProperty ("blur");
    blurSpread = serObj.FindProperty ("blurSpread");
    luminanceDependency = serObj.FindProperty ("luminanceDependency");
    }
  function OnInspectorGUI () {
    serObj.Update ();
     EditorGUILayout.LabelField("Simulates camera (lens) artifacts known as 'Vignette' and
'Aberration'", EditorStyles.miniLabel);
    EditorGUILayout.PropertyField (intensity, new GUIContent("Vignetting"));
     EditorGUILayout.PropertyField (blur, new GUIContent(" Blurred Corners"));
    if(blur.floatValue>0.0f)
       EditorGUILayout.PropertyField (blurSpread, new GUIContent(" Blur Distance"));
     EditorGUILayout.Separator ();
     EditorGUILayout.PropertyField (mode, new GUIContent("Aberration Mode"));
    if(mode.intValue>0)
```

```
{
      EditorGUILayout.PropertyField (chromaticAberration, new GUIContent("
                                                                                Tangential
Aberration"));
      EditorGUILayout.PropertyField
                                      (axialAberration,
                                                                 GUIContent("
                                                                                     Axial
                                                          new
Aberration"));
      luminanceDependency.floatValue = EditorGUILayout.Slider(" Contrast Dependency",
luminanceDependency.floatValue, 0.001f, 1.0f);
    }
    else
      EditorGUILayout.PropertyField (chromaticAberration, new GUIContent(" Chromatic
Aberration"));
    serObj.ApplyModifiedProperties();
    }using UnityEngine;
[ExecuteInEditMode]
[AddComponentMenu("Image Effects/Vortex")]
public class VortexEffect : ImageEffectBase {
    public Vector2 radius = new Vector2(0.4F,0.4F);
    public float
                   angle = 50;
    public Vector2 center = new Vector2(0.5F, 0.5F);
    // Called by camera to apply image effect
    void OnRenderImage (RenderTexture source, RenderTexture destination) {
         ImageEffects.RenderDistortion (material, source, destination, angle, center, radius);
    }
}
}
using System;
using UnityEngine;
namespace UnityStandardAssets.Cameras
    public abstract class AbstractTargetFollower: MonoBehaviour
         public enum UpdateType // The available methods of updating are:
         {
             FixedUpdate, // Update in FixedUpdate (for tracking rigidbodies).
             LateUpdate, // Update in LateUpdate. (for tracking objects that are moved in
Update)
```

```
ManualUpdate, // user must call to update camera
         }
         [SerializeField] protected Transform m_Target;
                                                                     // The target object to
follow
         [SerializeField] private bool m_AutoTargetPlayer = true; // Whether the rig should
automatically target the player.
         [SerializeField] private UpdateType m_UpdateType;
                                                                    // stores the selected
update type
         protected Rigidbody targetRigidbody;
         protected virtual void Start()
         {
             // if auto targeting is used, find the object tagged "Player"
             // any class inheriting from this should call base. Start() to perform this action!
             if (m_AutoTargetPlayer)
             {
                  FindAndTargetPlayer();
             if (m_Target == null) return;
             targetRigidbody = m_Target.GetComponent<Rigidbody>();
         }
         private void FixedUpdate()
         {
             // we update from here if updatetype is set to Fixed, or in auto mode,
             // if the target has a rigidbody, and isn't kinematic.
                      (m_AutoTargetPlayer
             if
                                                  &&
                                                            (m_Target
                                                                              ==
                                                                                        null
|| !m_Target.gameObject.activeSelf))
             {
                  FindAndTargetPlayer();
             if (m_UpdateType == UpdateType.FixedUpdate)
                  FollowTarget(Time.deltaTime);
         }
         private void LateUpdate()
```

```
// we update from here if updatetype is set to Late, or in auto mode,
             // if the target does not have a rigidbody, or - does have a rigidbody but is set
to kinematic.
             if
                      (m_AutoTargetPlayer
                                                  &&
                                                            (m_Target
                                                                                        null
|| !m_Target.gameObject.activeSelf))
             {
                  FindAndTargetPlayer();
             }
             if (m_UpdateType == UpdateType.LateUpdate)
                  FollowTarget(Time.deltaTime);
         }
         public void ManualUpdate()
             // we update from here if updatetype is set to Late, or in auto mode,
             // if the target does not have a rigidbody, or - does have a rigidbody but is set
to kinematic.
             if
                      (m_AutoTargetPlayer
                                                  &&
                                                                                        null
                                                            (m_Target
                                                                              ==
|| !m_Target.gameObject.activeSelf))
             {
                  FindAndTargetPlayer();
             if (m_UpdateType == UpdateType.ManualUpdate)
                  FollowTarget(Time.deltaTime);
             }
         }
         protected abstract void FollowTarget(float deltaTime);
         public void FindAndTargetPlayer()
         {
             // auto target an object tagged player, if no target has been assigned
             var targetObj = GameObject.FindGameObjectWithTag("Player");
             if (targetObj)
                  SetTarget(targetObj.transform);
             }
         }
```

```
public virtual void SetTarget(Transform newTransform)
             m_Target = newTransform;
         }
         public Transform Target
         {
             get { return m_Target; }
         }
}using System;
using UnityEngine;
using Object = UnityEngine.Object;
namespace UnityStandardAssets.Utility
{
    public class ActivateTrigger: MonoBehaviour
         // A multi-purpose script which causes an action to occur when
         // a trigger collider is entered.
         public enum Mode
             Trigger = 0, // Just broadcast the action on to the target
             Replace = 1, // replace target with source
             Activate = 2, // Activate the target GameObject
             Enable = 3, // Enable a component
             Animate = 4,
                              // Start animation on target
             Deactivate = 5 // Decativate target GameObject
         }
         public Mode action = Mode.Activate;
                                                       // The action to accomplish
         public Object target;
                                                           // The game object to affect. If
none, the trigger work on this game object
         public GameObject source;
         public int triggerCount = 1;
         public bool repeatTrigger = false;
         private void DoActivateTrigger()
         {
             triggerCount--;
```

```
if (triggerCount == 0 || repeatTrigger)
             {
                  Object currentTarget = target ?? gameObject;
                  Behaviour targetBehaviour = currentTarget as Behaviour;
                  GameObject targetGameObject = currentTarget as GameObject;
                  if (targetBehaviour != null)
                      targetGameObject = targetBehaviour.gameObject;
                  }
                  switch (action)
                      case Mode.Trigger:
                           if (targetGameObject != null)
                           {
                                targetGameObject.BroadcastMessage("DoActivateTrigger");
                           break;
                      case Mode.Replace:
                           if (source != null)
                                if (targetGameObject != null)
                                    Instantiate(source,
targetGameObject.transform.position,
                                                  targetGameObject.transform.rotation);
                                    DestroyObject(targetGameObject);
                               }
                           }
                           break:
                      case Mode.Activate:
                           if (targetGameObject != null)
                                targetGameObject.SetActive(true);
                           break:
                      case Mode.Enable:
                           if (targetBehaviour != null)
                                targetBehaviour.enabled = true;
                           break;
                      case Mode.Animate:
                           if (targetGameObject != null)
```

```
{
                                targetGameObject.GetComponent<Animation>().Play();
                           }
                           break:
                       case Mode.Deactivate:
                           if (targetGameObject != null)
                                targetGameObject.SetActive(false);
                           }
                           break;
                  }
             }
         }
         private void OnTriggerEnter(Collider other)
             DoActivateTrigger();
         }
}using System;
using UnityEngine;
using Random = UnityEngine.Random;
namespace UnityStandardAssets.Vehicles.Aeroplane
{
    [RequireComponent(typeof (AeroplaneController))]
    public class AeroplaneAiControl: MonoBehaviour
         // This script represents an Al 'pilot' capable of flying the plane towards a
designated target.
         // It sends the equivalent of the inputs that a user would send to the Aeroplane
controller.
         [SerializeField] private float m_RollSensitivity = .2f;
                                                                     // How sensitively the
Al applies the roll controls
         [SerializeField] private float m_PitchSensitivity = .5f;
                                                                     // How sensitively the
Al applies the pitch controls
         [SerializeField] private float m_LateralWanderDistance = 5;
                                                                        // The amount that
the plane can wander by when heading for a target
         [SerializeField] private float m_LateralWanderSpeed = 0.11f;
                                                                          // The speed at
which the plane will wander laterally
         [SerializeField] private float m_MaxClimbAngle = 45;
                                                                          // The maximum
angle that the AI will attempt to make plane can climb at
         [SerializeField] private float m_MaxRollAngle = 45;
                                                                          // The maximum
```

```
angle that the AI will attempt to u
         [SerializeField] private float m_SpeedEffect = 0.01f;
                                                                        // This increases the
effect of the controls based on the plane's speed.
         [SerializeField] private float m_TakeoffHeight = 20;
                                                                             // the AI will fly
straight and only pitch upwards until reaching this height
         [SerializeField] private Transform m_Target;
                                                                             // the target to
fly towards
         private AeroplaneController m_AeroplaneController; // The aeroplane controller
that is used to move the plane
         private float m RandomPerlin;
                                                                      // Used for generating
random point on perlin noise so that the plane will wander off path slightly
         private bool m_TakenOff;
                                                                      // Has the plane taken
off yet
         // setup script properties
         private void Awake()
              // get the reference to the aeroplane controller, so we can send move input to
it and read its current state.
              m_AeroplaneController = GetComponent<AeroplaneController>();
             // pick a random perlin starting point for lateral wandering
              m_RandomPerlin = Random.Range(0f, 100f);
         }
         // reset the object to sensible values
         public void Reset()
         {
              m_TakenOff = false;
         }
         // fixed update is called in time with the physics system update
         private void FixedUpdate()
         {
             if (m_Target != null)
                  // make the plane wander from the path, useful for making the Al seem
more human, less robotic.
                  Vector3 targetPos = m_Target.position +
                                          transform.right*
```

