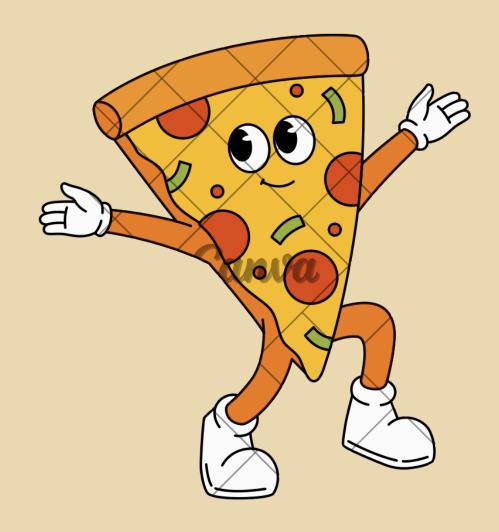
SQL BASED ON PIZZA SALES





Hello!

My self Sayali Mahendra Ghadi. In this project i have utilized SQL queries to solve questions that are related to pizza sales.

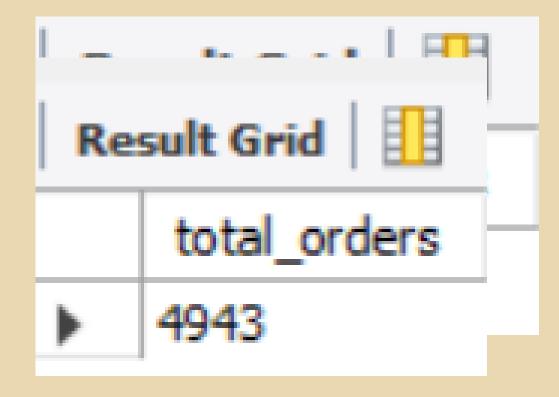
Description

I created database pizzahut and i took the dataset from kaggle, extract the data set in desktop. Then under the database i created tables orders, orders_details, pizzas, pizza_types and in each tables i imported data and after that i started the run queries.



Retrieve the total number of orders placed.

```
SELECT
     COUNT(order_id) AS total_orders
FROM
     orders;
```



Calculate the total revenue generated from pizza sales.

```
SELECT

ROUND(SUM(orders_details.quantity * pizzas.price),

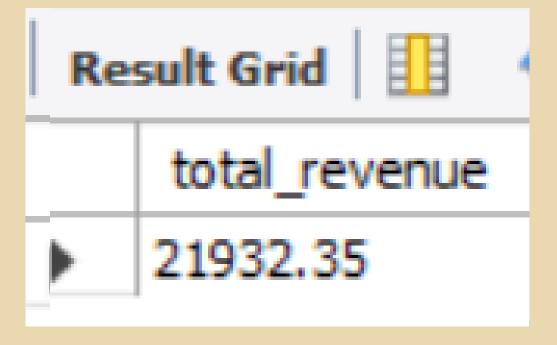
2) AS total_revenue

FROM

orders_details

JOIN

pizzas ON pizzas.pizza_id = orders_details.pizza_id
```



Identify the highest-priced pizza.

Re	sult Grid	Filter R
	name	price
•	The Greek Pizza	35.95

Identify the most common pizza size ordered.

Re	sult Grid	Filt
	size	order_count
•	L	491
	M	420
	S	399
	XL	8

List the top 5 most ordered pizza types along with their quantities.

```
SELECT
    pizza_types.name, SUM(orders_details.quantity) AS quantity
FROM
    pizza_types
        JOIN
    pizzas ON pizza_types.pizza_type_id = pizzas.pizza_type_id
        JOIN
    orders_details ON orders_details.pizza_id = pizzas.pizza_id
GROUP BY pizza_types.name
ORDER BY quantity DESC;
```

Result Grid			
	name	quantity	
•	The Barbecue Chicken Pizza	141	
	The California Chicken Pizza	113	
	The Big Meat Pizza	98	
	The Classic Deluxe Pizza	94	
	The Hawaiian Pizza	66	

Join the necessary tables to find the total quantity of each pizza category ordered.

```
select pizza_types.category, sum(orders_details.quantity) as quantity
from pizza_types join pizzas
on pizza_types.pizza_type_id = pizzas.pizza_type_id
join orders_details
on orders_details.pizza_id = pizzas.pizza_id
group by pizza_types.category order by quantity desc;
```

