

Driver Initialization

Chrome	<code>WebDriver driver = new ChromeDriver();</code>
Firefox	<code>WebDriver driver = new FirefoxDriver();</code>
Edge	<code>WebDriver driver = new EdgeDriver();</code>
Safari	<code>WebDriver driver = new SafariDriver();</code>

Locating Elements

By ID:	<code>driver.findElement(By.id (<element ID>))</code>
By Name:	<code>driver.findElement(By.name(<element name>))</code>
By Class Name:	<code>driver.findElement(By.className (<element class>))</code>
By Tag Name:	<code>driver.findElement(By.tagName (<html tag name>))</code>
By CSS Selector:	<code>driver.findElement(By.cssSelector("Tag#Value of id attribute"))</code>
By XPath:	<code>driver.findElement(By.xpath ("//input[@type='submit']"))</code>
By Link Text:	<code>driver.findElement(By.linkText (<link text>))</code>
By Partial Link Text:	<code>driver.findElement(By.partialLinkText (<link text>))</code>

TestNG

@BeforeSuite	Will run before the execution of all the test methods in the suite
@BeforeTest	Will execute before the execution of all the test methods of available classes belonging to that folder
@BeforeClass	Will execute before the first method of the current class is invoked
@BeforeMethod	Will execute before each test method runs
@Test	This is the main part of our automation script where we write the business logic we want to automate
@AfterMethod	Will execute after the execution of each test method
@AfterClass	Will execute after the execution of all the test methods of the current class

@AfterTest	Will execute after the execution of all the test methods of available classes belonging to that folder
@AfterSuite	Will execute after the execution of all the test methods in the suite
<h1>JUnit</h1>	
@Test	Represents the method or class as a test block, also accepts parameters.
@Before	The method with this annotation gets executed before all the other tests.
@BeforeClass	The method with this annotation gets executed once before class.
@After	The method with this annotation gets executed after all the other tests are executed.
@AfterClass	The method with this annotation gets executed once after class.
@Ignore	It is used to ignore certain test statements during execution.
@Disabled	Used to disable the tests from execution, but the corresponding reports of the tests are still generated.
<h1>Working with Files</h1>	

Upload a file:

```
driver.findElement(By.id("file-upload")).sendKeys("path/to/your/file.txt");
driver.findElement(By.id("file-submit")).submit();
```

Read data from a text file:

Using BufferedReader:

```
FileReader reader = new FileReader("MyFile.txt");
BufferedReader bufferedReader = new BufferedReader(reader);
String line;
while ((line = bufferedReader.readLine()) != null) {
    System.out.println(line);
}
reader.close();
```

Using InputStream:

```
FileInputStream inputStream = new FileInputStream("MyFile.txt");
InputStreamReader reader = new InputStreamReader(inputStream, "UTF-16");
int character;
while ((character = reader.read()) != -1) {
    System.out.print((char) character);
}
reader.close();
```

Using FileReader:

```
FileReader reader = new FileReader("MyFile.txt");
int character;
while ((character = reader.read()) != -1) {
    System.out.print((char) character);
}
reader.close();
```

Read data from a CSV file:

```
import au.com.bytecode.opencsv.CSVReader;
String path = "C:\\Users\\Myuser\\Desktop\\csvtest.csv";
Reader reader = new FileReader(path);
CSVReader csvreader = new CSVReader(reader);
List<String[]> data = csvreader.readAll();
for(String[] d : data){
    for(String c : d ){
        System.out.println(c);
    }
}
```

Read data from an Excel file:

```
import org.apache.poi.hssf.usermodel.HSSFSheet;
import org.apache.poi.hssf.usermodel.HSSFWorkbook;
import java.io.File;
import java.io.FileInputStream;
import java.io.IOException;
File file = new File("E:\\TestData\\TestData.xls");
FileInputStream inputStream = new FileInputStream(file);
HSSFWorkbook wb=new HSSFWorkbook(inputStream);
HSSFSheet sheet=wb.getSheet("STUDENT_DATA");
HSSFRow row2=sheet.getRow(1);
HSSFCell cell=row2.getCell(5);
String address= cell.getStringCellValue();
```