```
(Mathf.PerlinNoise(Time.time*m_LateralWanderSpeed, m_RandomPerlin)*2 - 1)*
                                         m_LateralWanderDistance;
                  // adjust the yaw and pitch towards the target
                  Vector3 localTarget = transform.InverseTransformPoint(targetPos);
                  float targetAngleYaw = Mathf.Atan2(localTarget.x, localTarget.z);
                  float targetAnglePitch = -Mathf.Atan2(localTarget.y, localTarget.z);
                  // Set the target for the planes pitch, we check later that this has not
passed the maximum threshold
                  targetAnglePitch
                                                            Mathf.Clamp(targetAnglePitch,
-m_MaxClimbAngle*Mathf.Deg2Rad,
                                                     m_MaxClimbAngle*Mathf.Deg2Rad);
                  // calculate the difference between current pitch and desired pitch
                  float
                               changePitch
                                                               targetAnglePitch
m_AeroplaneController.PitchAngle;
                  // Al always applies gentle forward throttle
                  const float throttleInput = 0.5f;
                  // Al applies elevator control (pitch, rotation around x) to reach the target
angle
                  float pitchInput = changePitch*m_PitchSensitivity;
                  // clamp the planes roll
                  float
                               desiredRoll
                                                             Mathf.Clamp(targetAngleYaw,
-m_MaxRollAngle*Mathf.Deg2Rad, m_MaxRollAngle*Mathf.Deg2Rad);
                  float yawInput = 0;
                  float rollInput = 0;
                  if (!m_TakenOff)
                  {
                      // If the planes altitude is above m_TakeoffHeight we class this as
taken off
                      if (m_AeroplaneController.Altitude > m_TakeoffHeight)
                      {
                           m_TakenOff = true;
                      }
                  }
                  else
                  {
                      // now we have taken off to a safe height, we can use the rudder and
```

```
ailerons to yaw and roll
                       yawInput = targetAngleYaw;
                       rollInput
                                                -(m_AeroplaneController.RollAngle
desiredRoll)*m_RollSensitivity;
                  // adjust how fast the AI is changing the controls based on the speed.
Faster speed = faster on the controls.
                                                                             1
                  float
                                  currentSpeedEffect
(m_AeroplaneController.ForwardSpeed*m_SpeedEffect);
                  rollInput *= currentSpeedEffect;
                  pitchInput *= currentSpeedEffect;
                  yawInput *= currentSpeedEffect;
                  // pass the current input to the plane (false = because Al never uses air
brakes!)
                  m_AeroplaneController.Move(rollInput, pitchInput, yawInput, throttleInput,
false);
             }
              else
             {
                  // no target set, send zeroed input to the planeW
                  m_AeroplaneController.Move(0, 0, 0, 0, false);
             }
         }
         // allows other scripts to set the plane's target
         public void SetTarget(Transform target)
              m_Target = target;
         }
}using System;
using UnityEngine;
namespace UnityStandardAssets.Vehicles.Aeroplane
{
    public class AeroplaneAudio: MonoBehaviour
         [Serializable]
         public class AdvancedSetttings // A class for storing the advanced options.
```

```
// The min
             public float engineMinDistance = 50f;
distance of the engine audio source.
             public float engineMaxDistance = 1000f;
                                                                              // The max
distance of the engine audio source.
             public float engineDopplerLevel = 1f;
                                                                           // The doppler
level of the engine audio source.
             [Range(0f, 1f)] public float engineMasterVolume = 0.5f; // An overall control of
the engine sound volume.
             public float windMinDistance = 10f:
                                                                               // The min
distance of the wind audio source.
             public float windMaxDistance = 100f;
                                                                               // The max
distance of the wind audio source.
             public float windDopplerLevel = 1f;
                                                                           // The doppler
level of the wind audio source.
             [Range(0f, 1f)] public float windMasterVolume = 0.5f;
                                                                     // An overall control
of the wind sound volume.
         }
                                                                                        //
         [SerializeField] private AudioClip m_EngineSound;
Looped engine sound, whose pitch and volume are affected by the plane's throttle setting.
         [SerializeField] private float m_EngineMinThrottlePitch = 0.4f;
                                                                            // Pitch of the
engine sound when at minimum throttle.
         [SerializeField] private float m EngineMaxThrottlePitch = 2f;
                                                                                // Pitch of
the engine sound when at maximum throttle.
         [SerializeField] private float m_EngineFwdSpeedMultiplier = 0.002f;
                                                                             // Additional
multiplier for an increase in pitch of the engine from the plane's speed.
         [SerializeField] private AudioClip m_WindSound;
                                                                                        //
Looped wind sound, whose pitch and volume are affected by the plane's velocity.
         [SerializeField] private float m_WindBasePitch = 0.2f;
                                                                                // starting
pitch for wind (when plane is at zero speed)
         [SerializeField] private float m_WindSpeedPitchFactor = 0.004f;
                                                                               // Relative
increase in pitch of the wind from the plane's speed.
         [SerializeField] private float m_WindMaxSpeedVolume = 100;
                                                                                    // the
speed the aircraft much reach before the wind sound reaches maximum volume.
         [SerializeField]
                          private
                                   AdvancedSetttings m_AdvancedSetttings
AdvancedSetttings();// container to make advanced settings appear as rollout in inspector
         private AudioSource m_EngineSoundSource; // Reference to the AudioSource for
the engine.
         private AudioSource m_WindSoundSource; // Reference to the AudioSource
for the wind.
         private AeroplaneController m_Plane;
                                                       // Reference to the aeroplane
controller.
         private Rigidbody m_Rigidbody;
```

```
private void Awake()
            // Set up the reference to the aeroplane controller.
             m_Plane = GetComponent<AeroplaneController>();
             m_Rigidbody = GetComponent<Rigidbody>();
            // Add the audiosources and get the references.
             m_EngineSoundSource = gameObject.AddComponent<AudioSource>();
             m_EngineSoundSource.playOnAwake = false;
             m_WindSoundSource = gameObject.AddComponent<AudioSource>();
             m_WindSoundSource.playOnAwake = false;
            // Assign clips to the audiosources.
             m_EngineSoundSource.clip = m_EngineSound;
             m_WindSoundSource.clip = m_WindSound;
            // Set the parameters of the audiosources.
             m_EngineSoundSource.minDistance
m\_Advanced Sett tings.engine Min Distance;\\
            m EngineSoundSource.maxDistance
m_AdvancedSetttings.engineMaxDistance;
             m_EngineSoundSource.loop = true;
             m_EngineSoundSource.dopplerLevel
                                                                                   =
m_AdvancedSetttings.engineDopplerLevel;
             m_WindSoundSource.minDistance = m_AdvancedSetttings.windMinDistance;
             m_WindSoundSource.maxDistance = m_AdvancedSetttings.windMaxDistance;
             m_WindSoundSource.loop = true;
             m_WindSoundSource.dopplerLevel
                                                                                    =
m_AdvancedSetttings.windDopplerLevel;
            // call update here to set the sounds pitch and volumes before they actually
play
            Update();
            // Start the sounds playing.
            m_EngineSoundSource.Play();
            m_WindSoundSource.Play();
        }
```

```
private void Update()
        {
             // Find what proportion of the engine's power is being used.
             var enginePowerProportion = Mathf.InverseLerp(0, m_Plane.MaxEnginePower,
m_Plane.EnginePower);
             // Set the engine's pitch to be proportional to the engine's current power.
             m_EngineSoundSource.pitch
                                                   Mathf.Lerp(m_EngineMinThrottlePitch,
m_EngineMaxThrottlePitch, enginePowerProportion);
             // Increase the engine's pitch by an amount proportional to the aeroplane's
forward speed.
             // (this makes the pitch increase when going into a dive!)
             m_EngineSoundSource.pitch
                                                                                    +=
m_Plane.ForwardSpeed*m_EngineFwdSpeedMultiplier;
             // Set the engine's volume to be proportional to the engine's current power.
             m EngineSoundSource.volume
                                                                   Mathf.InverseLerp(0,
m_Plane.MaxEnginePower*m_AdvancedSetttings.engineMasterVolume,
                                                              m_Plane.EnginePower);
             // Set the wind's pitch and volume to be proportional to the aeroplane's
forward speed.
             float planeSpeed = m_Rigidbody.velocity.magnitude;
             m_WindSoundSource.pitch
                                                           m_WindBasePitch
planeSpeed*m_WindSpeedPitchFactor;
             m_WindSoundSource.volume
                                                                   Mathf.InverseLerp(0,
m_WindMaxSpeedVolume, planeSpeed)*m_AdvancedSetttings.windMasterVolume;
        }
    }
}
using System;
using UnityEngine;
namespace UnityStandardAssets.Vehicles.Aeroplane
{
    [RequireComponent(typeof (Rigidbody))]
    public class AeroplaneController: MonoBehaviour
        [SerializeField] private float m_MaxEnginePower = 40f;
                                                                      // The maximum
output of the engine.
                                                                   // The amount of lift
        [SerializeField] private float m_Lift = 0.002f;
generated by the aeroplane moving forwards.
        [SerializeField] private float m_ZeroLiftSpeed = 300;
                                                                       // The speed at
```

