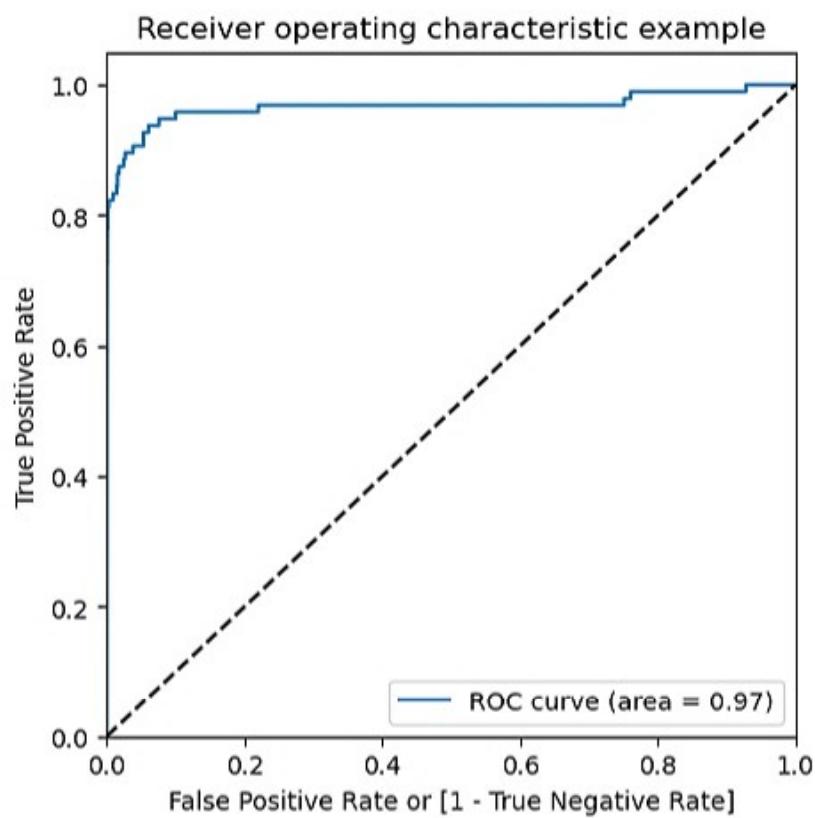
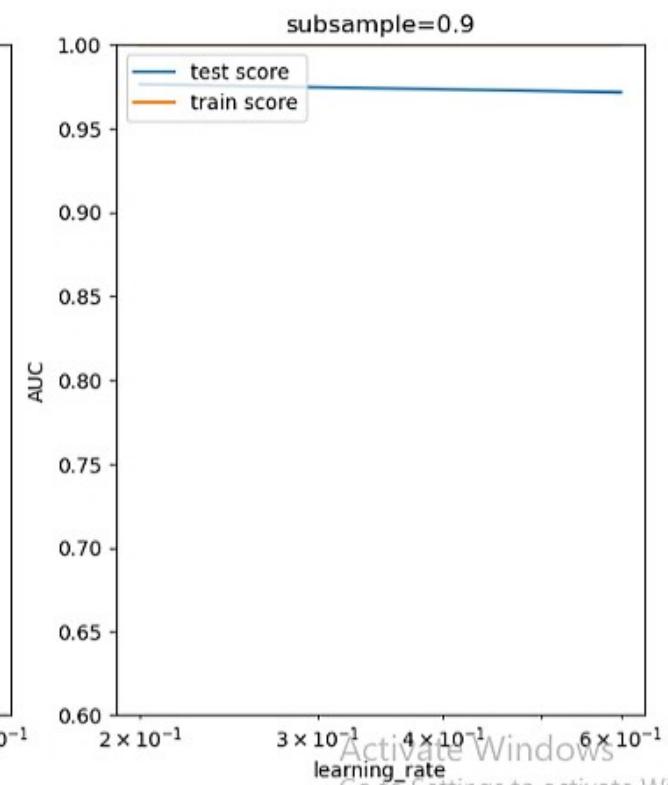
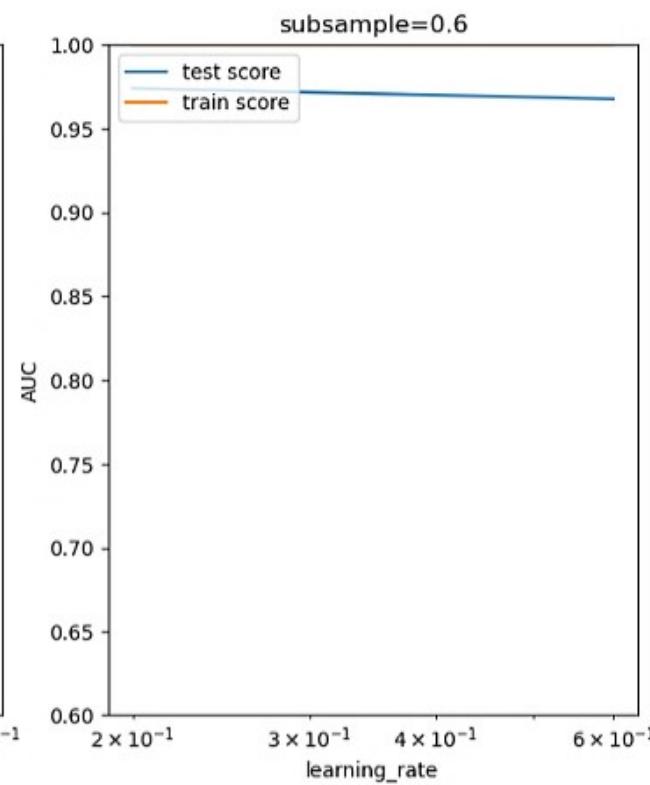
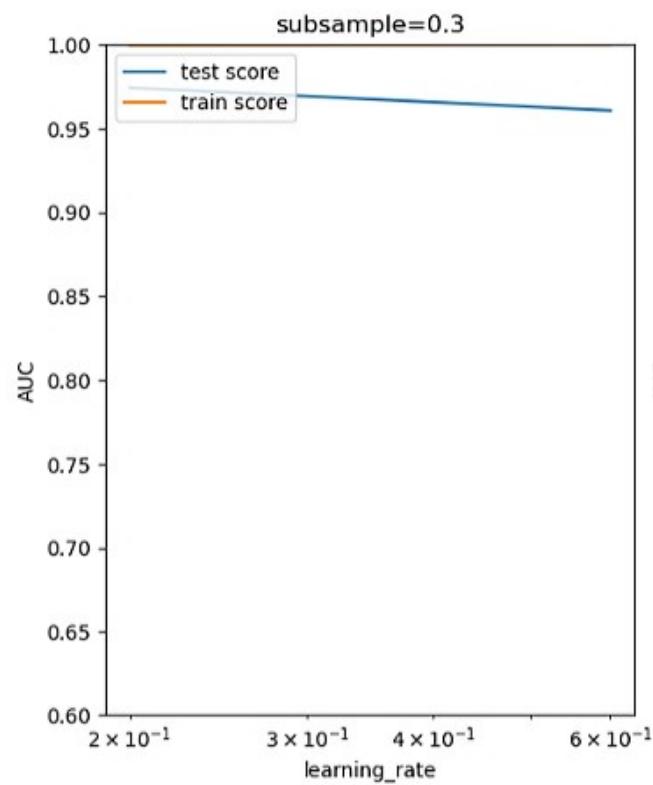


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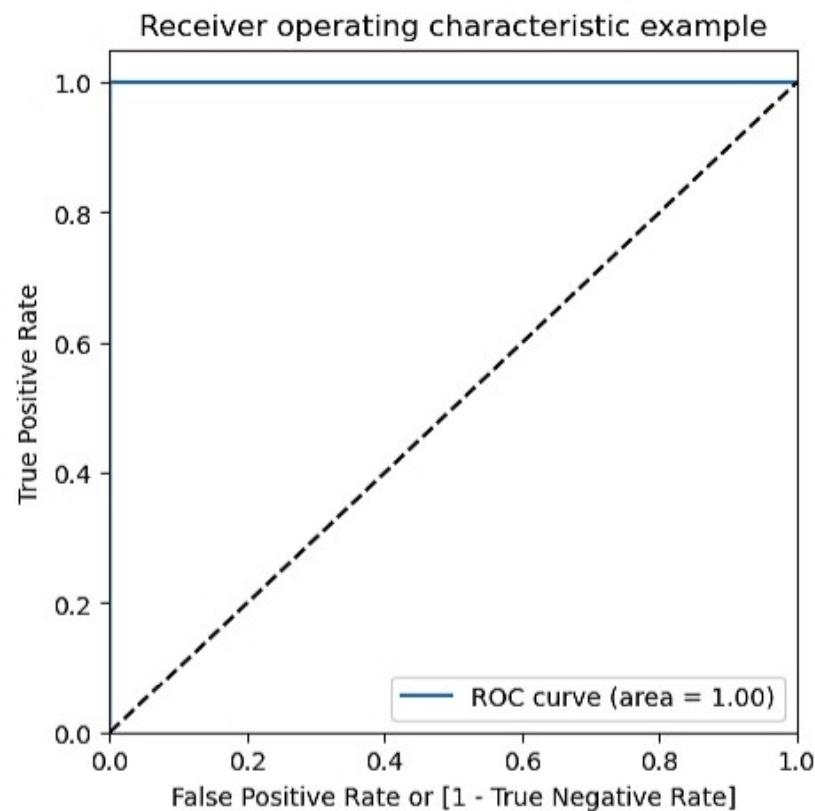


We can see that we have very good ROC on the test set 0.97, which is almost close to 1.

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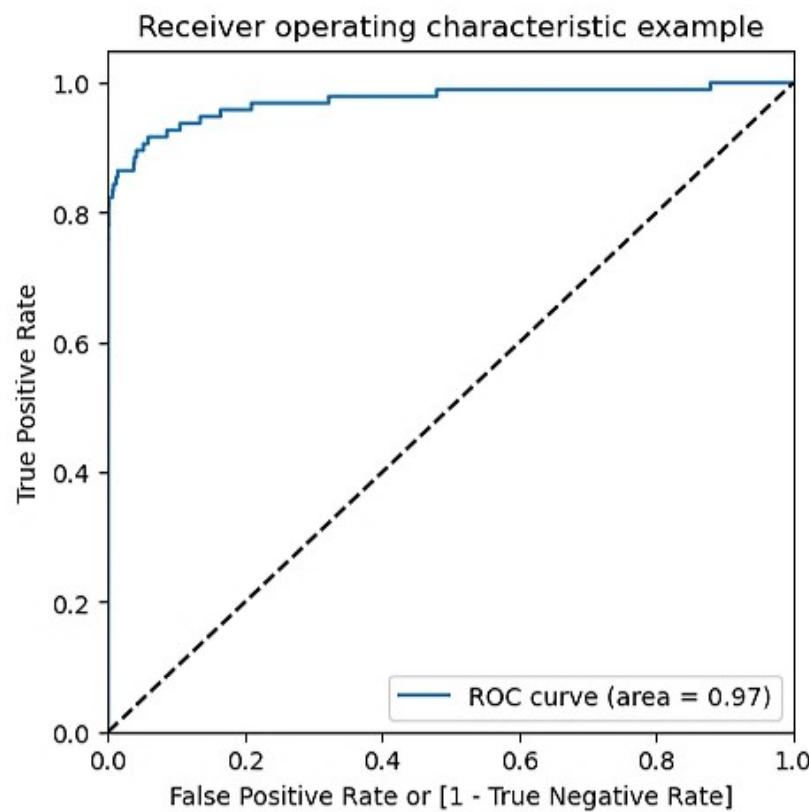
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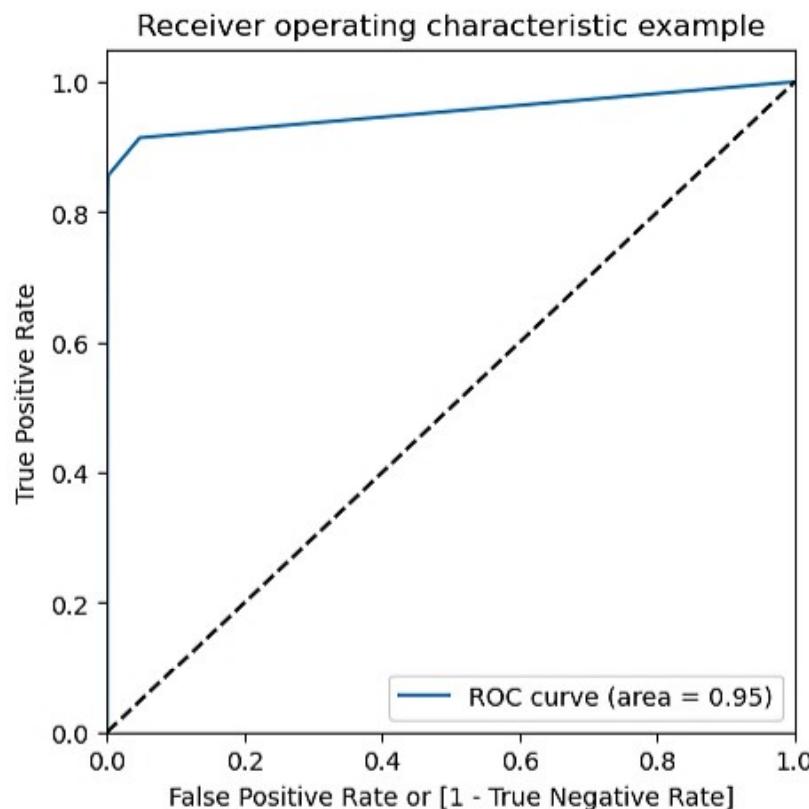
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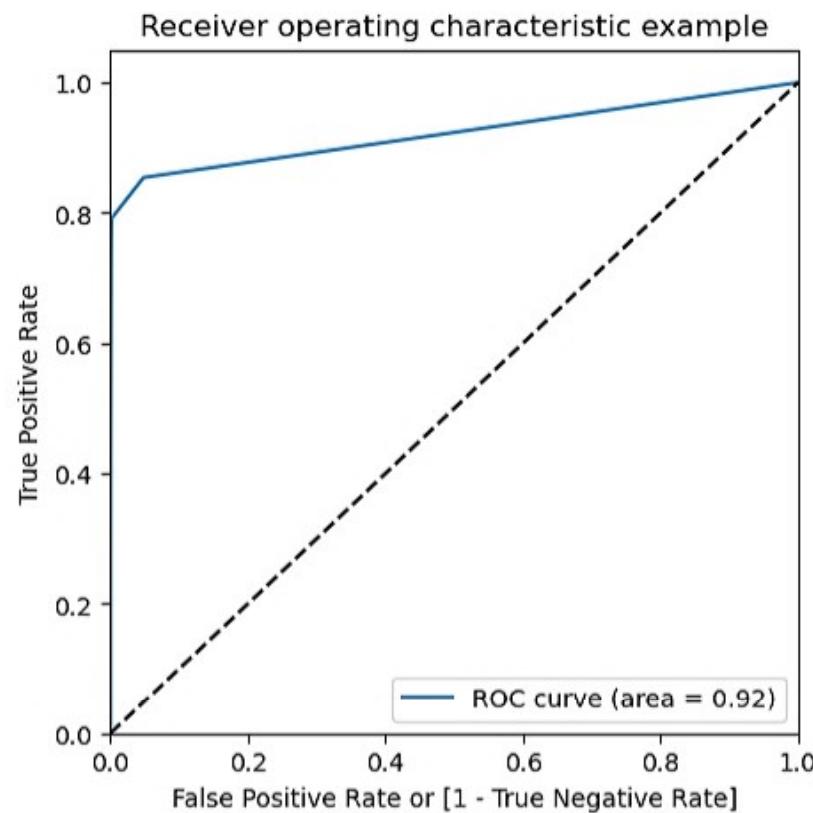
JupyterLab ⌂ Python 3 (ipykernel) ○



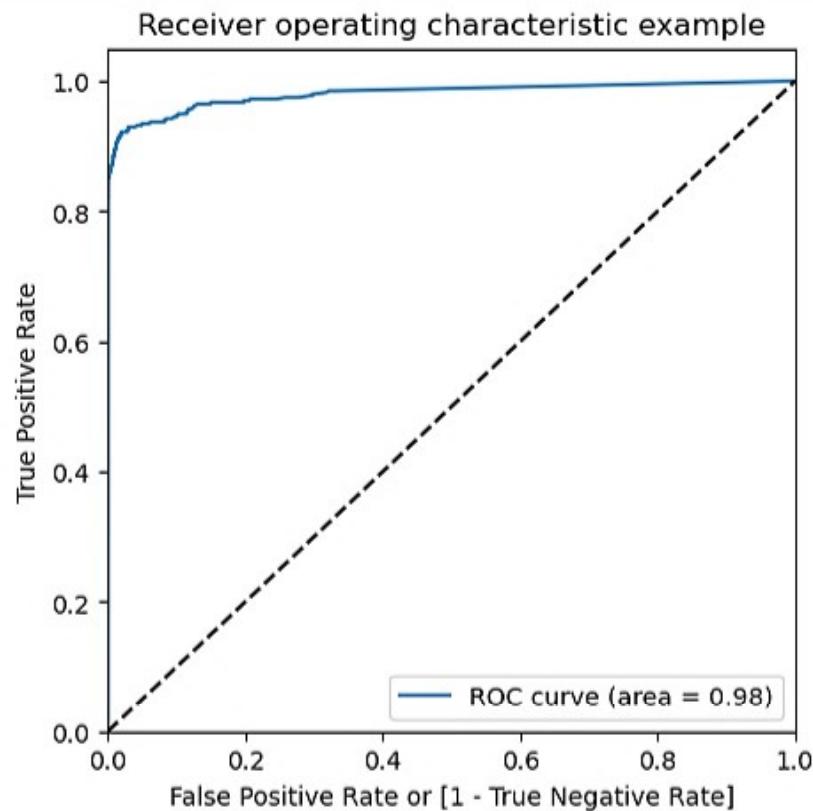
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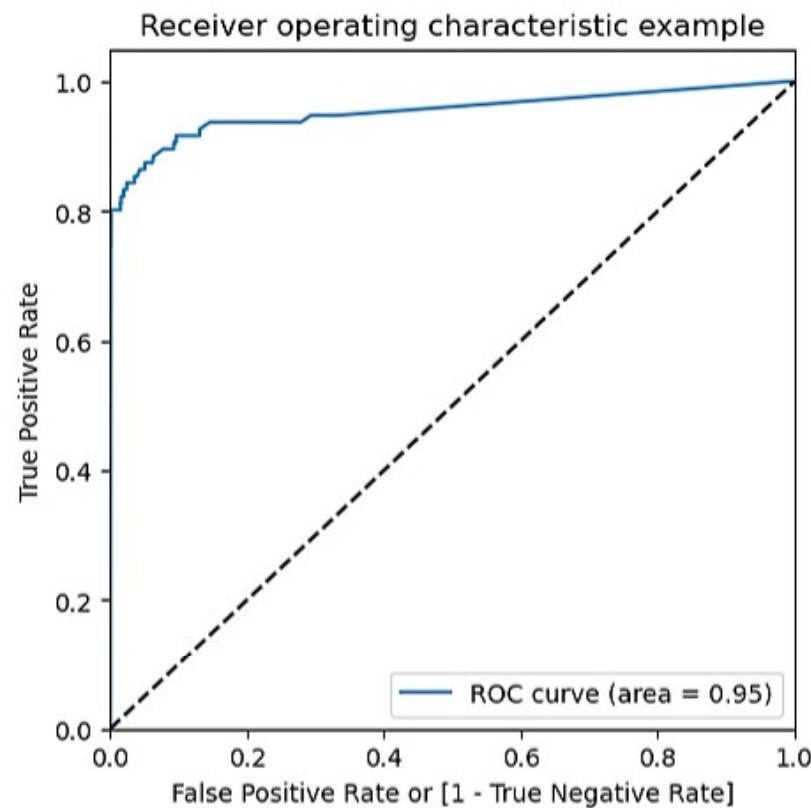
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```
draw_roc(y_test, y_test_pred_proba)
```



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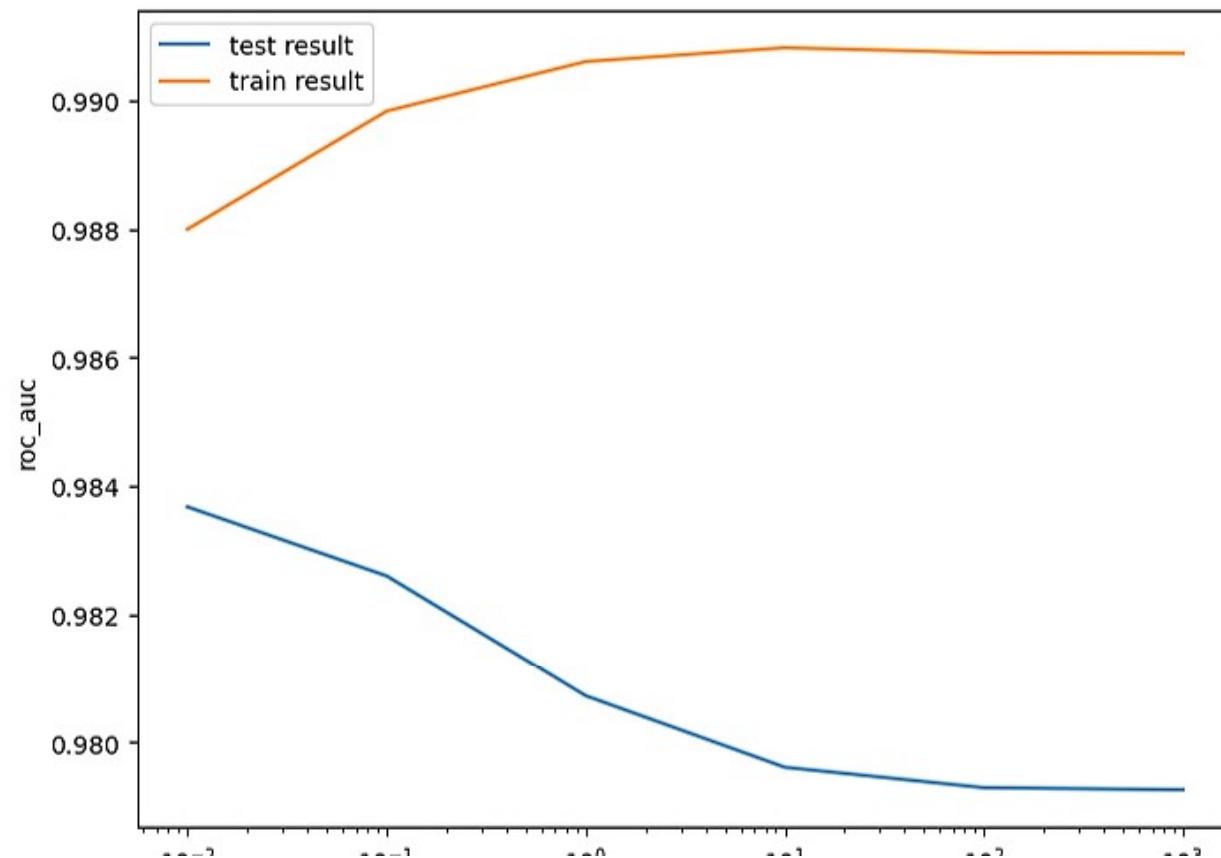


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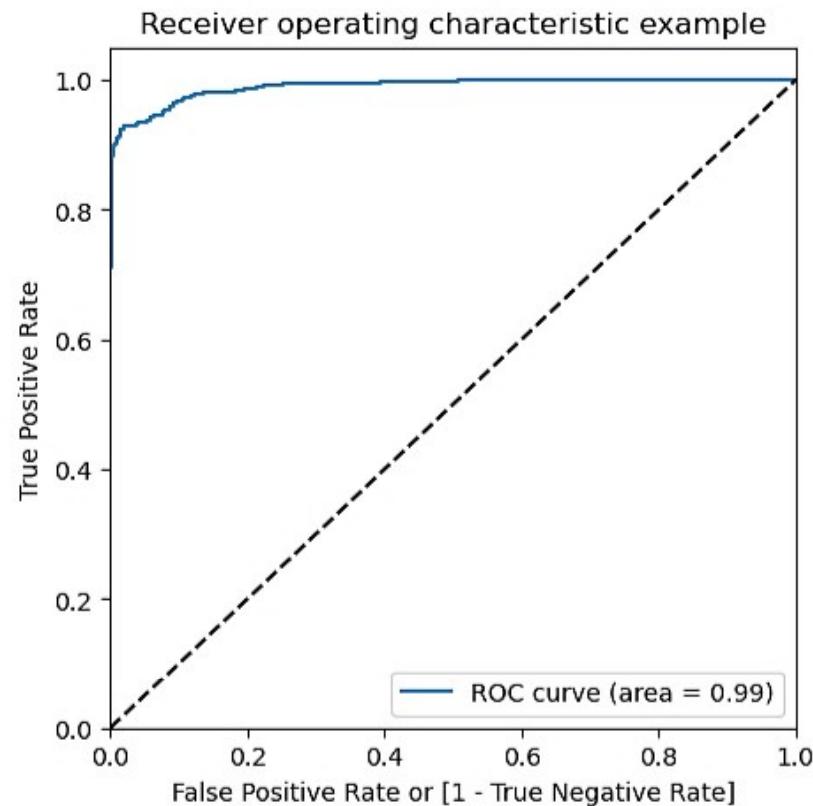
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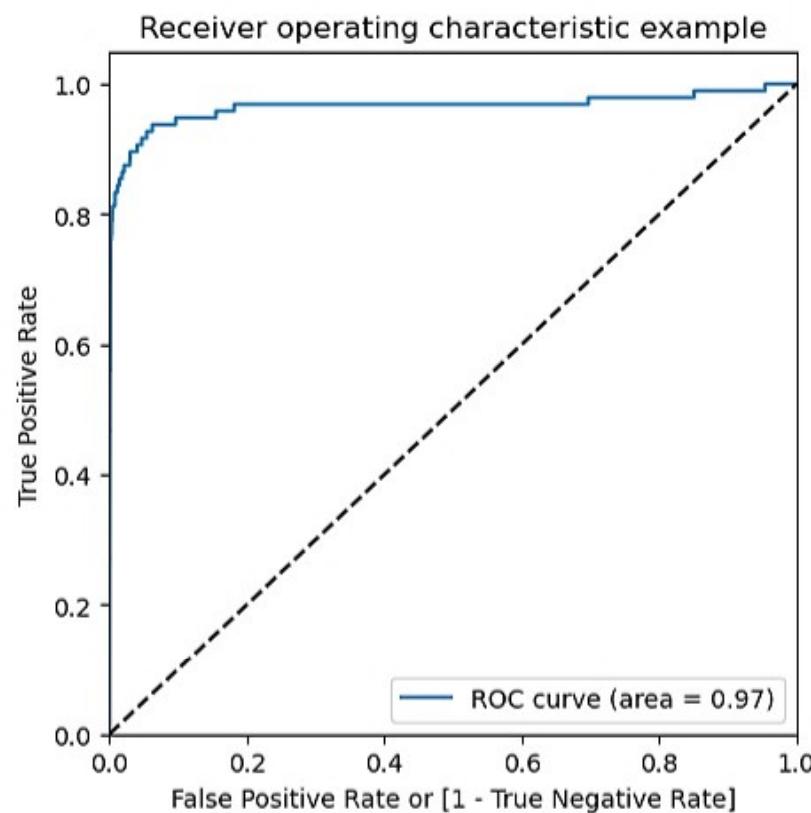


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draw_roc(y_test, y_test_pred_proba)

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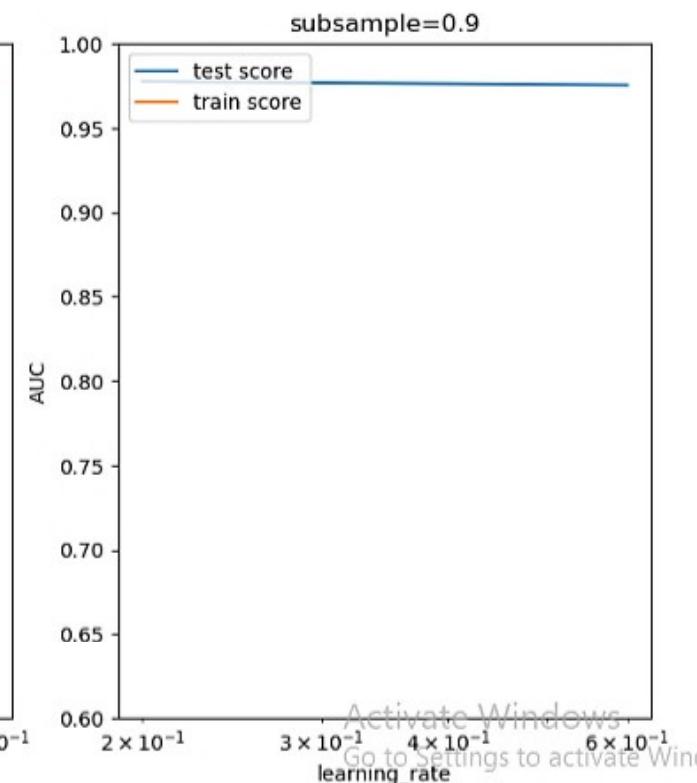
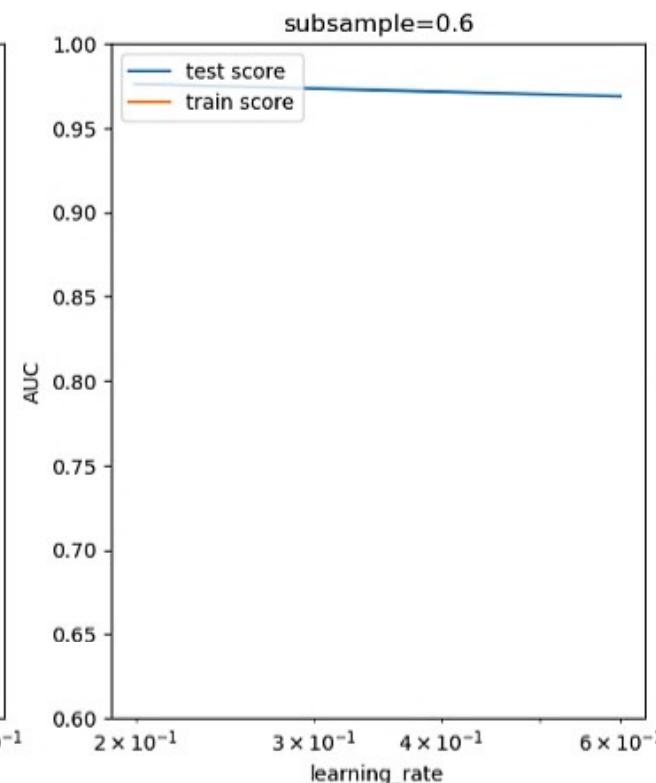
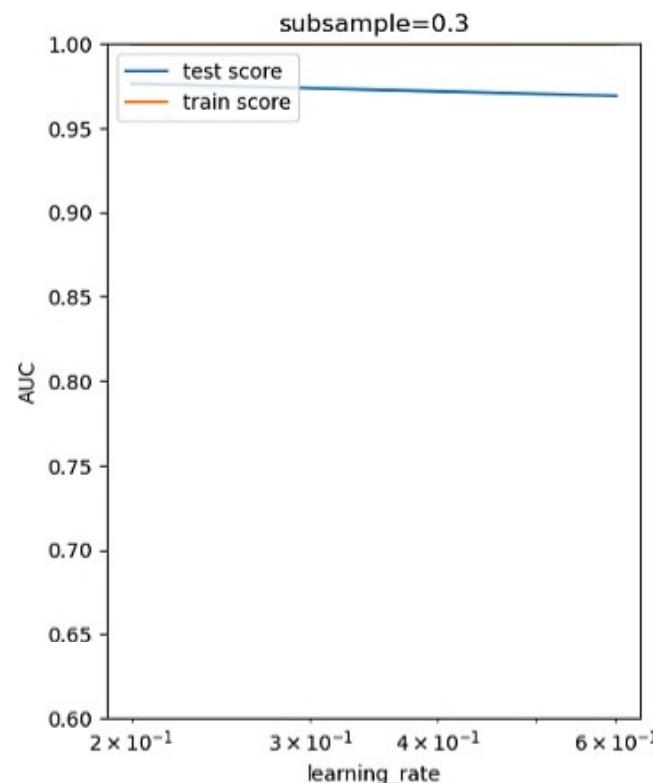


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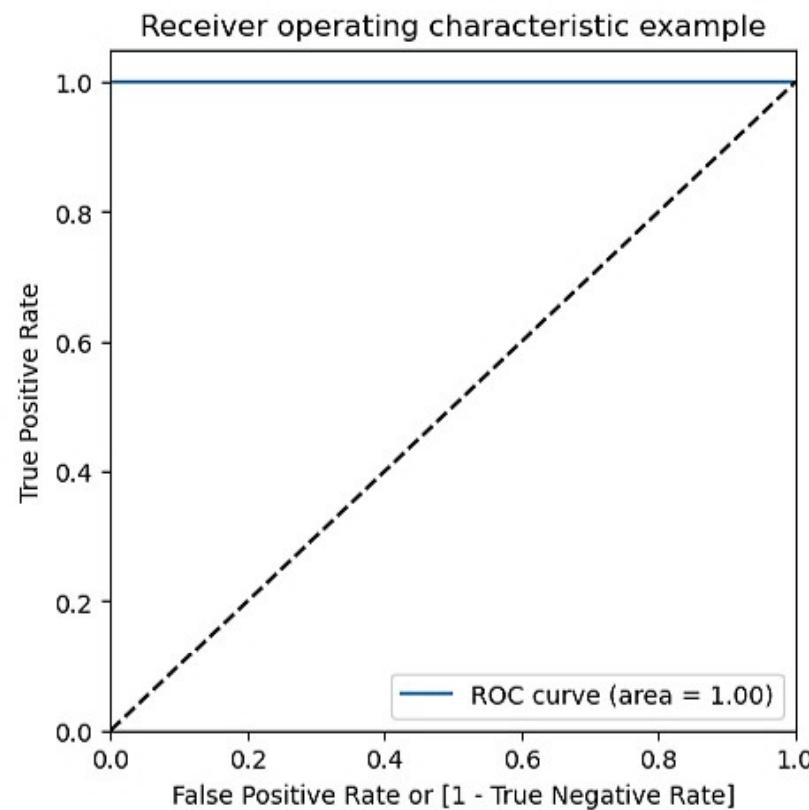
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JupyterLab ⌂ Python 3 (ipykernel) C



```
draw_roc(y_train_rus, y_train_pred_proba)
```



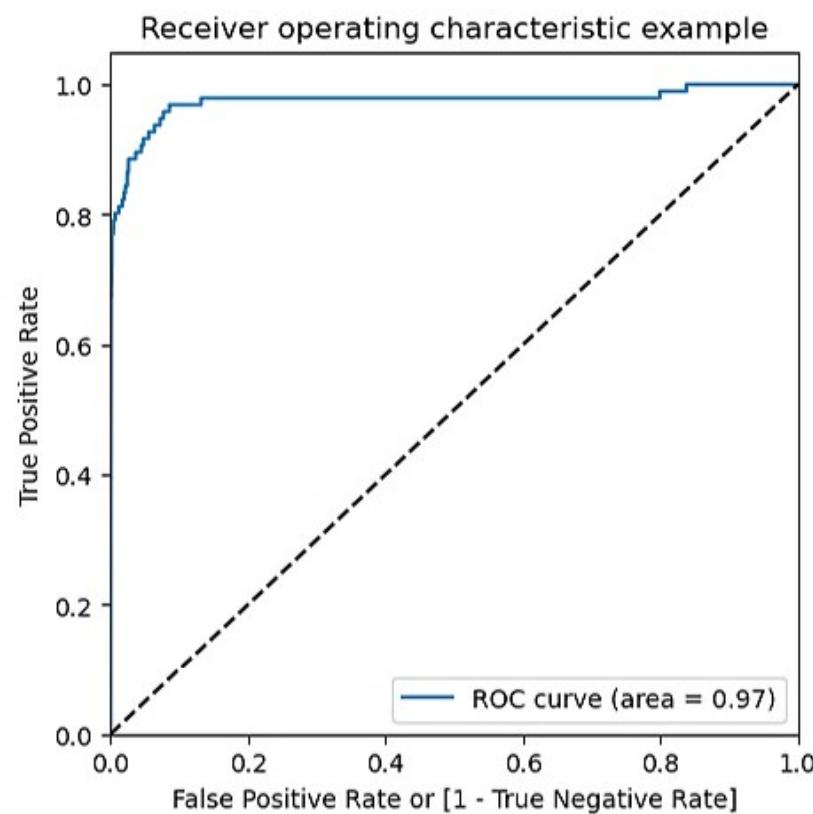
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JupyterLab Python 3 (ipykernel)



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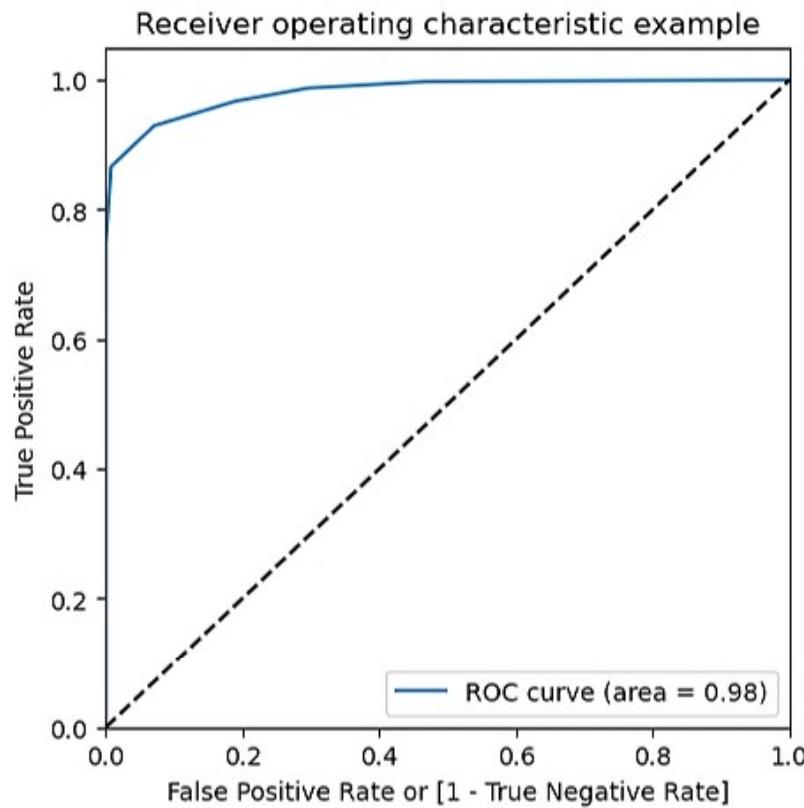
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Python 3 (ipykernel)

draw_roc(y_train_rus, y_train_pred_proba)



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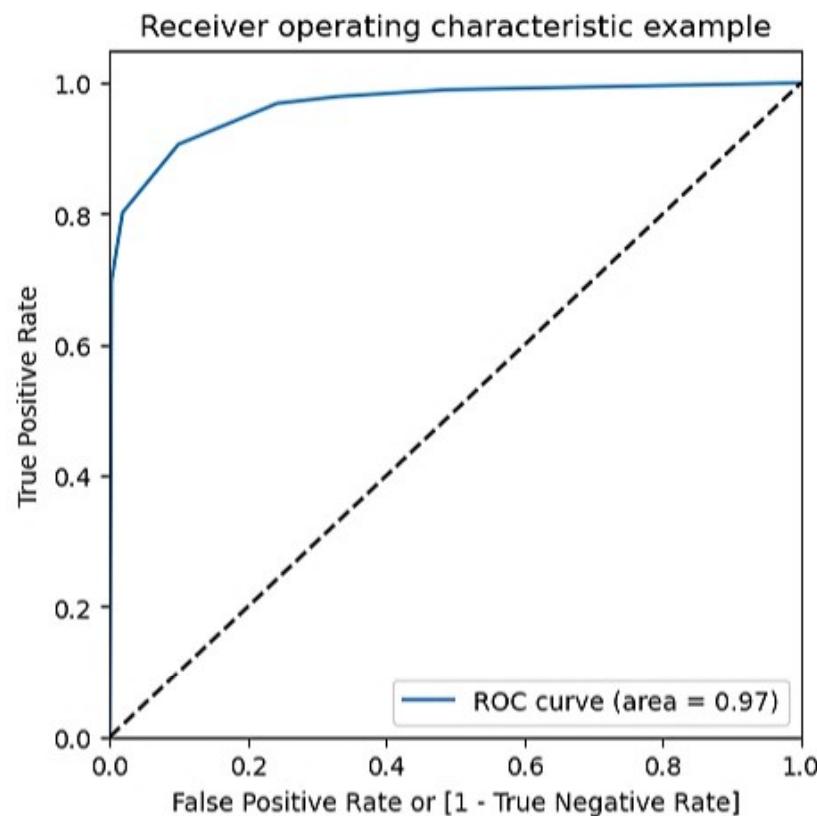
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Python 3 (ipykernel)

draw_roc(y_test, y_test_pca_prova)



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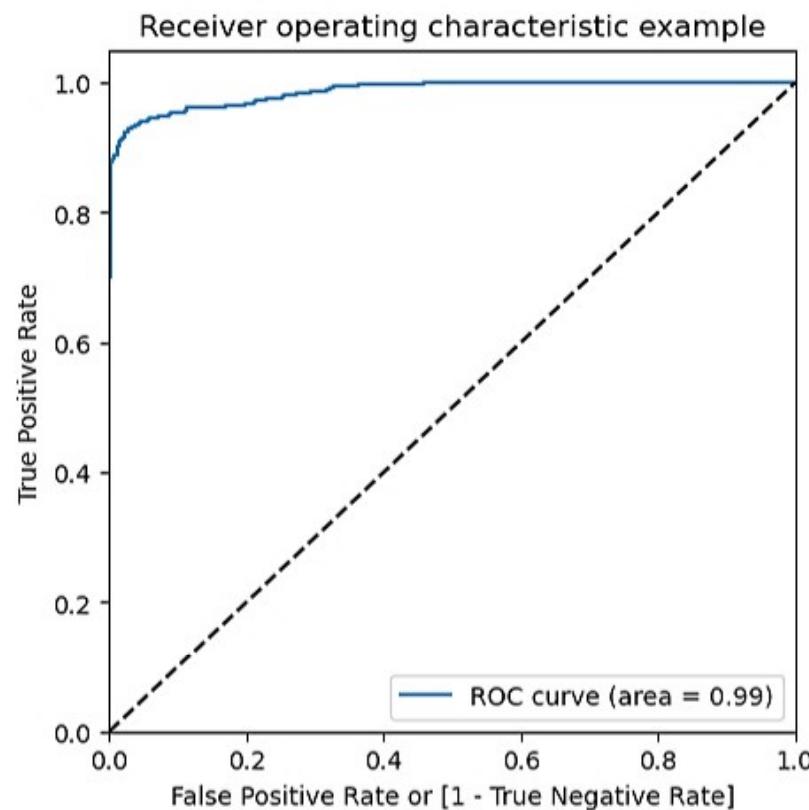
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draw_roc(y_train_rus, y_train_pred_proba)

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Python 3 (ipykernel)



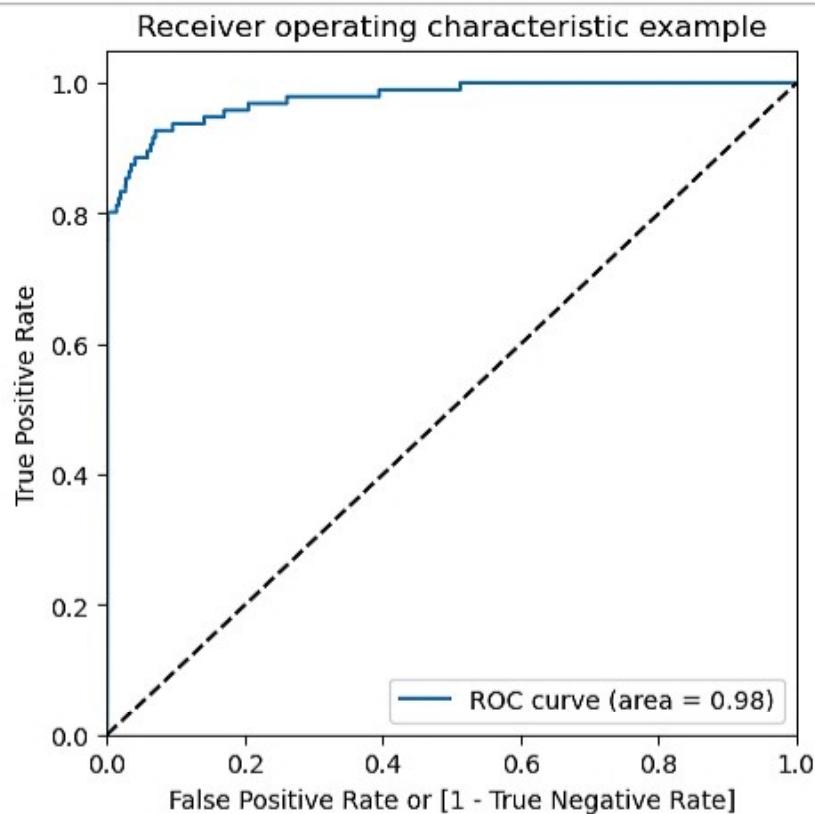
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JupyterLab Python 3 (ipykernel)



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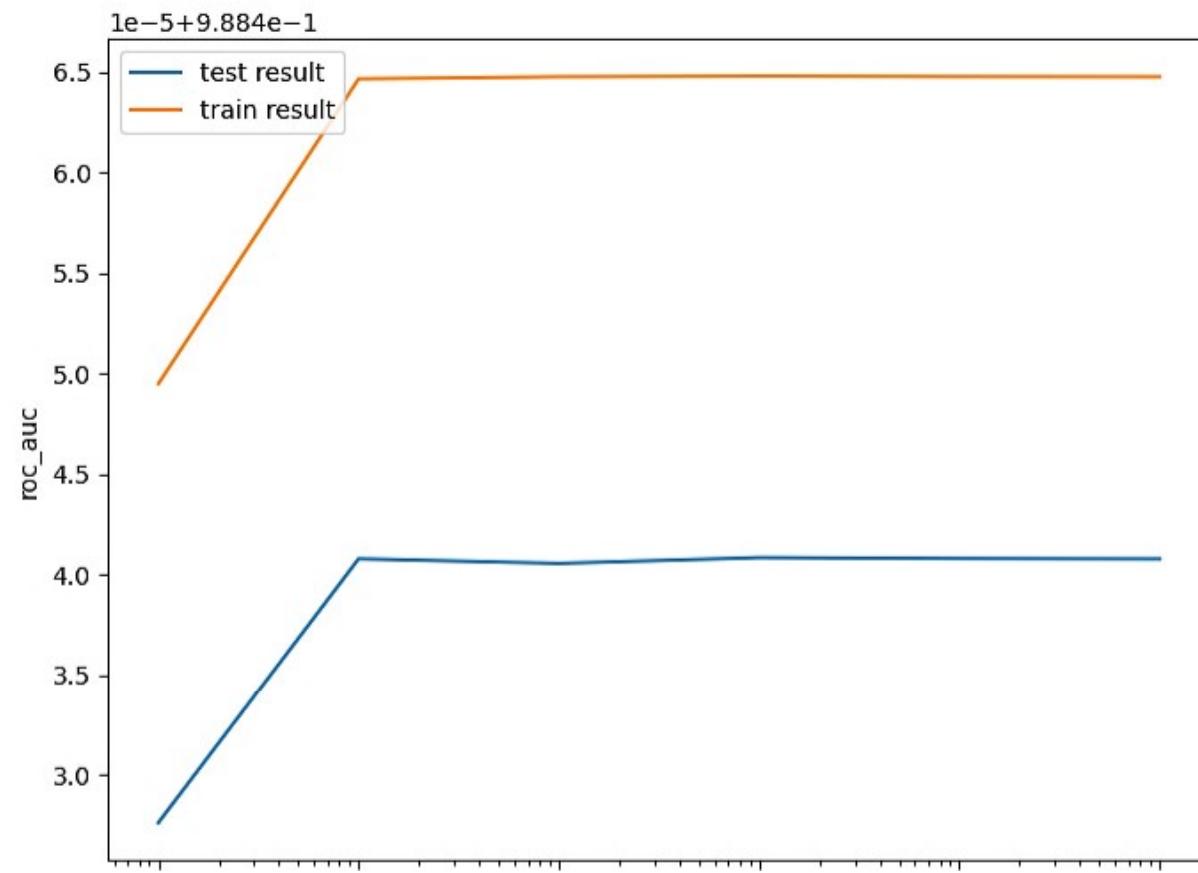


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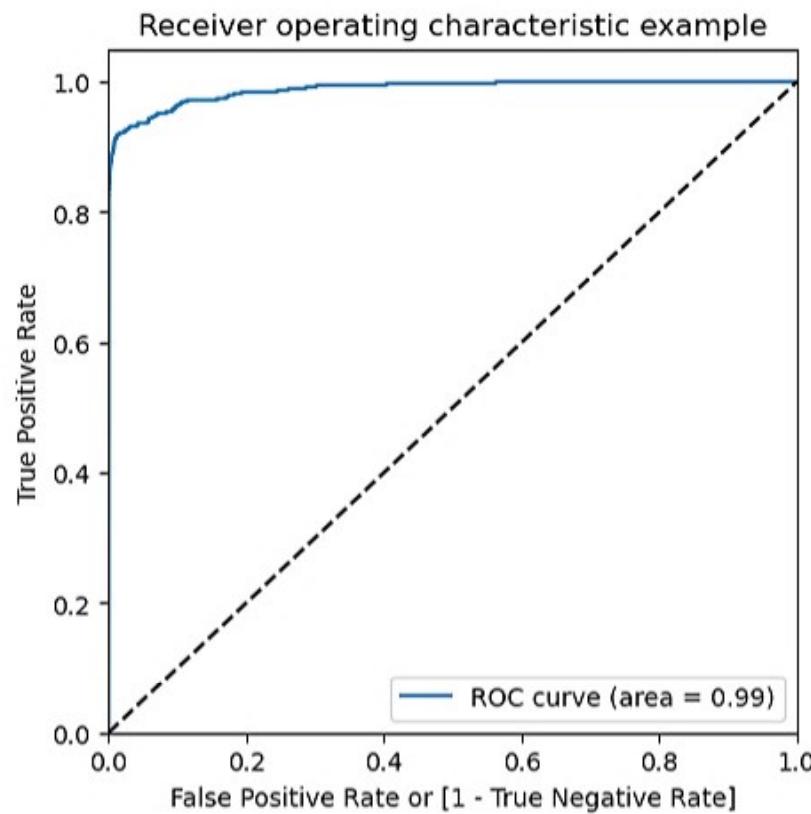
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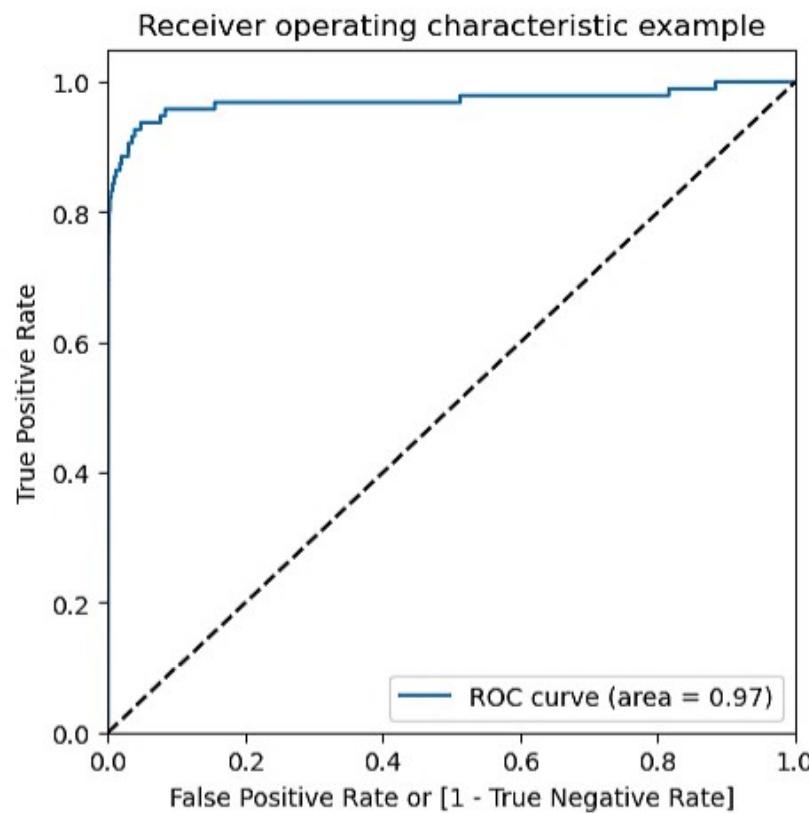
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JupyterLab ▾ Python 3 (ipykernel) C

draw_roc(y_test, y_test_prea_proba)



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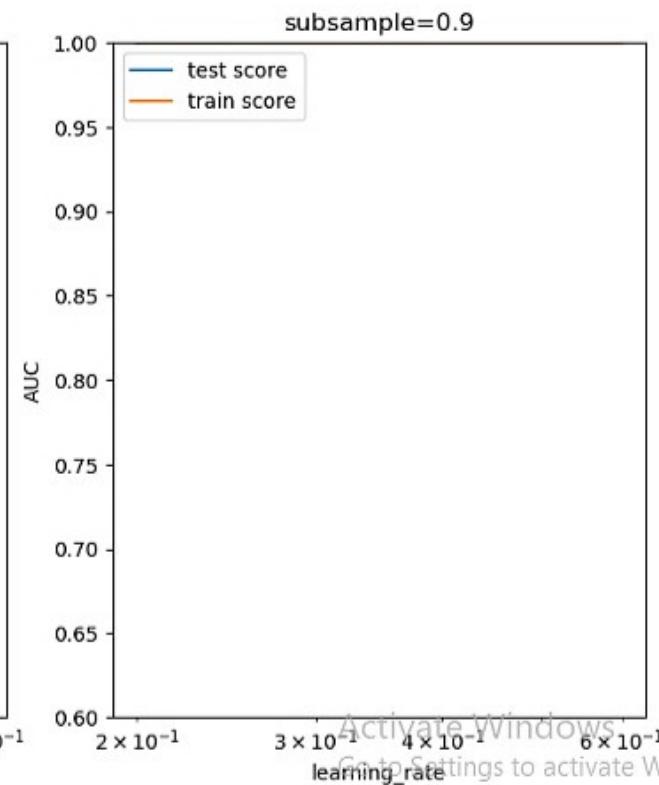
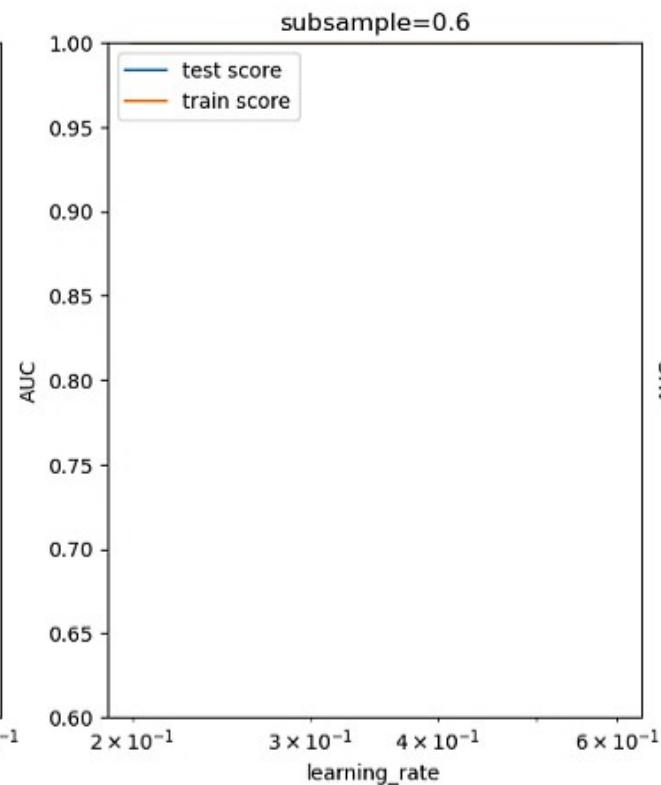
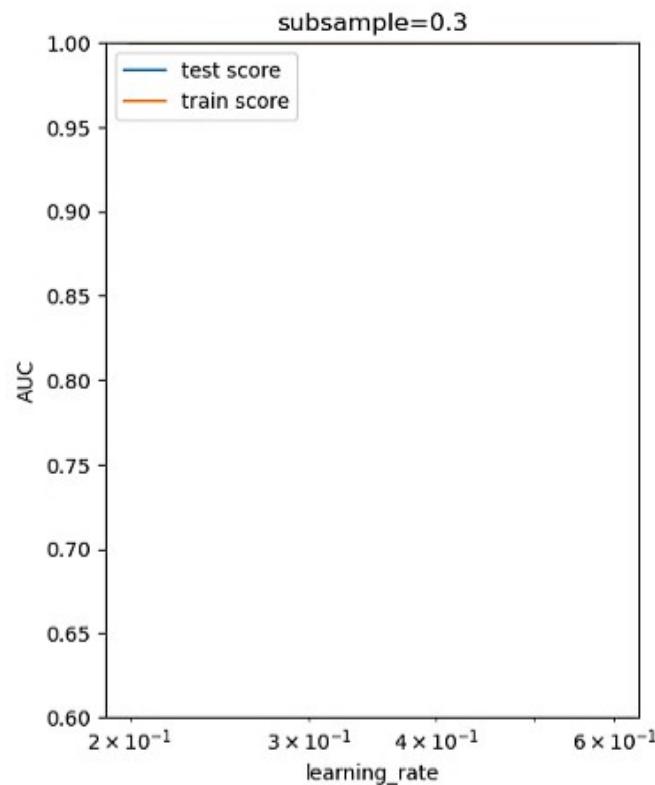
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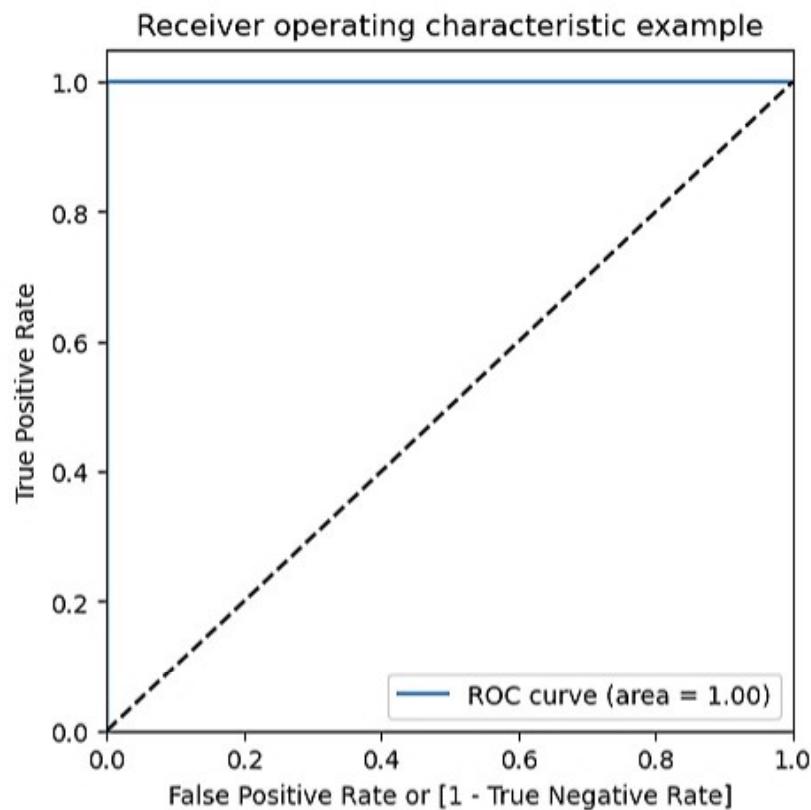
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```
plt.xscale('log')
```



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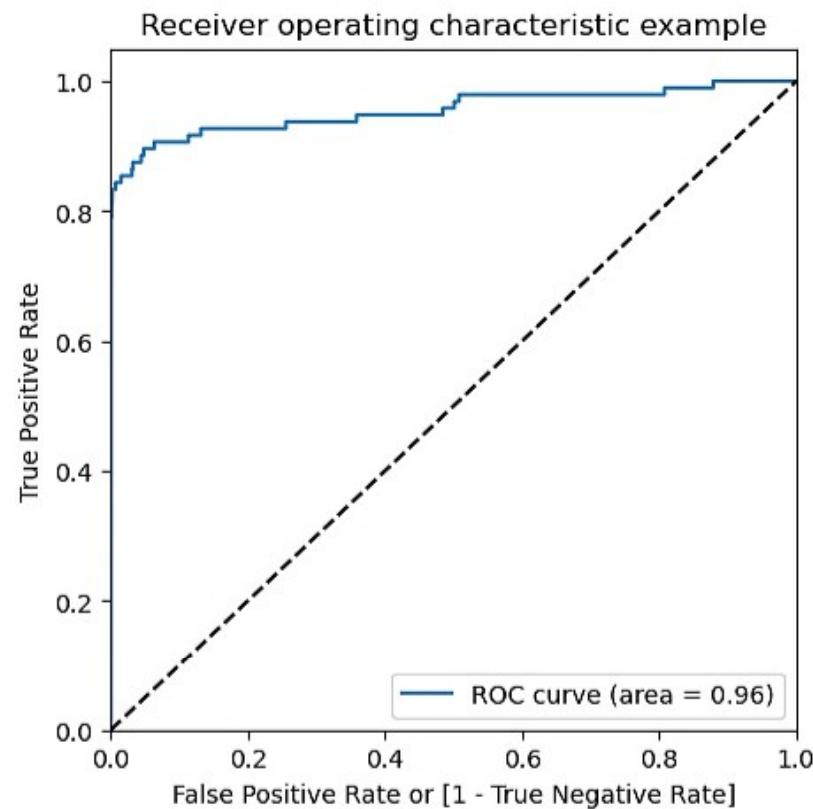
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draw_roc(y_test, y_test_pred_proba)



