(Formerly West Bengal University of Technology)

Syllabus for B. Tech in Electrical & Electronics Engineering (EEE)

(Applicable from the academic session 2018-2019)

Semester-V

Name	of the course	ELECTRIC MACHIN	NE-II	
Course Code: PC-EEE-501/PC-EE-501		Semester: 5th		
Duration: 6 months Maximum Marks: 100				
	aching Scheme Examination Scheme			
Theor	y: 3 hrs/week	Mid Semester Exam: 1	5 Marks	
		Assignment & Quiz: 1	0 Marks	
Practi	cal: hrs/week		05 Marks	
Credit	Points: 3	End Semester Exam:	70 Marks	
Objec				
1.	To understand the arrangement of windings of			
2.	To understand the principle of production of pu			
3.	To understand the principle of operation and o			
4.	To understand the principle of operation and c			machines
5.	To understand the principle of operation and c			
6.	To understand the principle of operation and ch			
7.	To solve problems of Induction machines, sync	chronous machines and	special eletrome	echanical
	devices.			
	equisite			
1.	Basic Electrical Engineering (ES-EE-101)			
2.	Electric Circuit Theory (PC-EE-301)			
3.	Electromagnetic field theory (PC-EE-303)			
4.	Electric Machine-I (PC-EE-401)			
Unit	Content		Hrs	Marks
1	Fundamentals of AC machine windings:			
	TO 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	1 1 1 1 1		
	Physical arrangement of windings in sta			
	rotor; slots for windings; single-turn coil	- active portion and		
	rotor; slots for windings; single-turn coil overhang; full-pitch coils, concentrated v	- active portion and winding, distributed	5	
	rotor; slots for windings; single-turn coil overhang; full-pitch coils, concentrated winding, winding axis,3D visualization of	- active portion and winding, distributed f the above winding	5	
	rotor; slots for windings; single-turn coil overhang; full-pitch coils, concentrated winding, winding axis,3D visualization of types, Air-gap MMF distribution with fixed	- active portion and winding, distributed f the above winding d current through	5	
	rotor; slots for windings; single-turn coil overhang; full-pitch coils, concentrated winding, winding axis,3D visualization of types, Air-gap MMF distribution with fixed winding-concentrated and distributed, Single-turn coil overhang; si	- active portion and winding, distributed f the above winding d current through	5	
	rotor; slots for windings; single-turn coil overhang; full-pitch coils, concentrated winding, winding axis,3D visualization of types, Air-gap MMF distribution with fixed winding-concentrated and distributed, Single-turn coil overhang; full-pitch coils, concentrated winding-types, Air-gap MMF distribution with fixed winding, winding distribution factor	- active portion and winding, distributed f the above winding d current through usoidally distributed	5	
2	rotor; slots for windings; single-turn coil overhang; full-pitch coils, concentrated winding, winding axis,3D visualization of types, Air-gap MMF distribution with fixed winding-concentrated and distributed, Single winding, winding distribution factor Pulsating and revolving magnetic fields:	- active portion and winding, distributed f the above winding d current through usoidally distributed	5	
2	rotor; slots for windings; single-turn coil overhang; full-pitch coils, concentrated winding, winding axis,3D visualization of types, Air-gap MMF distribution with fixed winding-concentrated and distributed, Single-turn coil overhang; full-pitch coils, concentrated winding-types, Air-gap MMF distribution with fixed winding, winding distribution factor	- active portion and winding, distributed f the above winding d current through usoidally distributed	5	
2	rotor; slots for windings; single-turn coil overhang; full-pitch coils, concentrated winding, winding axis,3D visualization of types, Air-gap MMF distribution with fixed winding-concentrated and distributed, Single winding, winding distribution factor Pulsating and revolving magnetic fields:	- active portion and winding, distributed f the above winding d current through usoidally distributed ic field - alternating	5	
2	rotor; slots for windings; single-turn coil overhang; full-pitch coils, concentrated winding, winding axis,3D visualization of types, Air-gap MMF distribution with fixed winding-concentrated and distributed, Single winding, winding distribution factor Pulsating and revolving magnetic fields: Constant magnetic field, pulsating magnet	- active portion and winding, distributed f the above winding d current through usoidally distributed ic field - alternating nent, Magnetic field		
2	rotor; slots for windings; single-turn coil overhang; full-pitch coils, concentrated winding, winding axis,3D visualization of types, Air-gap MMF distribution with fixed winding-concentrated and distributed, Single winding, winding distribution factor Pulsating and revolving magnetic fields: Constant magnetic field, pulsating magnet current in windings with spatial displacement produced by a single winding - fixed current.	- active portion and winding, distributed f the above winding d current through usoidally distributed ic field - alternating nent, Magnetic field rrent and alternating	5	
2	rotor; slots for windings; single-turn coil overhang; full-pitch coils, concentrated winding, winding axis,3D visualization of types, Air-gap MMF distribution with fixed winding-concentrated and distributed, Single winding, winding distribution factor Pulsating and revolving magnetic fields: Constant magnetic field, pulsating magnet current in windings with spatial displacen	- active portion and winding, distributed f the above winding d current through usoidally distributed ic field - alternating nent, Magnetic field rent and alternating spatially displaced		
2	rotor; slots for windings; single-turn coil overhang; full-pitch coils, concentrated winding, winding axis,3D visualization of types, Air-gap MMF distribution with fixed winding-concentrated and distributed, Single winding, winding distribution factor Pulsating and revolving magnetic fields: Constant magnetic field, pulsating magnet current in windings with spatial displacen produced by a single winding - fixed current Pulsating fields produced by windings, Windings spatially shifted by 9	- active portion and winding, distributed f the above winding d current through usoidally distributed ic field - alternating nent, Magnetic field rent and alternating spatially displaced to degrees, Addition		
2	rotor; slots for windings; single-turn coil overhang; full-pitch coils, concentrated winding, winding axis,3D visualization of types, Air-gap MMF distribution with fixed winding-concentrated and distributed, Sing winding, winding distribution factor Pulsating and revolving magnetic fields: Constant magnetic field, pulsating magnet current in windings with spatial displacent produced by a single winding - fixed current Pulsating fields produced by windings, Windings spatially shifted by 9 of pulsating magnetic fields, Three winding	- active portion and winding, distributed f the above winding d current through usoidally distributed ic field - alternating nent, Magnetic field rent and alternating spatially displaced to degrees, Additionings spatially shifted		
2	rotor; slots for windings; single-turn coil overhang; full-pitch coils, concentrated winding, winding axis,3D visualization of types, Air-gap MMF distribution with fixed winding-concentrated and distributed, Single winding, winding distribution factor Pulsating and revolving magnetic fields: Constant magnetic field, pulsating magnet current in windings with spatial displacen produced by a single winding - fixed current reproduced by windings, Windings spatially shifted by 9 of pulsating magnetic fields, Three windings 120 degrees (carrying three-phase	- active portion and winding, distributed f the above winding d current through usoidally distributed ic field - alternating nent, Magnetic field rent and alternating spatially displaced to degrees, Additionings spatially shifted		
	rotor; slots for windings; single-turn coil overhang; full-pitch coils, concentrated winding, winding axis,3D visualization of types, Air-gap MMF distribution with fixed winding-concentrated and distributed, Sind winding, winding distribution factor Pulsating and revolving magnetic fields: Constant magnetic field, pulsating magnet current in windings with spatial displacent produced by a single winding - fixed current revolving fields produced by windings, Windings spatially shifted by 9 of pulsating magnetic fields, Three winding by 120 degrees (carrying three-phase revolving magnetic field.	- active portion and winding, distributed f the above winding d current through usoidally distributed ic field - alternating nent, Magnetic field rent and alternating spatially displaced to degrees, Additionings spatially shifted		
3	rotor; slots for windings; single-turn coil overhang; full-pitch coils, concentrated winding, winding axis,3D visualization of types, Air-gap MMF distribution with fixed winding-concentrated and distributed, Sing winding, winding distribution factor Pulsating and revolving magnetic fields: Constant magnetic field, pulsating magnet current in windings with spatial displacen produced by a single winding - fixed current Pulsating fields produced by windings, Windings spatially shifted by 9 of pulsating magnetic fields, Three winding by 120 degrees (carrying three-phase revolving magnetic field. Induction Machines:	- active portion and winding, distributed f the above winding d current through usoidally distributed ic field - alternating nent, Magnetic field rent and alternating spatially displaced to degrees, Addition ngs spatially shifted balanced currents),		
	rotor; slots for windings; single-turn coil overhang; full-pitch coils, concentrated winding, winding axis,3D visualization of types, Air-gap MMF distribution with fixed winding-concentrated and distributed, Sind winding, winding distribution factor Pulsating and revolving magnetic fields: Constant magnetic field, pulsating magnet current in windings with spatial displacent produced by a single winding - fixed current reproduced by windings, Windings spatially shifted by 9 of pulsating magnetic fields, Three windings 120 degrees (carrying three-phase revolving magnetic field. Induction Machines: Construction, Types (squirrel cage and slip	- active portion and winding, distributed f the above winding d current through usoidally distributed ic field - alternating nent, Magnetic field rent and alternating spatially displaced to degrees, Addition ngs spatially shifted balanced currents),		
	rotor; slots for windings; single-turn coil overhang; full-pitch coils, concentrated winding, winding axis,3D visualization of types, Air-gap MMF distribution with fixed winding-concentrated and distributed, Sind winding, winding distribution factor Pulsating and revolving magnetic fields: Constant magnetic field, pulsating magnet current in windings with spatial displacent produced by a single winding - fixed current revolving fields produced by windings, Windings spatially shifted by 9 of pulsating magnetic fields, Three winding by 120 degrees (carrying three-phase revolving magnetic field. Induction Machines: Construction, Types (squirrel cage and slip Characteristics, Starting and Maximum	- active portion and winding, distributed of the above winding distributed of the above winding distributed distri	5	
	rotor; slots for windings; single-turn coil overhang; full-pitch coils, concentrated winding, winding axis,3D visualization of types, Air-gap MMF distribution with fixed winding-concentrated and distributed, Sind winding, winding distribution factor Pulsating and revolving magnetic fields: Constant magnetic field, pulsating magnet current in windings with spatial displacent produced by a single winding - fixed current reproduced by windings, Windings spatially shifted by 9 of pulsating magnetic fields, Three windings 120 degrees (carrying three-phase revolving magnetic field. Induction Machines: Construction, Types (squirrel cage and slip	- active portion and winding, distributed f the above winding d current through usoidally distributed ic field - alternating nent, Magnetic field rent and alternating spatially displaced to degrees, Addition ngs spatially shifted balanced currents), p-ring), Torque Slip Torque. Equivalent fficiency. Effect of	5	