```
which lift is no longer applied.
         [SerializeField] private float m_RollEffect = 1f;
                                                                          // The strength of
effect for roll input.
                                                                          // The strength of
         [SerializeField] private float m_PitchEffect = 1f;
effect for pitch input.
         [SerializeField] private float m_YawEffect = 0.2f;
                                                                          // The strength of
effect for yaw input.
         [SerializeField] private float m_BankedTurnEffect = 0.5f;
                                                                     // The amount of turn
from doing a banked turn.
         [SerializeField] private float m_AerodynamicEffect = 0.02f;
                                                                              // How much
aerodynamics affect the speed of the aeroplane.
         [SerializeField] private float m_AutoTurnPitch = 0.5f;
                                                                         // How much the
aeroplane automatically pitches when in a banked turn.
         [SerializeField] private float m_AutoRollLevel = 0.2f;
                                                                          // How much the
aeroplane tries to level when not rolling.
         [SerializeField] private float m_AutoPitchLevel = 0.2f;
                                                                          // How much the
aeroplane tries to level when not pitching.
         [SerializeField] private float m_AirBrakesEffect = 3f;
                                                                       // How much the air
brakes effect the drag.
         [SerializeField] private float m_ThrottleChangeSpeed = 0.3f; // The speed with
which the throttle changes.
         [SerializeField] private float m_DragIncreaseFactor = 0.001f; // how much drag
should increase with speed.
         public float Altitude { get; private set; }
                                                                          // The aeroplane's
height above the ground.
         public float Throttle { get; private set; }
                                                                           // The amount of
throttle being used.
         public bool AirBrakes { get; private set; }
                                                                           // Whether or not
the air brakes are being applied.
         public float ForwardSpeed { get; private set; }
                                                                             // How fast the
aeroplane is traveling in it's forward direction.
         public float EnginePower { get; private set; }
                                                                               // How much
power the engine is being given.
         public float MaxEnginePower{ get { return m_MaxEnginePower; }}
                                                                                      // The
maximum output of the engine.
         public float RollAngle { get; private set; }
         public float PitchAngle { get; private set; }
         public float RollInput { get; private set; }
         public float PitchInput { get; private set; }
         public float YawInput { get; private set; }
         public float ThrottleInput { get; private set; }
         private float m_OriginalDrag;
                                                // The drag when the scene starts.
```

```
private float m_OriginalAngularDrag; // The angular drag when the scene starts.
         private float m_AeroFactor;
         private bool m_Immobilized = false; // used for making the plane uncontrollable,
i.e. if it has been hit or crashed.
         private float m_BankedTurnAmount;
         private Rigidbody m_Rigidbody;
         WheelCollider[] m_WheelColliders;
         private void Start()
         {
              m_Rigidbody = GetComponent<Rigidbody>();
             // Store original drag settings, these are modified during flight.
              m_OriginalDrag = m_Rigidbody.drag;
              m_OriginalAngularDrag = m_Rigidbody.angularDrag;
             for (int i = 0; i < transform.childCount; i++)
             {
                  foreach
                                                         componentsInChild
                                                                                          in
                                       (var
transform.GetChild(i).GetComponentsInChildren<WheelCollider>())
                       componentsInChild.motorTorque = 0.18f;
                  }
             }
         }
         public void Move(float rollInput, float pitchInput, float yawInput, float throttleInput,
bool airBrakes)
         {
             // transfer input parameters into properties.s
              RollInput = rollInput;
              PitchInput = pitchInput;
             YawInput = yawInput;
             ThrottleInput = throttleInput;
              AirBrakes = airBrakes:
              ClampInputs();
              CalculateRollAndPitchAngles();
              AutoLevel();
              CalculateForwardSpeed();
```

```
ControlThrottle();
              CalculateDrag();
              CaluclateAerodynamicEffect();
              CalculateLinearForces();
              CalculateTorque();
              CalculateAltitude();
         }
         private void ClampInputs()
              // clamp the inputs to -1 to 1 range
              RollInput = Mathf.Clamp(RollInput, -1, 1);
              PitchInput = Mathf.Clamp(PitchInput, -1, 1);
              YawInput = Mathf.Clamp(YawInput, -1, 1);
              ThrottleInput = Mathf.Clamp(ThrottleInput, -1, 1);
         }
         private void CalculateRollAndPitchAngles()
              // Calculate roll & pitch angles
              // Calculate the flat forward direction (with no y component).
              var flatForward = transform.forward;
              flatForward.y = 0;
              // If the flat forward vector is non-zero (which would only happen if the plane
was pointing exactly straight upwards)
              if (flatForward.sqrMagnitude > 0)
              {
                  flatForward.Normalize();
                  // calculate current pitch angle
                  var localFlatForward = transform.InverseTransformDirection(flatForward);
                  PitchAngle = Mathf.Atan2(localFlatForward.y, localFlatForward.z);
                  // calculate current roll angle
                  var flatRight = Vector3.Cross(Vector3.up, flatForward);
                  var localFlatRight = transform.InverseTransformDirection(flatRight);
                   RollAngle = Mathf.Atan2(localFlatRight.y, localFlatRight.x);
              }
```

```
}
         private void AutoLevel()
         {
             // The banked turn amount (between -1 and 1) is the sine of the roll angle.
             // this is an amount applied to elevator input if the user is only using the
banking controls,
             // because that's what people expect to happen in games!
              m_BankedTurnAmount = Mathf.Sin(RollAngle);
              // auto level roll, if there's no roll input:
              if (RollInput == 0f)
             {
                  RollInput = -RollAngle*m_AutoRollLevel;
             }
              // auto correct pitch, if no pitch input (but also apply the banked turn amount)
             if (PitchInput == 0f)
             {
                  PitchInput = -PitchAngle*m_AutoPitchLevel;
                  PitchInput
Mathf.Abs(m_BankedTurnAmount*m_BankedTurnAmount*m_AutoTurnPitch);
         }
         private void CalculateForwardSpeed()
              // Forward speed is the speed in the planes's forward direction (not the same
as its velocity, eg if falling in a stall)
                                               localVelocity
transform.InverseTransformDirection(m_Rigidbody.velocity);
              ForwardSpeed = Mathf.Max(0, localVelocity.z);
         }
         private void ControlThrottle()
              // override throttle if immobilized
             if (m_Immobilized)
                  ThrottleInput = -0.5f;
             }
             // Adjust throttle based on throttle input (or immobilized state)
```

```
Throttle
                                                   Mathf.Clamp01(Throttle
ThrottleInput*Time.deltaTime*m_ThrottleChangeSpeed);
             // current engine power is just:
             EnginePower = Throttle*m_MaxEnginePower;
        }
         private void CalculateDrag()
             // increase the drag based on speed, since a constant drag doesn't seem
"Real" (tm) enough
             float extraDrag = m_Rigidbody.velocity.magnitude*m_DragIncreaseFactor;
             // Air brakes work by directly modifying drag. This part is actually pretty
realistic!
             m Rigidbody.drag
                                            (AirBrakes
                                                                  (m OriginalDrag
extraDrag)*m_AirBrakesEffect: m_OriginalDrag + extraDrag);
             // Forward speed affects angular drag - at high forward speed, it's much
harder for the plane to spin
             m_Rigidbody.angularDrag = m_OriginalAngularDrag*ForwardSpeed;
        }
         private void CaluclateAerodynamicEffect()
         {
             // "Aerodynamic" calculations. This is a very simple approximation of the effect
that a plane
             // will naturally try to align itself in the direction that it's facing when moving at
speed.
             // Without this, the plane would behave a bit like the asteroids spaceship!
             if (m_Rigidbody.velocity.magnitude > 0)
             {
                  // compare the direction we're pointing with the direction we're moving:
                  m_AeroFactor
                                                           Vector3.Dot(transform.forward,
m_Rigidbody.velocity.normalized);
                  // multipled by itself results in a desirable rolloff curve of the effect
                  m AeroFactor *= m AeroFactor;
                  // Finally we calculate a new velocity by bending the current velocity
direction towards
                  // the the direction the plane is facing, by an amount based on this
aeroFactor
                  var
                            newVelocity
                                                       Vector3.Lerp(m_Rigidbody.velocity,
transform.forward*ForwardSpeed,
```

```
m_AeroFactor*ForwardSpeed*m_AerodynamicEffect*Time.deltaTime);
                  m_Rigidbody.velocity = newVelocity;
                  // also rotate the plane towards the direction of movement - this should
be a very small effect, but means the plane ends up
                  // pointing downwards in a stall
                  m_Rigidbody.rotation = Quaternion.Slerp(m_Rigidbody.rotation,
Quaternion.LookRotation(m_Rigidbody.velocity, transform.up),
m AerodynamicEffect*Time.deltaTime);
         }
         private void CalculateLinearForces()
             // Now calculate forces acting on the aeroplane:
             // we accumulate forces into this variable:
             var forces = Vector3.zero:
             // Add the engine power in the forward direction
             forces += EnginePower*transform.forward;
             // The direction that the lift force is applied is at right angles to the plane's
velocity (usually, this is 'up'!)
              var
                         liftDirection
                                                        Vector3.Cross(m_Rigidbody.velocity,
transform.right).normalized;
             // The amount of lift drops off as the plane increases speed - in reality this
occurs as the pilot retracts the flaps
             // shortly after takeoff, giving the plane less drag, but less lift. Because we
don't simulate flaps, this is
             // a simple way of doing it automatically:
             var zeroLiftFactor = Mathf.InverseLerp(m_ZeroLiftSpeed, 0, ForwardSpeed);
             // Calculate and add the lift power
                                                 liftPower
                                                                                          =
ForwardSpeed*ForwardSpeed*m_Lift*zeroLiftFactor*m_AeroFactor;
              forces += liftPower*liftDirection;
             // Apply the calculated forces to the the Rigidbody
             m_Rigidbody.AddForce(forces);
         }
         private void CalculateTorque()
             // We accumulate torque forces into this variable:
```