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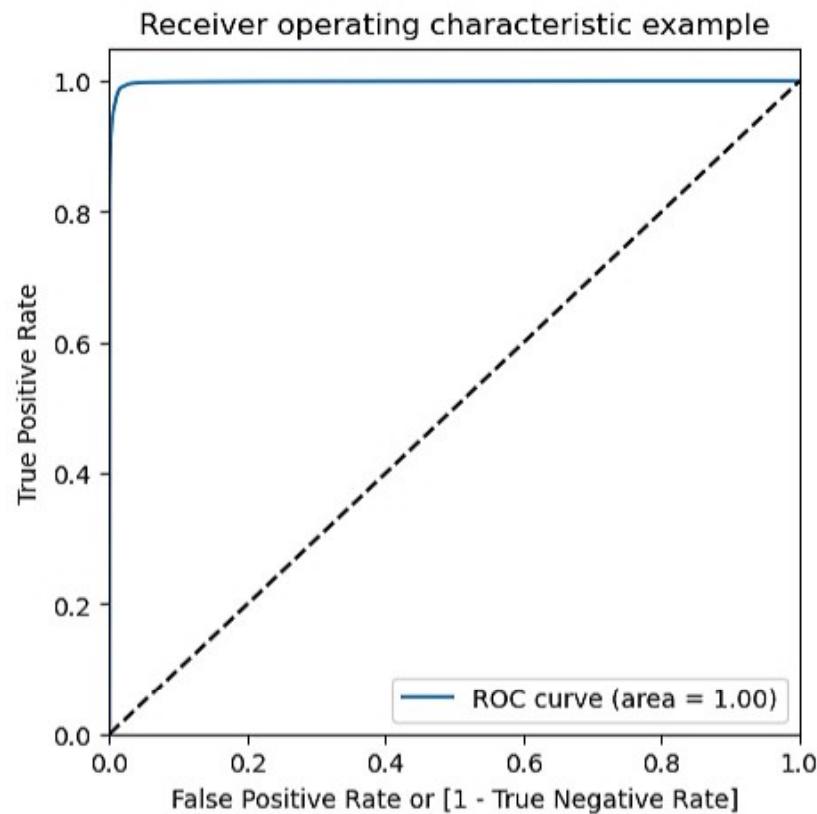


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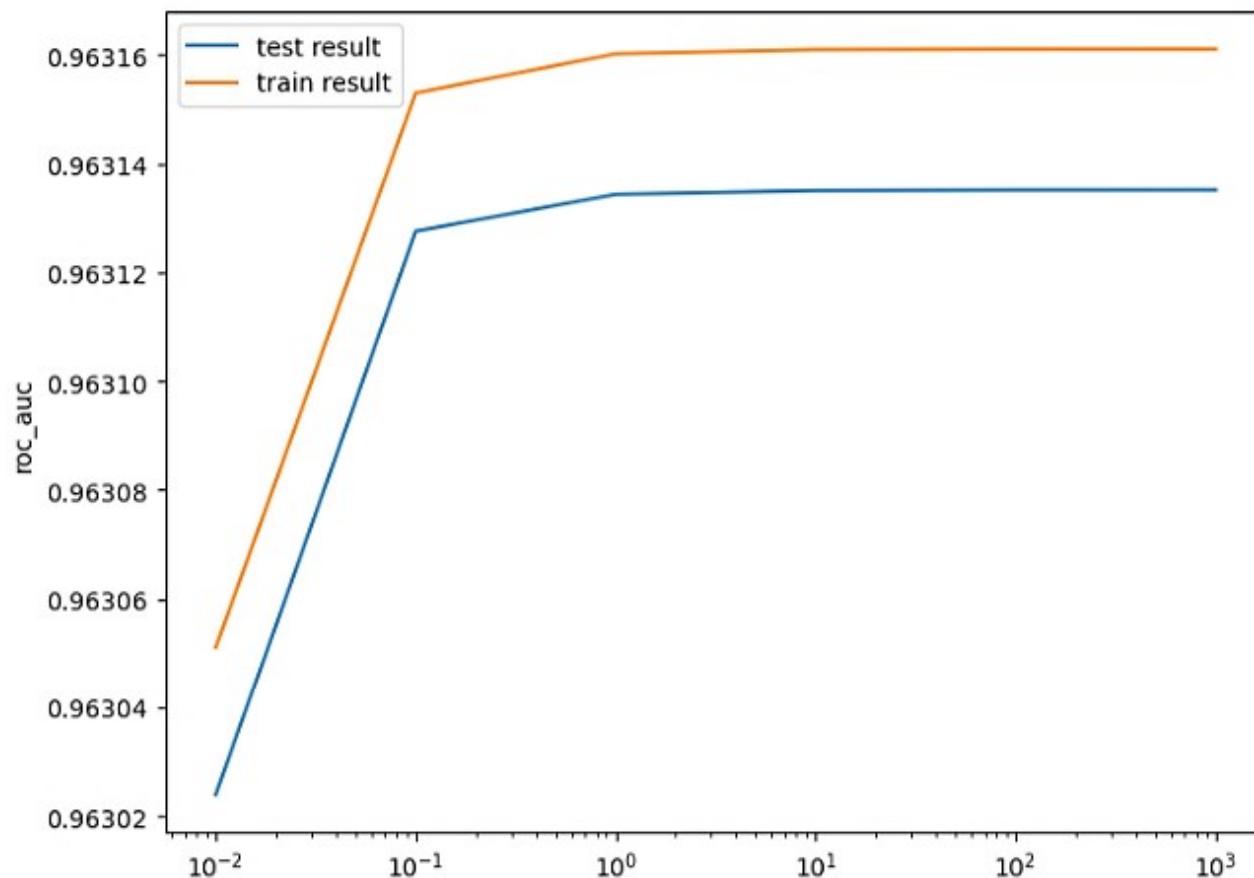
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```
plt.ylabel('roc_auc')
plt.legend(['test result', 'train result'], loc='upper left')
plt.xscale('log')
```



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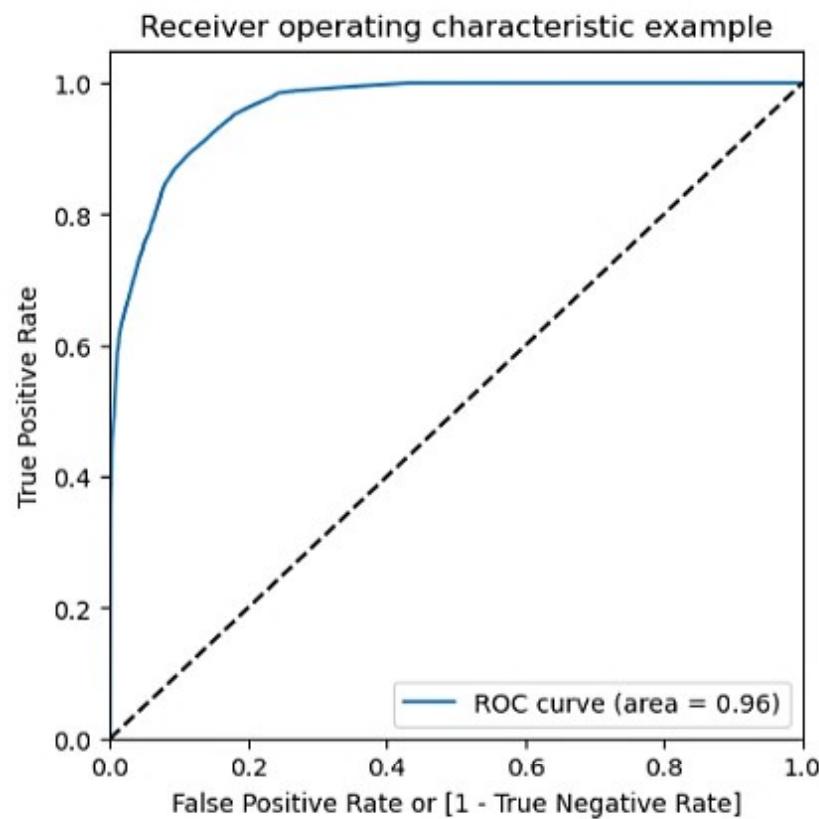
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draw_roc(y_train_adasyn, y_train_pred_proba)

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Python 3 (ipykernel)



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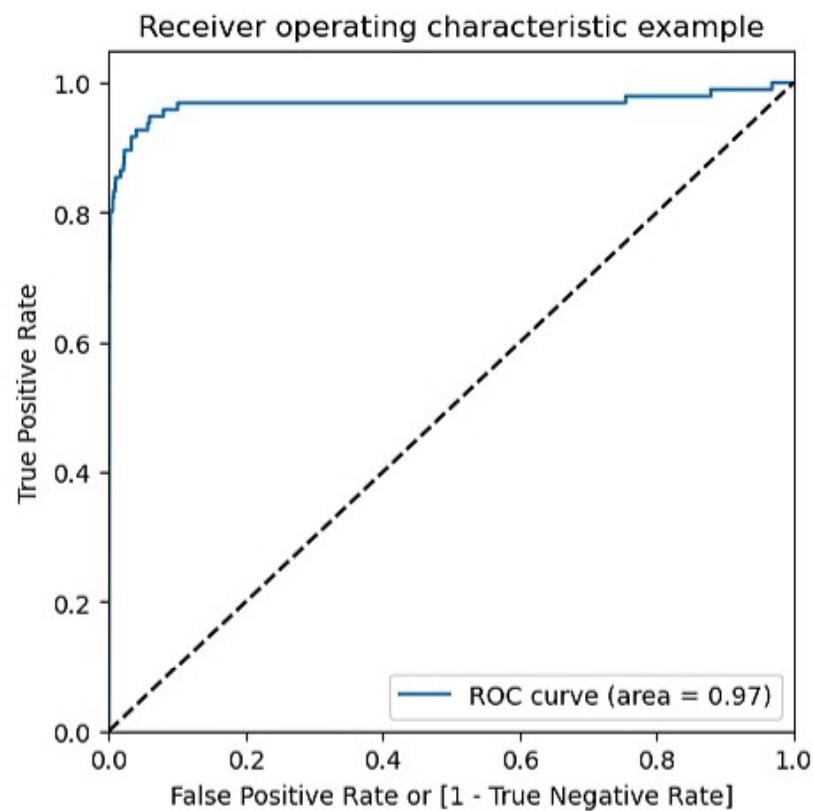


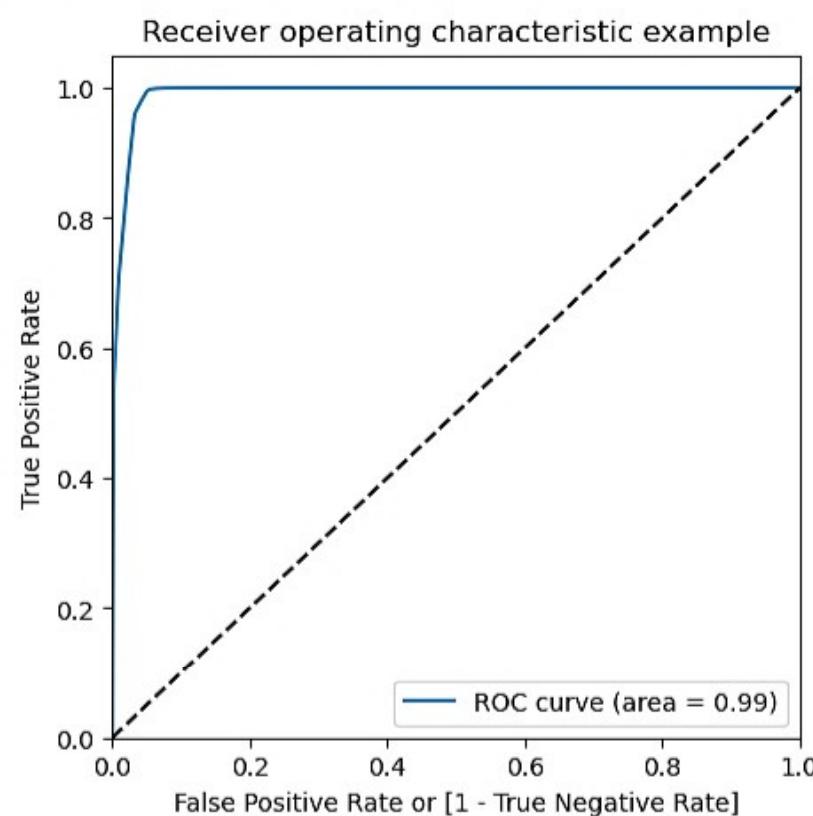
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draw_roc(y_test, y_test_prea_proba)

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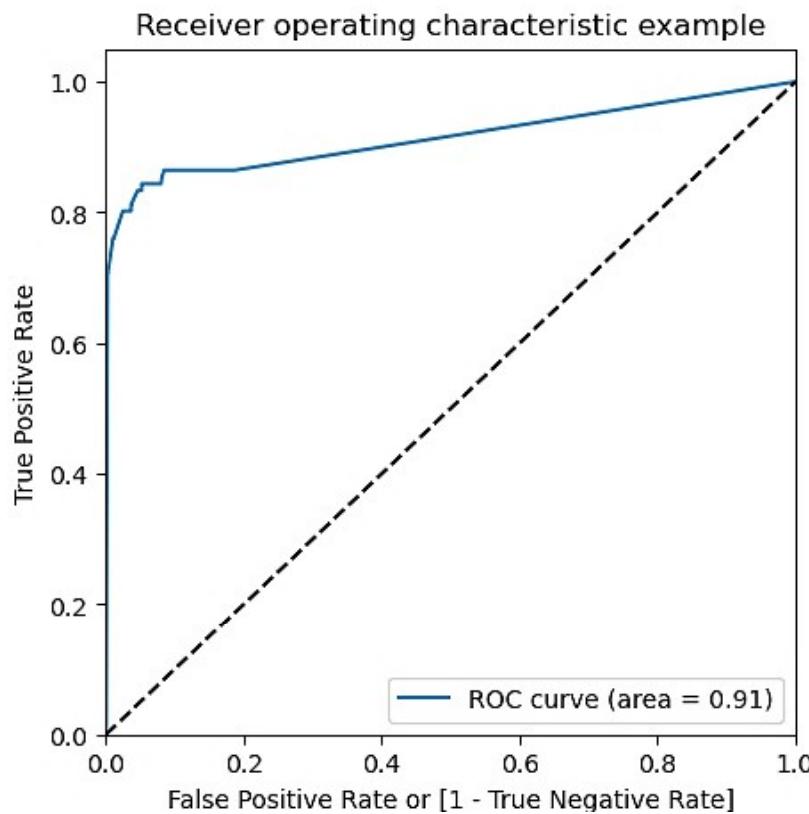
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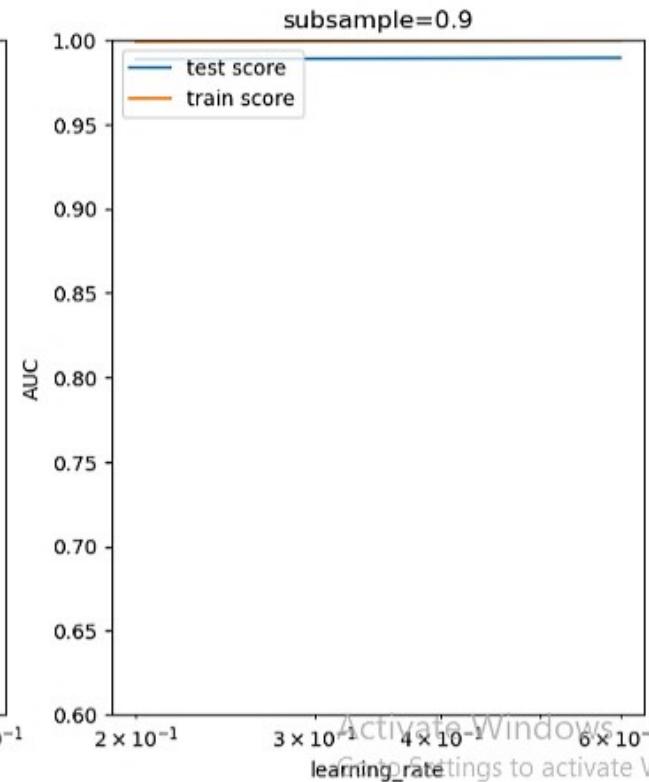
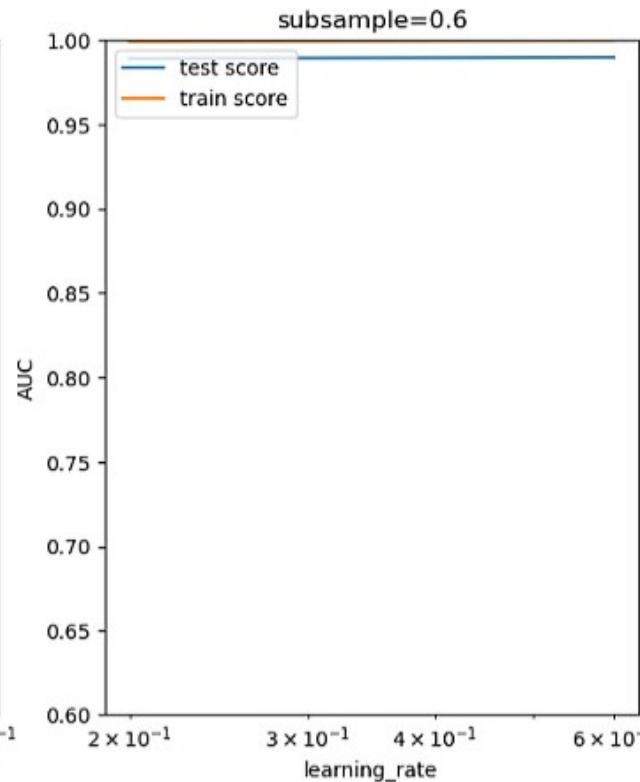
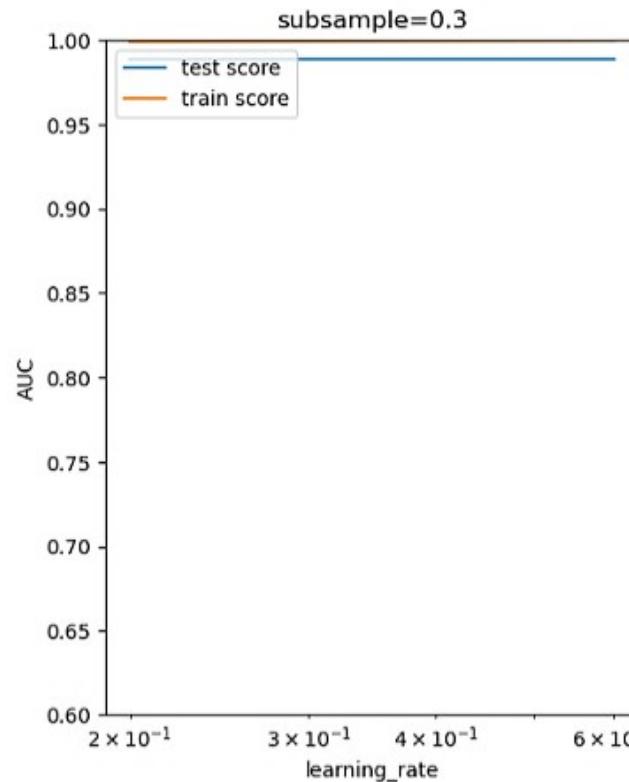
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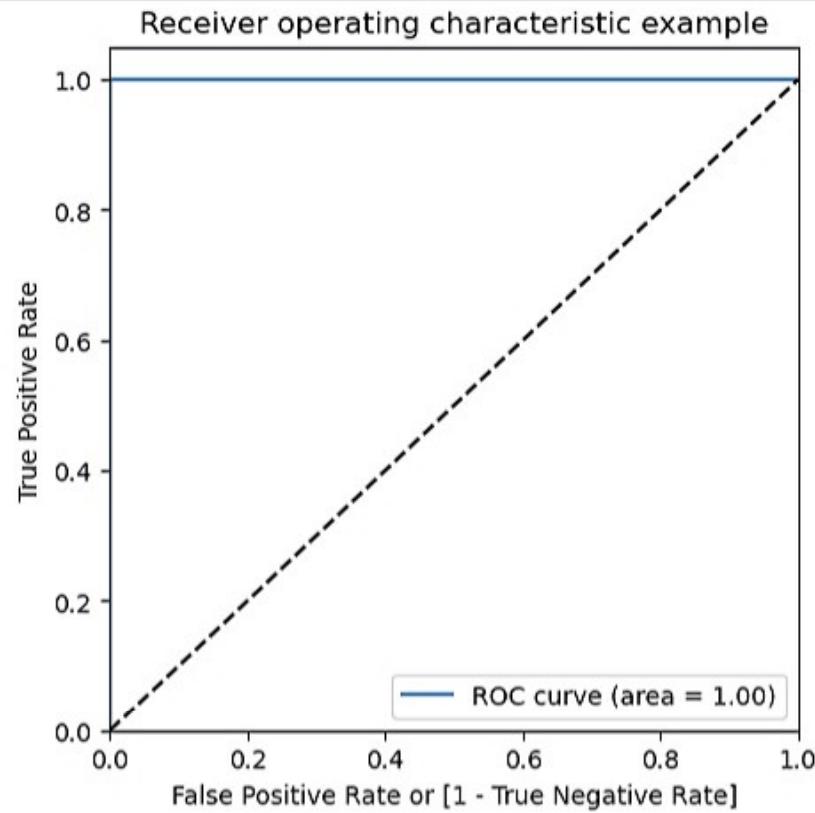
Python 3 (ipykernel)

[393]:
Plot the ROC curve
draw_roc(y_test, y_test_pred_proba)

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```
plt.xscale('log')
```