Selenium Navigators

Navigate to a URL	<code>driver.get("<URL>")</code> or <code>driver.navigate().to("<URL>")</code>
Refresh the page	<code>driver.navigate().refresh()</code>
Navigate forward in browser history	<code>driver.navigate().forward()</code>
Navigate back in browser history	<code>driver.navigate().back()</code>

Working with Windows

Get the current window handle:

```
String mainWindowHandle = driver.getWindowHandle();
```

Get all window handles:

```
import java.util.Set;  
Set<String> allWindowHandles = driver.getWindowHandles();
```

Switch to a specific window:

```
String windowHandle = driver.getWindowHandle();  
driver.switchTo().window(windowHandle);
```

Switch to newly created window:

```
driver.switchTo().newWindow(WindowType.TAB);  
driver.switchTo().newWindow(WindowType.WINDOW);
```

Close the current window:

```
driver.close();
```

Set window position:

```
driver.manage().window().setPosition(new Point(0, 0));
```

Maximize window:

```
driver.manage().window().maximize();
```

Minimize window:

```
driver.manage().window().minimize();
```

Fullscreen window:

```
driver.manage().window().fullscreen();
```

Take a Screenshot

```
import org.apache.commons.io.FileUtils;  
File scrFile = ((TakesScreenshot)driver).getScreenshotAs(OutputType.FILE);  
FileUtils.copyFile(scrFile, new File("../image.png"));
```

Working with Frames

Switch to a frame by name or ID:

```
driver.switchTo().frame("buttonframe");
```

Switch to a frame by index:

```
driver.switchTo().frame(1);
```

Switch to a frame using a WebElement:

```
WebElement iframe = driver.findElement(By.cssSelector("#modal>iframe"));  
driver.switchTo().frame(iframe);
```

Switch back to the main content:

```
driver.switchTo().defaultContent();
```

Working with Alerts

Switch to an alert:

```
Alert alert = driver.switchTo().alert();
```

Enter text in an alert:

```
alert.sendKeys("Selenium");
```

Retrieve alert text:

```
String text = alert.getText();
```

Selenium Operations

Launch a Webpage:

```
driver.get("<URL>") or driver.navigate().to("<URL>")
```

Click a button:

```
WebElement searchButton = driver.findElement(By.name("btnK"));
searchButton.click();
```

Accept an alert pop-up:

```
driver.switchTo( ).alert( ).accept();
```

Print the page title:

```
String title = driver.getTitle();
System.out.println(title);
```

Implicit wait:

```
import java.util.concurrent.TimeUnit;
driver.manage().timeouts().implicitlyWait(30, TimeUnit.SECONDS);
```

Explicit wait:

```
import java.util.concurrent.TimeUnit;

WebElement firstResult = new WebDriverWait(driver, Duration.ofSeconds(10))
    .until(ExpectedConditions.elementToBeClickable(By.xpath("//a/h3")));
```

Sleep:

```
Thread.sleep(<Time in MilliSeconds>);
```

Clear the input field text:

```
WebElement searchInput = driver.findElement(By.name("q"));
searchInput.sendKeys("selenium");
searchInput.clear();
```

Disable a field (set the ‘disabled’ attribute):

```
JavascriptExecutor javascript = (JavascriptExecutor) driver;
String todisable = "document.getElementsByName('fname')[0].setAttribute('disabled', '');";
javascript.executeScript(todisable);
```

Enable a field (remove the ‘disabled’ attribute):

```
JavascriptExecutor javascript = (JavascriptExecutor) driver;
String toEnable = "document.getElementsByName('fname')[0].setAttribute(enabled, '');";
javascript.executeScript(toEnable);
```

Selenium Grid

Start the hub

```
java -jar selenium-server-standalone-x.y.z.jar -role hub
```

Start a node

```
java -jar selenium-server-standalone-x.y.z.jar -role node -hub
```

Server

```
http://localhost:4444/ui/index.html
```