```
var torque = Vector3.zero;
             // Add torque for the pitch based on the pitch input.
             torque += PitchInput*m_PitchEffect*transform.right;
             // Add torque for the yaw based on the yaw input.
             torque += YawInput*m_YawEffect*transform.up;
             // Add torque for the roll based on the roll input.
             torque += -RollInput*m RollEffect*transform.forward;
             // Add torque for banked turning.
             torque += m_BankedTurnAmount*m_BankedTurnEffect*transform.up;
             // The total torque is multiplied by the forward speed, so the controls have
more effect at high speed,
             // and little effect at low speed, or when not moving in the direction of the
nose of the plane
             // (i.e. falling while stalled)
             m_Rigidbody.AddTorque(torque*ForwardSpeed*m_AeroFactor);
         }
         private void CalculateAltitude()
         {
             // Altitude calculations - we raycast downwards from the aeroplane
             // starting a safe distance below the plane to avoid colliding with any of the
plane's own colliders
             var ray = new Ray(transform.position - Vector3.up*10, -Vector3.up);
              RaycastHit hit;
             Altitude
                           Physics.Raycast(ray, out hit) ?
                                                                   hit.distance
                                                                                     10 :
transform.position.y;
         }
         // Immobilize can be called from other objects, for example if this plane is hit by a
weapon and should become uncontrollable
         public void Immobilize()
         {
              m_lmmobilized = true;
         }
         // Reset is called via the ObjectResetter script, if present.
         public void Reset()
         {
             m Immobilized = false;
         }
    }
```

```
}using System;
using UnityEngine;
namespace UnityStandardAssets.Vehicles.Aeroplane
{
    public class AeroplaneControlSurfaceAnimator : MonoBehaviour
         [SerializeField] private float m_Smoothing = 5f; // The smoothing applied to the
movement of control surfaces.
         [SerializeField] private ControlSurface[] m_ControlSurfaces; // Collection of control
surfaces.
         private AeroplaneController m_Plane; // Reference to the aeroplane controller.
         private void Start()
              // Get the reference to the aeroplane controller.
              m_Plane = GetComponent<AeroplaneController>();
              // Store the original local rotation of each surface, so we can rotate relative to
this
              foreach (var surface in m_ControlSurfaces)
                  surface.originalLocalRotation = surface.transform.localRotation;
              }
         }
         private void Update()
              foreach (var surface in m_ControlSurfaces)
              {
                  switch (surface.type)
                  {
                       case ControlSurface.Type.Aileron:
                                 // Ailerons rotate around the x axis, according to the plane's
roll input
                                 Quaternion
                                                               rotation
Quaternion.Euler(surface.amount*m_Plane.RollInput, 0f, 0f);
                                 RotateSurface(surface, rotation);
                                 break;
                            }
```

```
case ControlSurface.Type.Elevator:
                           {
                                // Elevators rotate negatively around the x axis, according
to the plane's pitch input
                                Quaternion
                                                              rotation
                                                                                          =
Quaternion.Euler(surface.amount*-m_Plane.PitchInput, 0f, 0f);
                                RotateSurface(surface, rotation);
                                break;
                           }
                       case ControlSurface.Type.Rudder:
                                // Rudders rotate around their y axis, according to the
plane's yaw input
                                Quaternion
                                                                        Quaternion.Euler(0f,
                                                 rotation
surface.amount*m_Plane.YawInput, 0f);
                                RotateSurface(surface, rotation);
                                break;
                           }
                       case ControlSurface.Type.RuddervatorPositive:
                                // Ruddervators are a combination of rudder and elevator,
and rotate
                                // around their z axis by a combination of the yaw and pitch
input
                                float r = m_Plane.YawInput + m_Plane.PitchInput;
                                Quaternion
                                                           =
                                                                 Quaternion.Euler(0f,
                                                                                         Of,
                                               rotation
surface.amount*r);
                                RotateSurface(surface, rotation);
                                break:
                       case ControlSurface.Type.RuddervatorNegative:
                           {
                                // ... and because ruddervators are "special", we need a
negative version too. >_<
                                float r = m_Plane.YawInput - m_Plane.PitchInput;
                                Quaternion
                                               rotation
                                                                 Quaternion.Euler(0f,
                                                                                         Of,
surface.amount*r);
                                RotateSurface(surface, rotation);
                                break;
                           }
                  }
             }
         }
```

```
private void RotateSurface(ControlSurface surface, Quaternion rotation)
              // Create a target which is the surface's original rotation, rotated by the input.
              Quaternion target = surface.originalLocalRotation*rotation;
              // Slerp the surface's rotation towards the target rotation.
              surface.transform.localRotation
Quaternion.Slerp(surface.transform.localRotation, target,
m_Smoothing*Time.deltaTime);
         }
         // This class presents a nice custom structure in which to define each of the plane's
contol surfaces to animate.
         // They show up in the inspector as an array.
         [Serializable]
         public class ControlSurface // Control surfaces represent the different flaps of the
aeroplane.
         {
              public enum Type // Flaps differ in position and rotation and are represented
by different types.
                   Aileron, // Horizontal flaps on the wings, rotate on the x axis.
                   Elevator, // Horizontal flaps used to adjusting the pitch of a plane, rotate
on the x axis.
                   Rudder, // Vertical flaps on the tail, rotate on the y axis.
                   RuddervatorNegative, // Combination of rudder and elevator.
                   RuddervatorPositive. // Combination of rudder and elevator.
              }
              public Transform transform; // The transform of the control surface.
              public float amount; // The amount by which they can rotate.
              public Type type; // The type of control surface.
              [HideInInspector] public Quaternion originalLocalRotation; // The rotation of
the surface at the start.
         }
using System;
using UnityEngine;
namespace UnityStandardAssets.Vehicles.Aeroplane
```

```
public class AeroplanePropellerAnimator: MonoBehaviour
    {
         [SerializeField]
                                                                        m_PropellorModel;
                                 private
                                                   Transform
// The model of the the aeroplane's propellor.
         [SerializeField] private Transform m_PropellorBlur;
                                                                                         //
The plane used for the blurred propellor textures.
                                                                                         //
         [SerializeField] private Texture2D[] m_PropellorBlurTextures;
An array of increasingly blurred propellor textures.
         [SerializeField] [Range(0f, 1f)] private float m_ThrottleBlurStart = 0.25f;
                                                                                    // The
point at which the blurred textures start.
         [SerializeField] [Range(0f, 1f)] private float m_ThrottleBlurEnd = 0.5f;
                                                                                    // The
point at which the blurred textures stop changing.
         [SerializeField]
                              private
                                             float
                                                         m_MaxRpm
                                                                                     2000:
// The maximum speed the propellor can turn at.
         private AeroplaneController m Plane;
                                                          // Reference to the aeroplane
controller.
         private int m_PropellorBlurState = -1;
                                                    // To store the state of the blurred
textures.
         private const float k_RpmToDps = 60f;
                                                    // For converting from revs per minute
to degrees per second.
         private Renderer m_PropellorModelRenderer;
         private Renderer m PropellorBlurRenderer;
         private void Awake()
             // Set up the reference to the aeroplane controller.
             m_Plane = GetComponent<AeroplaneController>();
             m_PropellorModelRenderer
m_PropellorModel.GetComponent<Renderer>();
             m_PropellorBlurRenderer = m_PropellorBlur.GetComponent<Renderer>();
             // Set the propellor blur gameobject's parent to be the propellor.
             m_PropellorBlur.parent = m_PropellorModel;
         }
         private void Update()
         {
             // Rotate the propellor model at a rate proportional to the throttle.
             m_PropellorModel.Rotate(0,
m_MaxRpm*m_Plane.Throttle*Time.deltaTime*k_RpmToDps, 0);
```

```
// Create an integer for the new state of the blur textures.
             var newBlurState = 0;
             // choose between the blurred textures, if the throttle is high enough
             if (m_Plane.Throttle > m_ThrottleBlurStart)
                        throttleBlurProportion
                                                      Mathf.InverseLerp(m_ThrottleBlurStart,
m_ThrottleBlurEnd, m_Plane.Throttle);
                  newBlurState
Mathf.FloorToInt(throttleBlurProportion*(m_PropellorBlurTextures.Length - 1));
             // If the blur state has changed
             if (newBlurState != m_PropellorBlurState)
             {
                  m_PropellorBlurState = newBlurState;
                  if (m_PropellorBlurState == 0)
                       // switch to using the 'real' propellor model
                       m_PropellorModelRenderer.enabled = true;
                       m_PropellorBlurRenderer.enabled = false;
                  }
                  else
                  {
                       // Otherwise turn off the propellor model and turn on the blur.
                       m_PropellorModelRenderer.enabled = false;
                       m_PropellorBlurRenderer.enabled = true;
                       // set the appropriate texture from the blur array
                       m\_PropellorBlurRenderer.material.mainTexture
                                                                                           =
m_PropellorBlurTextures[m_PropellorBlurState];
             }
         }
    }
using System;
using UnityEngine;
using UnityStandardAssets.CrossPlatformInput;
namespace UnityStandardAssets.Vehicles.Aeroplane
```

```
[RequireComponent(typeof (AeroplaneController))]
    public class AeroplaneUserControl2Axis: MonoBehaviour
         // these max angles are only used on mobile, due to the way pitch and roll input
are handled
         public float maxRollAngle = 80;
         public float maxPitchAngle = 80;
         // reference to the aeroplane that we're controlling
         private AeroplaneController m_Aeroplane;
         private void Awake()
             // Set up the reference to the aeroplane controller.
              m_Aeroplane = GetComponent<AeroplaneController>();
         }
         private void FixedUpdate()
             // Read input for the pitch, yaw, roll and throttle of the aeroplane.
              float roll = CrossPlatformInputManager.GetAxis("Horizontal");
              float pitch = CrossPlatformInputManager.GetAxis("Vertical");
              bool airBrakes = CrossPlatformInputManager.GetButton("Fire1");
             // auto throttle up, or down if braking.
              float throttle = airBrakes ? -1:1;
#if MOBILE_INPUT
              AdjustInputForMobileControls(ref roll, ref pitch, ref throttle);
#endif
             // Pass the input to the aeroplane
              m_Aeroplane.Move(roll, pitch, 0, throttle, airBrakes);
         }
         private void AdjustInputForMobileControls(ref float roll, ref float pitch, ref float
throttle)
             // because mobile tilt is used for roll and pitch, we help out by
             // assuming that a centered level device means the user
              // wants to fly straight and level!
             // this means on mobile, the input represents the *desired* roll angle of the
```

```
aeroplane,
             // and the roll input is calculated to achieve that.
              // whereas on non-mobile, the input directly controls the roll of the aeroplane.
              float intendedRollAngle = roll*maxRollAngle*Mathf.Deg2Rad;
              float intendedPitchAngle = pitch*maxPitchAngle*Mathf.Deg2Rad;
              roll = Mathf.Clamp((intendedRollAngle - m_Aeroplane.RollAngle), -1, 1);
              pitch = Mathf.Clamp((intendedPitchAngle - m_Aeroplane.PitchAngle), -1, 1);
             // similarly, the throttle axis input is considered to be the desired absolute
value, not a relative change to current throttle.
              float intendedThrottle = throttle*0.5f + 0.5f;
              throttle = Mathf.Clamp(intendedThrottle - m_Aeroplane.Throttle, -1, 1);
         }
    }
}
using System;
using UnityEngine;
using UnityStandardAssets.CrossPlatformInput;
namespace UnityStandardAssets.Vehicles.Aeroplane
{
    [RequireComponent(typeof (AeroplaneController))]
    public class AeroplaneUserControl4Axis: MonoBehaviour
    {
         // these max angles are only used on mobile, due to the way pitch and roll input
are handled
         public float maxRollAngle = 80;
         public float maxPitchAngle = 80;
         // reference to the aeroplane that we're controlling
         private AeroplaneController m_Aeroplane;
         private float m_Throttle;
         private bool m_AirBrakes;
         private float m_Yaw;
         private void Awake()
         {
             // Set up the reference to the aeroplane controller.
              m_Aeroplane = GetComponent<AeroplaneController>();
         }
```

```
private void FixedUpdate()
         {
             // Read input for the pitch, yaw, roll and throttle of the aeroplane.
              float roll = CrossPlatformInputManager.GetAxis("Mouse X");
              float pitch = CrossPlatformInputManager.GetAxis("Mouse Y");
              m_AirBrakes = CrossPlatformInputManager.GetButton("Fire1");
              m_Yaw = CrossPlatformInputManager.GetAxis("Horizontal");
              m_Throttle = CrossPlatformInputManager.GetAxis("Vertical");
#if MOBILE INPUT
         AdjustInputForMobileControls(ref roll, ref pitch, ref m_Throttle);
#endif
             // Pass the input to the aeroplane
             m_Aeroplane.Move(roll, pitch, m_Yaw, m_Throttle, m_AirBrakes);
         }
         private void AdjustInputForMobileControls(ref float roll, ref float pitch, ref float
throttle)
         {
             // because mobile tilt is used for roll and pitch, we help out by
             // assuming that a centered level device means the user
             // wants to fly straight and level!
             // this means on mobile, the input represents the *desired* roll angle of the
aeroplane,
             // and the roll input is calculated to achieve that.
             // whereas on non-mobile, the input directly controls the roll of the aeroplane.
              float intendedRollAngle = roll*maxRollAngle*Mathf.Deg2Rad;
              float intendedPitchAngle = pitch*maxPitchAngle*Mathf.Deg2Rad;
              roll = Mathf.Clamp((intendedRollAngle - m_Aeroplane.RollAngle), -1, 1);
              pitch = Mathf.Clamp((intendedPitchAngle - m_Aeroplane.PitchAngle), -1, 1);
         }
    }
}using System;
using UnityEngine;
namespace UnityStandardAssets.Effects
{
    [RequireComponent(typeof (SphereCollider))]
    public class AfterburnerPhysicsForce : MonoBehaviour
    {
         public float effectAngle = 15;
         public float effectWidth = 1;
```

```
public float effectDistance = 10;
         public float force = 10;
         private Collider[] m_Cols;
         private SphereCollider m_Sphere;
         private void OnEnable()
              m_Sphere = (GetComponent < Collider > () as SphereCollider);
         private void FixedUpdate()
         {
              m_Cols = Physics.OverlapSphere(transform.position + m_Sphere.center,
m_Sphere.radius);
             for (int n = 0; n < m_Cols.Length; ++n)
                  if (m_Cols[n].attachedRigidbody != null)
                       Vector3
                                                        localPos
transform.InverseTransformPoint(m_Cols[n].transform.position);
                       localPos = Vector3.MoveTowards(localPos, new Vector3(0, 0,
localPos.z), effectWidth*0.5f);
                       float
                                                          Mathf.Abs(Mathf.Atan2(localPos.x,
                                   angle
localPos.z)*Mathf.Rad2Deg);
                                                                                          0,
                       float
                                 falloff
                                                   Mathf.InverseLerp(effectDistance,
localPos.magnitude);
                       falloff *= Mathf.InverseLerp(effectAngle, 0, angle);
                       Vector3 delta = m_Cols[n].transform.position - transform.position;
m_Cols[n].attachedRigidbody.AddForceAtPosition(delta.normalized*force*falloff,
Vector3.Lerp(m_Cols[n].transform.position,
transform.TransformPoint(0, 0, localPos.z),
0.1f));
                  }
             }
         }
```

```
private void OnDrawGizmosSelected()
         {
             //check for editor time simulation to avoid null ref
             if(m_Sphere == null)
                  m_Sphere = (GetComponent<Collider>() as SphereCollider);
              m_Sphere.radius = effectDistance*.5f;
              m_Sphere.center = new Vector3(0, 0, effectDistance*.5f);
             var directions = new Vector3[] {Vector3.up, -Vector3.up, Vector3.right,
-Vector3.right};
              var perpDirections = new Vector3[] {-Vector3.right, Vector3.right, Vector3.up,
-Vector3.up};
              Gizmos.color = new Color(0, 1, 0, 0.5f);
              for (int n = 0; n < 4; ++n)
             {
                  Vector3
                                   origin
                                                              transform.position
transform.rotation*directions[n]*effectWidth*0.5f;
                  Vector3 direction =
                       transform.TransformDirection(Quaternion.AngleAxis(effectAngle,
perpDirections[n])*Vector3.forward);
                  Gizmos.DrawLine(origin, origin + direction*m_Sphere.radius*2);
             }
         }
    }
}
using System;
using UnityEngine;
namespace UnityStandardAssets.Characters.ThirdPerson
{
    [RequireComponent(typeof (UnityEngine.Al.NavMeshAgent))]
    [RequireComponent(typeof (ThirdPersonCharacter))]
    public class AlCharacterControl: MonoBehaviour
         public UnityEngine.Al.NavMeshAgent agent { get; private set; }
                                                                                     // the
navmesh agent required for the path finding
         public ThirdPersonCharacter character { get; private set; } // the character we are
controlling
         public Transform target;
                                                                            // target to aim
for
```

```
private void Start()
         {
             // get the components on the object we need ( should not be null due to
require component so no need to check)
             agent = GetComponentInChildren<UnityEngine.Al.NavMeshAgent>();
             character = GetComponent<ThirdPersonCharacter>();
             agent.updateRotation = false;
             agent.updatePosition = true;
         }
         private void Update()
             if (target != null)
                  agent.SetDestination(target.position);
             if (agent.remainingDistance > agent.stoppingDistance)
                  character.Move(agent.desiredVelocity, false, false);
             else
                  character.Move(Vector3.zero, false, false);
         }
         public void SetTarget(Transform target)
         {
             this.target = target;
         }
}using UnityEngine.PostProcessing;
namespace UnityEditor.PostProcessing
{
    using Settings = AmbientOcclusionModel.Settings;
    [PostProcessingModelEditor(typeof(AmbientOcclusionModel))]
    public class AmbientOcclusionModelEditor: PostProcessingModelEditor
    {
         SerializedProperty m_Intensity;
         SerializedProperty m_Radius;
         SerializedProperty m_SampleCount;
         SerializedProperty m_Downsampling;
         SerializedProperty m_ForceForwardCompatibility;
         SerializedProperty m_AmbientOnly;
```

```
SerializedProperty m_HighPrecision;
         public override void OnEnable()
             m_Intensity = FindSetting((Settings x) => x.intensity);
             m_Radius = FindSetting((Settings x) => x.radius);
             m_SampleCount = FindSetting((Settings x) => x.sampleCount);
             m_Downsampling = FindSetting((Settings x) => x.downsampling);
             m_ForceForwardCompatibility
                                                      FindSetting((Settings
                                                                               X)
x.forceForwardCompatibility);
             m_AmbientOnly = FindSetting((Settings x) => x.ambientOnly);
             m_HighPrecision = FindSetting((Settings x) => x.highPrecision);
         }
         public override void OnInspectorGUI()
         {
             EditorGUILayout.PropertyField(m_Intensity);
             EditorGUILayout.PropertyField(m_Radius);
             EditorGUILayout.PropertyField(m_SampleCount);
             EditorGUILayout.PropertyField(m_Downsampling);
             EditorGUILayout.PropertyField(m_ForceForwardCompatibility);
             EditorGUILayout.PropertyField(m_HighPrecision,
EditorGUIHelper.GetContent("High Precision (Forward)"));
             using
                                                                                     (new
EditorGUI.DisabledGroupScope(m_ForceForwardCompatibility.boolValue))
                  EditorGUILayout.PropertyField(m_AmbientOnly,
EditorGUIHelper.GetContent("Ambient Only (Deferred + HDR)"));
         }
    }
}
using System;
using UnityEngine;
namespace UnityStandardAssets.ImageEffects
    public enum AAMode
    {
         FXAA2 = 0,
         FXAA3Console = 1.
         FXAA1PresetA = 2,
         FXAA1PresetB = 3,
         NFAA = 4
         SSAA = 5,
```

```
DLAA = 6,
}
[ExecuteInEditMode]
[RequireComponent(typeof (Camera))]
[AddComponentMenu("Image Effects/Other/Antialiasing")]
public class Antialiasing: PostEffectsBase
{
    public AAMode mode = AAMode.FXAA3Console;
    public bool showGeneratedNormals = false;
    public float offsetScale = 0.2f;
    public float blurRadius = 18.0f;
    public float edgeThresholdMin = 0.05f;
    public float edgeThreshold = 0.2f;
    public float edgeSharpness = 4.0f;
    public bool dlaaSharp = false;
    public Shader ssaaShader;
    private Material ssaa;
    public Shader dlaaShader;
    private Material dlaa;
    public Shader nfaaShader;
    private Material nfaa;
    public Shader shaderFXAAPreset2;
    private Material materialFXAAPreset2;
    public Shader shaderFXAAPreset3;
    private Material materialFXAAPreset3;
    public Shader shaderFXAAII;
    private Material materialFXAAII;
    public Shader shaderFXAAIII;
    private Material materialFXAAIII;
    public Material CurrentAAMaterial()
    {
         Material returnValue = null;
         switch (mode)
             case AAMode.FXAA3Console:
                  returnValue = materialFXAAIII;
```

```
break;
                  case AAMode.FXAA2:
                      returnValue = materialFXAAII;
                      break:
                  case AAMode.FXAA1PresetA:
                      returnValue = materialFXAAPreset2;
                      break;
                 case AAMode.FXAA1PresetB:
                      returnValue = materialFXAAPreset3:
                      break;
                 case AAMode.NFAA:
                      returnValue = nfaa;
                      break:
                  case AAMode.SSAA:
                      returnValue = ssaa;
                      break;
                 case AAMode.DLAA:
                      returnValue = dlaa;
                      break;
                  default:
                      returnValue = null;
                      break;
             }
             return returnValue;
        }
         public override bool CheckResources()
             CheckSupport(false);
             materialFXAAPreset2
                                           =
                                                       CreateMaterial(shaderFXAAPreset2,
materialFXAAPreset2);
             materialFXAAPreset3
                                                       CreateMaterial(shaderFXAAPreset3,
materialFXAAPreset3);
             materialFXAAII = CreateMaterial(shaderFXAAII, materialFXAAII);
             materialFXAAIII = CreateMaterial(shaderFXAAIII, materialFXAAIII);
             nfaa = CreateMaterial(nfaaShader, nfaa);
             ssaa = CreateMaterial(ssaaShader, ssaa);
             dlaa = CreateMaterial(dlaaShader, dlaa);
             if (!ssaaShader.isSupported)
```

```
NotSupported();
         ReportAutoDisable();
    }
    return isSupported;
}
public void OnRenderImage(RenderTexture source, RenderTexture destination)
    if (CheckResources() == false)
    {
         Graphics.Blit(source, destination);
         return;
    }
    // FXAA antialiasing modes
    if (mode == AAMode.FXAA3Console && (materialFXAAIII != null))
         materialFXAAIII.SetFloat("_EdgeThresholdMin", edgeThresholdMin);
         materialFXAAIII.SetFloat("_EdgeThreshold", edgeThreshold);
         materialFXAAIII.SetFloat("_EdgeSharpness", edgeSharpness);
         Graphics.Blit(source, destination, materialFXAAIII);
    }
    else if (mode == AAMode.FXAA1PresetB && (materialFXAAPreset3 != null))
    {
         Graphics.Blit(source, destination, materialFXAAPreset3);
    }
    else if (mode == AAMode.FXAA1PresetA && materialFXAAPreset2 != null)
    {
         source.anisoLevel = 4;
         Graphics.Blit(source, destination, materialFXAAPreset2);
         source.anisoLevel = 0;
    }
    else if (mode == AAMode.FXAA2 && materialFXAAII != null)
    {
         Graphics.Blit(source, destination, materialFXAAII);
    else if (mode == AAMode.SSAA && ssaa != null)
         //
```

```
// SSAA antialiasing
                  Graphics.Blit(source, destination, ssaa);
              }
              else if (mode == AAMode.DLAA && dlaa != null)
                  //
                  // DLAA antialiasing
                  source.anisoLevel = 0;
                  RenderTexture interim = RenderTexture.GetTemporary(source.width,
source.height);
                  Graphics.Blit(source, interim, dlaa, 0);
                  Graphics.Blit(interim, destination, dlaa, dlaaSharp? 2:1);
                  RenderTexture.ReleaseTemporary(interim);
              }
              else if (mode == AAMode.NFAA && nfaa != null)
                  //
                  // nfaa antialiasing
                  source.anisoLevel = 0;
                  nfaa.SetFloat("_OffsetScale", offsetScale);
                  nfaa.SetFloat("_BlurRadius", blurRadius);
                  Graphics.Blit(source, destination, nfaa, showGeneratedNormals? 1:0);
              }
              else
              {
                  // none of the AA is supported, fallback to a simple blit
                  Graphics.Blit(source, destination);
         }
    }
}using System;
namespace UnityEngine.PostProcessing
{
    [Serializable]
    public class AntialiasingModel : PostProcessingModel
```

```
public enum Method
         {
             Fxaa,
             Taa
         }
         // Most settings aren't exposed to the user anymore, presets are enough. Still, I'm
leaving
         // the tooltip attributes in case an user wants to customize each preset.
         #region FXAA Settings
         public enum FxaaPreset
         {
             ExtremePerformance,
             Performance,
             Default,
             Quality,
             ExtremeQuality
         }
         [Serializable]
         public struct FxaaQualitySettings
             [Tooltip("The amount of desired sub-pixel aliasing removal. Effects the
sharpeness of the output.")]
             [Range(0f, 1f)]
             public float subpixelAliasingRemovalAmount;
             [Tooltip("The minimum amount of local contrast required to qualify a region as
containing an edge.")]
             [Range(0.063f, 0.333f)]
             public float edgeDetectionThreshold;
             [Tooltip("Local contrast adaptation value to disallow the algorithm from
executing on the darker regions.")]
             [Range(0f, 0.0833f)]
             public float minimumRequiredLuminance;
             public static FxaaQualitySettings[] presets =
                  // ExtremePerformance
                  new FxaaQualitySettings
                  {
                      subpixelAliasingRemovalAmount = 0f,
```

edgeDetectionThreshold = 0.333f,

```
minimumRequiredLuminance = 0.0833f
                 },
                 // Performance
                 new FxaaQualitySettings
                 {
                      subpixelAliasingRemovalAmount = 0.25f,
                      edgeDetectionThreshold = 0.25f,
                      minimumRequiredLuminance = 0.0833f
                 },
                 // Default
                 new FxaaQualitySettings
                 {
                      subpixelAliasingRemovalAmount = 0.75f,
                      edgeDetectionThreshold = 0.166f,
                      minimumRequiredLuminance = 0.0833f
                 },
                 // Quality
                 new FxaaQualitySettings
                 {
                      subpixelAliasingRemovalAmount = 1f,
                      edgeDetectionThreshold = 0.125f,
                      minimumRequiredLuminance = 0.0625f
                 },
                 // ExtremeQuality
                 new FxaaQualitySettings
                 {
                      subpixelAliasingRemovalAmount = 1f,
                      edgeDetectionThreshold = 0.063f,
                      minimumRequiredLuminance = 0.0312f
                 }
             };
        }
        [Serializable]
        public struct FxaaConsoleSettings
        {
             [Tooltip("The amount of spread applied to the sampling coordinates while
sampling for subpixel information.")]
             [Range(0.33f, 0.5f)]
```

```
public float subpixelSpreadAmount;
             [Tooltip("This value dictates how sharp the edges in the image are kept; a
higher value implies sharper edges.")]
             [Range(2f, 8f)]
             public float edgeSharpnessAmount;
             [Tooltip("The minimum amount of local contrast required to qualify a region as
containing an edge.")]
             [Range(0.125f, 0.25f)]
             public float edgeDetectionThreshold;
             [Tooltip("Local contrast adaptation value to disallow the algorithm from
executing on the darker regions.")]
             [Range(0.04f, 0.06f)]
             public float minimumRequiredLuminance;
             public static FxaaConsoleSettings[] presets =
             {
                 // ExtremePerformance
                 new FxaaConsoleSettings
                 {
                      subpixelSpreadAmount = 0.33f,
                      edgeSharpnessAmount = 8f,
                      edgeDetectionThreshold = 0.25f,
                      minimumRequiredLuminance = 0.06f
                 },
                 // Performance
                 new FxaaConsoleSettings
                 {
                      subpixelSpreadAmount = 0.33f,
                      edgeSharpnessAmount = 8f,
                      edgeDetectionThreshold = 0.125f,
                      minimumRequiredLuminance = 0.06f
                 },
                 // Default
                 new FxaaConsoleSettings
                 {
                      subpixelSpreadAmount = 0.5f,
                      edgeSharpnessAmount = 8f,
                      edgeDetectionThreshold = 0.125f,
```

minimumRequiredLuminance = 0.05f

```
},
         // Quality
         new FxaaConsoleSettings
        {
             subpixelSpreadAmount = 0.5f,
             edgeSharpnessAmount = 4f,
             edgeDetectionThreshold = 0.125f,
             minimumRequiredLuminance = 0.04f
        },
         // ExtremeQuality
         new FxaaConsoleSettings
             subpixelSpreadAmount = 0.5f,
             edgeSharpnessAmount = 2f,
             edgeDetectionThreshold = 0.125f,
             minimumRequiredLuminance = 0.04f
        }
    };
}
[Serializable]
public struct FxaaSettings
{
    public FxaaPreset preset;
    public static FxaaSettings defaultSettings
         get
         {
             return new FxaaSettings
             {
                  preset = FxaaPreset.Default
             };
        }
    }
#endregion
#region TAA Settings
[Serializable]
public struct TaaSettings
```

```
[Tooltip("The diameter (in texels) inside which jitter samples are spread.
Smaller values result in crisper but more aliased output, while larger values result in more
stable but blurrier output.")]
              [Range(0.1f, 1f)]
              public float jitterSpread;
              [Tooltip("Controls the amount of sharpening applied to the color buffer.")]
              [Range(0f, 3f)]
              public float sharpen;
              [Tooltip("The blend coefficient for a stationary fragment. Controls the
percentage of history sample blended into the final color.")]
              [Range(0f, 0.99f)]
              public float stationaryBlending;
              [Tooltip("The blend coefficient for a fragment with significant motion. Controls
the percentage of history sample blended into the final color.")]
              [Range(0f, 0.99f)]
              public float motionBlending;
              public static TaaSettings defaultSettings
              {
                  get
                  {
                       return new TaaSettings
                       {
                            jitterSpread = 0.75f,
                            sharpen = 0.3f,
                            stationaryBlending = 0.95f,
                            motionBlending = 0.85f
                       };
                  }
              }
         #endregion
         [Serializable]
         public struct Settings
         {
              public Method method;
              public FxaaSettings fxaaSettings;
              public TaaSettings taaSettings;
              public static Settings defaultSettings
```

```
{
                  get
                       return new Settings
                       {
                            method = Method.Fxaa,
                            fxaaSettings = FxaaSettings.defaultSettings,
                            taaSettings = TaaSettings.defaultSettings
                       };
                  }
             }
         }
         [SerializeField]
         Settings m_Settings = Settings.defaultSettings;
         public Settings settings
              get { return m_Settings; }
              set { m_Settings = value; }
         public override void Reset()
              m_Settings = Settings.defaultSettings;
         }
    }
}
using UnityEngine;
using UnityEngine.PostProcessing;
namespace UnityEditor.PostProcessing
{
    using Method = AntialiasingModel.Method;
    using Settings = AntialiasingModel.Settings;
    [PostProcessingModelEditor(typeof(AntialiasingModel))]
    public class AntialiasingModelEditor: PostProcessingModelEditor
    {
         SerializedProperty m_Method;
         SerializedProperty m_FxaaPreset;
         SerializedProperty m_TaaJitterSpread;
         SerializedProperty m_TaaSharpen;
```

```
Serialized Property\ m\_Taa Stationary Blending;
         SerializedProperty m_TaaMotionBlending;
         static string[] s_MethodNames =
         {
             "Fast Approximate Anti-aliasing",
             "Temporal Anti-aliasing"
        };
         public override void OnEnable()
         {
             m_Method = FindSetting((Settings x) => x.method);
             m_FxaaPreset = FindSetting((Settings x) => x.fxaaSettings.preset);
             m_TaaJitterSpread = FindSetting((Settings x) => x.taaSettings.jitterSpread);
             m_TaaSharpen = FindSetting((Settings x) => x.taaSettings.sharpen);
             m TaaStationaryBlending
                                                    FindSetting((Settings
                                                                                       =>
x.taaSettings.stationaryBlending);
             m_TaaMotionBlending
                                                   FindSetting((Settings
                                          =
                                                                              X)
x.taaSettings.motionBlending);
        }
         public override void OnInspectorGUI()
         {
             m_Method.intValue = EditorGUILayout.Popup("Method", m_Method.intValue,
s_MethodNames);
             if (m_Method.intValue == (int)Method.Fxaa)
             {
                  EditorGUILayout.PropertyField(m_FxaaPreset);
             else if (m_Method.intValue == (int)Method.Taa)
                  if (QualitySettings.antiAliasing > 1)
                      EditorGUILayout.HelpBox("Temporal Anti-Aliasing doesn't work
correctly when MSAA is enabled.", MessageType.Warning);
                  EditorGUILayout.LabelField("Jitter", EditorStyles.boldLabel);
                  EditorGUI.indentLevel++;
                  EditorGUILayout.PropertyField(m_TaaJitterSpread,
EditorGUIHelper.GetContent("Spread"));
                  EditorGUI.indentLevel--;
```

```
EditorGUILayout.Space();
                  EditorGUILayout.LabelField("Blending", EditorStyles.boldLabel);
                  EditorGUI.indentLevel++;
                  EditorGUILayout.PropertyField(m_TaaStationaryBlending,
EditorGUIHelper.GetContent("Stationary"));
                  EditorGUILayout.PropertyField(m_TaaMotionBlending,
EditorGUIHelper.GetContent("Motion"));
                  EditorGUI.indentLevel--:
                  EditorGUILayout.Space();
                  EditorGUILayout.PropertyField(m_TaaSharpen);
             }
         }
    }
using System.Collections;
using System.Collections.Generic;
using UnityEngine;
using UnityEngine.UI;
using UnityEngine.SceneManagement;
public class AsyncLoad : MonoBehaviour {
    // public Image FG;
    public Text tishi_ui;
    public Text progressText;
    public Transform jiazai;
    string[] tishi=new string[5];
    private static string NextScene;
    public Sprite[] BG_ImageList;
    public Image BG;
    public static void LoadingScene(string sceneName)
         NextScene = sceneName;
         SceneManager.LoadScene("AsyncLoad");
    }
    bool n=true:
    // Use this for initialization
    void Start()
```

```
BG.sprite = BG_ImageList[Random.Range(0, 5)];
      tishi[0] = "温馨小提示: 浮动螺母用于配合螺丝钉的安装,以便于固定螺钉。";
      tishi[1] = "温馨小提示: U 与 U 之间的分界线作为计算设备安装空间的参考点。";
      tishi[2] = "温馨小提示:在使用功率超过特定瓦数的用电设备前,必须得到上级主
管批准,并在保证线路安全的基础上使用。";
      tishi[3] = "温馨小提示:工作人员离开工作区域前,应保证工作区域内保存的重要
文件、资料、设备、数据处于安全保护状态。";
      tishi[4] = "温馨小提示:在使用功率超过特定瓦数的用电设备前,必须得到上级主
管批准,并在保证线路安全的基础上使用。";
      tishi_ui.text = tishi[Random.Range(0,5)];
   }
   void Update()
       progressText.text = (int)(currentProgress * 100) + "%";
      jiazai.Rotate(new Vector3(0, 0, 1), -Time.deltaTime * 300);
      if(n)
      {
          n = false;
          StartCoroutine(Load());
      }
   }
   AsyncOperation async;
   float currentProgress = 0;
   IEnumerator Load()
      async = SceneManager.LoadSceneAsync(NextScene);
      async.allowSceneActivation = false;//不允许场景激活
      while (!async.isDone)//加载是否完成
          if (async.progress >= 0.9F)
          {
             break;
```

if (currentProgress < async.progress)//加载的进度

currentProgress += 0.01F;

{

```
}
             yield return new WaitForEndOfFrame();
             //FG.fillAmount = currentProgress;
        }
         while (currentProgress < 1F)
         {
             currentProgress += 0.01F;
             yield return new WaitForEndOfFrame();
             //FG.fillAmount = currentProgress;
         }
         async.allowSceneActivation = true;//允许场景激活
         async = null;
         NextScene = string.Empty;
         yield return async;
    }
}
using System;
using UnityEngine;
#if UNITY EDITOR
#endif
namespace UnityStandardAssets.Cameras
{
    [ExecuteInEditMode]
    public class AutoCam: PivotBasedCameraRig
         [SerializeField] private float m_MoveSpeed = 3; // How fast the rig will move to
```

keep up with target's position

[SerializeField] private float m_TurnSpeed = 1; // How fast the rig will turn to keep up with target's rotation

[SerializeField] private float m_RollSpeed = 0.2f;// How fast the rig will roll (around Z axis) to match target's roll.

[SerializeField] private bool m_FollowVelocity = false;// Whether the rig will rotate in the direction of the target's velocity.

[SerializeField] private bool m_FollowTilt = true; // Whether the rig will tilt (around X axis) with the target.

[SerializeField] private float m_SpinTurnLimit = 90;// The threshold beyond which the camera stops following the target's rotation. (used in situations where a car spins out, for example)

[SerializeField] private float m_TargetVelocityLowerLimit = 4f;// the minimum velocity above which the camera turns towards the object's velocity. Below this we use the object's forward direction.

[SerializeField] private float m_SmoothTurnTime = 0.2f; // the smoothing for the camera's rotation

private float m_LastFlatAngle; // The relative angle of the target and the rig from the previous frame.

private float m_CurrentTurnAmount; // How much to turn the camera private float m_TurnSpeedVelocityChange; // The change in the turn speed velocity private Vector3 m_RollUp = Vector3.up;// The roll of the camera around the z axis (generally this will always just be up)

```
protected override void FollowTarget(float deltaTime)
         {
             // if no target, or no time passed then we quit early, as there is nothing to do
             if (!(deltaTime > 0) || m_Target == null)
             {
                  return;
             }
             // initialise some vars, we'll be modifying these in a moment
             var targetForward = m_Target.forward;
             var targetUp = m_Target.up;
             if (m_FollowVelocity && Application.isPlaying)
             {
                  // in follow velocity mode, the camera's rotation is aligned towards the
object's velocity direction
                  // but only if the object is traveling faster than a given threshold.
                  if (targetRigidbody.velocity.magnitude > m_TargetVelocityLowerLimit)
                       // velocity is high enough, so we'll use the target's velocty
                       targetForward = targetRigidbody.velocity.normalized;
                       targetUp = Vector3.up;
                  }
                  else
                       targetUp = Vector3.up;
                  }
                  m_CurrentTurnAmount = Mathf.SmoothDamp(m_CurrentTurnAmount, 1,
ref m_TurnSpeedVelocityChange, m_SmoothTurnTime);
```

```
}
             else
                 // we're in 'follow rotation' mode, where the camera rig's rotation follows
the object's rotation.
                 // This section allows the camera to stop following the target's rotation
when the target is spinning too fast.
                 // eg when a car has been knocked into a spin. The camera will resume
following the rotation
                 // of the target when the target's angular velocity slows below the
threshold.
                            currentFlatAngle
                                                            Mathf.Atan2(targetForward.x,
targetForward.z)*Mathf.Rad2Deg;
                 if (m_SpinTurnLimit > 0)
                      var targetSpinSpeed = Mathf.Abs(Mathf.DeltaAngle(m_LastFlatAngle,
currentFlatAngle))/deltaTime;
                           desiredTurnAmount = Mathf.InverseLerp(m_SpinTurnLimit,
                      var
m_SpinTurnLimit*0.75f, targetSpinSpeed);
                              turnReactSpeed
                                                          (m_CurrentTurnAmount
                      var
desiredTurnAmount ? .1f : 1f);
                      if (Application.isPlaying)
                          m_CurrentTurnAmount
Mathf.SmoothDamp(m_CurrentTurnAmount, desiredTurnAmount,
                                                                   ref
m_TurnSpeedVelocityChange, turnReactSpeed);
                      }
                      else
                      {
                          // for editor mode, smoothdamp won't work because it uses
deltaTime internally
                          m_CurrentTurnAmount = desiredTurnAmount;
                      }
                 }
                 else
                 {
                      m_CurrentTurnAmount = 1;
                 m_LastFlatAngle = currentFlatAngle;
             }
             // camera position moves towards target position:
```

```
transform.position = Vector3.Lerp(transform.position, m_Target.position,
deltaTime*m_MoveSpeed);
             // camera's rotation is split into two parts, which can have independend speed
settings:
             // rotating towards the target's forward direction (which encompasses its 'yaw'
and 'pitch')
             if (!m_FollowTilt)
             {
                  targetForward.y = 0;
                  if (targetForward.sqrMagnitude < float.Epsilon)
                  {
                       targetForward = transform.forward;
                  }
             }
             var rollRotation = Quaternion.LookRotation(targetForward, m_RollUp);
             // and aligning with the target object's up direction (i.e. its 'roll')
             m_RollUp = m_RollSpeed > 0 ? Vector3.Slerp(m_RollUp, targetUp,
m_RollSpeed*deltaTime) : Vector3.up;
             transform.rotation
                                        Quaternion.Lerp(transform.rotation,
                                                                              rollRotation,
m_TurnSpeed*m_CurrentTurnAmount*deltaTime);
         }
    }
}
using System;
using System.Collections.Generic;
using UnityEngine;
#if UNITY_EDITOR
using UnityEditor;
#endif
namespace UnityStandardAssets.Utility
    public class AutoMobileShaderSwitch: MonoBehaviour
    {
         [SerializeField] private ReplacementList m_ReplacementList;
         // Use this for initialization
         private void OnEnable()
```

```
#if UNITY_IPHONE || UNITY_ANDROID || UNITY_WP8 || UNITY_TIZEN
             var renderers = FindObjectsOfType<Renderer>();
             Debug.Log (renderers.Length+" renderers");
             var oldMaterials = new List<Material>();
             var newMaterials = new List<Material>();
             int materials Replaced = 0;
             int materialInstancesReplaced = 0;
             foreach(ReplacementDefinition replacementDef in m_ReplacementList.items)
                  foreach(var r in renderers)
                  {
                       Material  modified Materials = null;
                       for(int n=0; n<r.sharedMaterials.Length; ++n)</pre>
                       {
                           var material = r.sharedMaterials[n];
                           if (material.shader == replacementDef.original)
                           {
                                if (modifiedMaterials == null)
                                     modifiedMaterials = r.materials;
                                if (!oldMaterials.Contains(material))
                                     oldMaterials.Add(material);
                                     Material newMaterial = (Material)Instantiate(material);
                                     newMaterial.shader = replacementDef.replacement;
                                     newMaterials.Add(newMaterial);
                                     ++materialsReplaced;
                                Debug.Log ("replacing "+r.gameObject.name+" renderer
"+n+" with "+newMaterials[oldMaterials.IndexOf(material)].name);
                                modifiedMaterials[n]
newMaterials[oldMaterials.IndexOf(material)];
                                ++materialInstancesReplaced;
                           }
                       }
                       if (modifiedMaterials != null)
                           r.materials = modifiedMaterials;
                       }
                  }
             }
```

```
Debug.Log (materialInstancesReplaced+" material instances replaced");
              Debug.Log (materialsReplaced+" materials replaced");
              for(int n=0; n<oldMaterials.Count; ++n)</pre>
                   Debug.Log
                                                                    (oldMaterials[n].name+"
("+oldMaterials[n].shader.name+")"+"
                                          replaced
                                                        with
                                                                  "+newMaterials[n].name+"
("+newMaterials[n].shader.name+")");
#endif
         }
         [Serializable]
         public class ReplacementDefinition
         {
              public Shader original = null;
              public Shader replacement = null;
         }
         [Serializable]
         public class ReplacementList
         {
              public ReplacementDefinition[] items = new ReplacementDefinition[0];
         }
    }
}
namespace UnityStandardAssets.Utility.Inspector
#if UNITY_EDITOR
    [CustomPropertyDrawer(typeof (AutoMobileShaderSwitch.ReplacementList))]
    public class ReplacementListDrawer: PropertyDrawer
    {
         const float k_LineHeight = 18;
         const float k_Spacing = 4;
         public override void OnGUI(Rect position, SerializedProperty property, GUIContent
label)
         {
              EditorGUI.BeginProperty(position, label, property);
              float x = position.x;
              float y = position.y;
              float inspectorWidth = position.width;
```

```
// Don't make child fields be indented
var indent = EditorGUI.indentLevel;
EditorGUI.indentLevel = 0;
var items = property.FindPropertyRelative("items");
var titles = new string[] {"Original", "Replacement", ""};
var props = new string[] {"original", "replacement", "-"};
var widths = new float[] {.45f, .45f, .1f};
const float lineHeight = 18;
bool changedLength = false;
if (items.arraySize > 0)
{
    for (int i = -1; i < items.arraySize; ++i)
    {
         var item = items.GetArrayElementAtIndex(i);
         float rowX = x;
         for (int n = 0; n < props.Length; ++n)
         {
              float w = widths[n]*inspectorWidth;
              // Calculate rects
              Rect rect = new Rect(rowX, y, w, lineHeight);
              rowX += w;
              if (i == -1)
              {
                   // draw title labels
                   EditorGUI.LabelField(rect, titles[n]);
              }
              else
              {
                   if (props[n] == "-" || props[n] == "^" || props[n] == "v")
                        if (GUI.Button(rect, props[n]))
                             switch (props[n])
                             {
                                  case "-":
                                       items.DeleteArrayElementAtIndex(i);
                                       items.DeleteArrayElementAtIndex(i);
                                      changedLength = true;
                                       break;
```

```
case "v":
                                                    if (i > 0)
                                                         items.MoveArrayElement(i, i + 1);
                                                    }
                                                    break;
                                               case "^":
                                                    if (i < items.arraySize - 1)
                                                    {
                                                         items.MoveArrayElement(i, i - 1);
                                                    break;
                                           }
                                      }
                                 }
                                 else
                                      SerializedProperty
                                                                        prop
item.FindPropertyRelative(props[n]);
                                      EditorGUI.PropertyField(rect, prop, GUIContent.none);
                                 }
                            }
                       }
                        y += lineHeight + k_Spacing;
                        if (changedLength)
                       {
                            break;
                        }
                  }
              }
              // add button
              var\ addButtonRect = new\ Rect((x + position.width) - widths[widths.Length - widths])
1]*inspectorWidth, y,
                                                 widths[widths.Length - 1]*inspectorWidth,
lineHeight);
              if (GUI.Button(addButtonRect, "+"))
              {
                   items.InsertArrayElementAtIndex(items.arraySize);
              }
              y += lineHeight + k_Spacing;
```