```
In [3]: import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
from sklearn.preprocessing import LabelEncoder,StandardScaler
from sklearn.ensemble import RandomForestClassifier
from sklearn.metrics import mean_absolute_error,mean_squared_error,r2_score
In [5]: df=pd.read_csv('customer.csv')
df.head()
```

| Out[5]: | | Ticket ID | Customer Name | Customer Email | Customer Age | Customer Gender | Product Purchased | Date of Purchase | Ticket Type | Ticket Subject | Ticket Desc | |
|---------|------------------------------|--------------|------------------------|----------------------------|-----------------|--------------------|----------------------|---------------------|--------------------|--------------------------|--|--|
| | 0 | 1 | Marisa Obrien | carrollallison@example.com | 32 | Other | GoPro Hero | 2021-03- 22 | Technical issue | Product setup | I'm having ; {product_pur | |
| | 1 | 2 | Jessica Rios | clarkeashley@example.com | 42 | Female | LG Smart TV | 2021-05- 22 | Technical issue | Peripheral compatibility | I'm having a | |
| | 2 | 3 | Christopher Robbins | gonzalestracy@example.com | 48 | Other | Dell XPS | 2020-07- 14 | Technical issue | Network problem | I'm facing a page of the second secon | |
| | 3 | 4 | Christina Dillon | bradleyolson@example.org | 27 | Female | Microsoft Office | 2020-11- 13 | Billing inquiry | Account access | I'm having a | |
| | 4 | 5 | Alexander Carroll | bradleymark@example.com | 67 | Female | Autodesk AutoCAD | 2020-02- 04 | Billing inquiry | Data loss | I'm having ; {product_pur | |
| In [9]: | <pre>df.isnull().sum()</pre> | | | | | | | | | | | |

```
Out[9]: Ticket ID
                                             0
         Customer Name
                                             0
         Customer Email
                                             0
         Customer Age
         Customer Gender
         Product Purchased
         Date of Purchase
         Ticket Type
         Ticket Subject
         Ticket Description
                                             0
         Ticket Status
         Resolution
                                          5700
         Ticket Priority
                                             0
         Ticket Channel
         First Response Time
                                          2819
         Time to Resolution
                                          5700
         Customer Satisfaction Rating
                                          5700
         dtype: int64
In [11]: df.shape
Out[11]: (8469, 17)
In [19]: df['Resolution']=df['Resolution'].bfill().ffill()
         df.head()
```

| Out[19]: | | Ticket ID | Customer Name | Customer Email | Customer Age | Customer Gender | Product Purchased | Date of Purchase | Ticket Type | Ticket Subject | Ticket Desc |
|----------|--|--------------|------------------------|----------------------------|-----------------|--------------------|----------------------|---------------------|--------------------|-----------------------------|--------------------------------|
| | 0 | 1 | Marisa Obrien | carrollallison@example.com | 32 | Other | GoPro Hero | 2021-03- 22 | Technical issue | Product setup | I'm having a |
| | 1 | 2 | Jessica Rios | clarkeashley@example.com | 42 | Female | LG Smart TV | 2021-05- 22 | Technical issue | Peripheral compatibility | I'm having a product_pur |
| | 2 | 3 | Christopher Robbins | gonzalestracy@example.com | 48 | Other | Dell XPS | 2020-07- 14 | Technical issue | Network problem | I'm facing a ¡ {product_pur |
| | 3 | 4 | Christina Dillon | bradleyolson@example.org | 27 | Female | Microsoft Office | 2020-11- 13 | Billing inquiry | Account access | I'm having a product_pur |
| | 4 | 5 | Alexander Carroll | bradleymark@example.com | 67 | Female | Autodesk AutoCAD | 2020-02- 04 | Billing inquiry | Data loss | I'm having a { |
| In [21]: | <pre>df['First Response Time'] = pd.to_datetime(df['First Response Time'], errors='coerce') df['Time to Resolution'] = pd.to_datetime(df['Time to Resolution'], errors='coerce')</pre> | | | | | | | | | | |

```
# Fill missing 'First Response Time' and 'Time to Resolution' with median timestamp
df['First Response Time'].fillna(df['First Response Time'].median(), inplace=True)
df['Time to Resolution'].fillna(df['Time to Resolution'].median(), inplace=True)

# Fill missing Customer Satisfaction Rating with median rating
df['Customer Satisfaction Rating'].fillna(df['Customer Satisfaction Rating'].median(), inplace=True)
```