Result Grid		
	category	quantity
•	Classic	432
	Chicken	362
	Veggie	283
	Supreme	262

Determine the distribution of orders by hour of the day.

```
SELECT

HOUR(time) AS hour, COUNT(order_id) AS order_count

FROM

orders

GROUP BY HOUR(time);
```

Re	Result Grid 1			
	hour	order_count		
	11	271		
	12	564		
	13	544		
	14	435		
	15	360		
	16	434		
	17	529		
	18	548		
	19	470		

Join relevant tables to find the category-wise distribution of pizzas.

```
SELECT
    category, COUNT(name) AS pizza_count
FROM
    pizza_types
GROUP BY category;
```

Re	sult Grid	Filter
	category	pizza_count
	Chicken	6
	Classic	8
	Supreme	9
	Veggie	9

Group the orders by date and calculate the average number of pizzas ordered per day.

```
SELECT

ROUND(AVG(quantity), 0) as avg_pizza_ordered

FROM

(SELECT

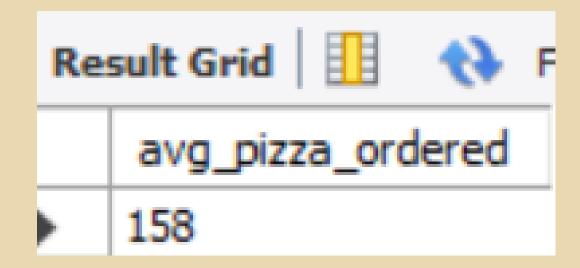
orders.date, SUM(orders_details.quantity) AS quantity

FROM

orders

JOIN orders_details ON orders.order_id = orders_details.order_id

GROUP BY orders.date) AS order_quantity;
```



Determine the top 3 most ordered pizza types based on revenue.

```
SELECT
    pizza_types.name,
    SUM(orders_details.quantity * pizzas.price) AS revenue
FROM
    pizza_types
        JOIN
    pizzas ON pizzas.pizza_type_id = pizza_types.pizza_type_id
        JOIN
    orders_details ON orders_details.pizza_id = pizzas.pizza_id
GROUP BY pizza_types.name
ORDER BY revenue DESC
LIMIT 3;
```

Result Grid			
	name	revenue	
•	The Barbecue Chicken Pizza	2513.75	
	The California Chicken Pizza	1932.75	
	The Classic Deluxe Pizza	1478	

Calculate the percentage contribution of each pizza type to total revenue.

Re	sult Grid	Filter Rows:
	category	revenue
•	Chicken	28.831839725337232
	Classic	28.162736779232507
	Veggie	21.985560142893927
	Supreme	21.019863352536323

Analyze the cumulative revenue generated over time.

```
select date, sum(revenue) over(order by date) as cum_revenue
from
(select orders.date, sum(orders_details.quantity * pizzas.price) as revenue
from orders_details join pizzas
on orders_details.pizza_id = pizzas.pizza_id
join orders
on orders.order_id = orders_details.order_id
group by orders.date) as sales;
```

Re	sult Grid 🎚	Filter Rows:	
	date	cum_revenue	
-	2015-01-01	3409.0499999999997	
	2015-01-02	6737.549999999999	
	2015-01-03	10124.55	
	2015-01-04	12780.449999999999	
	2015-01-05	15477.3	
	2015-01-06	18696.89999999998	
	2015-01-07	21585.75	
	2015-01-08	25057.2	

Determine the top 3 most ordered pizza types based on revenue for each pizza category.

```
select name, revenue from
(select category, name, revenue, rank() over(partition by category order by revenue desc) as rn
from
(select pizza_types.category, pizza_types.name, sum(orders_details.quantity * pizzas.price) as revenue
from pizza_types join pizzas
on pizza_types.pizza_type_id = pizzas.pizza_type_id
join orders_details
on orders_details.pizza_id = pizzas.pizza_id
group by pizza_types.category, pizza_types.name) as a) as b
where rn <= 3;</pre>
```

Result Grid			
	name	revenue	
•	The Barbecue Chicken Pizza	2513.75	
	The California Chicken Pizza	1932.75	
	The Chicken Alfredo Pizza	532.75	
	The Classic Deluxe Pizza	1478	
	The Big Meat Pizza	1176	
	The Hawaiian Pizza	879.75	
	The Italian Supreme Pizza	968.25	
	The Pepper Salami Pizza	642.5	