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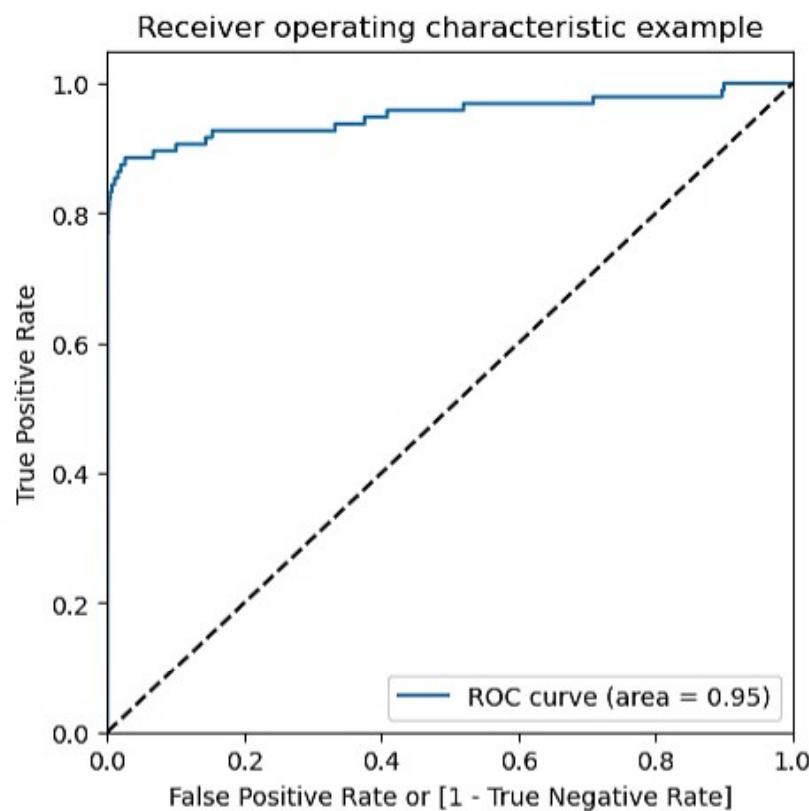


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draw_roc(y_test, y_test_prem_proba)

JupyterLab ⌂ Python 3 (ipykernel) ⌂



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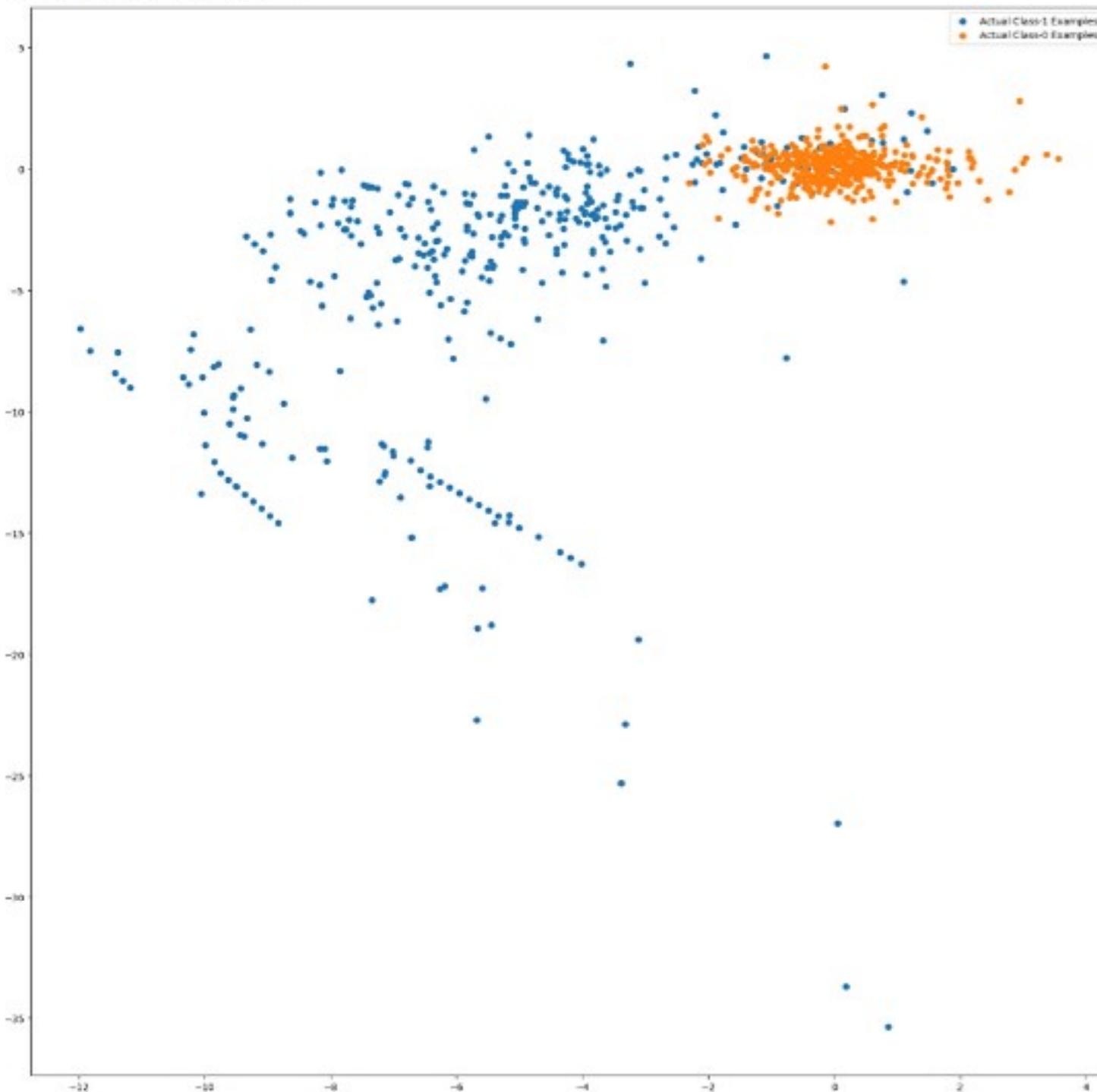


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JupyterLab □ Python 3 (ipykernel) ○

[117]: `matplotlib.legend.Legend at 0x1928000d8200`



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JupyterLab ▾ Python 3 (ipykernel) ○

```
from datetime import date  
today = date.today()  
print(today)
```



2025-03-13



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JupyterLab ⌂ Python 3 (ipykernel) ○

[21]: # Read csv File from locally stored file :

```
file_path = r"C:\Users\Admin\Desktop\creditcard\creditcard.csv"
df = pd.read_csv(file_path)
df.head()
```

	Time	V1	V2	V3	V4	V5	V6	V7	V8	V9	...	V21	V22	V23	V24	V25
0	0.0	-1.359807	-0.072781	2.536347	1.378155	-0.338321	0.462388	0.239599	0.098698	0.363787	...	-0.018307	0.277838	-0.110474	0.066928	0.128539
1	0.0	1.191857	0.266151	0.166480	0.448154	0.060018	-0.082361	-0.078803	0.085102	-0.255425	...	-0.225775	-0.638672	0.101288	-0.339846	0.167170
2	1.0	-1.358354	-1.340163	1.773209	0.379780	-0.503198	1.800499	0.791461	0.247676	-1.514654	...	0.247998	0.771679	0.909412	-0.689281	-0.327642
3	1.0	-0.966272	-0.185226	1.792993	-0.863291	-0.010309	1.247203	0.237609	0.377436	-1.387024	...	-0.108300	0.005274	-0.190321	-1.175575	0.647376
4	2.0	-1.158233	0.877737	1.548718	0.403034	-0.407193	0.095921	0.592941	-0.270533	0.817739	...	-0.009431	0.798278	-0.137458	0.141267	-0.206010

5 rows × 31 columns

[3]: df.shape

[3]: (284807, 31)

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JupyterLab ⌂ Python 3 (ipykernel) ○

[3]: (284807, 31)

[4]: df.info()

```
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 284807 entries, 0 to 284806
Data columns (total 31 columns):
 #   Column   Non-Null Count   Dtype  
--- 
 0   Time     284807 non-null   float64
 1   V1       284807 non-null   float64
 2   V2       284807 non-null   float64
 3   V3       284807 non-null   float64
 4   V4       284807 non-null   float64
 5   V5       284807 non-null   float64
 6   V6       284807 non-null   float64
 7   V7       284807 non-null   float64
 8   V8       284807 non-null   float64
 9   V9       284807 non-null   float64
 10  V10      284807 non-null   float64
 11  V11      284807 non-null   float64
 12  V12      284807 non-null   float64
 13  V13      284807 non-null   float64
 14  V14      284807 non-null   float64
 15  V15      284807 non-null   float64
 16  V16      284807 non-null   float64
 17  V17      284807 non-null   float64
 18  V18      284807 non-null   float64
 19  V19      284807 non-null   float64
 20  V20      284807 non-null   float64
```



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[5]: df.describe()

	Time	V1	V2	V3	V4	V5	V6	V7	V8	V9	...
count	284807.000000	2.848070e+05	...								
mean	94813.859575	1.168375e-15	3.416908e-16	-1.379537e-15	2.074095e-15	9.604066e-16	1.487313e-15	-5.556467e-16	1.213481e-16	-2.406331e-15	...
std	47488.145955	1.958696e+00	1.651309e+00	1.516255e+00	1.415869e+00	1.380247e+00	1.332271e+00	1.237094e+00	1.194353e+00	1.098632e+00	...
min	0.000000	-5.640751e+01	-7.271573e+01	-4.832559e+01	-5.683171e+00	-1.137433e+02	-2.616051e+01	-4.355724e+01	-7.321672e+01	-1.343407e+01	...
25%	54201.500000	-9.203734e-01	-5.985499e-01	-8.903648e-01	-8.486401e-01	-6.915971e-01	-7.682956e-01	-5.540759e-01	-2.086297e-01	-6.430976e-01	...
50%	84692.000000	1.810880e-02	6.548556e-02	1.798463e-01	-1.984653e-02	-5.433583e-02	-2.741871e-01	4.010308e-02	2.235804e-02	-5.142873e-02	...
75%	139320.500000	1.315642e+00	8.037239e-01	1.027196e+00	7.433413e-01	6.119264e-01	3.985649e-01	5.704361e-01	3.273459e-01	5.971390e-01	...
max	172792.000000	2.454930e+00	2.205773e+01	9.382558e+00	1.687534e+01	3.480167e+01	7.330163e+01	1.205895e+02	2.000721e+01	1.559499e+01	...

8 rows × 31 columns

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JupyterLab ⌘ Python 3 (ipykernel) ○

```
[6]: # Cheking percent of missing values in columns
df_missing_columns = (round(((df.isnull().sum()/len(df.index))*100),2).to_frame('null')).sort_values('null', ascending=False)
df_missing_columns
```

```
[6]:      null
        Time    0.0
        V16     0.0
        Amount   0.0
        V28     0.0
        V27     0.0
        V26     0.0
        V25     0.0
        V24     0.0
        V23     0.0
        V22     0.0
        V21     0.0
        V20     0.0
        V19     0.0
```

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JupyterLab Python 3 (ipykernel)

Checking the distribution of the classes

```
[7]: classes = df['Class'].value_counts()  
classes
```

```
[7]: Class  
0    284315  
1      492  
Name: count, dtype: int64
```

```
[8]: normal_share = round((classes[0]/df['Class'].count()*100),2)  
normal_share
```

```
[8]: 99.83
```

```
[9]: fraud_share = round((classes[1]/df['Class'].count()*100),2)  
fraud_share
```

```
[9]: 0.17
```

We can see that there is only 0.17% frauds. We will take care of the class imbalance later.

```
[10]: # Bar plot for the number of fraudulent vs non-fraudulent transactions  
sns.countplot(x='Class', data=df)  
plt.title('Number of fraudulent vs non-fraudulent transactions')  
plt.show()
```

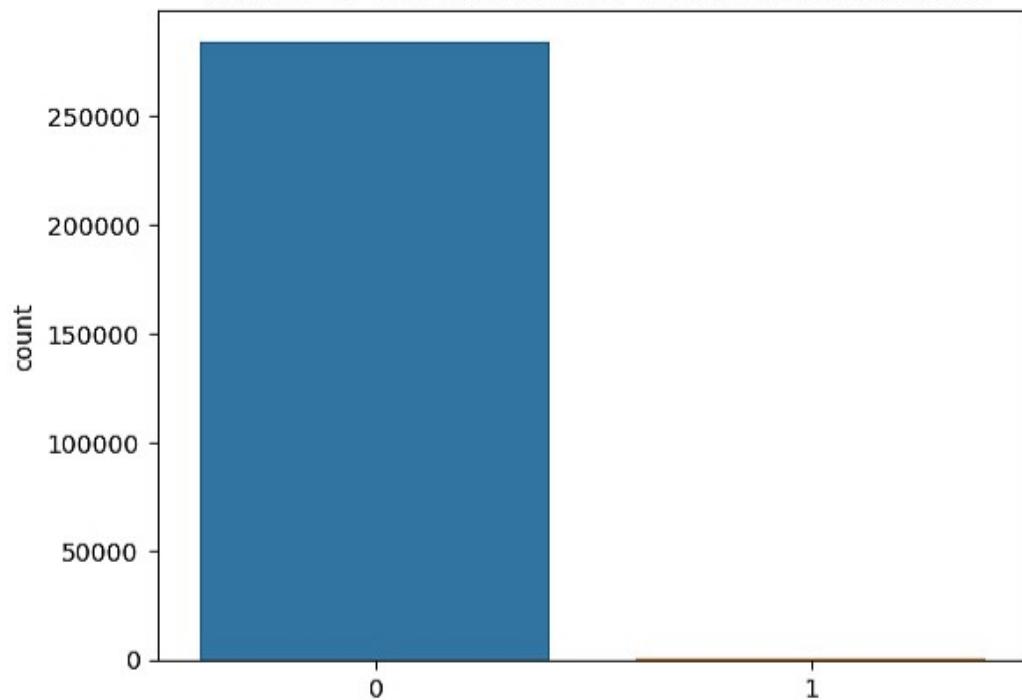
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```
•[10]: # Bar plot for the number of fraudulent vs non-fraudulent transcatiosn  
sns.countplot(x='Class', data=df)  
plt.title("Number of fraudulent vs non-fraudulent transcatiosn")  
plt.show()
```



Number of fraudulent vs non-fraudulent transcatiosn



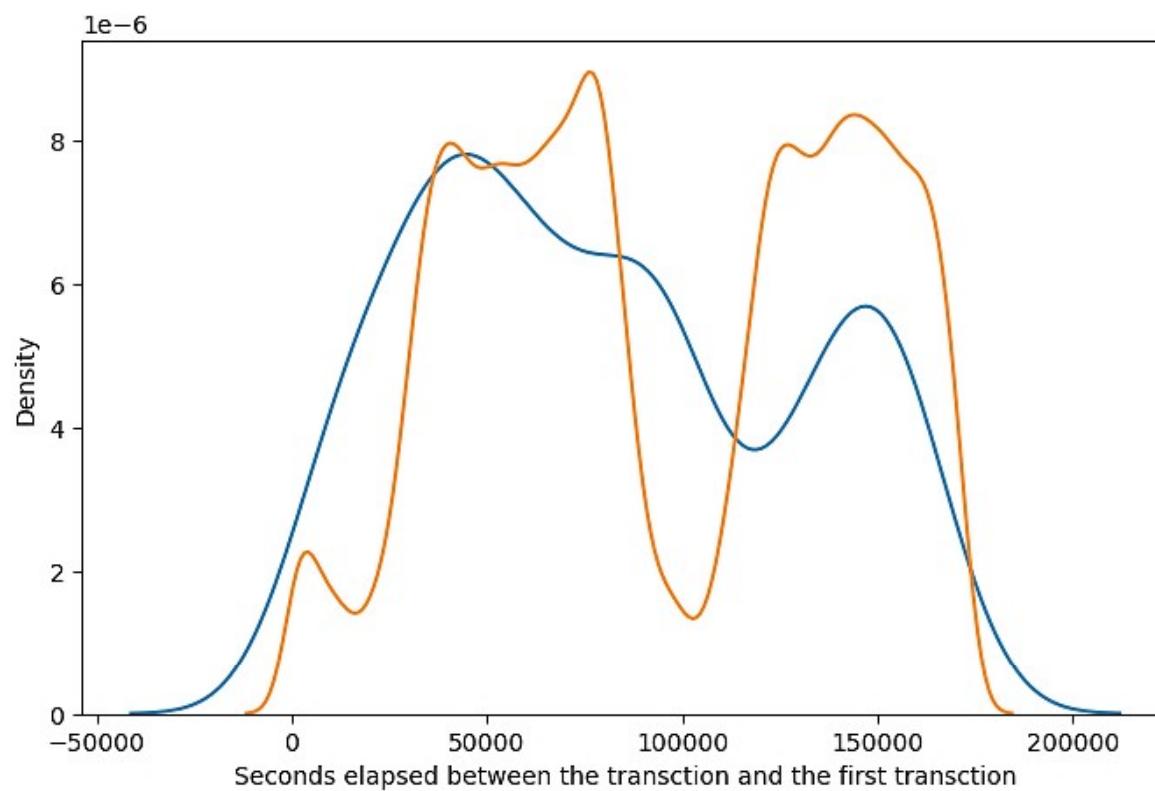
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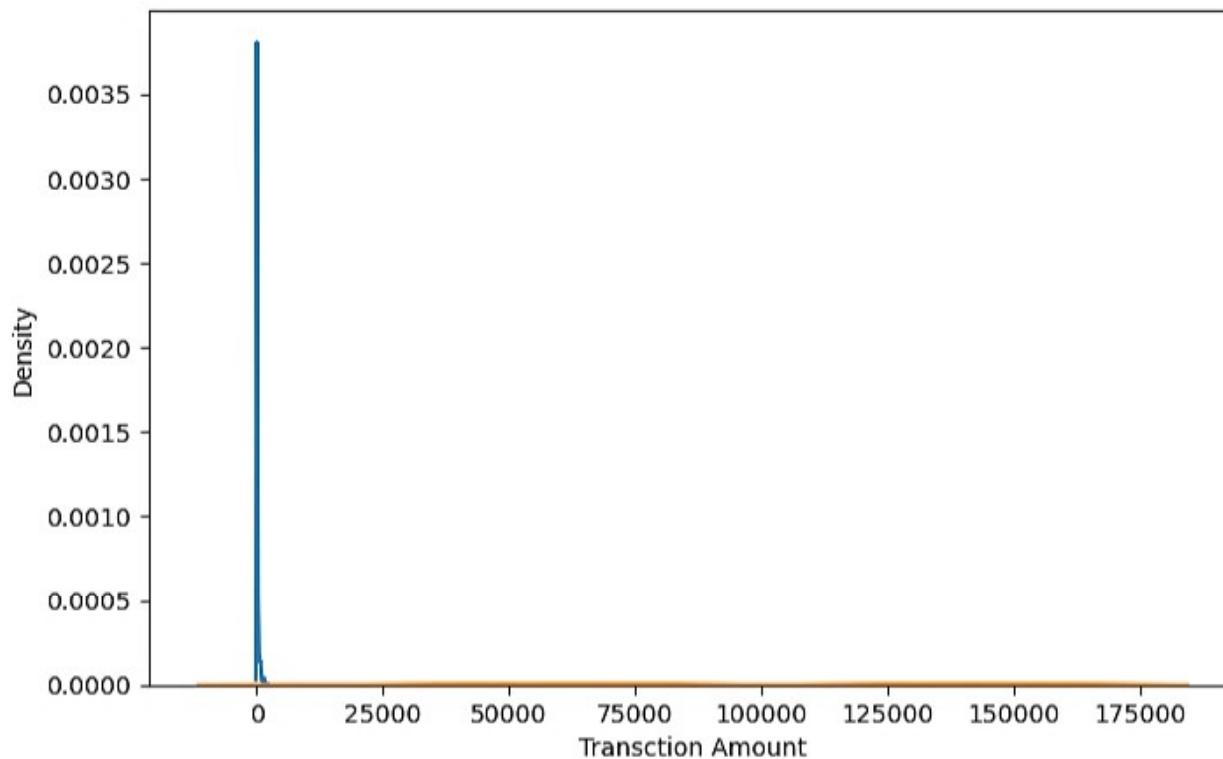
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JupyterLab

Python 3 (ipykernel)

```
ax.set(xlabel='Transction Amount')
plt.show()
```



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JupyterLab ▾ Python 3 (ipykernel) ▾

scaler = StandardScaler()

[19]: # Fit the data into scaler and transform
X_train['Amount'] = scaler.fit_transform(X_train[['Amount']])

[20]: X_train.head()

⟳ ⏴ ⏵ ⏷ ⏸ ⏹ ⏺

	V5	V6	V7	V8	V9	V10	...	V20	V21	V22	V23	V24	V25	V26	V27	V28	Amount
486	0.283718	-0.674694	0.192230	1.124319	-0.037763	...	-0.171390	-0.195207	-0.477813	0.340513	0.059174	-0.431015	-0.297028	-0.000063	-0.046947	-0.345273	
846	0.089253	0.626708	-0.049137	-0.732566	0.297692	...	0.206709	-0.124288	-0.263560	-0.110568	-0.434224	-0.509076	0.719784	-0.006357	0.146053	-0.206439	
918	-0.195727	-0.462586	0.919341	-0.612193	-0.966197	...	0.842838	0.274911	-0.319550	0.212891	-0.268792	0.241190	0.318445	-0.100726	-0.365257	0.358043	
376	-1.232633	0.248573	-0.539483	-0.813368	0.785431	...	-0.196551	-0.406722	-0.899081	0.137370	0.075894	-0.244027	0.455618	-0.094066	-0.031488	0.362400	
734	-1.438232	-0.119942	-0.449263	-0.717258	0.851668	...	-0.045417	0.050447	0.125601	0.215531	-0.080485	-0.063975	-0.307176	-0.042838	-0.063872	-0.316109	



Scaling the test set

We don't fit scaler on the test set. We only transform the test set.

```
[21]: # Transform the test set
X_test['Amount'] = scaler.transform(X_test[['Amount']])
X_test.head()
```

```
[21]:      V1      V2      V3      V4      V5      V6      V7      V8      V9      V10 ...      V20      V21      V22      V23      V
49089  1.229452 -0.235478 -0.627166  0.419877  1.797014  4.069574 -0.896223  1.036103  0.745991 -0.147304 ... -0.057922 -0.170060 -0.288750 -0.130270  1.025
154704  2.016893 -0.088751 -2.989257 -0.142575  2.675427  3.332289 -0.652336  0.752811  1.962566 -1.025024 ... -0.147619 -0.184153 -0.089661  0.087188  0.570
67247   0.535093 -1.469185  0.868279  0.385462 -1.439135  0.368118 -0.499370  0.303698  1.042073 -0.437209 ...  0.437685  0.028010 -0.384708 -0.128376  0.286
251657  2.128486 -0.117215 -1.513910  0.166456  0.359070 -0.540072  0.116023 -0.216140  0.680314  0.079977 ... -0.227278 -0.357993 -0.905085  0.223474 -1.075
201903  0.558593  1.587908 -2.368767  5.124413  2.171788 -0.500419  1.059829 -0.254233 -1.959060  0.948915 ...  0.249457 -0.035049  0.271455  0.381606  0.332
```

5 rows × 29 columns



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JupyterLab Python 3 (ipykernel)

Checking the Skewness

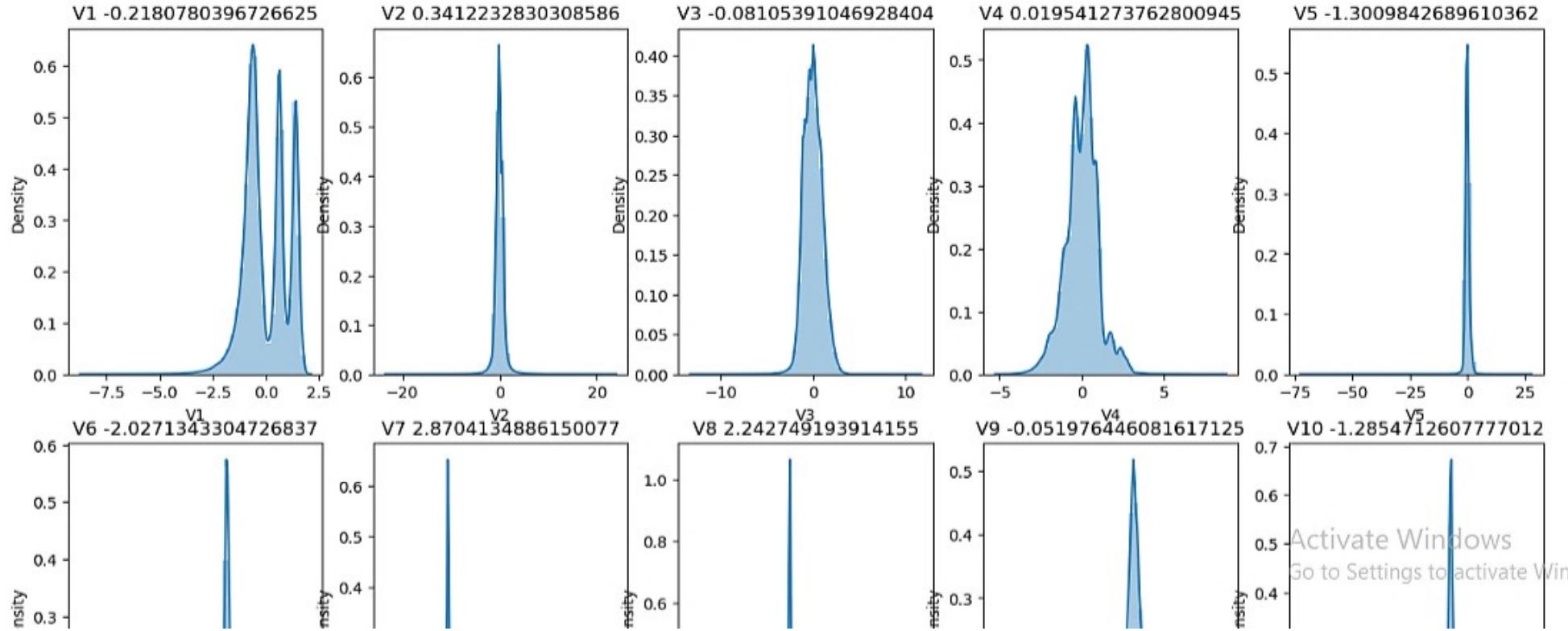
```
[22]: # Listing the columns
cols = X_train.columns
cols
```

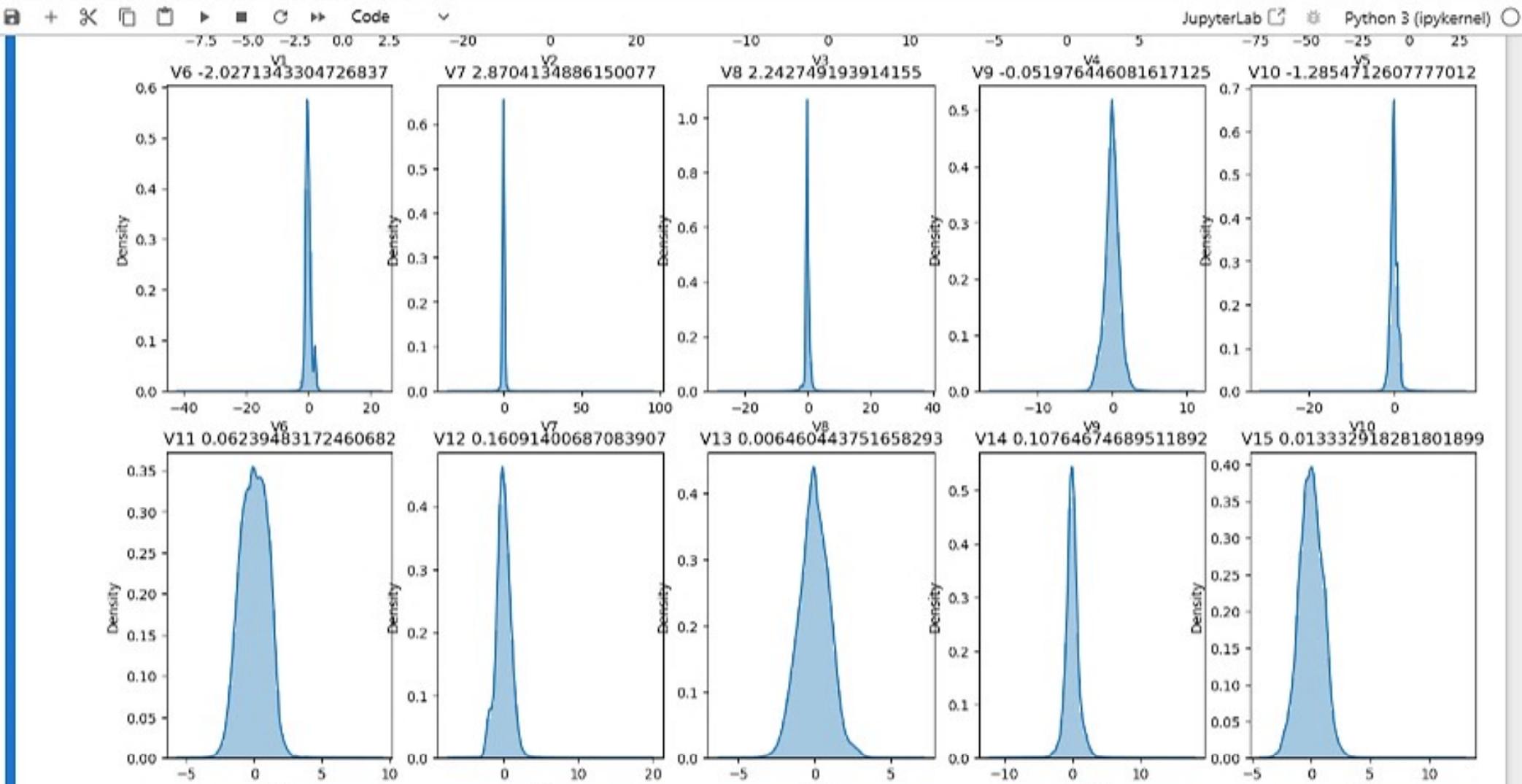
```
[22]: Index(['V1', 'V2', 'V3', 'V4', 'V5', 'V6', 'V7', 'V8', 'V9', 'V10', 'V11',
       'V12', 'V13', 'V14', 'V15', 'V16', 'V17', 'V18', 'V19', 'V20', 'V21',
       'V22', 'V23', 'V24', 'V25', 'V26', 'V27', 'V28', 'Amount'],
       dtype='object')
```

```
[23]: # Plotting the distribution of the variables (skewness) of all the columns
k=0
plt.figure(figsize=(17,28))
for col in cols :
    k=k+1
    plt.subplot(6, 5,k)
    sns.distplot(X_train[col])
    plt.title(col+' '+str(X_train[col].skew()))
```



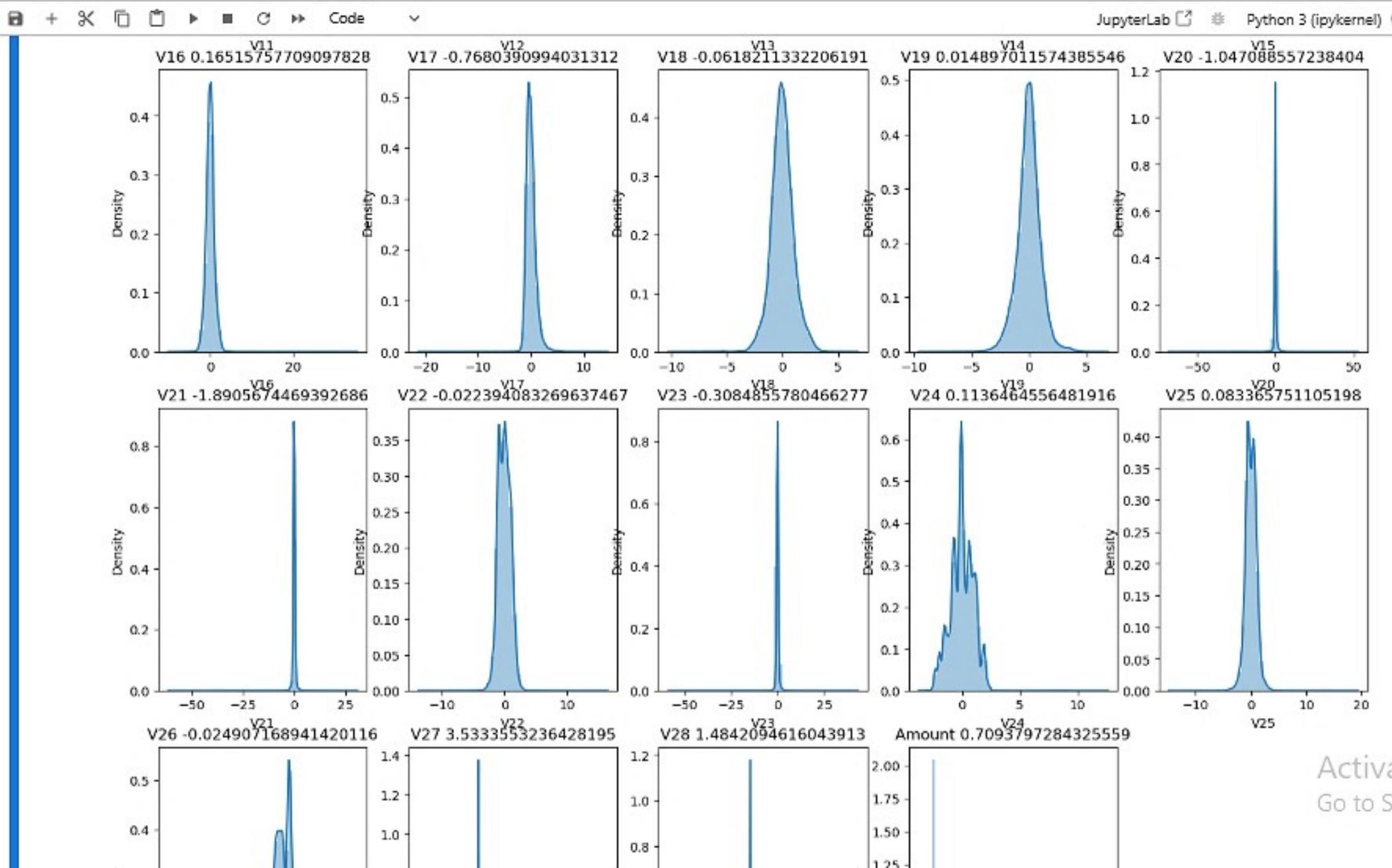
```
plt.subplot(6, 5,k)
sns.distplot(X_train[col])
plt.title(col+' '+str(X_train[col].skew()))
```





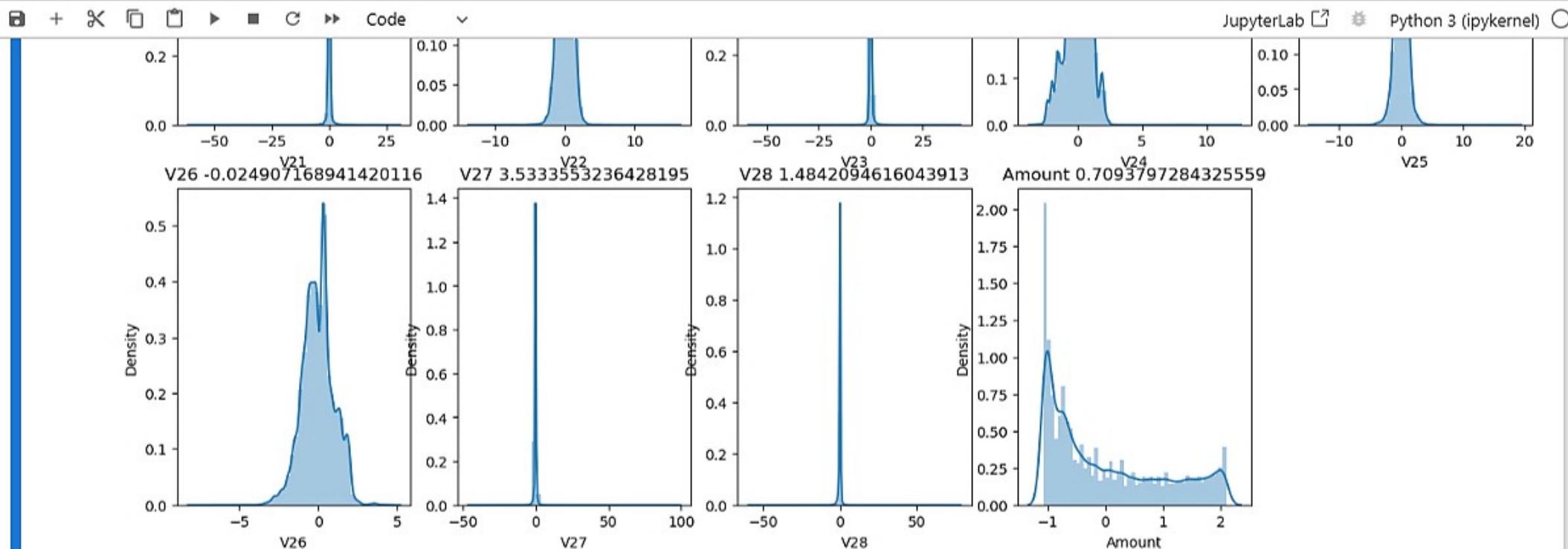
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Now we can see that all the variables are normally distributed after the transformation.

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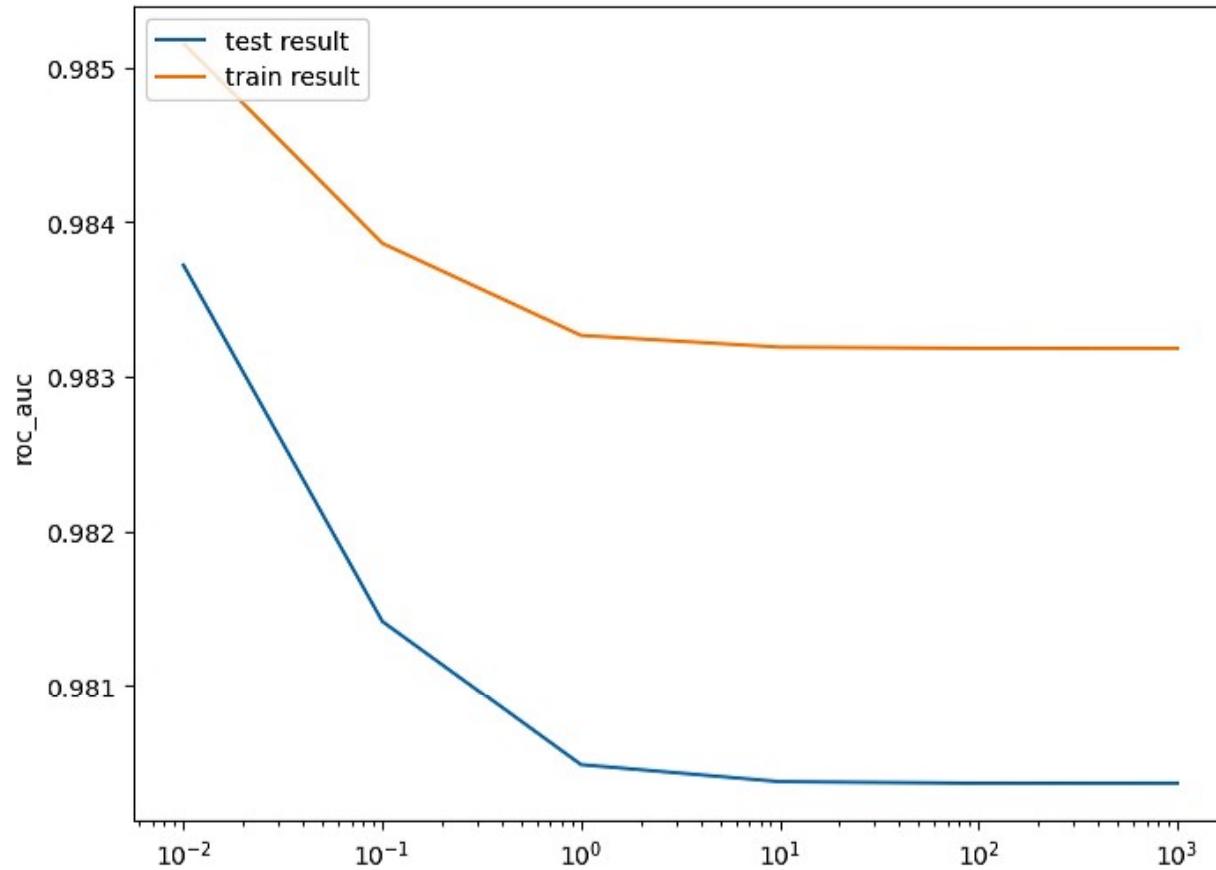
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JupyterLab Python 3 (ipykernel)

On GitHub, the HTML representation is unable to render, please try loading this page with nbviewer.org.

```
[30]: # results of grid search CV
cv_results = pd.DataFrame(model_cv.cv_results_)
cv_results
```

	mean_test_score	std_test_score	rank_test_score	split0_train_score	split1_train_score	split2_train_score	split3_train_score	split4_train_score	mean_train_score	std_train_score
0.983719	0.008479	1	0.984043	0.984587	0.988474	0.985596	0.983075	0.985155	0.001849	
0.981416	0.010893	2	0.982402	0.983785	0.987917	0.984018	0.981187	0.983862	0.002270	
0.980484	0.011635	3	0.981722	0.983322	0.987492	0.983305	0.980489	0.983266	0.002365	
0.980375	0.011715	4	0.981632	0.983262	0.987435	0.983216	0.980404	0.983190	0.002375	
0.980365	0.011722	5	0.981625	0.983256	0.987429	0.983207	0.980396	0.983182	0.002376	
0.980363	0.011723	6	0.981623	0.983256	0.987428	0.983206	0.980395	0.983182	0.002376	



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