/var/folders/pm/cnlmdnjj5g1ct4r7rrx83vnr0000gn/T/ipykernel_1031/518815202.py:5: FutureWarning: A value is trying to be set on a copy of a DataFrame or Series through chained assignment using an inplace method. The behavior will change in pandas 3.0. This inplace method will never work because the intermediate object on which we are setting values always behaves as a copy.

For example, when doing 'df[col].method(value, inplace=True)', try using 'df.method({col: value}, inplace=True)' or df[col] = df[col].method(value) instead, to perform the operation inplace on the original object.

df['First Response Time'].fillna(df['First Response Time'].median(), inplace=True)
/var/folders/pm/cnlmdnjj5g1ct4r7rrx83vnr0000gn/T/ipykernel_1031/518815202.py:6: FutureWarning: A value is trying to
be set on a copy of a DataFrame or Series through chained assignment using an inplace method.
The behavior will change in pandas 3.0. This inplace method will never work because the intermediate object on which
we are setting values always behaves as a copy.

For example, when doing 'df[col].method(value, inplace=True)', try using 'df.method($\{col: value\}$, inplace=True)' or df[col] = df[col].method(value) instead, to perform the operation inplace on the original object.

df['Time to Resolution'].fillna(df['Time to Resolution'].median(), inplace=True)
/var/folders/pm/cnlmdnjj5g1ct4r7rrx83vnr0000gn/T/ipykernel_1031/518815202.py:9: FutureWarning: A value is trying to
be set on a copy of a DataFrame or Series through chained assignment using an inplace method.
The behavior will change in pandas 3.0. This inplace method will never work because the intermediate object on which
we are setting values always behaves as a copy.

For example, when doing 'df[col].method(value, inplace=True)', try using 'df.method({col: value}, inplace=True)' or df[col] = df[col].method(value) instead, to perform the operation inplace on the original object.

df['Customer Satisfaction Rating'].fillna(df['Customer Satisfaction Rating'].median(), inplace=True)

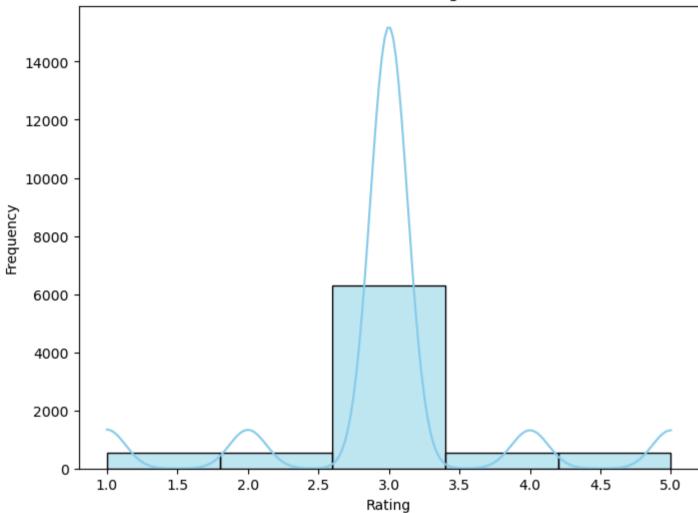
```
In [25]: df.isnull().sum()
```

```
Out[25]: Ticket ID
                                          0
          Customer Name
                                          0
          Customer Email
                                          0
          Customer Age
          Customer Gender
                                          0
          Product Purchased
          Date of Purchase
          Ticket Type
          Ticket Subject
          Ticket Description
          Ticket Status
          Resolution
          Ticket Priority
          Ticket Channel
          First Response Time
          Time to Resolution
          Customer Satisfaction Rating
          dtype: int64
```

