

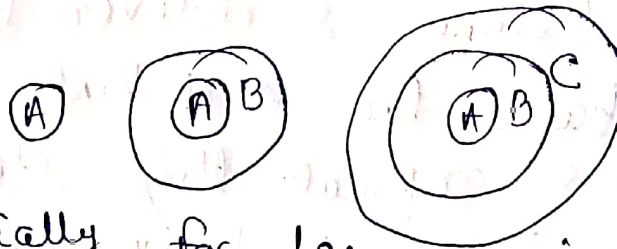
\*)

# Incremental model

\*) ~~Model by model~~

- \*) Developing module by module. Rather than doing development at a single time.
- \*) Firstly we created a single module after that we created second module which is incremental.

e.g.



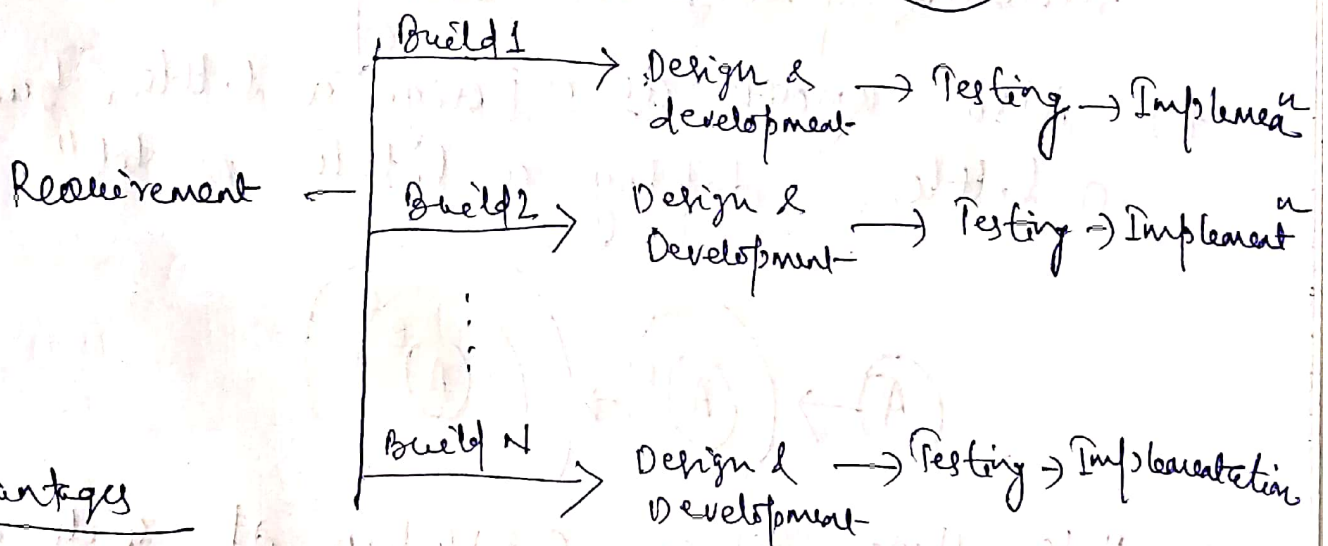
- \*) It is specially for large project.
- \*) e.g. LMS (Learning Management System)

Student

Teacher

Dean

Attendance



## Advantages

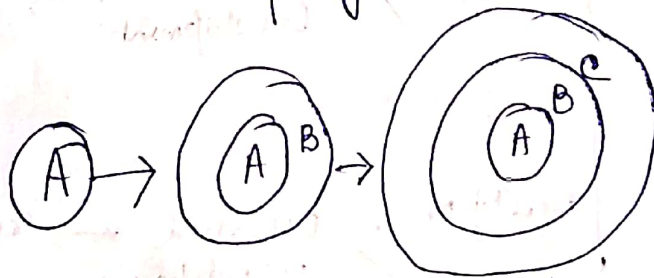
- \*) Customer Interaction maximum
- \*) Large project
- \*) Early Release product demand.
- \*) Flexible to ~~doing~~ changes.
- \*) Training can start on, earlier release

## Disadvantages

- \*). Often, difficult to subdivide problems into functional units.

## Evolutionary model

- \*). It is the combination of Iterative & Incremental model of SDLC.
- \*). Incremental model first implements a few basic feature & deliver to ~~can~~ customer. Then build the next part and deliver it again. & repeat this step until the desired system is fully realized.  
No long term plans are made.
- \*). Iterative model main advantages is its feedback process in every phase.
- \*). Also known as "Design a little, build a little, deploy a little model".



- \*). ~~Here~~ Here after completion of each ~~model~~ module, feedback is taken from customer & again design the module if some changes are there in feedback & go to the next module. Same process will repeat for all module.

\*) Here the Requirement that are fixed at the beginning time, may changes time to time for better preparation of model

### Advantages

- \*) Customer requirements are clearly specified
- \*) Risk analysis is better.
- \*) It supports changing environment
- \*) Initial operating time is less.
- \*) Better suited for large projects mission-critical projects.

### Disadvantages

- \*) Not suitable for smaller projects.
- \*) Cost
- \*) Highly Skilled Resources are required.