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	of rotor and stator resistances, stator voltage, frequency). Methods of starting, braking and speed control for induction motors. Generator operation. Self-excitation. Doubly-Fed	
	Induction Machines.	
	Single-phase induction motors:	
4	Constructional features, double revolving field theory, equivalent circuit, determination of parameters. Split-phase starting methods and applications	5
5	Synchronous machines:	
	Constructional features, cylindrical rotor synchronous machine	
	- generated EMF, equivalent circuit and phasor diagram,	10
	armature reaction, synchronous impedance, voltage regulation.	10
	Operating characteristics of synchronous machines, V-curves.	
	Salient pole machine - two reaction theory, analysis of phasor	
	diagram, power angle characteristics. Parallel operation of	
	alternators - synchronization and load division.	
6	Special Electromechanical devices:	
	Principle and construction of switched Reluctance motor,	
	Permanent magnet machines, Brushless DC machines,	5
	Hysteresis motor, Stepper motor, Tacho generators.	

Text books:

- 1. Electrical Machinery, P.S. Bhimra, Khanna Publishers.
- 2. Electrical Machines, Nagrath & Kothary, TMH
- 3. Electrical Machines, Theory & Applications, M.N. Bandyopadhyay, PHI

Reference books

- 1. Electric Machinery & Transformer, Bhag S. Guru and H.R. Hiziroglu, 3rd Edition, Oxford University press.
- 2. Electric Machinery & Transformes, Irving L. Kosow, PHI
- 3. Electric Machinery, A.E.Fitzgerald, Charles Kingsley, Jr. & Stephen D. Umans, 6th Edition, Tata McGraw Hill Edition.
- 4. Electrical Machines, R.K. Srivastava, Cengage Learning
- 5. Theory of Alternating Current Machinery, Alexander S Langsdorf, Tata Mc Graw Hill Edition
- 6. The performance and Design of Alternating Current Machines, M.G.Say, CBS publishers & distributors
- 7. Electric Machines, Charles A. Gross, CRC press.
- 8. Problems in Electrical Engineering, Parker smith, 9th Edition, CBS publishers & distributors.

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Course Outcome:

After completion of this course, the learners will be able to

- 1. describe the arrangement of winding of AC machines.
- 2. explain the principle of operation of Induction machines, Synchronous machines and special machines.
- 3. solve numerical problems of Induction machines, Synchronous machines and Special machines.
- 4. estimate the parameters and efficiency of Induction machines and Synchronous machines.
- 5. determine the characteristics of Induction machines and Synchronous machines.
- 6. select appropriate methods for starting, braking and speed control of Induction machines.

Special Remarks (if any)

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Syllabus for B. Tech in Electrical & Electronics Engineering (EEE)

Name	of the course	POWER SYSTEM-I		
Course Code: PC-EEE-502/ PC-EE-502		Semester: 5th		
	ion: 6 months	Maximum Marks: 100		
Teach	Teaching Scheme Examination Scheme			
Theor	y: 3 hrs/week	Mid Semester Exam: 1	5 Marks	
Tutori	al: 0hr/week	Assignment & Quiz: 1	0 Marks	
Practi	cal: hrs/week	Attendance: ()5 Marks	
Credit	Points: 3	End Semester Exam: 7	70 Marks	
Objec				
1.	To understand the basic principle of generation	on of Electricity from dif	ferent sources	
2.	To find parameters and characteristics of overl	head transmission lines a	and cables.	
3.	To find different parameters for the construct		ission line	
4.	To determine the performance of transmission	lines.		
5.	To understand the principle tariff calculation.			
6.	To solve numerical problems on the topics stu-	died.		
Pre-R	equisite			
1.	Basic Electrical Engineering (ES-EE-101)			
2.	Electric Circuit Theory (PC-EE-301)			
3.	Electromagnetic field theory (PC-EE-303)			
Unit	Content		Hrs	Marks
1	Basic Concepts:			
	Evolution of Power System and present day			
	power system: Bulk power grid and Micro Gri	d.		
	Generation of Electric Power:			
	General layout of a typical coal fired power		10	
	power station, Nuclear power station, their co			
	principles, comparison of different methods	of power generation.		
	Introduction to Solar & Wind energy system.			
	Indian Electricity Rule-1956: General Introd	uction.		
	Overhead transmission line:	TD C 1 4		
	Choice of frequency, Choice of voltage,			
2	Inductance and Capacitance of a single pl	_		
	symmetrical and unsymmetrical configuration		12	
	Transposition. Concept of GMD and GMR.	influence of earth on	12	
	conductor capacitance. Overhead line construction:			
	Line supports, Towers, Poles, Sag, Tension ar	nd Clearance Effect of		
	Wind and Ice on Sag. Dampers.	id Clearance, Effect of		
	Corona: Principle of Corona formation, Criti	ical disruptive voltage		
	Visual critical corona discharge potential, Co			
	& disadvantages of Corona. Methods of reduct			
	or corona, memous or road	or or order.		
	Insulators: Types, Voltage distribution	across a suspension		
	insulator string, String efficiency, Arching sh	•	05	
	of improving voltage distribution across Insul	_		
3	tests on line Insulators.	<i>5</i> /		