Customer Satisfaction Rating Distribution

```
In [30]: plt.figure(figsize=(8, 6))
    sns.histplot(df['Customer Satisfaction Rating'], bins=5, kde=True, color='skyblue')
    plt.title('Customer Satisfaction Rating Distribution')
    plt.xlabel('Rating')
    plt.ylabel('Frequency')
    plt.show()
```

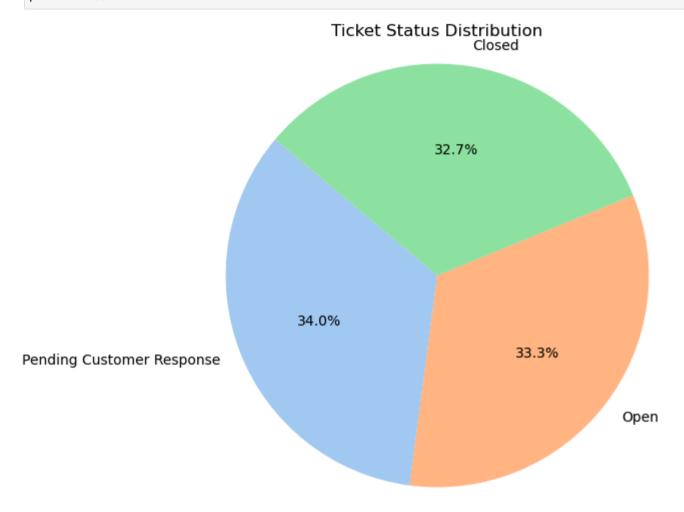
Customer Satisfaction Rating Distribution



Ticket Status Distribution

```
in [35]: ticket_status = df['Ticket Status'].value_counts()
    plt.figure(figsize=(6, 6))
    plt.pie(ticket_status, labels=ticket_status.index, autopct='%1.1f%', startangle=140, colors=sns.color_palette('pas plt.title('Ticket Status Distribution'))
```

```
plt.axis('equal')
plt.show()
```



Customer Gender Distribution

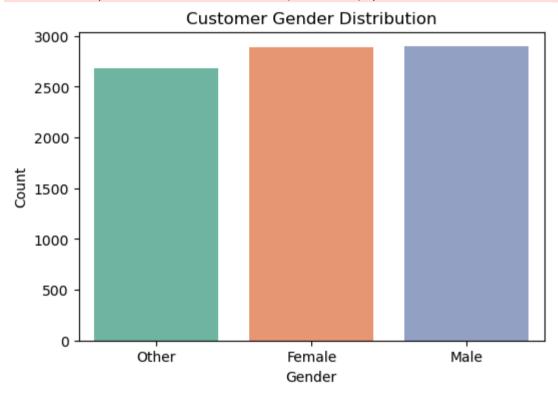
```
In [40]: plt.figure(figsize=(6, 4))
    sns.countplot(x='Customer Gender', data=df, palette='Set2')
    plt.title('Customer Gender Distribution')
    plt.xlabel('Gender')
```

```
plt.ylabel('Count')
plt.show()
```

/var/folders/pm/cnlmdnjj5g1ct4r7rrx83vnr0000gn/T/ipykernel_1031/1215856890.py:2: FutureWarning:

Passing `palette` without assigning `hue` is deprecated and will be removed in v0.14.0. Assign the `x` variable to `hue` and set `legend=False` for the same effect.

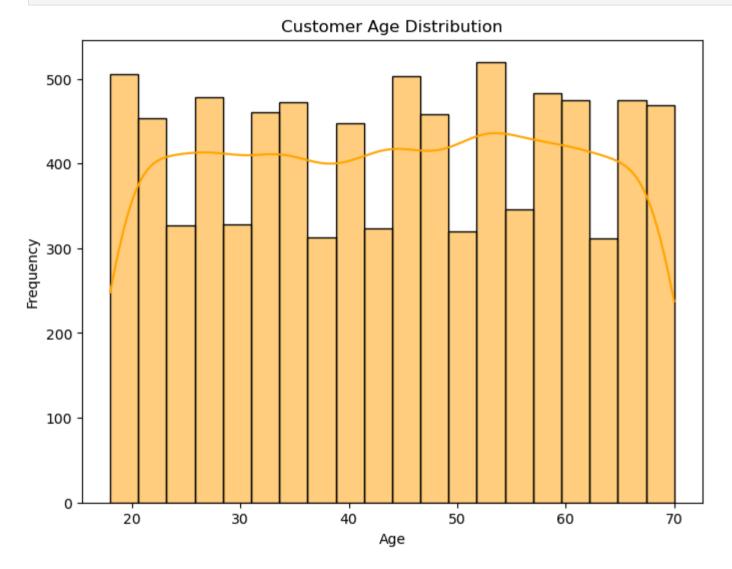
sns.countplot(x='Customer Gender', data=df, palette='Set2')



