Maulana Abul Kalam Azad University of Technology, West Bengal (Formerly West Bengal University of Technology) Syllabus for B. Tech in Electrical & Electronics Engineering (EEE) (Applicable from the academic session 2018-2019)

Name	e of the course	ELECTRIC CIRCUIT THEC	RY	
Course Code: PC-EEE 301 Semester: 3 rd				
Durat	tion: 6 months	Maximum Marks: 100		
Teach	Teaching Scheme Examination Scheme			
Theory: 3 hrs/week Mid Semester Exam: 15 Marks				
Tutor	rial: 1 hr/week	Assignment & Quiz: 10 Ma	arks	
Practi	ical: 0 hr/week	Attendance: 05 M	arks	
Credi	t Points: 4	End Semester Exam: 70 Ma	rks	
	Obje	ctive:		
1.	To understand the structure and properties and sources.	of different type of electrical c	ircuits, ne	etworks
2.	To apply different mathematical tools & techniques for analyzing electrical networks.			
3.	To apply circuit analysis techniques to simplify electrical networks			
4.				
	Pre-Requisite			
1.	Basic Electrical Engineering (ES-EE-101)			
2.	Mathematics (BS-M-102, Bs-M202)			
Unit	Content Hrs Marks			
1	Introduction: Continuous & Discrete, Fixed & Time varying, Linear and 3			
	Nonlinear, Lumped and Distributed, Pass			
	systems. Independent & Dependent sources, Step, Ramp, Impulse, Sinusoidal, Square, Saw tooth signals			
2	Graph theory and Networks equations: Concept of Tree, Branch, Tree 4			
	link, Incidence matrix, Tie-set matrix and loop currents, Cut set matrix			
	and node pair potentials. Duality, Solution of Problems			
3	Coupled circuits: Magnetic coupling, Polarity of coils, Polarity of 3			
	induced voltage, Concept of Self and Mutual inductance, Coefficient of			
	coupling, Modeling of coupled circuits, Solution of problems.			
4	Laplace transforms: Impulse, Step & Sinus RLC circuits. Transient analysis of different	-	8	
	without initial conditions. Concept of C			
	application. Solution of Problems with DC			

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5	Fourier method of waveform analysis: Fourier series and Fourier Transform (in continuous domain only). Application in circuit analysis, Solution of Problems	6	
6	Network Theorems: Formulation of network equations, Source transformation, Loop variable analysis, Node variable analysis. Network theorem: Superposition, Thevenin's, Norton's & Maximum power transfer theorem. Millman's theorem and its application in three phase unbalanced circuit analysis. Solution of Problems with DC & AC sources.	8	
7	Two port networks analysis: Open circuit Impedance & Short circuit Admittance parameter, Transmission parameters, Hybrid parameters and their inter relations. Driving point impedance & Admittance. Solution of Problems	4	
8	Filter Circuits: Analysis and synthesis of Low pass, High pass, Band pass, Band reject, All pass filters (first and second order only) using operational amplifier. Solution of Problems	4	

Text books:

- 1. Networks and Systems, Asfaq Husain, Khanna Publishing House, New Delhi
- 2. Networks and Systems, D. Roy Chowdhury, New Age International Publishers
- 3. Network Analysis and Synthesis, C.L. Wadhwa, New Age International Publishers
- 4. Circuit and Networks: Analysis and synthesis, A. Sudhakar & S.S. Palli4th edition. Tata Mc Graw Hill Education Pvt. Ltd.
- 5. Circuit theory, Dr. Abhijit Chakrabarty, Dhanpat Rai & Co Pvt. Ltd.

Reference books

- 1. Network Analysis, M.E. Valkenburg, Pearson Education.
- 2. Fundamental of Electric circuit theory, D. Chattopadhay & P.C. Rakshit, S. Chand
- 3. Engineering Circuit Analysis, W.H. Hyat, J.E. Kemmerly & S.M. Durbin, The Mc Graw Hill Company.

Course Outcome: After completion of this course, the learners will be able to 1. describe different type of networks, sources and signals with examples.

- 2. explain different network theorems, coupled circuit and tools for solution of networks.
- 3. apply network theorems and different tools to solve network problems.
- 4. select suitable techniques of network analysis for efficient solution.
- 5. estimate parameters of two-port networks.

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6. design filter circuits.

Special Remarks:

Name	e of the course	Electric circuit theory	
Course Code:PC-EEE391		Semester: 3 rd	
Durat	ion: 6 months	Maximum marks:100	
Teach	ning Scheme	Examination scheme:	
Theory:0 hr/week Continuous Internal Assess		Continuous Internal Assessment:40	
Tutor	ial:0 hr/week	External Assessment: 60	
Practi	ical: 2 hrs/week		
Credi	t Points:1		
	Laboratory E	experiments:	
1.	Transient response of R-L and R-C network: simulation with software & hardware		
2.	Transient response of R-L-C series and parallel circuit: simulation with software & hardware		
3.	Determination of Impedance (Z) and Admittance (Y) parameter of two-port network: simulation & hardware.		
4.	Frequency response of LP and HP filters: simulation & hardware.		
5.	Frequency response of BP and BR filters: s	imulation & hardware.	
6.	Generation of Periodic, Exponential, Sinusoidal, Damped Sinusoidal, Step, Impulse, Ramp signal using MATLAB in both discrete and analog form.		
7.	Determination of Laplace transform and Inverse Laplace transform using MATLAB.		
8.	Amplitude and Phase spectrum analysis of different signals using MATLAB.		

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9.	Verification of Network theorems using software & hardware

Course Outcome: After completion of this course, the learners will be able to

- 1. determine
 - transient response of different electrical circuit
 parameters of two port network
 □ frequency response of
 filters.
 - Laplace transform and inverse Laplace transform
- 2. generate different signals in both discrete and analog form
- 3. analyze amplitude and phase spectrum of different signals.
- 4. verify network theorems.
- 5. construct circuits with appropriate instruments and safety precautions.
- 6. Simulate electrical circuit experiments using suitable software.

Name	of the course ANALOG ELECTRONICS			
Cours	irse Code: PC-EEE 302 Semester: 3 rd			
Duration: 6 months Maximum Marks: 100				
Teach	ning Scheme	Examination Scheme		
Theo	ry: 3 hrs/week	Mid Semester Exam:	15 Marks	
Tutor	utorial: 0 hr/week Assignment & Quiz: 10 Marks			
Practi	etical: 0 hr/week Attendance: 05 Marks			
Credi	Credit Points: 3 End Semester Exam: 70 Marks			
Objec	ctive:			
1.	. To understand the structure and properties of different components of analog electronics.			
2.	To explain principle of operation of analog electronics components and circuits.			
3.	To understand the application of operation	al amplifier		
4.	To solve problems of analog electronic of	components and circuits		
5.	To analyze amplifiers, oscillators and other analog electronic circuits.			
Pre-R	Pre-Requisite			
1.	1. Physics (10+2)			
Unit	Content Hrs Marks			

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	the academic session 2018-2019)	
1	Filters & Regulators: Review of half wave and full wave rectifier, Capacitor filters, \square -section filter, ripple factor, series and shunt voltage regulator, percentage regulation.	4
2	BJT circuits: Structure and I-V characteristics of a BJT; BJT as a switch. BJT as an amplifier: small-signal model, biasing circuits, current mirror; common-emitter, common-base and common-collector amplifiers; Small signal equivalent circuits, high-frequency equivalent circuits	8
3	MOSFET circuits: MOSFET structure and I-V characteristics. MOSFET as a switch. MOSFET as an amplifier: small-signal model and biasing circuits, commonsource, common-gate and common-drain amplifiers; small signal equivalent circuits - gain, input and output impedances, trans-conductance, high frequency equivalent circuit.	8
4	Feed back amplifier & Oscillators: Concept of Feed back, Negative & Positive feedback, Voltage/Current, Series/Shunt feedback, Berkhausen criterion, Colpit, Hartley's, Phase shift, Wien bridge, & Crystal oscillators.	5
5	Operational amplifier: Ideal OPAMP, Differential amplifier, Constant current source (Current mirror etc), Level shifter, CMRR, Open & closed loop circuits, importance of feedback loop (positive & negative), inverting & non-inverting	5
	amplifiers, Voltage follower/Buffer circuits.	
6	Application of Operational amplifiers: Adder, Integrator & Differentiator, Comparator, Schmitt Trigger, Instrumentation Amplifier, Log & Antilog amplifier, Trans-conductance multiplier, Precision rectifier, Voltage to current & Current to voltage converter.	5
7	Power amplifier: Class A, B, AB, C, Conversion efficiency	2
8	Multivibrator: Monostable, Bistable multivibrator, Monostable & Astable operation using 555 timer.	2
9	Special function circuits: VCO & PLL	2

Text books:

- 1. Malvino—Electronic Principles, 6/e, TMH
- 2. Nagrath, Electronics: Analog and Digital, PHI, 2004
- 3. Mottershed, Electronics Devices & Circuits, Wiley Eastern
- 4. Millman & Halkias Integrated Electronics, Tata McGraw Hill.
- 5. Gayakwad R.A -- OpAmps and Linear IC's, 4/e, Pearson-PHI

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- 6. Franco—Design with Operational Amplifiers & Analog Integrated Circuits, 3/e.TMH
- 7. Coughlin and Drisscol Operational Amplifier and Linear Integrated Circuits Pearson Education Asia.
- 8. A.K. Maini, Analog Electronics, Khanna Publishing House, New Delhi (2018)

Reference books

- 1. Nagchoudhuri, Microelectronic Devices, 1/e, Pearson Education, 2001
- 2. Natarajan, Microelectronics: Analysis & Design, 1/e 2005, TMH
- 3. Maheshwari and Anand, Analog Electronics, PHI
- 4. Boyle'stead, Nashelsky: & Kishore, Electronic Devices & Circuit theory, 1/e, PHI/Pearson.
- 5. Millman & Halkias: Basic Electronic Principles; TMH.
- 6. Tobey & Grame Operational Amplifier: Design and Applications, Mc Graw Hill.

Course Outcome: After completion of this course, the learners will be able to

- 1. describe analog electronic components and analog electronics circuits
- 2. explain principle of operation of analog electronic components, filters, regulators and analog electronic circuits.
- 3. compute parameters and operating points of analog electronic circuits.
- 4. determine response of analog electronic circuits.
- 5. distinguish different types amplifier and different types oscillators based on application.
- 6. construct operational amplifier based circuits for different applications.

Special Remarks:

Name of the course	Analog electronic laboratory	
Course Code:PC-EEE392	Semester: 3rd	
Duration: 6 months	Maximum marks:100	
Teaching Scheme	Examination scheme:	
Theory: 0 hr/week	Continuous Internal Assessment: 40	
Tutorial: 0 hr/week	External Assessment: 60	
Practical: 2 hrs/week		
Credit Points:1		
Laboratory Experiments:		

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1.	Study of ripple and regulation characteristics of full wave rectifier with and without capacitor filter.
2.	Study of Zener diode as voltage regulator.
3.	Study of characteristics curves of B.J.T & F.E.T.
4.	Construction of a two-stage R-C coupled amplifier & study of it's gain & Bandwidth.
5.	Study of class A, C & Push-Pull amplifiers.
6.	Study of timer circuit using NE555 & configuration for monostable & astable and bistable multivibrator
7.	Study of Switched Mode Power Supply & construction of a linear voltage regulator using regulator IC chip
8.	Construction of a simple function generator using IC.
9.	Realization of a V-to-I & I-to-V converter using Op-Amps.
10.	Realization of a Phase Locked Loop using Voltage Controlled Oscillator (VCO).
11.	Study of D.A.C & A.D.C.

Course Outcome: After completion of this course, the learners will be able to

1. determine

- characteristics of full wave rectifier with filter and without filter
- characteristics of BJT and FET
- characteristics of Zener diode as voltage regulator
- characteristics of class A, C and push pull amplifiers
- 2. verify function of DAC and ADC 3. construct
 - function generator using IC
 - R-C coupled amplifier
 - linear voltage regulator using regulator IC chip.
 - timer circuit using 555 for monostable, astable and multistable multivibrator.
 - V to I and I to V converter with Op amps.
 - phase locked loop using Voltage Controlled Oscillator (VCO)
- 4. work in a team
- 5. validate theoretical learning with practical

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Name	of the course	ELECTRO MAGNETIC	FIELD TH	HEORY
Course Code: PC-EEE 303 Semester: 3 rd				
Durati	ion: 6 months	Maximum Marks: 100		
Teach	Teaching Scheme Examination Scheme			
Theor	y: 3 hrs/week	Mid Semester Exam: 15	Marks	
Tutorial: 0 hr/week Assignment & Quiz: 10 Marks				
Praction	cal: 0 hrs/week	Attendance: 05	Marks	
Credit	Points: 3	End Semester Exam: 70 Marks		
	Obje	ctive:		
1.	To understand the basic mathematical too	ols to deal with Electromagn	netic field F	Problem.
2.	To understand properties and application of	of Electric and magnetic fie	eld.	
3.	To analyze electromagnetic wave propaga	tion		
4.	To solve problem related to Electromagne	tic field.		
	Pre-Re	equisite		
1.	Basic Electrical Engineering (ES-EE-101)		
2.	Mathematics (BS-M-102, Bs-M202)			
3.	Physics (BS-PH 101)			
Unit	Content		Hrs	Marks
1	Introduction: Co-ordinate systems and		4	
	coordinates, Circular cylindrical coordina			
	& their transformation. Differential len different coordinate systems. Solution of	<u> </u>		
2	Introduction to Vector calculus: DEL ope	•	4	
	Divergence of a vector & Divergence the		·	
	Strokes theorem, Laplacian of a scalar,	, Classification of vector		
	fields, Helmholtz's theorem. Solution of J			
3	Electrostatic field: Coulomb's law, field	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	8	
	Electric potential and Potential gradient, Relation between E and V, an Electric dipole and flux lines. Energy density in electrostatic			
	field. Boundary conditions: Dielectric	•		
	dielectric, Conductor-free space. Poisson			
	General procedure for solving Poisson's a	and		
	Laplace's equation. Solution of problems			

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4	Magneto static fields: Biot- savart law, Ampere's circuit law, Magnetic flux density, Magnetic static and Vector potential, Forces due to magnetic field, Magnetic torque and moments, Magnetisation in material, Magnetic boundary condition, Inductor and Inductances, Magnetic energy, Force on magnetic material. Solution of problems	8	
5	Electromagnetic fields: Faraday's law, Transformer and motional emf, Displacement current, Maxwell's equations, Time varying Potential, Time harmonic fields. Solution of problems	6	
6	Electromagnetic wave propagation: Wave equation, Wave propagation in lossy dielectric, Plane waves in loss less dielectric, Plane wave in free space, Plane wave in good conductor, Skin effect, Skin depth, Power & Poynting vector, Reflection of a plane wave at normal incidence, reflection of a plane wave at oblique incidence, Polarisation. Solution of problems	6	
7	Transmission line: Concept of lump & distributed parameters, Line parameters, Transmission line equation & solutions, Physical significance of solutions, Propagation constants, Characteristic impedance, Wavelength, Velocity of propagation. Solution of problems	4	

Text books:

- 1. Elements of Electromagnetic, Mathew N.O. Sadiku, 4th edition, Oxford university press.
- 2. Engineering Electromagnetic, W.H. Hyat & J.A. Buck, 7th Edition, TMH
- 3. Theory and problems of Electromagnetic, Edminister, 2nd Edition, TMH
- 4. Electromagnetic field theory fundamentals, Guru & Hizroglu, 2nd edition, Cambridge University

Reference books

Course Outcome: After completion of this course, the learners will be able to

- 1. relate different coordinate systems for efficient solution of electromagnetic problems.
- 2. describe mathematical s tools to solve electromagnetic problems.
- 3. explain laws applied to electromagnetic field.
- 4. apply mathematical tools and laws to solve electromagnetic problems.
- 5. analyze electromagnetic wave propagation
- 6. estimate transmission line parameters

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Special Remarks:

Name	e of the course	ENGINEERING ME	CHANICS	
Cours	Course Code: ES-ME 301 Semester: 3 rd			
Durat	tion: 6 months	Maximum Marks: 100		
Teaching Scheme Examination Scheme				
Theor	ry: 3 hrs/week	Mid Semester Exam: 15 Marks		
Tutor	rial: 0 hr/week	Assignment & Quiz:	10 Marks	
Practi	ical: 0 hrs/week	Attendance:	05 Marks	
Credi	t Points: 3	End Semester Exam:	70 Marks	
Objec	ctive:			
1.	To understand the basic mathematical tools to deal with the physical bodies.			
2.	To learn different mathematical techniques to analyze physical bodies.			
2.	To learn analysis techniques of rigid bodies.			
2.	2. To solve problem of general motion.			
Pre-R	Pre-Requisite			
1.				
2.	Mathematics (BS-M102, BS-M202)			
Unit	Content		Hrs	Marks
1	Introduction to vectors and tensors and co-	-ordinate systems	5	
	Introduction to vectors and tensors and coordinate systems:			
	Vector and tensor algebra; Indical notation; Symmetric and anti-			
	symmetric tensors; Eigenvalues and Principal axes.			
2	Three-dimensional Rotation		4	
	Three-dimensional rotation: Euler's theore	em, Axis-angle		
	formulation and Euler angles; Coordinate	_		
	vectors and tensors.			

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	the academic session 2016-2019)		
3	Kinematics of Rigid Body Kinematics of rigid bodies: Dentition and motion of a rigid body; Rigid bodies as coordinate systems; Angular velocity of a rigid body, and its rate of change; Distinction between two and three dimensional rotational motion; Integration of angular velocity to find orientation; Motion relative to a rotating rigid body: Five term acceleration formula.	6	
4	Kinetics of Rigid Bodies Kinetics of rigid bodies: Angular momentum about a point; Inertia tensor: Dentition and computation, Principal moments and axes of inertia, Parallel and perpendicular axes theorems; Mass moment of inertia of symmetrical bodies, cylinder, sphere, cone etc., Area moment of inertia and Polar moment of inertia, Forces and moments; Newton-Euler's laws of rigid body motion.	5	
5	Free Body Diagram (1 hour) Free body diagrams; Examples on modelling of typical supports and joints and discussion on the kinematic and kinetic constraints that they impose.	1	
6	General Motion Examples and problems. General planar motions. General 3-D motions. Free precession, Gyroscopes, Rolling coin.	9	
7	Bending Moment Transverse loading on beams, shear force and bending moment in beams, analysis of cantilevers, simply supported beams and overhanging beams, relationships between loading, shear force and bending moment, shear force and bending moment diagrams.	5	
8	Torsional Motion Torsion of circular shafts, derivation of torsion equation, stress and deformation in circular and hollow shafts.	2	
9	Friction Concept of Friction; Laws of Coulomb friction; Angle of Repose; Coefficient of friction.	3	

Text books:

- 1. M.P. Poonia & D.S. Bedi, Engineering Mechanics, Khanna Publishing House, New Delhi (2018)
- 2. J. L. Meriam and L. G. Kraige, "Engineering Mechanics: Dynamics", Wiley, 2011.

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- 3. M. F. Beatty, "Principles of Engineering Mechanics", Springer Science & Business Media, 1986.
- 4. Manoj K. Harbola, "Engineering Mechanics", Cengage Learning India Pvt. Ltd, 2018
- 5. R.S. Khurmi, Engineering Mechanics, S.Chand Publications, New Delhi

Course Outcome: After completion of this course, the learners will be able to

- 1. explain the co-ordinate system, principle of three dimensional rotation, kinematics and kinetics of rigid bodies.
- 2. elaborate the theory of general motion, bending moment, torsional motion and friction.
- 3. develop free body diagram of different arrangements.
- 4. solve problems with the application of theories and principle of motion , friction and rigid bodies.
- 5. analyze torsional motion and bending moment.

Special Remarks:

Name of the course		MATHEMATICS-III			
Course Code: BS- M 301	irse Code: BS- M 301 Semester: 3 rd				
Duration: 6 months	uration: 6 months Maximum Marks: 100				
Teaching Scheme		Examination Scheme			
Theory: 3 hrs/week	eory: 3 hrs/week Mid Semester Exam: 15 Marks				
Tutorial: 0 hr/week	orial: 0 hr/week Assignment & Quiz: 10 Marks				
Practical: 0 hrs/week	ctical: 0 hrs/week Attendance: 05 Marks				
Credit Points: 3 End Semester Exam: 70 Marks					
Objective:					
1. To understand Probabilit	y theory required	an Electrical Engineer	to apply in pro	fession.	
2. To understand numeric	To understand numerical methods to solve engineering problem				
3. To understand basics of	To understand basics of Z transform to solve engineering problems.				
Pre-Requisite					
1. Mathematics (10+2)					
Unit	Content Hrs Marks				

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1	Probability:		
	Basic Probability Theory: Classical definition and its limitations. Axiomatic definition. Some elementary deduction: i) $P(O)=0$, ii) $0 \le P(A) \le 1$, iii) $P(A')=1-P(A)$ etc. where the symbols have their usual meanings. Frequency interpretation of probability.	1	
	Addition rule for 2 events (proof) & its extension to more than 2 events (statement only). Related problems. Conditional probability & Independent events. Extension to more than 2 events (pair wise & mutual independence). Multiplication Rule. Examples. Baye's theorem (statement only) and related problems.	3	
	Random Variable & Probability Distributions. Expectation: Definition of random variable. Continuous and discrete random variables. Probability density function & probability mass function for single variable only. Distribution function and its properties (without proof). Examples. Definitions of Expectation & Variance, properties & examples.	2	
	Some important discrete distributions: Binomial & Poisson distributions and related problems. Some important continuous distributions: Uniform, Exponential, Normal distributions and related problems. Determination of Mean & Variance for Binomial, Poisson & Uniform distributions only.	2	

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	the deddefine session 2010-2017)		
2	Numerical Methods: Approximation in numerical computation: Truncation and rounding errors, Fixed and floating-point arithmetic, Propagation of errors.	4	
	Interpolation: Newton forward/backward interpolation, Lagrange's and Newton's divided difference Interpolation.	5	
	Numerical integration: Trapezoidal rule, Simpson's 1/3 rule, Expression for corresponding error terms.	3	
	Numerical solution of a system of linear equations: Gauss elimination method, Matrix inversion, LU Factorization method, Gauss-Seidel iterative method.	6	
	Numerical solution of Algebraic equation: Bisection method, Regula-Falsi method, Newton-Raphson method.	4	
	Numerical solution of ordinary differential equation: Euler's method, Runge-Kutta methods, Predictor-Corrector methods and Finite Difference method.	6	
3	Z transform: Sequence Representation of sequence Resignations on		
	Sequence, Representation of sequence, Basic operations on sequences, Z-transforms, Properties of Z-transforms, Change of scale, Shifting property, Inverse Z-transform, Solution of difference equation, Region of convergence.	4	

Text books:

- 1. Lipschutz S., and Lipson M.L.: Probability (Schaum's Outline Series), TMH.
- 2. C.Xavier: C Language and Numerical Methods.
- 3. Dutta & Jana: Introductory Numerical Analysis.
- 4. J.B.Scarborough: Numerical Mathematical Analysis.
- 5. Jain, Iyengar, & Jain: Numerical Methods (Problems and Solution).
- 6. Hwei P Hsu, "Signal and system", (Schaum's Outline Series), Mc Graw Hill education.
- 7. R.S. Salaria, Numerical Methods, Khanna Publishing House

Reference books

- 1. Balagurusamy: Numerical Methods, Scitech.
- 2. Baburam: Numerical Methods, Pearson Education.
- 3. N. Dutta: Computer Programming & Numerical Analysis, Universities Press.

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- 4. Soumen Guha & Rajesh Srivastava: Numerical Methods, OUP.
- 5. Srimanta Pal: Numerical Methods, OUP.

Course Outcome: After completion of this course, the learners will be able to

- 1. explain basics of probability theories, rules, distribution and properties of Z transform
- 2. describe different methods of numerical analysis.
- 3. solve numerical problems based on probability theories , numerical analysis and Z transform
- 4. apply numerical methods to solve engineering problems.
- 5. solve engineering problems using z transform and probability theory.

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Name	Name of the course Numerical Methods laboratory				
Course Code: PC-CS 391		Semester: 3 rd			
Duration: 6 months		Maximum marks:100			
Teach	ning Scheme	Examination scheme:			
Theor	ry: 0 hr/week	Continuous Internal Assessment:40			
Tutor	rial: 0 hr/week	External Assessment: 60			
Practi	ical: 2 hrs/week				
Credi	t Points:1				
	Laboratory Experiments:				
1.	Assignments on Newton forward /backward, Lagrange's interpolation.				
2.	Assignments on numerical integration using Trapezoidal rule, Simpson's 1/3 rule, Weddle's rule.				
3.	. Assignments on numerical solution of a system of linear equations using Gauss elimination and Gauss-Seidel iterations				
4.	Assignments on numerical solution of Algebraic Equation by Regular-falsi and Newton Raphson methods.				
5.	Assignments on ordinary differential equation: Euler's and Runga-Kutta methods.				
6.	Introduction to Software Packages: Matlab / Scilab / Labview / Mathematica.				

Course Outcome: After completion of this course, the learners will be able to

1. solve

- problems with Newton forward /backward, Lagrange's interpolation
- problems of numerical integration using Trapezoidal rule, Simpson's 1/3 rule, Weddle's rule
- problems to find numerical solution of a system of linear equations using Gauss elimination and Gauss-Seidel iterations.

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- problems to find numerical solution of Algebraic Equation by Regularfalsi and Newton Raphson methods.
- ordinary differential equation by Euler's and Runga-Kutta methods.
- 2. find appropriate numerical methods to solve engineering problems.
- 3. use software package to solve numerical problems.

Special Remarks:

Nam	e of the course	BIOLOGY FOR ENGIN	EERS	
Cour	se Code:BS-EEE-301	Semester: 3 rd		
Dura	tion: 6 months	Maximum Marks: 100		
Teac	hing Scheme	Examination Scheme		
Theo	ry: 3 hrs/week	Mid Semester Exam: 15	Marks	
Tuto	utorial: 0 hr/week Assignment & Quiz: 10 Marks			
Pract	Practical: 0 hrs/week Attendance: 05 Marks			
Cred	Credit Points: 3 End Semester Exam: 70 Marks			
Obje	ctive:			
1.	To introduce modern biology with an emphasis on evolution of biology as a multidisciplinary field.			
2.	To make students aware of application of engineering principles in biology and engineering robust solution inspired by biological examples.			
Pre-F	Pre-Requisite			
1.	1. NIL			
Unit	Content		Hrs	Marks

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	the academic session 2016-2019)		
1	Introduction Purpose: To convey that Biology is as important a scientific discipline as Mathematics, Physics and Chemistry. Bring out the fundamental differences between science and engineering by drawing a comparison between eye and camera, Bird flying and aircraft. Mention the most exciting aspect of biology as an independent scientific discipline. Why we need to study biology? Discuss how biological observations of 18th Century that lead to major discoveries. Examples from Brownian motion and the origin of thermodynamics by referring to the original observation of Robert Brown and Julius Mayor. These examples will highlight the fundamental importance of observations in any scientific inquiry	2	
2	Classification: Purpose: To convey that classification per se is not what biology is all about. The underlying criterion, such as morphological, biochemical or ecological be highlighted. Hierarchy of life forms at phenomenological level. A common thread weaves this hierarchy Classification. Discuss classification based on (a) cellularity-Unicellular or multicellular (b) ultrastructureprokaryotes or eucaryotes. (c) energy and Carbon utilization -Autotrophs, heterotrophs, lithotropes (d) Ammonia excretion – aminotelic, uricotelic, ureotelic (e) Habitata- acquatic or terrestrial (e) Molecular taxonomy- three major kingdoms of life. A given organism can	3	
-			
	come under different category based on classification. Model organisms for the study of biology come from different groups. E.coli, S.cerevisiae, D. Melanogaster, C. elegance, A. Thaliana, M. musculus.		
3	Biomolecules Purpose: To convey that all forms of life has the same building blocks and yet the manifestations are as diverse as one can imagine. Molecules of life. In this context discuss monomeric units and polymeric structures. Discuss about sugars, starch and cellulose. Amino acids and proteins. Nucleotides and DNA/RNA. Two carbon units and lipids.	4	
4	Macromolecular analysis: Purpose: To analyze biological processes at the reductionistic level. Proteins- structure and function. Hierarch in protein structure. Primary secondary, tertiary and quaternary structure. Proteins as enzymes, transporters, receptors and structural elements.	5	

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	/		
5	Metabolism Purpose: The fundamental principles of energy transactions are the same in physical and biological world. Thermodynamics as applied to biological systems. Exothermic and endothermic versus endergonic and exergonic reactions. Concept of Keq and its relation to standard free energy. Spontaneity. ATP as an energy currency. This should include the breakdown of glucose to CO2 + H2O (Glycolysis and Krebs cycle) and synthesis of glucose from CO2 and H2O (Photosynthesis). Energy yielding and energy consuming reactions. Concept of Energy charge.	4	
6	Microbiology Concept of single celled organisms. Concept of species and strains. Identification and classification of microorganisms. Microscopy. Ecological aspects of single celled organisms. Sterilization and media compositions. Growth kinetics.	3	
7	Immunology Purpose: How does the immune system work? What are the molecular and cellular components and pathways that protect an organism from infectious agents or cancer? This comprehensive course answers these questions as it explores the cells and molecules of the immune system. Immunology- Self vs Non-self, pathogens, human immune system, antigen-antibody reactions.	5	
8	Information Transfer Purpose: The molecular basis of coding and decoding genetic information is universal. Molecular basis of information transfer. DNA as a genetic material. Hierarchy of DNA structure- from single stranded to double helix to nucleosomes. Concept of genetic	4	
	code. Universality and degeneracy of genetic code. Define gene in terms of complementation and recombination. s *on cell proliferation * metastasis * cell proliferation * cell death * cell * D		

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	the deddenine session 2010 2017)		
9	Cancer biology Purpose: A basic understanding of cancer biology and treatment The course is not designed for patients seeking treatment guidance – framework for understanding cancer diagnosis and treatment. —cell Identification of the major types of cancer worldwide. Description but it can help to understand how cancer develops and provides a	5	
	of how genes contribute to the risk and growth of cancer. List and description of the ten cellular hallmarks of cancer. Definition of metastasis, and identification of the major steps in the metastatic process. Description of the role of imaging in the screening, diagnosis, staging, and treatments of cancer. Explanation of how cancer is treated.		
10	Techniques in bio physics Purpose: Biophysics is an interdisciplinary science that applies approaches and methods traditionally used in physics to study biological phenomena. The techniques including microscopy, spectroscopy, electrophysiology, single-molecule methods and molecular modeling	3	
11	Stem cell Purpose: Stem cells and derived products offer great promise for new medical treatments. Learn about stem cell types, current and possible uses, ethical issues.	2	

Text / References:

1. N. A. Campbell, J. B. Reece, L. Urry, M. L. Cain and S. A. Wasserman,

"Biology: A global approach", Pearson

Education Ltd, 2014.

2. E. E. Conn, P. K. Stumpf, G. Bruening and R. H. Doi, "Outlines of Biochemistry", John

Wiley and Sons, 2009.

- 3. D. L. Nelson and M. M. Cox, "Principles of Biochemistry", W.H. Freeman and Company, 2012.
- 4. G. S. Stent and R. Calendar, "Molecular Genetics", Freeman and company, 1978.
- 5. L. M. Prescott, J. P. Harley and C. A. Klein, "Microbiology", McGraw Hill Higher Education, 2005.
- 6. Lewis J. Kleinsmith. "Principles of cancer biology", Pearson, 2016

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Course Outcome: After completion of this course, the learners will be able to 1. describe with examples the biological observations lead to major discoveries.

2. explain

- the classification of kingdom of life
- the building blocks of life
- different techniques of bio physics used to study biological phenomena.
- the role of imaging in the screening, diagnosis, staging, and treatments of cancer.
- 3. identify DNA as a genetic material in the molecular basis of information transfer
- 4. analyze biological processes at the reductionistic level.
- 5. apply thermodynamic principles to biological systems.
- 6. identify microorganisms.

Special Remarks:

Maulana Abul Kalam Azad University of Technology, West Bengal (Formerly West Bengal University of Technology) Syllabus for B. Tech in Electrical & Electronics Engineering (EEE) (Applicable from the academic session 2018-2019)

Name	e of the course	INDIAN CONSTOTU	JTION	
Cours	urse Code: MC-EEE 301 Semester: 3 rd			
Durat	Duration: 6 months Maximum Marks: 100)	
Teach	Teaching Scheme Examination Scheme			
Theo	Theory: 3 hrs/week Mid Semester Exam: 15 Marks			
Tutor	rial: 0 hr/week	Assignment & Quiz:	10 Marks	
Pract	ical: 0 hrs/week	Attendance:	05 Marks	
Credi	it Points: 0	End Semester Exam:	70 Marks	
Objec	ctive:			
1.	To have basic knowledge about Indian Constitution.			
2.	To understand the structure and functioning of union, state and local self-government.			
3.	3. To understand the structure, jurisdiction and function of Indian judiciary.			
Pre-Requisite				
1.	NIL			
Unit	t Content Hrs Marks			Marks
1	Indian Constitution: Sources and constitutional history, Features: Citizenship, Preamble, Fundamental Rights and Duties, Directive Principles of State Policy			
2	Union government and its administration: Structure of the Indian Union: Feder relationship, President: Role, power an Council of ministers, Cabinet and Central S Rajya Sabha. State government and its administration: Governor: Role and Position, CM and Cou Secretariat: Organisation, Structure and Fu	d position, PM and Secretariat, Lok Sabha, uncil of ministers, State	10	

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3	Supreme court: Organization of supreme court, procedure of the court, independence of the court, jurisdiction and power of supreme court. High court: Organization of high court, procedure of the court, independence of the court, jurisdiction and power of supreme court. Subordinate courts: constitutional provision, structure and jurisdiction. National legal services authority, Lok adalats, family courts, gram nyayalays. Public interest litigation (PIL): meaning of PIL, features of PIL, scope of PIL, principle of PIL, guidelines for admitting PIL	10	
4	Local Administration: District's Administration head: Role and Importance, Municipalities: Introduction, Mayor and role of Elected Representative, CEO of Municipal Corporation, Pachayati raj: Introduction, PRI: Zila Pachayat, Elected officials and their roles, CEO Zila Pachayat: Position and role, Block level: Organizational Hierarchy (Different departments), Village level: Role of Elected and Appointed officials, Importance of grass root democracy.	10	

Text books:

1. Indian polity, M, Laxmikanth, MC Graw Hill education, 5th Edition.

Reference books

1. DD Basu, "Introduction to the constitution of India", 21st Edition, Lexis Nexis Books Publication ltd, India

Course Outcome: After completion of this course, the learners will be able to

- 1. describe
 - different features of Indian constitution..
 - power and functioning of Union, state and local self-government.
 - structure, jurisdiction and function of Indian Judiciary.
 - basics of PIL and guideline for admission of PIL.
 - Functioning of local administration starting from block to Municipal Corporation.
- 2. identify authority to redress a problem in the profession and in the society.

Special Remarks:

Maulana Abul Kalam Azad University of Technology, West Bengal (Formerly West Bengal University of Technology) Syllabus for B. Tech in Electrical & Electronics Engineering (EEE) (Applicable from

the academic session 2018-2019)
The above mentioned outcomes are not limited. Institute may redefine outcomes based their program educational objective.