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4	Cables: Types of cables, cable components, capacitance of single core & 3 core cables, dielectric stress, optimum cable thickness, grading, dielectric loss and loss angle.	04	
5	Performance of lines: Short, medium (nominal, T) and long lines and their representation. A.B.C.D constants, Voltage regulation, Ferranti effect, Power equations and line compensation, Power Circle diagrams.	06	
6	Tariff: Guiding principle of Tariff, different types of tariff.	03	

Text book:

- 1. Electrical Power System, Subir Roy, Prentice Hall
- 2. Power System Engineering, Nagrath & Kothery, TMH
- 3. Elements of power system analysis, C.L. Wodhwa, New Age International.
- 4. Electrical Power System, Ashfaq Hussain, CBS Publishers & Distributors

Reference books

- 1. Electric Power transmission & Distribution, S.Sivanagaraju, S.Satyanarayana,, Pearson Education.
- 2. A Text book on Power system Engineering, Soni, Gupta, Bhatnagar & Chakrabarti, Dhanpat Rai & Co.
- 3. Electric Power distribution system Engineering, 2nd Edition, T. Gonen, CRC Press.
- 4. www.powermin.nic.in/acts notification/pdf/ier1956.pdf

Course Outcome:

After completion of this course, the learners will be able to

- 1. explain the principle of generation of Electric power from different sources
- 2. determine parameters of transmission lines and its performance
- 3. explain the principle of formation of corona and methods of its reduction
- 4. conduct electrical tests on insulators
- 5. solve numerical problems related to overhead transmission line, cable, insulators and tariff
- 6. analyze overhead transmission line based on short medium and long lines.

Special Remarks (if any)

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Syllabus for B. Tech in Electrical & Electronics Engineering (EEE)

Name	of the course	CONTROL SYSTEM	 [
		Semester: 5th		
		Maximum Marks: 100)	
Teach	Teaching Scheme Examination Scheme			
		Mid Semester Exam: 1	5 Marks	
Tutor	ial: 0hr/week	Assignment & Quiz: 1	0 Marks	
Practi)5 Marks	
Credit	Points: 3	End Semester Exam: 7	70 Marks	
Objec	tive:			
1.	To find mathematical representation of LTI sys	stems.		
2.	To find time response of LTI systems of differ	rent orders		
3.	To find the frequency response of LTI system			
4.	To understand stability of different LTI system			
5.	To analyze LTI systems with state variables.			
6.	To solve problems of mathematical modelling	and stability of LTI co	stems	
	equisite	dia stability of L11 sy	Stems	
1.	Basic Electrical Engineering (ES-EE-101)			
2.	Electric Circuit Theory (PC-EE-301)			
3.	Electromagnetic field theory (PC-EE-303)			
4.	Electric Machine-I (PC-EE-401)			
	Content		TT	Maulia
Unit	Introduction to control system:		Hrs	Marks
1	Concept of feedback and Automatic control, Objectives of control system, Definition of systems, Elementary concepts of sensitivity a	linear and nonlinear	04	
	of control systems, Servomechanisms and re feedback control systems. Transfer function	egulators, examples of n concept. Pole and		
	Zeroes of a transfer function. Properties of Tra			
2	Mathematical modeling of dynamic systems Translational systems, Rotational systems, Liquid level systems, Electrical analogy of system. Block diagram representation of co diagram algebra. Signal flow graph. Mason's g Control system components: Potentiometer, Position encoders. DC and ACtacho-generat diagram level description of feedback control control, speed control of DC motors, tempe level control, voltage control of an Alternator.	08		
3	Time domain analysis: Time domain analysis of a standard second system. Concept of undamped natural overshoot, rise time and settling time. Dependent performance parameters on natural frequency. Step and Impulse response of first and second of Pole and Zeros on transient response. Stable Routh-Hurwitz criteria and applications. Error Analysis: Steady state errors in control ramp and parabolic inputs. Concepts of systems.	frequency, damping, dence of time domain y and damping ratio. order systems. Effects bility by pole location.	08	

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	constants.		
	Stability Analysis:		
4	Root locus techniques, construction of Root Loci for simple systems.		
	Effects of gain on the movement of Pole and Zeros.	10	
	Frequency domain analysis of linear system: Bode plots, Polar		
	plots, Nichols chart, Concept of resonance frequency of peak		
	magnification. Nyquist criteria, measure of relative stability, phase		
	and gain margin. Determination of margins in Bode plot. Nichols		
	chart. M-circle and M-Contours in Nichols chart.		
	Control System performance measure:		
5	Improvement of system performance through compensation.	05	
	Lead, Lag and Lead- lag compensation, PI, PD and PID control.		
	State variable Analysis:		
	Concepts of state variables. State space model. Diagonalization of		
6	State Matrix. Solution of state equations. Eigenvalues and Stability	10	
	Analysis. Concept of controllability and observability.		
	Pole-placement by state feedback.		
	Discrete-time systems. Difference Equations. State-space models of		
	linear discrete-time systems.		
	Stability of linear discrete-time systems.		

Text books:

- 1. Modern Control Engineering, K. Ogata, 4th Edition, Pearson Education
- 2. Control System Engineering, I. J. Nagrath& M. Gopal. New Age International Publication.
- 3. Control System Engineering, D. Roy Choudhury, PHI
- 4. Automatic Control Systems, B.C. Kuo& F. Golnaraghi, 8th Edition, PHI

Reference books

- 1. Control Engineering Theory & Practice, Bandyopadhyaya, PHI
- 2. Control systems, K.R. Varmah, Mc Graw hill
- 3. Control System Engineering, Norman Nise, 5th Edition, John Wiley & Sons
- 4. Modern Control System, R.C. Dorf & R.H. Bishop, 11th Edition, Pearson Education.
- 5. Control System Design, C. Goodwin Graham, F. Graebe F. Stefan, Salgado. E. Mario, PHI
- 6. Modeling & Control of dynamic system, Macia&Thaler, Thompson
- 7. Modern Control Technology Components & Systems, 3rd edition, C.T Kilian, Cengage Learning
- 8. Modern Control Engineering, Y. Singh & S. Janardhanan, Cengage Learning
- 9. Control System Engineering, R. Anandanatarajan& R. Ramesh Babu, , SCITECH
- 10. Automatic Control system, A. William, Wolovich, Oxford

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Course Outcome:

After completion of this course, the learners will be able to

- 1. Develop mathematical model of mechanical, electrical, thermal, fluid system and different control system components like servomotors, synchros, potentiometer, tacho-generators etc.
- 2. analyse stability of LTI system using routh-hurtwitz (RH) criteria, root locus techniques in time domain and bode plot and nyquist technique in frequency domain.
- 3. design different control law or algorithms like proportional control, proportional plus derivative(PD) control, proportional plus integration(PI) control, and proportional plus integration plus derivative (PID) control and compensators like lag, lead, lag-lead for LTI systems.
- 4. apply state variable techniques for analysis of linear systems.
- 5. analyze the stability of linear discrete system.
- 6. solve numerical problems on LTI system modelling, responses, error dynamics and stability.

Special Remarks (if any)

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Name	of the course	POWER ELECTRON	NICS	
Course Code: PC-EEE-504/ PC-EE-504		Semester: 5 th		
Durat	tion: 6 months	Maximum Marks: 100		
TD 1	• 61	E ' 4' G I		
	sing Scheme	Examination Scheme Mid Semester Exam: 15 Marks		
	y: 3 hrs./week ial: 0hr/week			
	cal: hrs./week	Assignment & Quiz: 1 Attendance:	05 Marks	
	Points: 3	End Semester Exam:		
Credit	. Folius. 3	Eliu Semestei Exam.	/U IVIAI KS	
Objec	tive:			
1.	To understand the functioning and characteris	tics of nower switching	devices	
2.	To understand the runciple of operation of co		de vices.	
3.	To understand different triggering circuits ar		ention of SCD	
	To find external performance parameter of co		ation of SCK	
4.	1 1		1 1	C 1
5.	To analyze methods of voltage control, impro of the converter	vement of power factor a	and reduction of	narmonics
6.	To solve numerical problems of converters			
	equisite			
1.	Electric Circuit Theory (PC-EE-301)			
2.	Analog Electronics (PC-EE-302)			
3.	Electromagnetic field theory (PC-EE-303)			
4.	Digital Electronics (PC-EE-402)			
	Content		Hrs	Marks
Unit	Introduction:		шѕ	Marks
	Concept of power electronics, application	of nowar alastronics		
1	uncontrolled converters, advantages and di		04	
1	electronics converters, power electronics sy		04	
	power transistors, power MOSFETS, IGBT and			
	PNPN devices:	TT1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		
2	Thyristors, brief description of members of		0.5	
2	symbol, V-Icharacteristics and applications. T		05	
	SCR, SCR turn on methods, switching characteristics, ratings, SCR protection, series	_		
	gate triggering circuits, different commutation			
	Phase controlled converters:			
3	Principle of operation of single phase and t	three phase half wave.		
	half controlled, full controlled converters v	•		
	loads, effects of freewheeling diodes and so		06	
	performance of converters. External perfo			
	converters, techniques of power factor impr			
	and three phase dual converters			
	DC-DC converters:			
4	Principle of operation, control strategies, step		05	
	choppers circuits based on quadrant of c	peration, performance		
	parameters, multiphase choppers.			
Inverters:				
5	Definition, classification of inverters base		10	
I	source, wave shape of output voltage, meth	iou of commutation &		

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	connections. Principle of operation of single phase and three phase bridge inverter with R and R-L loads, performance parameters of inverters, methods of voltage control and harmonic reduction of		
	inverters, methods of voltage control and narmonic reduction of inverters.		
6	Resonant Pulse Converters: Introduction, Series Resonant inverter, Parallel Resonant inverter, Zero-Current Switching Resonant converters, Zero-Voltage Switching Resonant converter, Two quadrant Zero-Voltage Switching Resonant converter, Resonant DC link inverter.	05	
7	Power supplies: Introduction, Switching mode DC power supplies, Resonant DC power supplies, Bidirectional power supplies, Switching mode AC power supplies, Resonant AC power supplies, Bidirectional AC power supplies, power factor conditioning.		

Text books:

- 1. Power Electronics, M.H. Rashid,4th Edition, Pearson
- 2. Power Electronics, P.S. Bhimra, , 3rd Edition, Khanna Publishers
- 3. Power Electronics, V.R. Moorthi, Oxford.
- 4. Power Electronics, M.D. Singh and K.B. Khanchandani, Tata Mc Graw Hill.

Reference books

- 1. Modern Power Electronics & AC drives, B.K. Bose, Prentice Hall
- 2. Power Electronics, Mohan, Undeland & Riobbins, Wiley India
- 3. Element of power Electronics, Phillip T Krein, Oxford.
- 4. Power Electronics systems, J.P. Agarwal, Pearson Education.
- 5. Analysis of Thyristor power conditioned motor, S.K. Pillai, University Press.
- 6. Power Electronics, M.S. Jamal Asgha, PHI.
- 7. Power Electronics: Principles and applications, J.M. Jacob, Thomson

Course Outcome:

After completion of this course, the learners will be able to

- 1. understand the differences between signal level and power level devices.
- 2. construct triggering and commutation circuits of SCR.
- 3. explain the principle of operation of AC-DC, DC-DC and DC-AC converters.
- 4. analysethe performance of AC-DC, DC-DC and DC-AC converters.
- 5. apply methods of voltage control and harmonic reduction to inverters.
- 6. solve numerical problems of switching devices, AC-DC, DC-DC and DC-AC converters.

Special Remarks (if any)

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Name	of the course	ELECTRIC MACHINE-IILABORATORY	
Cours	e Code: PC-EEE 591/ PC-EE 591	Semester: 5 th	
Durat	ion: 6 months	Maximum marks:100	
Teach	ing Scheme	Examination scheme:	
Theor	ry: 0 hr/week	Continuous Internal Assessment:40	
Tutor	ial: 0 hr/week	External Assessment: 60	
Practi	ical: 2 hrs/week		
Credit	t Points:1		
	Laboratory Exp	eriments:	
1.		ge Induction Motor & their comparison [DOL, Auto	
	transformer &Star-Delta]		
2.	Study of equivalent circuit of three phase Indu	uction motor by no load and blocked rotor	
	test.		
3.	Study of performance of wound rotor Induction		
4.	Study of performance of three phase squirrel- cage Induction motor –determination of		
	iron-loss, friction & windage loss.		
5.		on motor by different methods & their comparison	
	[voltage control & frequency control].		
6.	Speed control of 3 phase slip ring Induction m		
7.	Determination of regulation of Synchronous n	nachine by	
	a. Potier reactance method.		
8.	b. Synchronous Impedance method.Determination of equivalent circuit paramete	rs of a single phase Industion motor	
9.	Load test on single phase Induction motor to	• ,	
10.	To determine the direct axis resistance [Xd] &	·	
10.	synchronous machine byslip test.	quadrature reactance [Aq] or a 3 primase	
11.	Load test on wound rotor Induction motor to obtain the performance characteristics.		
12.	To make connection diagram to full pitch & fra		
	Induction motor for6 poles & 4 pole operation		
13.	To study the performance of Induction genera		
14.	Parallel operation of 3 phase Synchronous ger	nerators	
15.	V-curve of Synchronous motor		

Institute may develop experiments based on the theory taught in addition to experiments mentioned.

Reference book:

- 1. Laboratory experiments on Electrical Machines, C.K. Chanda, A. Chakrabarti, Dhanpat Rai & Co
- 2. Laboratory manual for Electrical Machines, D.P. Kothari, B.S.Umre, I K International Publishing House Pvt. Ltd.

(Formerly West Bengal University of Technology)

Syllabus for B. Tech in Electrical & Electronics Engineering (EEE)

(Applicable from the academic session 2018-2019)

Course outcome: After completion of this course, the learners will be able to

- 1. identify appropriate equipment and instruments for the experiment.
- 2. test the instrument for application to the experiment.
- 3. construct circuits with appropriate instruments and safety precautions.
- 4. validate different characteristics of single phase Induction motor, three phase Induction motor, Induction generator and synchronous motor , methods of speed control of Induction motors and parallel operation of the 3 phase Synchronous generator.
- 5. work effectively in a team

Special Remarks:

(Formerly West Bengal University of Technology)

Syllabus for B. Tech in Electrical & Electronics Engineering (EEE)

(Applicable from the academic session 2018-2019)

Name	of the course	CONTROL SYSTEMLABORATORY	
Cours	e Code: PC-EEE 592/ PC-EE 593	Semester: 5 th	
Durat	ion: 6 months	Maximum marks:100	
Teach	ing Scheme	Examination scheme:	
Theor	y: 0 hr/week	Continuous Internal Assessment:40	
Tutor	ial: 0 hr/week	External Assessment: 60	
Practi	cal: 2 hrs/week		
Credit	: Points:1		
	Laboratory Exp	eriments:	
1.	Familiarization with MAT-Lab control system t		
2.	· ·	r & Second order system with unity feedback with	
	•	system specification , Time constant, % peak	
	overshoot, settling time etc. from the respons		
3.		se for type-0, type-1 & Type-2 system with unity	
	feedback using MATLAB & PSPICE.		
4.	Determination of Root locus, Bode plot, Nyquist plot using MATLAB control system tool box for		
	2nd order system & determination of differen	, · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
5.	Determination of PI, PD and PID controller act	ion of first order simulated process.	
6.	Determination of approximate transfer function	ons experimentally from Bode plot.	
7.	1	percentage peak overshoot, gain margin, phase	
	margin with addition of Lead, Lag, Lead-lag co		
8.		obtaining closed step responses for gain setting	
	corresponding to over-damped and under-da	amped responses. Determination of rise time and	
	peak time using individualized components b	y simulation. Determination of un-damped natural	
	frequency and damping ration from experime	ntal data.	
9.		ation circuit for the given plant transfer function.	
	Analyze step response of the system by simula		
10.	<u> </u>	system from State Variable model and vice versa.	
		ole and to obtain step response for the system by	
	simulation.		
11.	Study of State variable analysis using simulati	· · · ·	
	condition response for a single input, two-out	put system in SV form by simulation.	

Institute may develop experiments based on the theory taught in addition to experiments mentioned.

Course outcome: After completion of this course, the learners will be able to

- 1. identify appropriate equipment and instruments for the experiment.
- 2. test the instrument for application to the experiment.
- 3. construct circuits with appropriate instruments and safety precautions.
- 4. use MAT-Lab control system tool box, MAT-Lab- simulink tool box & PSPICE for simulation of systems.
- 5. determinecontrol system specifications of first and second order systems.

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Syllabus for B. Tech in Electrical & Electronics Engineering (EEE)

(Applicable from the academic session 2018-2019)

- 6. validate step response & impulse response for type-0, type-1 & Type-2 system with unity feedback using MATLAB & PSPICE.
- 7. work effectively in a team

Special Remarks:

(Formerly West Bengal University of Technology)

Syllabus for B. Tech in Electrical & Electronics Engineering (EEE)

(Applicable from the academic session 2018-2019)

Name	e of the course	POWER ELECTRONICSLABORATORY		
Cours	e Code: PC-EEE 593/ PC-EE 594	Semester: 5 th		
Durat	ion: 6 months	Maximum marks:100		
Teach	ning Scheme	Examination scheme:		
	ry: 0 hr/week	Continuous Internal Assessment:40		
	ial: 0 hr/week	External Assessment: 60		
	ical: 2 hrs/week			
Credit	t Points:1			
	T			
	Laboratory Exp	periments:		
1.	Study of the characteristics of an SCR.			
2.	Study of the characteristics of a Triac			
3.	Study of different triggering circuits of an SCR			
4.	Study of firing circuits suitable for triggering SCR in a single phase full controlled bridge.			
5.	Study of the operation of a single phase full co	ontrolled bridge converter with R and R-L load.		
6.	Study of performance of single phase half converters.	controlled symmetrical and asymmetrical bridge		
7.	Study of performance of step down chopper v	with R and R-L load.		
8.	Study of performance of single phase controlled converter with and without source inductance (simulation)			
9.	Study of performance of step up and step down chopper with MOSFET, IGBT and GTO as switch (simulation)			
10.	Study of performance of single phase half controlled symmetrical and asymmetrical bridge converter.(simulation)			
11.	Study of performance of three phase controll	ed converter with R & R-L load. (simulation)		
12.	Study of performance of PWM bridge inverte	r using MOSFET as switch with R and R-L load.		
	<u> </u>			

Institute may develop experiments based on the theory taught in addition to experiments mentioned.

Reference book:

1. Power Electronics Laboratory: Theory, Practice and Organization, O.P.Arora, Om Prakash Arora, Alpha science International.

Course outcome: After completion of this course, the learners will be able to

- 1. identify appropriate equipment and instruments for the experiment.
- 2. test the instrument for application to the experiment.
- 3. construct circuits with appropriate instruments and safety precautions.
- 4. Validate characteristics of SCR, Triac, and performance of phase controlled converter, DC-DC converter and inverters.
- 5. work effectively in a team

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Syllabus for B. Tech in Electrical & Electronics Engineering (EEE)

Name	of the course	DATA STRUCTURE	& ALGORIT	HM
Cours	se Code: OE-EEE-501A/ OE-EE-501A	Semester: 5 th		
Durat	Duration: 6 months Maximum Marks: 100			
	Teaching Scheme Examination Scheme			
	y: 3 hrs./week	Mid Semester Exam: 1		
	al: Ohr/week		0 Marks	
	cal: hrs./week		05 Marks	
Credit	Points: 3	End Semester Exam: 7	70 Marks	
Objec	tivo			
1.	To understand the basics of abstract data types			
2.	To understand the basics of abstract data types To understand the principles of linear and nonly			
3.	To build an application using sorting and search			
		anng		
1.	Programing for problem solving (ES-CS 201)			
2.	Mathematics (BS-M-102)			
3.	Mathematics (BS-M-202)			
Unit	Content		Hrs	Marks
Oilit	Introduction: Basic Terminologies: Elementar	ry Data Organizations	1115	Wiaiks
	Data Structure Operations: insertion, del			
1	Analysis of an Algorithm, Asymptotic Notations, Time-Space trade		10	
1	off. Searching: Linear Search and Binary Search			
	their complexity analysis.	1		
	Stacks and Queues: ADT Stack and its opera	ations: Algorithms and		
	their complexity analysis, Applications of			
2	Conversion and evaluation – correspond			
	complexity analysis. ADT queue, Types of (10	
	Circular Queue, Priority Queue; Operation	ns on each types of		
	Queues: Algorithms and their analysis.	antation in		
	Linked Lists: Singly linked lists: Repres	9.1		
3	Algorithms of several operations: Traversing into, Deletion from linked list; Linked repres		10	
	Queue, Header nodes, Doubly linked list:		10	
	algorithmic analysis; Circular Linked Lists	_		
	algorithms and the complexity analysis.			
	Terminologies, Different types of Trees: B			
	Binary Tree, Binary Search Tree, AVL Tree			
	each of the trees and their algorithms with	•		
	Applications of Binary Trees. B Tree, I			
	algorithms and analysis			
	Sorting and Hashing: Objective and properties	-		
4	algorithms: Selection Sort, Bubble Sort, Inser	_		
	Merge Sort, Heap Sort; Performance and Con		10	
	methods, Hashing. Graph: BasicTerminologie			
	Graph search and traversal algorithms and con	npiexity analysis.		

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Syllabus for B. Tech in Electrical & Electronics Engineering (EEE)

(Applicable from the academic session 2018-2019)

Text books:

- 1. Data Structures and Program Design In C, 2/E by Robert L. Kruse, Bruce P. Leung. PHI
- 2. Data Structure & Algorithms Using C, R.S. Salaria, 5th Ed., Khanna Publishing House
- 3. Data Structures in C, Aaron M. Tenenbaum. Pearson.
- 4. Data Structure, S. Lipschutz.. Mc Graw Hill.

Reference books

- 1. Introduction to Algorithms, Thomas H. Cormen, Charles E. Leiserson, Ronald L. Rivest, Clifford Stein, MIT press
- 2. Expert Data Structures with C++, R.B Patel, Khanna Publishing House
- 3. Fundamentals of Data Structures of C, Ellis Horowitz, SartajSahni, Susan Andersonfreed, MIT press
- 4. Data Structures Using C, ReemaThareja. Oxford University press
- 5. Data Structure Using C, 2/e by A.K. Rath, A. K. Jagadev. SCITECH
- 6. Data Structures through C, YashwantKanetkar, BPB Publications.

Course Outcome:

After completion of this course, the learners will be able to

- 1. differentiate how the choices of data structure & algorithm methods impact the performance of program.
- 2. solve problems based upon different data structure & also write programs.
- 3. write programs based on different data structure
- 4. identify appropriate data structure & algorithmic methods in solving problem.
- 5. discuss the computational efficiency of the principal algorithms for sorting, searching, and hashing
- 6. comparethe benefits of dynamic and static data structures implementations.

Special Remarks (if any)

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Syllabus for B. Tech in Electrical & Electronics Engineering (EEE)

(Applicable from the academic session 2018-2019)

Name	e of the course OB	BJECT ORIENTED	PROGRAM	MING
Cours	se Code: OE-EEE-501B/: OE-EE-501B Sei	mester: 5 th		
Duration: 6 months Maxim		aximum Marks: 100)	
Teach	ning Scheme Ex	amination Scheme		
Theor	y: 3 hrs./week Mie	d Semester Exam: 1	5 Marks	
Tutor	ial: 0hr/week Ass	signment & Quiz: 1	0 Marks	
Practi	cal: hrs./week Att	endance: 0	5 Marks	
Credit	t Points: 3 End	d Semester Exam: 7	0 Marks	
Objec	tive:			
1.	To understand simple abstract data types			
2.	To understand features of object-oriented design s	such as encapsulation	n, polymorphis	m,
	inheritance	_		
3.	To understand common object-oriented design pa	itterns		
4.	To design applications with an event-driven graphical user interface.			
Pre-R	equisite			
1.	Programing for problem solving (ES-CS 201)			
Unit	Content		Hrs	Marks
1	Abstract data types and their specification. How	v to implement an	08	
	ADT. Concrete state space, concrete invariant, at	ostraction function.		
	Implementing operations, illustrated by the Text example.			
2	Features of object-oriented programming. Encapsulation, object			
	identity, polymorphism – but not inheritance.			
3	Inheritance in OO design. Design patterns. Introduction and 08			
	classification. The iterator pattern.			
	Model-view-controller pattern. Commands as		08	
4	objects. Implementing OO language features. Mer			
5	Generic types and collections GUIs. Graphical		08	
	Scale and Swing . The software development proc	ess		

Text books:

- 1. Object Oriented Modelling and Design, Rambaugh, James Michael, Blaha Prentice Hall India.
- 2. The complete reference-Java2, Patrick Naughton, Herbert Schildt, TMH
- 3. Core Java For Beginners, R.K. Das, VIKAS PUBLISHING
- 4. Java How to Program, Deitel and Deitel, 6th ED, Pearson

Reference books

- 1. Object Oriented System Development, Ali Bahrami, McGraw Hill.
- 2. Ivor Horton's Beginning Java 2 SDK Wrox
- 3. Programming With Java: A Primer, E. Balagurusamy 3rd Ed., TMH

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Syllabus for B. Tech in Electrical & Electronics Engineering (EEE)

(Applicable from the academic session 2018-2019)

Course Outcome:

After completion of this course, the learners will be able to

- 1. specify simple abstract data types.
- 2. recognise features of object-oriented design such as encapsulation, polymorphism, inheritance, and composition of systems based on object identity.
- 3. apply common object-oriented design patterns
- 4. specify uses of common object oriented design patterns with examples.
- 5. design applications with an event-driven graphical user interface.

Special Remarks (if any)

(Formerly West Bengal University of Technology)

Syllabus for B. Tech in Electrical & Electronics Engineering (EEE)

(Applicable from the academic session 2018-2019)

Name of the course		COMPUTER ORGAL	NISATION	
Course Code: OE-EEE-501C/ OE-EE-501C		Semester: 5 th		
Duration: 6 months		Maximum Marks: 100	0	
Teach	ning Scheme	Examination Scheme		
Theor	y: 3 hrs./week	Mid Semester Exam: 1	5 Marks	
Tutor	ial: 0hr/week	Assignment & Quiz:	10 Marks	
Practi	cal: hrs./week		05 Marks	
Credit	t Points: 3	End Semester Exam:	70 Marks	
Objec	tive:			
1.	To understand the analysis and design of various	ous digital electronic circ	cuits.	
2.	To understand how Computer Systems work			
3.	To understand how I/O devices are being acce	essed and its principles e	tc.	
	equisite	1 1		
1.	Programing for problem solving (ES-CS 201)			
2.	Digital Electronics (PC-EE 402)			
Unit	Content		Hrs	Marks
1	Basic organization of the stored program co	omputer and operation	08	1.1411111
•	sequence for execution of a program. Role of			
	compiler/assembler. Fetch, decode and execution			
	operator, operand, registers and storage, Instruction format.			
	Instruction sets and addressing modes. Co			
	systems. Fixed and floating point representation			
2	Overflow and underflow. Design of adders -		08	
	look ahead principles. Design of ALU. Fixe	d point multiplication -		
	Booth's algorithm. Fixed point division			
	restoring algorithms. Floating point - IEEE 754 standard.			
3	Memory unit design with special emphasis	on implementation of	10	
	CPU-memory interfacing. Memory organizat	ion, static and dynamic		
	memory, memory hierarchy, associative men			
	Virtual memory. Data path design for read/write access.			
	Design of control unit - hardwired and mice	roprogrammed control.	10	
4		Introduction to RISC		
	architectures. RISC vs CISC architectures. I/	O operations - Concept		
	of handshaking, Polled I/O, interrupt and DM	A		

Text books:

- 1. Computer System Architecture, Mano, M.M. PHI.
- 2. Computer Architecture & Organisation, Hayes J. P, McGraw Hill,
- 3. Computer Organisation & Design, Chaudhuri P. Pal, PHI,
- 4. Computer Organization & Architecture, Rajaraman, PHI

Reference books

- 1. Computer Architecture, BehroozParhami, Oxford University Press
- 2. Microprocessors and Microcontrollers, N. senthil Kumar, M. Saravanan, S. Jeevananthan ,OUP

(Formerly West Bengal University of Technology)

Syllabus for B. Tech in Electrical & Electronics Engineering (EEE)

(Applicable from the academic session 2018-2019)

- 3. Computer Organization & Architecture, P N BasuVikas Pub
- 4. Computer Organization & Architecture, B.Ram, Newage Publications
- 5. Computer Organisation, Hamacher, McGraw Hill,

Course Outcome:

After completion of this course, the learners will be able to

- 1. explain basic structure of digital computer, stored program concept and different arithmetic and control unit operations.
- 2. understand basic structure of different combinational circuits, multiplexer, decoder, encoder etc.
- 3. perform different operations with sequential circuits.
- 4. understand memory and I/O operations.
- 5. design adder, memory unit and control unit.

Special Remarks (if any)

(Formerly West Bengal University of Technology)

Syllabus for B. Tech in Electrical & Electronics Engineering (EEE)

Name of the course		HIGH VOLTAGE EN	GINEERING	r
Course Code: PE-EEE-501A/ PE-EE-501A		Semester: 5 th		
		Maximum Marks: 100		
Teaching Scheme		Examination Scheme		
Theory: 3 hrs./week		Mid Semester Exam: 1	5 Marks	
Tutor	ial: Ohr/week	Assignment & Quiz: 1	0 Marks	
Practi)5 Marks	
Credit	t Points: 3	End Semester Exam: 7	70 Marks	
Objec				
1.	To understand the breakdown phenomenon of so	1 2		
2.	To understand the method of generation of high			
3.	To understand measurement techniques of high			
4.	To understand the over voltage phenomenon and	d insulation coordination	on in Electric p	ower
	systems			
5.	To understand different methods of high voltage			
6.	To solve numerical problems of breakdown pher			of high
	voltage and currents, over voltage phenomena and	nd high voltage testing		
	equisite			
1.	Electric Circuit Theory (PC-EE-301)			
2.	Electromagnetic field theory (PC-EE-303)			
3.	Electric Machine-I (PC-EE-401)			
4.	Electrical and Electronics measurement (PC-EE	E-403)		<u> </u>
Unit	Content		Hrs	Marks
	Breakdown phenomena:			
	Breakdown of Gases: Mechanism of Breakdow	0 ,		
1	multiplication, Secondary emission, Townsen		10	
	Theory, Paschen's Law, Determination of M			
	voltage, Breakdown in non-uniform field, E	frect of polarity on		
	corona inception and break down voltage. Partial Discharge: definition and development in	n colid dialactria		
	Break Down of Solids: Intrinsic breakdown			
	break down, Thermal breakdown, Streamer Brea	·		
	Breakdown of Liquid: Intrinsic Break down,			
	Suspended particle Theory.	,,,,		
	Breakdown in Vacuum: Non-metallic electron e	emission mechanism,		
	Clump mechanism,			
	Effect of pressure on breakdown voltage.			
	Generation of High Voltage and Currents			
	Generation of highDC and AC voltages: half v			
2	Cockroft-Walton voltage multiplier circuit, Ele	ectrostatic generator,	08	
	Cascaded transformers, Series resonant circuit.	1 1 1		
	Generation of Impulse voltages and currents: sta	•		
	shapes, Multistage impulse generators, gene			
	surges, generation of impulse currents, tripp	ping and control of		
	impulse generators. Measurement of High Voltage and Currents			
3	Sphere gap, Uniform field spark gap, Roc	d gan Electrostatic		
٦	voltmeter, Generating voltmeter, Impulse vo		08	
	Totalicies, Concruting volunetes, impulse vo	Jugo mousurements	00	

(Formerly West Bengal University of Technology)

Syllabus for B. Tech in Electrical & Electronics Engineering (EEE)

(Applicable from the academic session 2018-2019)

	using voltage dividers, Measurement of High DC and Impulse currents. Cathode ray oscillographs for impulse voltage and current measurements.		
	Over voltage phenomenon and insulation coordination in		
4	Electric power systems:		
	Lightning Phenomena, Electrification of cloud, Development of		
	Lightning Stroke, lightning induced over voltage, direct stroke,		
	indirect stroke.	08	
	Protection of Electrical Apparatus against over voltage, Lightning		
	Arrestors, Valve Type, Metal Oxide arresters, Expulsion type. Effect		
	of location of lightning arresters on protection of transformer.		
	Protection of substation, Ground wires.		
	Insulation Co-ordination, Basic Insulation level. Basic Impulse		
	level, Switching Impulse level. Volt time characteristics of		
	protective devices, Determination of Basic Impulse level of		
	substation equipment.		
	High Voltage Testing:		
5	Various standards for HV Testing of electrical apparatus, IS, IEC		
	standards, Testing of insulators and bushings, testing of isolators and	06	
	circuit breakers, testing of cables, power transformers. High voltage		
	laboratory layout, indoor and outdoor laboratories, testing facility		
	requirements, safety precautions in H. V. Labs.		

Text books:

- 1. High Voltage Engineering, C.L. Wadhawa, New Age International Publishers.
- 2. High Voltage Engineering, M.S. Naidu & V. Kamraju, Tata MC Graw Hill publication.

Reference books

- 1. High-Voltage Engineering: theory and practice, Mazen Abdel-Salam; Hussein Anis; Ahdab El-Morshedy; RoshdyRadwan, New York, N.Y.: Marcel Dekker, ©2000.
- 2. High Voltage Engineering, E. Kuffel, W.S. Zaengl, J. Kuffel, 2nd edition, Butterworth-Heinemann.

Course Outcome:

After completion of this course, the learners will be able to

- 1. explain breakdown phenomenon of gas, liquid and solid and vacuum
- 2. suggest methods for generation and measurement of high voltage and currents.
- 3. determine the basic insulation level of substation equipment.
- 4. apply methods for protection of electrical apparatus against over voltage
- 5. test insulators, bushings, isolators, circuit breakers, cables and power transformers.
- 6. solve numerical problems of breakdown phenomena, generation and measurement of high voltage and currents, over voltage phenomena and high voltage testing.

Special Remarks (if any)

(Formerly West Bengal University of Technology)

Syllabus for B. Tech in Electrical & Electronics Engineering (EEE)

Name of the course POWE		POWER PLANT ENG	GINEERING			
Course Code: PE-EEE-501B/ PE-EE-501B		Semester: 5 th				
Durat	cion: 6 months	Maximum Marks: 100				
Teaching Scheme Examination Scheme						
Theory: 3 hrs./week		Mid Semester Exam: 1	5 Marks			
	al: 0hr/week	Assignment & Quiz: 1				
	cal: hrs./week		05 Marks			
Credit	Points: 3	End Semester Exam:	70 Marks			
Objec						
1.	To understand methods of selection of power	^	-			
2.	To understand the principle of operation differ	<u> </u>	is.			
3.	To understand methods of site selection of diff	<u> </u>				
4.	To understand the cause of pollution and its re	, ,				
5.	To understand methods of cooling of generator					
6.	To solve numerical problems of load estimation	on, economics of power	plants.			
	equisite					
1.	Electric Circuit Theory (PC-EE-301)					
2.	Electromagnetic field theory (PC-EE-303)					
3.	Electric Machine-I (PC-EE-401)					
4.	Electrical and Electronics measurement (PC-F	EE-403)				
Unit	Content		Hrs	Marks		
	Introduction:					
	Power and energy, sources of energy, revi					
1	cycles related to power plants, fuels and co		08			
	Load estimation, load curves, various terms a					
	power plant calculations. Effect of variable	e load on power plant				
	operation, Selection of power plant. Power plant economics and selection :					
	Effect of plant type on costs, rates, fixed elen	nents energy elements				
	customer elements and investor's prof	0.0				
	replacement, theory of rates. Economics of					
	considerations in plant selection.	prant serection, other				
	Steam power plant:					
	General layout of steam power plant, Power	plant boilers including				
2	critical and supercritical boilers. Fluidized	l bed boilers, boilers	08			
	mountings and accessories, Different systems					
	system, pulverizers and coal burners, combus					
	handling system, Dust collection system, Fee					
	condenser and cooling towers and cooling po					
	systems such as governing, feed heating, rel					
	and gland leakage. Operation and maintenance					
	heat balance and efficiency, Site selection of a	i steam power plant.				
2	Diesel power plant:	nlant Parformance of				
3	General layout, Components of Diesel power diesel power plant, fuel system, lubrication	_				
	admission system, supercharging system, e	•				
	plant operation and efficiency, heat balance,		00			
	power plant, Comparative study of diesel po		08			
	portor plant, comparative study of dieser po	oner plant with steam	<u>l</u>	L		

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Syllabus for B. Tech in Electrical & Electronics Engineering (EEE)

(Applicable from the academic session 2018-2019)

	power plant.		
	1 1		
	Gas turbine power plant:		
	Layout of gas turbine power plant, Elements of gas turbine power		
	plants, Gas turbine fuels, cogeneration, auxiliary systems such as		
	fuel, controls and lubrication, operation and maintenance, Combined		
	cycle power plants, Site selection of gas turbine power plant.		
	Nuclear power plant:		
4	Principles of nuclear energy, Lay out of nuclear power plant, Basic		
	components of nuclear reactions, nuclear power station, Nuclear		
	waste disposal, Site selection of nuclear power plants.		
	Hydro electric station:	10	
	Hydrology, Principles of working, applications, site selection,		
	classification and arrangements, hydro-electric plants, run off size of		
	plant and choice of units, operation and maintenance, hydro systems,		
	interconnected systems.		
	Non Conventional Power Plants: Introduction to non-conventional		
	power plants (Solar, wind, geothermal, tidal)etc.		
	Electrical system:		
-	· ·		
5	€ ⁷		
	cooling.Instrumentation Purpose, classification, selection and	06	
	application, recorders and their use, listing of various control		
	rooms.Pollution due to power generation and its remedy		

Text books:

- 1. Power Plant Engineering, P.K. Nag, McGraw Hill.
- 2. Power Plant Engineering, F.T. Morse, Affiliated East-West Press Pvt. Ltd.
- 3. Power Plant Technology El-Vakil, McGraw Hill.

Reference books

- 1. Steam & Gas Turbines & Power Plant Engineering by R. Yadav, Central Pub. House.
- 2. An introduction to thermal power plant engineering and operation, P.K.Das and A.K. Das, Notion press.

Course Outcome:

After completion of this course, the learners will be able to

- 1. explain the principle of operational of Steam, Hydroelectric, Diesel, Gas turbine, Nuclear power and non-conventional power plant.
- 2. identifythe cause of pollution for power generation and its remedy.
- 3. suggest location to set up Steam, Hydroelectric, Diesel, Gas turbine and Nuclear power plant.
- 4. make comparative study of Steam, Hydroelectric, Diesel, Gas turbine, Nuclear power and non-conventional power plant.
- 5. understand the method of maintenance of Steam, Gas and Hydroelectric power plants
- 6. solve numerical problems of load estimation and economics of power plants.

Special Remarks (if any)

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Syllabus for B. Tech in Electrical & Electronics Engineering (EEE)

		RENEWABLE & NON CONVENTIONAL ENERGY		
Course Code: PE-EEE-501C/ PE-EE-501C		Semester: 5 th		
Duration: 6 months		Maximum Marks: 100)	
Teach	ing Scheme	Examination Scheme		
Theor	y: 3 hrs./week	Mid Semester Exam: 1	5 Marks	
Tutori	al: 0hr/week	Assignment & Quiz: 1	10 Marks	
Praction	cal: hrs./week	Attendance: (05 Marks	
Credit	Points: 3	End Semester Exam:	70 Marks	
Objec	tive:			
1.	To understand the difference between Renewa	ble and non-renewable	energy sources	
2.	To understand methods of conversion of solar	energy and wind energy	to other form of	of energy.
3.	To understand methods harnessing energy from			
4.	To understand the principle of operation of Ma			n:
5.	To understand the principle and operation of fi		. 6:	
6.	To solve numerical problems of Renewable an		/ SOurces	
	equisite	ia non renewable energy	- BOULCOS	
1.	Electric Circuit Theory (PC-EE-301)			
2.	Electromagnetic field theory (PC-EE-303)			
	Electric Machine-I (PC-EE-401)			
3.		EE 402)		
4.	Electrical and Electronics measurement (PC-E	EE-403)		T
Unit	Content		Hrs	Marks
1	Introduction to Energy sources: Renewable and non-renewable energy source as a measure of Nation's development; strafuture energy requirements Global and Nation of renewable energy sources. Impact of renewable energy sources.	ategy for meeting the nal scenarios, Prospects	03	
	on environment, Kyoto Protocol.			
2	Solar Energy: Solar radiation - beam and diffuse radiation, so angles, attenuation and measurement of solatime, derived solar angles, sunrise, sunset and collectors, concentrating collectors, Solar adriers, storage of solar energy-thermal storal water heaters, solar distillation, solar still, solar & cooling of buildings, photo voltaic - solar of PV Cells, Mono-poly Crystalline and amorph Design of PV array. Efficiency and cost applications. PV hybrid systems	r radiation, local solar d day length. flat plate ir heaters-types, solar age, solar pond, solar ar cooker, solar heating cells, different types of ous Silicon solar cells.	08	
	Wind Energy:			
3	Principle of wind energy conversion; Basic energy conversion systems; wind mill compand their constructional features; design consideration of acting on wind mill blades and estimation of data and site selection considerations	derations of horizontal of aerodynamic forces	05	
l	Energy from Biomass:			
4	Biomass conversion technologies, Bioga	s generation plants,		

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	classification, advantages and disadvantages, constructional details, site selection, digester design consideration, filling a digester for starting, maintaining biogas production, Fuel properties of bio gas, utilization of biogas	05
	Geothermal Energy:	
5	Estimation and nature of geothermal energy, geothermal sources and resources like hydrothermal, geo-pressured hot dry rock, magma. Advantages, disadvantages and application of geothermal energy, prospects of geothermal energy in India.	05
6	Energy from Ocean: Ocean Thermal Electric Conversion (OTEC) systems like open cycle, closed cycle, Hybrid cycle, prospects of OTEC in India. Energy from tides, basic principle of tidal power, single basin and double basin tidal power plants, advantages, limitation and scope of tidal energy. Wave energy and power from wave, wave energy conversion devices, advantages and disadvantages of wave energy.	05
7	Magneto Hydrodynamic power generation: Principle of MHD power generation, MHD system, Design problems and developments, gas conductivity, materials for MHD generators and future prospects.	05
8	Hydrogen Energy: Introduction, Hydrogen Production methods, Hydrogen storage, hydrogen transportation, utilization of hydrogen gas, hydrogen as alternative fuel for vehicles.	03
9	Fuel cell: Introduction, Design principle and operation of fuel cell, Types of fuel cells, conversion efficiency of fuel cell, application of fuel cells	03

Text books:

- 1. Renewable energy sources and conversion technology, Bansal Keemann, Meliss, Tata Mc Graw Hill.
- 2. Renewable energy resources and emerging technologies, D.P. Kothari, PHI.
- 3. Non-conventional Energy sources, G.D. Rai, Khanna Publishers.

Reference books

1. Non-conventional Energy, Ashok V. Desai, New Age International Publishers Ltd.

Course Outcome:

After completion of this course, the learners will be able to

- 1. explain the principle of conversion of solar energy, wind energy, biomass, Geothermal energy, Ocean energy and Hydrogen energy to other form of energy.
- **2.** explain the principle of operation of magneto hydrodynamic power generation:
- 3. useSolar energy, Wind energy, Biomass, Geothermal energy, Ocean energy, Hydrogen energy and fuel cell for different applications.
- 4. suggest location to set up wind mill and biogas generation plant

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- 5. estimate conversion efficiency of fuel cell.
- 6. solve numerical problems relating to conversion of Solar energy, Wind energy, Biomass, Ocean energy and Hydrogen energy to heat and electric energy.

Special Remarks (if any)