Customer Age Distribution

```
In [47]: plt.figure(figsize=(8, 6))
    sns.histplot(df['Customer Age'], bins=20, kde=True, color='orange')
    plt.title('Customer Age Distribution')
    plt.xlabel('Age')
```

```
plt.ylabel('Frequency')
plt.show()
```



Top 10 Common Issues (Ticket Subjects)

```
In [52]: top_issues = df['Ticket Subject'].value_counts().head(10)
plt.figure(figsize=(10, 6))
```

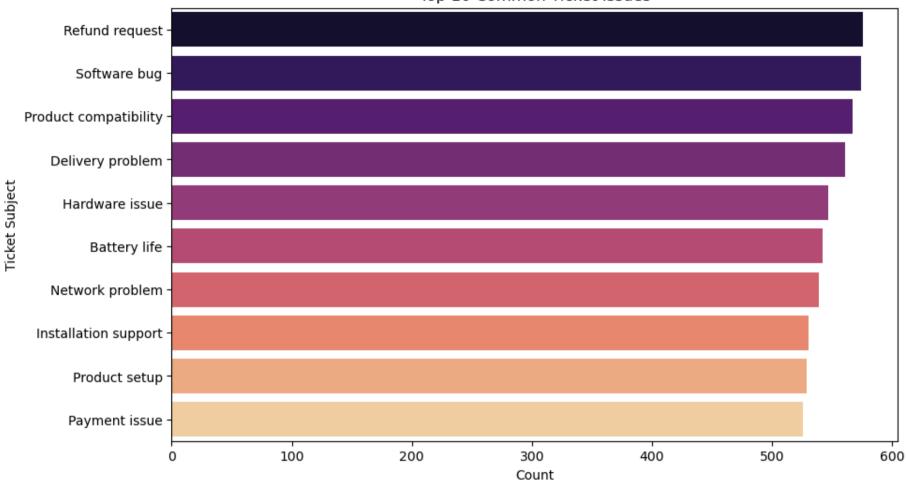
```
sns.barplot(y=top_issues.index, x=top_issues.values, palette='magma')
plt.title('Top 10 Common Ticket Issues')
plt.xlabel('Count')
plt.ylabel('Ticket Subject')
plt.show()

/var/folders/pm/cnlmdnjj5g1ct4r7rrx83vnr0000gn/T/ipykernel_1031/4145585260.py:3: FutureWarning:

Passing `palette` without assigning `hue` is deprecated and will be removed in v0.14.0. Assign the `y` variable to `hue` and set `legend=False` for the same effect.

sns.barplot(y=top_issues.index, x=top_issues.values, palette='magma')
```

