# **SYLLABUS**

# Semester I

#### PT105. HUMAN ANATOMY AND PHYSIOLOGY-I (Theory)

45 Hours

Scope: This subject is designed to impart fundamental knowledge on the structure and functions of the various systems of the human body. It also helps in understanding both homeostatic mechanisms. The subject provides the basic knowledge required to understand the various disciplines of pharmacy.

Objectives: Upon completion of this course the student should be able to

- 1. Explain the gross morphology, structure and functions of various organs of the human body.
- 2. Describe the various homeostatic mechanisms and their imbalances.
- 3. Identify the various tissues and organs of different systems of human body.
- 4. Perform the various experiments related to special senses and nervous system. 5. Appreciate coordinated working pattern of different organs of each system

#### Course Content:

Unit-I	10hours
☐ Introduction to human body  Definition and scope of anatomy and physiology, levels of structural organization and body systems, basic life processes, homeostasis, basic anatomical terminology.	
□ Cellular level of organization Structure and functions of cell, transport across cell membrane, cell division, cell junctions. General principles of cell communication, intracellular signaling pathway activation by extracellular signal molecule, Forms of intracellular signaling: a) Contact-dependent b) Paracrine c) Synaptic d) Endocrine	
☐ Tissue level of organization  Classification of tissues, structure, location and functions of epithelial, musc nervous and connective tissues.	ular and

Unit II	I 1	0 hours
	Integumentary system Structure and functions of skin	
	Skeletal system	
	Divisions of skeletal system, types of bone, salient features and functions of boof axial and appendicular skeletal system	ones
	Organization of skeletal muscle, physiology of muscle contraction, neuromusc junction	ular
	Joints	
	Structural and functional classification, types of joints movements and its articular	lation
Unit	III 1	10hours
	Body fluids and blood Body fluids, composition and functions of blood, hemopoeisis, formation hemoglobin, anemia, mechanisms of coagulation, blood grouping, Rh facto transfusion, its significance and disorders of blood, Reticuloendothelial system.	
	Lymphatic system	
	Lymphatic organs and tissues, lymphatic vessels, lymph circulation and funct lymphatic system	ions of
Unit I	V 09	8hours
	Peripheral nervous system:	
	Classification of peripheral nervous system: Structure and functions of	
	sympathetic and parasympathetic nervous system.	
	Origin and functions of spinal and cranial nerves.	
	Special senses Structure and functions of eye, ear, nose and tongue and their disorders.	
Unit-V	V 0'	7hours
	Cardiovascular system	
1	Heart – anatomy of heart, blood circulation, blood vessels, structure and function artery, vein and capillaries, elements of conduction system of heart and heart bear regulation by autonomic nervous system, cardiac output, cardiac cycle. Regulatio blood pressure, pulse, electrocardiogram and disorders of heart.	t, its
PT195.	HUMAN ANATOMY AND PHYSIOLOGY (Practical)	

4 Hours/week

Practical physiology is complimentary to the theoretical discussions in physiology. Practicals allow the verification of physiological processes discussed in theory classes through experiments on living tissue, intact animals or normal human beings. This is helpful for developing an insight on the subject.

- 1. Study of compound microscope.
- 2. Microscopic study of epithelial and connective tissue
- 3. Microscopic study of muscular and nervous tissue
- 4. Identification of axial bones
- 5. Identification of appendicular bones
- 6. Introduction to hemocytometry.
- 7. Enumeration of white blood cell (WBC)count
- 8. Enumeration of total red blood corpuscles (RBC)count
- 9. Determination of bleeding time
- 10. Determination of clotting time
- 11. Estimation of hemoglobin content
- 12. Determination of blood group.
- 13. Determination of erythrocyte sedimentation rate (ESR).
- 14. Determination of heart rate and pulse rate.
- 15. Recording of blood pressure.

# Recommended Books (Latest Editions)

- 1. Essentials of Medical Physiology by K. Sembulingam and P. Sembulingam. Jaypee brothers medical publishers, New Delhi.
- 2. Anatomy and Physiology in Health and Illness by Kathleen J.W. Wilson, Churchill Livingstone, NewYork
- 3. Physiological basis of Medical Practice-Best and Tailor. Williams & Wilkins Co, Riverview, MIUSA
- 4. Text book of Medical Physiology- Arthur C, Guyton and John. E. Hall. Miamisburg, OH, U.S.A.
- 5. Principles of Anatomy and Physiology by Tortora Grabowski. Palmetto, GA, U.S.A.
- 6. Textbook of Human Histology by Inderbir Singh, Jaypee brother's medical publishers, NewDelhi.
- 7. Textbook of Practical Physiology by C.L. Ghai, Jaypee brother's medical publishers, NewDelhi.

- 8. Practical workbook of Human Physiology by K. Srinageswari and Rajeev Sharma, Jaypee brother's medical publishers, NewDelhi.
  - Reference Books (Latest Editions)
- 1. Physiological basis of Medical Practice-Best and Tailor. Williams & Wilkins Co, Riverview, MIUSA
- 2. Text book of Medical Physiology- Arthur C, Guyton and John. E. Hall. Miamisburg, OH, U.S.A.
- 3. Human Physiology (vol 1 and 2) byDr. C.C. Chatterrje ,Academic Publishers Kolkata

#### PT101. PHARMACEUTICAL ANALYSIS (Theory)

45 Hours

Scope: This course deals with the fundamentals of analytical chemistry and principles of electrochemical analysis of drugs

Objectives: Upon completion of the course student shall be able to

- understand the principles of volumetric and electro chemical analysis
- · carryout various volumetric and electrochemical titrations
- develop analytical skills

#### **Course Content:**

UNIT-I 10Hours

- (a) Pharmaceutical analysis- Definition and scope
  - i) Different techniques of analysis
  - ii) Methods of expressing concentration
  - iii) Primary and secondary standards.
  - iv) Preparation and standardization of various molar and normal solutions— Oxalic acid, sodium hydroxide, hydrochloric acid, sodium thiosulphate, sulphuric acid, potassium permanganate and cericammonium sulphate
- (b) Errors: Sources of errors, types of errors, methods of minimizing errors, accuracy, precision and significant figures
- (c) Pharmacopoeia, Sources of impurities in medicinal agents, limit tests.

UNIT-II 10Hours

- Acid base titration: Theories of acid base indicators, classification of acid base titrations and theory involved in titrations of strong, weak, and very weak acids and bases, neutralization curves
- Non aqueous titration: Solvents, acidimetry and alkalimetry titration and estimation of Sodium benzoate and Ephedrine HCl

UNIT-III 10Hours

- □ Precipitation titrations: Mohr's method, Volhard's, Modified Volhard's, Fajans method, estimation of sodium chloride.
- Complexometric titration: Classification, metal ion indicators, masking and demasking reagents, estimation of Magnesium sulphate, and calcium gluconate.
- Gravimetry: Principle and steps involved in gravimetric analysis. Purity of the precipitate: co-precipitation and post precipitation, Estimation of barium sulphate.
- Basic Principles, methods and application of diazotization titration.

UNIT-IV 08Hours

#### Redox titrations

- (a) Concepts of oxidation and reduction
- (b) Types of redox titrations (Principles and applications)

Cerimetry, Iodimetry, Iodometry, Bromatometry, Dichrometry, Titration with potassium iodate

UNIT-V 07Hours

Electrochemical methods of analysis

- Conductometry- Introduction, Conductivity cell, Conductometric titrations, applications.
- Potentiometry Electrochemical cell, construction and working of reference (Standard hydrogen, silver chloride electrode and calomel electrode) and indicator electrodes (metal electrodes and glass electrode), methods to determine end point of potentiometric titration and applications.
- Polarography Principle, Ilkovic equation, construction and working of dropping mercury electrode and rotating platinum electrode, applications

# PT191. PHARMACEUTICAL ANALYSIS (Practical)

4 Hours /

Week I Limit Test of the following

(1) Chloride (2)

Sulphate

- (3) Iron
- (4) Arsenic
- II Preparation and standardization of
  - (1) Sodium hydroxide
  - (2) Sulphuric acid
  - (3) Sodium thiosulfate
  - (4) Potassium permanganate
  - (5) Ceric ammonium sulphate
- III Assay of the following compounds along with Standardization of Titrant
  - (1) Ammonium chloride by acid base titration
  - (2) Ferrous sulphate by Cerimetry
    - (3) Copper sulphate by Iodometry
    - (4) Calcium gluconate by complexometry
    - (5) Hydrogen peroxide by Permanganometry
    - (6) Sodium benzoate by non-aqueous titration
    - (7) Sodium Chloride by precipitation titration
- IV Determination of Normality by electro-analytical methods
  - (1) Conductometric titration of strong acid against strong
  - (2) base
  - (3) Conductometric titration of strong acid and weak acid against strongbase
  - (4) Potentiometric titration of strong acid against strongbase

Recommended Books: (Latest Editions)

- 1. A.H. Beckett & J.B. Stenlake's, Practical Pharmaceutical Chemistry Vol I &II, Stahlone Press of University of London
- 2. A.I. Vogel, Text Book of Quantitative Inorganic analysis
- 3. P. Gundu Rao, Inorganic Pharmaceutical Chemistry
- 4. Bentley and Driver's Textbook of Pharmaceutical Chemistry
- 5. John H. Kennedy, Analytical chemistry principles
- 6. Indian Pharmacopoeia.

# PT106. PHARMACEUTICS- I (Theory)

45 Hours

Scope: This course is designed to impart a fundamental knowledge on the preparatory pharmacy with arts and science of preparing the different conventional dosage forms.

Objectives: Upon completion of this course the student should be able to:

Know the history of profession of pharmacy

- Understand the basics of different dosage forms, pharmaceutical incompatibilities and pharmaceutical calculations
- Understand the professional way of handling the prescription
- Preparation of various conventional dosage forms

#### Course Content:

UNIT-I 10Hours

- Historical background and development of profession of pharmacy: History of
  profession of Pharmacy in India in relation to pharmacy education, industry and
  organization, Pharmacy as a career, Pharmacopoeias: Introduction to IP, BP, USP and
  Extra Pharmacopoeia.
- Dosage forms: Introduction to dosage forms, classification and definitions
- Prescription: Definition, Parts of prescription, handling of Prescription and Errors in prescription.
- Posology: Definition, Factors affecting posology. Pediatric dose calculations based on age, body weight and body surface area.

UNIT-II 10Hours

- Pharmaceutical calculations: Weights and measures Imperial & Metric system, Calculations involving percentage solutions, alligation, proof spirit and isotonic solutions based on freezing point depression and molecular weight method.
- Powders: Definition, classification, advantages and disadvantages, Simple & compound powders official preparations, dusting powders, effervescent, efflorescent and hygroscopic powders, eutectic mixtures. Geometric dilutions.
- Liquid dosage forms: Advantages and disadvantages of liquid dosage forms.
   Excipients used in formulation of liquid dosage forms. Solubility enhancement techniques

UNIT-III 08Hours

- Monophasic liquids: Definitions and preparations of Gargles, Mouthwashes, Throat Paint, Eardrops, Nasal drops, Enemas, Syrups, Elixirs, Liniments and Lotions.
- Biphasicliquids:
- Suspensions: Definition, advantages and disadvantages, classifications, Preparation
  of suspensions; Flocculated and Deflocculated suspension & stability problems and
  methods to overcome, evaluation.
- Emulsions: Definition, classification, emulsifying agent, test for the identification of type of Emulsion, Methods of preparation & stability problems and methods to overcome, evaluation.

UNIT-IV 08Hours

 Suppositories: Definition, types, advantages and disadvantages, types of bases, methods of preparations. Displacement value & its calculations, evaluation of suppositories.

• Pharmaceutical incompatibilities: Definition, classification, physical, chemical and therapeutic incompatibilities with examples.

UNIV-V 07Hours

• Semisolid dosage forms: Definitions, classification, mechanisms and factors influencing dermal penetration of drugs. Preparation of ointments, pastes, creams and gels. Excipients used in semi solid dosage forms. Evaluation of semi solid dosage forms

# PT196 PHARMACEUTICS I (Practical)

# 3 Hours / week 1 .Syrups

- a) Simple Syrup IP'66
- b) Compound syrup of Ferrous Phosphate BPC'68
- 2. Elixirs a) Piperazine citrateelixir
  - b) Paracetamol pediatric elixir
- 3. Linctus a) Terpin Hydrate Linctus IP'66
  - b) Iodine Throat Paint (Mandles Paint)
- 4. Solutions
- a) Strong solution of ammonium acetate
- b) Cresol with soap solution
- c) Lugol's solution
- 5. Suspensions
- a) Calamine lotion
- b) Magnesium Hydroxide mixture
- c) Aluminimum Hydroxide gel
- 6. Emulsions a) Turpentine Liniment
  - b) Liquid paraffin emulsion
- 7. Powders and Granules
  - a) ORS powder(WHO)
  - b) Effervescent granules
  - c) Dusting powder
  - d) Divided powders
- 8. Suppositories
  - a) Glycero gelatin suppository
  - b) Coca butter suppository
  - c) Zinc Oxide suppository
- 8. Semisolids
- a) Sulphur ointment
- b) Non staining-iodine ointment with methylsalicylate
- c) Carbopalgel
- 9. Gargles and Mouthwashes
  - a) Iodine gargle
  - b) Chlorhexidine mouthwash

Recommended Books: (Latest Editions)

- 1. H.C. Ansel et al., Pharmaceutical Dosage Form and Drug Delivery System, Lippincott Williams and Walkins, New Delhi.
- 2. Carter S.J., Cooper and Gunn's-Dispensing for Pharmaceutical Students, CBS publishers, NewDelhi.
- 3. M.E. Aulton, Pharmaceutics, The Science& Dosage Form Design, Churchill Livingstone, Edinburgh.
- 4. Indian pharmacopoeia.
- 5. British pharmacopoeia.
- 6. Lachmann. Theory and Practice of Industrial Pharmacy, Lea& Febiger Publisher, The University of Michigan.
- 7. Alfonso R. Gennaro Remington. The Science and Practice of Pharmacy, Lippincott Williams, New Delhi.
- 8. Carter S.J., Cooper and Gunn's. Tutorial Pharmacy, CBS Publications, New Delhi.
- 9. E.A. Rawlins, Bentley's Text Book of Pharmaceutics, English Language Book Society, Elsevier Health Sciences, USA.
- 10. Isaac Ghebre Sellassie: Pharmaceutical Pelletization Technology, Marcel Dekker, INC, NewYork.
- 11. Dilip M. Parikh: Handbook of Pharmaceutical Granulation Technology, Marcel Dekker, INC, New York.
- 12. Francoise Nieloud and Gilberte Marti-Mestres: Pharmaceutical Emulsions and Suspensions, Marcel Dekker, INC, New York.

#### PT 103 PHARMACEUTICAL INORGANIC CHEMISTRY (Theory)

45 Hours

Scope: This subject deals with the monographs of inorganic drugs and pharmaceuticals.

Objectives: Upon completion of course student shall be able to

- know the sources of impurities and methods to determine the impurities ininorganic drugs and pharmaceuticals
- understand the medicinal and pharmaceutical importance of inorganic compounds

#### Course Content:

UNIT I 10Hours

☐ Impurities in pharmaceutical substances: History of Pharmacopoeia, Sources and types of impurities, principle involved in the limit test for Chloride, Sulphate, Iron, Arsenic, Lead and Heavy metals, modified limit test for Chloride and Sulphate

General methods of preparation, assay for the compounds superscripted with asterisk (\*), properties and medicinal uses of inorganic compounds belonging to the following classes

UNITII 10Hours

- Acids, Bases and Buffers: Buffer equations and buffer capacity in general, buffers in pharmaceutical systems, preparation, stability, buffered isotonic solutions, measurements of tonicity, calculations and methods of adjusting isotonicity.
- Major extra and intracellular electrolytes: Functions of major physiological ions, Electrolytes used in the replacement therapy: Sodium chloride\*, Potassium chloride, Calcium gluconate\* and Oral Rehydration Salt (ORS), Physiological acid base balance.
- Dental products: Dentifrices, role of fluoride in the treatment of dental caries,
   Desensitizing agents, Calcium carbonate, Sodium fluoride, and Zinc eugenol cement.

UNITIII 10Hours

☐ Gastrointestinal agents

Acidifiers: Ammonium chloride\* and Dil. HCl

Antacid: Ideal properties of antacids, combinations of antacids, Sodium

Bicarbonate\*, Aluminum hydroxide gel, Magnesium hydroxide mixture Cathartics: Magnesium sulphate, Sodium orthophosphate, Kaolin and Bentonite Antimicrobials: Mechanism, classification, Potassium permanganate, Boric acid, Hydrogen peroxide\*, Chlorinated lime\*, Iodine and its preparations

UNITIV 08Hours

☐ Miscellaneous compounds

Expectorants: Potassium iodide, Ammonium chloride\*.

Emetics: Copper sulphate\*, Sodium potassium tartarate

Haematinics: Ferrous sulphate\*, Ferrous gluconate

Poison and Antidote: Sodium thiosulphate\*, Activated charcoal, Sodium nitrite333

Astringents: Zinc Sulphate, Potash Alum

UNITV 07Hours

 $\square$  Radiopharmaceuticals: Radio activity, Measurement of radioactivity, Properties of  $\alpha$ ,  $\beta$ ,  $\gamma$  radiations, Half life, radio isotopes and study of radio isotopes - Sodium iodide  $I^{131}$ , Storage conditions, precautions & pharmaceutical application of radioactive substances.

#### PT193 PHARMACEUTICAL INORGANIC CHEMISTRY (Practical)

4 Hours / Week

I Limit tests for following ions

Limit test for Chlorides and Sulphates

Modified limit test for Chlorides and Sulphates

Limit test for Iron

Limit test for Heavy metals

Limit test for Lead

Limit test for arsenic

II Identification test

Magnesium hydroxide

Ferrous sulphate

Sodium bicarbonate

Calcium gluconate

Copper sulphate

III Test forpurity

Swelling power of Bentonite

Neutralizing capacity of aluminum hydroxide gel

Determination of potassium iodate and iodine in potassium Iodide

IV Preparation of inorganicpharmaceuticals

Boric acid

Potash alum

Ferrous sulphate

# Recommended Books (Latest Editions)

- 1. A.H. Beckett & J.B. Stenlake's, Practical Pharmaceutical Chemistry Vol I &II, Stahlone Press of University of London, 4<sup>th</sup>edition.
- 2. A.I. Vogel, Text Book of Quantitative Inorganic analysis
- 3. P. Gundu Rao, Inorganic Pharmaceutical Chemistry, 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition
- 4. M.L Schroff, Inorganic Pharmaceutical Chemistry
- 5. Bentley and Driver's Textbook of Pharmaceutical Chemistry
- 6. Anand & Chatwal, Inorganic Pharmaceutical Chemistry
- 7. Indian Pharmacopoeia

PTB 184 REMEDIAL BIOLOGY (Theory)

30 Hours

Scope: To learn and understand the components of living world, structure and functional system of plant and animal kingdom.

Objectives: Upon completion of the course, the student shall be able to

- know the classification and salient features of five kingdoms of life
- understand the basic components of anatomy & physiology of plant
- know understand the basic components of anatomy & physiology animal with special reference to human

UNITI 07Hours

#### Living world:

- Definition and characters of living organisms
- Diversity in the living world
- Binomial nomenclature
- Five kingdoms of life and basis of classification. Salient features of Monera, Potista, Fungi, Animalia and Plantae, Virus,

# Morphology of Flowering plants

- Morphology of different parts of flowering plants Root, stem, inflorescence, flower, leaf, fruit, seed.
- General Anatomy of Root, stem, leaf of monocotyledons & Dicotylidones.

UNITII 07Hours

# Body fluids and circulation

- Composition of blood, blood groups, coagulation of blood
- Composition and functions of lymph
- Human circulatory system
- Structure of human heart and blood vessels
- Cardiac cycle, cardiac output and ECG

# Digestion and Absorption

- Human alimentary canal and digestive glands
- Role of digestive enzymes
- Digestion, absorption and assimilation of digested food

# Breathing and respiration

- Human respiratory system
- Mechanism of breathing and its regulation
- Exchange of gases, transport of gases and regulation of respiration 

  Respiratory volumes

UNITIII 07Hours

Excretory products and their elimination

- Modes of excretion
- Human excretory system- structure and function
- Urine formation
- Rennin angiotensin system

#### Neural control and coordination

- Definition and classification of nervous system
- Structure of a neuron
- Generation and conduction of nerve impulse
- Structure of brain and spinal cord
- Functions of cerebrum, cerebellum, hypothalamus and medulla oblongata

# Chemical coordination and regulation

- Endocrine glands and their secretions
- Functions of hormones secreted by endocrine glands

# Human reproduction

- Parts of female reproductive system
- Parts of male reproductive system
- Spermatogenesis and Oogenesis ☐ Menstrual cycle

UNITIV 05Hours

Plants and mineral nutrition:

- Essential mineral, macro and micronutrients
- Nitrogen metabolism, Nitrogen cycle, biological nitrogen fixation

# Photosynthesis

☐ Autotrophic nutrition, photosynthesis, Photosynthetic pigments, Factors affecting photosynthesis.

UNITY 04Hours

Plant respiration: Respiration, glycolysis, fermentation (anaerobic).

Plant growth and development

 Phases and rate of plant growth, Condition of growth, Introduction to plant growth regulators

#### Cell - The unit of life

• Structure and functions of cell and cell organelles. Cell division

#### **Tissues**

• Definition, types of tissues, location and functions.

#### **Text Books**

- a. Text book of Biology by S. B.Gokhale
- b. Biology for Engineers by Uma Devi, Khanna Book Publishing House.
- c. A Text book of Biology by Dr. Thulajappa and Dr. Seetaram.

# Reference Books

- a. A Text book of Biology by B.V. Sreenivasa Naidu
- b. A Text book of Biology by Naidu and Murthy
- c. Botany for Degree students By A.C. Dutta.
- d. Outlines of Zoology by M. Ekambaranatha ayyer and T. N. Ananthakrishnan.
- e. A manual for pharmaceutical biology practical by S.B. Gokhale and C. K. Kokate

# PTB 185 REMEDIAL BIOLOGY (Practical)

30 Hours

- 1. Introduction to experiments in biology
  - a) Study of Microscope
  - b) Section cutting techniques
  - c) Mounting and staining
  - d) Permanent slide preparation
- 2. Study of cell and its inclusions
- 3. Study of Stem, Root, Leaf, seed, fruit, flower and their modifications
- 4. Detailed study of frog by using computer models
- 5. Microscopic study and identification of tissues pertinent to Stem, Root Leaf, seed, fruit and flower
- 6. Identification of bones
- 7. Determination of blood group
- 8. Determination of blood pressure
- 9. Determination of tidal volume

#### Reference Books

- 1. Practical human anatomy and physiology. by S.R.Kale and R.R.Kale.
- 2. A Manual of pharmaceutical biology practical by S.B.Gokhale, C.K.Kokate and S.P.Shriwastava.
- 3. Biology practical manual according to National core curriculum .Biology forum of Karnataka. Prof.M.J.H.Shafi

# M 183 REMEDIAL MATHEMATICS (Theory)

30 Hours

Scope: This is an introductory course in mathematics. This subject deals with the introduction to Partial fraction, Logarithm, matrices and Determinant, Analytical geometry, Calculus, differential equation and Laplace transform.

Objectives: Upon completion of the course the student shall be able to:- 1.

Know the theory and their application in Pharmacy

- 2. Solve the different types of problems by applying theory
- 3. Appreciate the important application of mathematics in Pharmacy

#### Course Content:

UNIT–I	06Hour
□ Partial fraction Introduction, Polynomial, Rational fractions, Proper and Improper fractions, Partial fraction, Resolving into Partial fraction, Application of Partial Fraction in Chemical Kinetics and Pharmacokinetics	
☐ Logarithms Introduction, Definition, Theorems/Properties of logarithms, Common logarithms, Characteristic and Mantissa, worked examples, application of logarithm to solve pharmaceutical problems.	
• Function: Real Valued function, Classification of real valued functions,	
• Limits and continuity: Introduction , Limit of a function, Definition of limit of a function ( $\Box \Box \underline{x}_n \underline{\Box a}_n \underline{ n}\Box 1 \underline{ sin}\Box$ definition) , lim $\Box \Box na$ , lim $\Box 1$ , $\Box \Box$	
	$\Box a \Box \Box 0$
Matrices and Determinant:	06Hours
Introduction matrices, Types of matrices, Operation on matrices, Transpose	

of a matrix, Matrix Multiplication, Determinants, Properties of determinants, Product of determinants, Minors and co-Factors, Adjoint or adjugate of a square matrix, Singular and non-singular matrices, Inverse of a matrix,

Solution of system of linear of equations using matrix method, Cramer's rule, Characteristic equation and roots of a square matrix, Cayley–Hamilton theorem, Application of Matrices insolving Pharmacokinetic equations

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UNIT-III 06Hours

□ Calculus

Differentiation: Introductions, Derivative of a function, Derivative of a constant, Derivative of a product of a constant and a function ,Derivative of the sum or difference of two functions, Derivative of the product of two functions (productformula), Derivative of the quotient of twofunctions (Quotient formula) –Without Proof, Derivative of  $x^n$  w.r.tx, where nisany rational number, Derivative of  $e^x$ , Derivative of  $\log_e x$ , Derivative of  $a^x$ ,Derivative of trigonometric functions from first principles (without Proof), Successive Differentiation, Conditions for a function to be a maximum or a minimum at a point. Application

UNIT-IV 06Hours

Analytical Geometry

Introduction: Signs of the Coordinates, Distance formula,

Straight Line: Slope or gradient of a straight line, Conditions for parallelism and perpendicularity of two lines, Slope of a line joining two points, Slope – intercept form of a straight line

Integration:

Introduction, Definition, Standard formulae, Rules of integration, Method of substitution, Method of Partial fractions, Integration by parts, definite integrals, application

UNIT-V 06Hours

- Differential Equations: Some basic definitions, Order and degree, Equations in separable form, Homogeneous equations, Linear Differential equations, Exact equations, Application in solving Pharmacokinetic equations
- Laplace Transform: Introduction, Definition, Properties of Laplace transform, Laplace Transforms of elementary functions, Inverse Laplace transforms, Laplace transform of derivatives, Application to solve Linear differential equations, Application in solving Chemical kinetics and Pharmacokinetics equations

Recommended Books (Latest Edition)

1. Differential Calculus by Shanthinarayan

- 2. Pharmaceutical Mathematics with application to Pharmacy by Panchaksharappa Gowda D.H.
- 3. Integral Calculus by Shanthinarayan
- 4. Remedial Mathematics, S.B. Singh, Khanna Publishing House, New Delhi.
- 5. Higher Engineering Mathematics by Dr.B.S.Grewal
- 6. Advanced Engineering Mathematics by Dr. Chandrika Prasad & Dr. Reena Garg, Khanna Publishing House, New Delhi.