Assignment 2

Sayak Ghorai | BT21GCS004 | B2 | Design and Analysis of Algorithm

Q: Write a code to find out the GCD of two numbers using both 'normal' and 'euclidean' method and find out which one is better and why?

Answer:

Factorial using mormal method:

```
🬀 GCD_Normal.java 🗴 🬀 GCD_Euclidean.java ⊃
       import java.util.Scanner;
      public class GCD_Normal {
           public static void main(String[] args) {
               Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);
               System.out.println("Enter first num: ");
               int num1=sc.nextInt();
               System.out.println("Enter second num: ");
               int num2=sc.nextInt();
               int min=0;
               if(num1>num2){
                   min=num2;
               else{
                   min=num1;
               int gcd=1;
               for(int i=1;i<min+1;i++){</pre>
                   if(num1%i==0 && num2%i==0) {
                       gcd = i;
               System.out.println("Gcd is: "+gcd+"\nsteps: "+count);
```

Output:

```
GCD_Normal ×

/Users/sayakghorai/Desktop/DAA_Assignment2_GCD/out/production/DAA_Assignment2_GCD_GCD_Normal

Enter first num:

225

Enter second num:

125

Gcd is: 25

steps: 125

Process finished with exit code 0
```

Factorial using Euclidean method:

```
© GCD_Normal.java × © GCD_Euclidean.java
       import java.util.Scanner;
      public class GCD_Euclidean {
          public static void main(String[] args) {
              Scanner sc=new Scanner(System.in);
              System.out.print(("Enter The First Num: "));
              int num1=sc.nextInt();
              System.out.println();
              System.out.println("Enter the Second Num: ");
              int num2=sc.nextInt();
              int min=0;
              if(num1>num2){
                   min=num2;
              else{
                   min=num1;
               int max=num2+num1-min;
              int remainder=1;
                  remainder=max%min;
                  max=min;
                   min=remainder;
               }while ((remainder!=0));
               System.out.println("GCD using Euclidean method is: "+max+"\nsteps taken: "+count);
```

Output:

```
/Users/sayakghorai/Desktop/DAA_Assignment2_GCD/out/production/DAA_Assignment2_GCD_GCD_Euclidean
Enter The First Num: 225

Enter the Second Num:

125
GCD using Euclidean method is: 25
steps taken: 3
```

Ans: the euclidean mechanism is better as it takes less steps than normal method.