Top 10 Common Ticket Issues



Ticket Channels Used

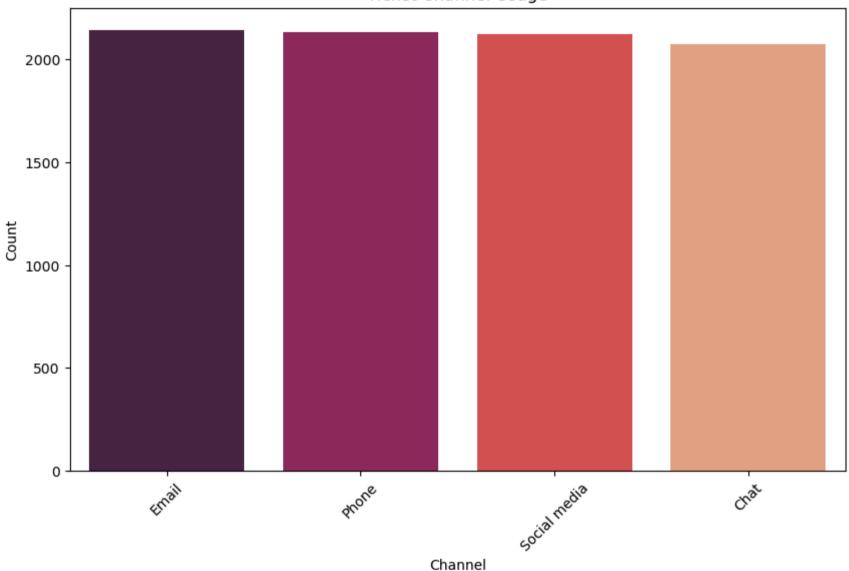
```
In [57]: plt.figure(figsize=(10, 6))
    sns.countplot(x='Ticket Channel', data=df, order=df['Ticket Channel'].value_counts().index, palette='rocket')
    plt.title('Ticket Channel Usage')
    plt.xlabel('Channel')
    plt.ylabel('Count')
    plt.xticks(rotation=45)
    plt.show()
```

/var/folders/pm/cnlmdnjj5g1ct4r7rrx83vnr0000gn/T/ipykernel_1031/2820793133.py:2: FutureWarning:

Passing `palette` without assigning `hue` is deprecated and will be removed in v0.14.0. Assign the `x` variable to hue` and set `legend=False` for the same effect.

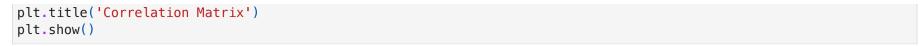
sns.countplot(x='Ticket Channel', data=df, order=df['Ticket Channel'].value_counts().index, palette='rocket')

Ticket Channel Usage



Correlation Heatmap (Numerical Features)

```
In [62]: plt.figure(figsize=(10, 6))
sns.heatmap(df.select_dtypes(include=['int64', 'float64']).corr(), annot=True, cmap='Blues')
```





df[col] = le.fit_transform(df[col])
label_encoders[col] = le

In [94]: df.head()

Out[94]:

| : | Ticket ID | Customer Name | Customer Email | Customer Age | Customer Gender | Product Purchased | Date of Purchase | Ticket Type | Ticket Subject | Ticket Desc |
|---|--------------|------------------------|----------------------------|-----------------|--------------------|----------------------|---------------------|--------------------|-----------------------------|--------------------------|
| (| o 1 | Marisa Obrien | carrollallison@example.com | 32 | Other | GoPro Hero | 2021-03- 22 | Technical issue | Product setup | I'm having a |
| 1 | 1 2 | Jessica Rios | clarkeashley@example.com | 42 | Female | LG Smart TV | 2021-05- 22 | Technical issue | Peripheral compatibility | I'm having a |
| ; | 2 3 | Christopher Robbins | gonzalestracy@example.com | 48 | Other | Dell XPS | 2020-07- 14 | Technical issue | Network problem | I'm facing a product_pur |
| ; | 3 4 | Christina Dillon | bradleyolson@example.org | 27 | Female | Microsoft Office | 2020-11- 13 | Billing inquiry | Account access | I'm having a |
| , | 4 5 | Alexander Carroll | bradleymark@example.com | 67 | Female | Autodesk AutoCAD | 2020-02- 04 | Billing inquiry | Data loss | I'm having a { |

```
In [102... X = df[['Resolution', 'Ticket Priority', 'Ticket Channel']]
y = df['Customer Satisfaction Rating']
```

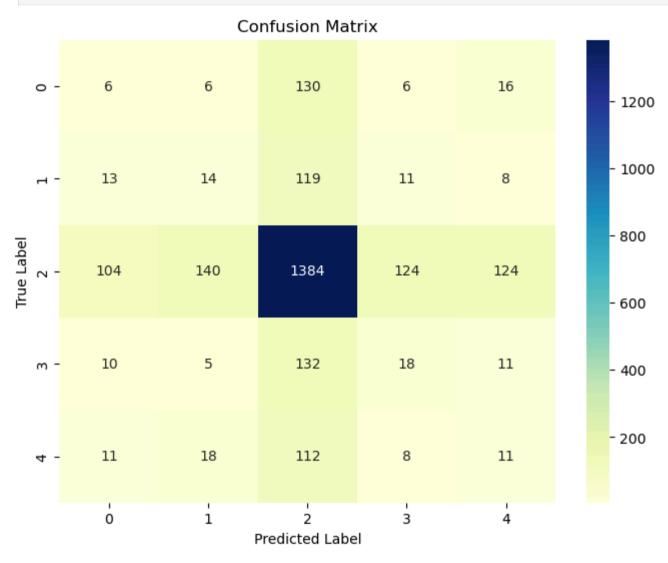
In [104... print(X.dtypes)

Resolution int64
Ticket Priority int64
Ticket Channel int64
dtype: object

In [106... X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(X, y, test_size=0.3, random_state=42)
X_train.shape,X_test.shape,y_train.shape,y_test.shape

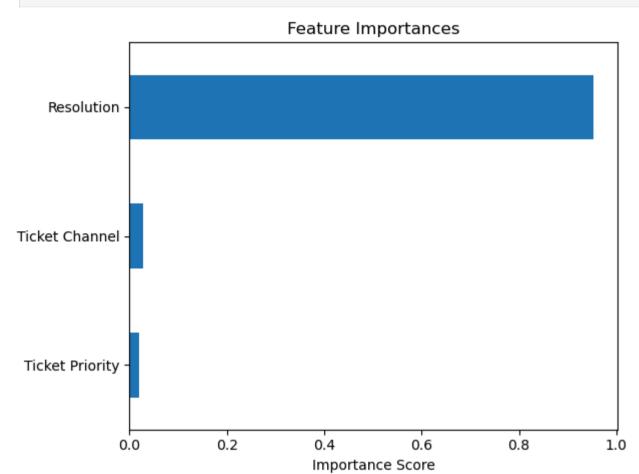
```
Out[106... ((5928, 3), (2541, 3), (5928,), (2541,))
In [108... scaler = StandardScaler()
         X_train_scaled = scaler.fit_transform(X_train)
         X_test_scaled = scaler.transform(X_test)
In [153... model = RandomForestClassifier(class_weight='balanced', random_state=42)
         model.fit(X train scaled, y train)
         y_pred = model.predict(X_test_scaled)
In [155... from sklearn.metrics import confusion matrix, classification report
In [157... cr=classification report(y test, y pred)
In [159... print(cr)
                       precision
                                    recall f1-score
                                                        support
                  1.0
                            0.04
                                      0.04
                                                 0.04
                                                            164
                  2.0
                            0.08
                                      0.08
                                                 0.08
                                                            165
                  3.0
                            0.74
                                      0.74
                                                0.74
                                                           1876
                                      0.10
                                                 0.10
                  4.0
                            0.11
                                                            176
                  5.0
                            0.06
                                      0.07
                                                 0.07
                                                            160
             accuracy
                                                 0.56
                                                           2541
                                                0.21
                                                           2541
           macro avg
                            0.21
                                      0.21
        weighted avg
                                                 0.56
                            0.56
                                      0.56
                                                           2541
In [161... cm = confusion_matrix(y_test, y_pred)
         # Plot with a different color palette
         plt.figure(figsize=(8, 6))
         sns.heatmap(cm, annot=True, fmt='d', cmap='YlGnBu') # Try cmap='coolwarm', 'magma', 'viridis', etc.
         plt.title('Confusion Matrix')
         plt.xlabel('Predicted Label')
```

```
plt.ylabel('True Label')
plt.show()
```



```
importances = pd.Series(model.feature_importances_, index=X.columns)
importances.sort_values().plot(kind='barh', title='Feature Importances')
plt.xlabel('Importance Score')
```

plt.tight_layout()
plt.show()



In []: