SSC GD Constable Exam: Mensuration MCQ Set

Instructions:

- This practice set contains 100 multiple-choice questions (MCQs) on Mensuration, covering 2D and 3D shapes.
- Each question carries 2 marks. There is a negative marking of 0.50 marks for each incorrect answer, as per the latest SSC GD exam pattern.
- Questions are based on the SSC GD syllabus for Quantitative Aptitude, focusing on Mensuration calculations at a 10th-grade level.
- Answers are provided with concise explanations for clarity.

Section 1: 2D Mensuration (Questions 1-50)

1	 What is the area of a rectangle with length 12 cm and breadth 8 	3 cm?
	A) 96 cm ²	
	B) 88 cm ²	

C) 100 cm²

D) 104 cm²

Answer: A

Explanation: Area of a rectangle = length \times breadth = 12 \times 8 = 96 cm².

- 2. The perimeter of a square is 48 cm. What is its area?
 - A) 121 cm²
 - B) 144 cm²
 - C) 169 cm²
 - D) 196 cm²

Answer: B

Explanation: Perimeter = $4 \times \text{side}$, so side = 48 / 4 = 12 cm. Area = $\text{side}^2 = 12^2 = 144 \text{ cm}^2$.

- 3. A triangle has a base of 10 cm and height of 6 cm. What is its area?
 - A) 30 cm²
 - B) 36 cm²
 - C) 40 cm²

D) 48 cm²

Answer: A

Explanation: Area of a triangle = $(1/2) \times$ base \times height = $(1/2) \times 10 \times 6 = 30 \text{ cm}^2$.

- 4. The circumference of a circle is 44 cm. What is its area? (Use π = 22/7)
 - A) 144 cm²
 - B) 154 cm²
 - C) 164 cm²
 - D) 174 cm²

Answer: B

Explanation: Circumference = $2\pi r = 44$, so $r = 44 / (2 \times 22/7) = 7$ cm. Area = $\pi r^2 = (22/7) \times 7^2 = 154$ cm².

- 5. A rectangle has an area of 72 cm² and length of 9 cm. What is its breadth?
 - A) 6 cm
 - B) 8 cm
 - C) 10 cm
 - D) 12 cm

Answer: B

Explanation: Area = length \times breadth, so $72 = 9 \times$ breadth, breadth = 72 / 9 = 8 cm.

- 6. The side of a square is 15 cm. What is its perimeter?
 - A) 45 cm
 - B) 60 cm
 - C) 75 cm
 - D) 90 cm

Answer: B

Explanation: Perimeter of a square = $4 \times \text{side} = 4 \times 15 = 60 \text{ cm}$.

- 7. A triangle's area is 24 cm², and its base is 8 cm. What is its height?
 - A) 4 cm
 - B) 5 cm

- C) 6 cm
- D) 7 cm

Explanation: Area = (1/2) × base × height, so 24 = (1/2) × 8 × height, height = $(24 \times 2) / 8 = 6$ cm.

- 8. The diameter of a circle is 14 cm. What is its circumference? (Use π = 22/7)
 - A) 40 cm
 - B) 44 cm
 - C) 48 cm
 - D) 52 cm

Answer: B

Explanation: Radius = 14 / 2 = 7 cm. Circumference = $2\pi r = 2 \times (22/7) \times 7 = 44$ cm.

- 9. A rectangular garden has a length of 20 m and breadth of 15 m. What is its perimeter?
 - A) 60 m
 - B) 70 m
 - C) 80 m
 - D) 90 m

Answer: B

Explanation: Perimeter of a rectangle = 2(length + breadth) = 2(20 + 15) = 70 m.

- 10. The area of a square is 81 cm². What is its side length?
 - A) 7 cm
 - B) 8 cm
 - C) 9 cm
 - D) 10 cm

Answer: C

Explanation: Area = side², so side = $\sqrt{81}$ = 9 cm.

11. A triangle has an area of 45 cm² and height of 9 cm. What is its base?

- A) 8 cm
- B) 9 cm
- C) 10 cm
- D) 11 cm

Explanation: Area = $(1/2) \times$ base \times height, so $45 = (1/2) \times$ base \times 9, base = $(45 \times 2) / 9 = 10$ cm.

- 12. The radius of a circle is 7 cm. What is its area? (Use π = 22/7)
 - A) 144 cm²
 - B) 154 cm²
 - C) 164 cm²
 - D) 174 cm²

Answer: B

Explanation: Area = πr^2 = (22/7) × 7^2 = 154 cm².

- 13. A rectangle's perimeter is 50 cm, and its length is 15 cm. What is its breadth?
 - A) 8 cm
 - B) 10 cm
 - C) 12 cm
 - D) 14 cm

Answer: B

Explanation: Perimeter = 2(length + breadth), so 50 = 2(15 + breadth), breadth = (50 / 2) - 15 = 10 cm.

- 14. The side of a square is 20 cm. What is its area?
 - A) 360 cm²
 - B) 400 cm²
 - C) 440 cm²
 - D) 480 cm²

Answer: B

Explanation: Area = $side^2 = 20^2 = 400 \text{ cm}^2$.

15. A triangle's base is 12 cm, and its area is 36 cm². What is its height?

A) 4 cm
B) 5 cm
C) 6 cm
D) 7 cm
Answer: C
Explanation: Area = $(1/2) \times$ base \times height, so $36 = (1/2) \times 12 \times$ height, height = $(36 \times 2) / 12 = 6$ cm.
16. The circumference of a circle is 88 cm. What is its radius? (Use π = 22/7)
A) 12 cm
B) 14 cm
C) 16 cm
D) 18 cm
Answer: B
Explanation: Circumference = $2\pi r$ = 88, so r = 88 / (2 × 22/7) = 14 cm.
17. A rectangle has an area of 120 cm ² and breadth of 8 cm. What is its
length?
A) 12 cm
B) 14 cm
C) 15 cm
D) 16 cm
Answer: C
Explanation: Area = length \times breadth, so 120 = length \times 8, length = 120 / 8 = 15 cm.
18. The perimeter of a square is 64 cm. What is its side length?
A) 14 cm
B) 16 cm
C) 18 cm
D) 20 cm
Answer: B
Explanation: Perimeter = $4 \times \text{side}$, so side = $64 / 4 = 16 \text{ cm}$.

19. A triangle has an area of 60 cm² and base of 15 cm. What is its height? A) 6 cm B) 7 cm C) 8 cm D) 9 cm Answer: C Explanation: Area = $(1/2)$ × base × height, so $60 = (1/2)$ × 15 × height, height = (60×2) / $15 = 8$ cm.
20. The diameter of a circle is 28 cm. What is its area? (Use π = 22/7) A) 616 cm² B) 628 cm² C) 640 cm² D) 652 cm² Answer: A Explanation: Radius = 28 / 2 = 14 cm. Area = π r² = (22/7) × 14² = 616 cm².
21. A rectangle's length is 25 m, and its perimeter is 70 m. What is its breadth? A) 10 m B) 12 m C) 14 m D) 16 m Answer: A Explanation: Perimeter = 2(length + breadth), so 70 = 2(25 + breadth), breadth = (70 / 2) - 25 = 10 m.
22. The area of a square is 100 cm². What is its perimeter? A) 36 cm B) 40 cm C) 44 cm D) 48 cm Answer: B

Explanation: Area = side², so side = $\sqrt{100}$ = 10 cm. Perimeter = 4 × side = 4 × 10 = 40 cm.

- 23. A triangle's height is 10 cm, and its area is 50 cm². What is its base?
 - A) 8 cm
 - B) 10 cm
 - C) 12 cm
 - D) 14 cm

Answer: B

Explanation: Area = $(1/2) \times$ base \times height, so $50 = (1/2) \times$ base \times 10, base = $(50 \times 2) / 10 = 10$ cm.

- 24. The radius of a circle is 21 cm. What is its circumference? (Use π = 22/7)
 - A) 126 cm
 - B) 132 cm
 - C) 138 cm
 - D) 144 cm

Answer: B

Explanation: Circumference = $2\pi r = 2 \times (22/7) \times 21 = 132$ cm.

- 25. A rectangle has an area of 150 cm² and length of 15 cm. What is its breadth?
 - A) 8 cm
 - B) 10 cm
 - C) 12 cm
 - D) 14 cm

Answer: B

Explanation: Area = length \times breadth, so 150 = 15 \times breadth, breadth = 150 / 15 = 10 cm.

- 26. The side of a square is 18 cm. What is its perimeter?
 - A) 64 cm
 - B) 68 cm
 - C) 72 cm

D) 76 cm

Answer: C

Explanation: Perimeter = $4 \times \text{side} = 4 \times 18 = 72 \text{ cm}$.

- 27. A triangle has an area of 72 cm² and base of 12 cm. What is its height?
 - A) 10 cm
 - B) 11 cm
 - C) 12 cm
 - D) 13 cm

Answer: C

Explanation: Area = (1/2) × base × height, so 72 = (1/2) × 12 × height, height = $(72 \times 2) / 12 = 12$ cm.

- 28. The circumference of a circle is 66 cm. What is its area? (Use π = 22/7)
 - A) 346.5 cm²
 - B) 356.5 cm²
 - C) 366.5 cm²
 - D) 376.5 cm²

Answer: A

Explanation: Circumference = $2\pi r = 66$, so $r = 66 / (2 \times 22/7) = 10.5$ cm. Area = $\pi r^2 = (22/7) \times (10.5)^2 = 346.5$ cm².

- 29. A rectangle's perimeter is 60 cm, and its breadth is 12 cm. What is its length?
 - A) 16 cm
 - B) 18 cm
 - C) 20 cm
 - D) 22 cm

Answer: B

Explanation: Perimeter = 2(length + breadth), so 60 = 2(length + 12), length = (60 / 2) - 12 = 18 cm.

- 30. The area of a square is 169 cm². What is its side length?
 - A) 11 cm
 - B) 12 cm

- C) 13 cm
- D) 14 cm

Explanation: Area = side², so side = $\sqrt{169}$ = 13 cm.

- 31. A triangle has an area of 90 cm² and height of 12 cm. What is its base?
 - A) 12 cm
 - B) 14 cm
 - C) 15 cm
 - D) 16 cm

Answer: C

Explanation: Area = (1/2) × base × height, so 90 = (1/2) × base × 12, base = $(90 \times 2) / 12 = 15$ cm.

- 32. The radius of a circle is 14 cm. What is its area? (Use π = 22/7)
 - A) 652 cm²
 - B) 628 cm²
 - C) 640 cm²
 - D) 616 cm²

Answer: D

Explanation: Area = πr^2 = (22/7) × 14² = 616 cm².

- 33. A rectangle's length is 30 m, and its perimeter is 80 m. What is its breadth?
 - A) 10 m
 - B) 12 m
 - C) 14 m
 - D) 16 m

Answer: A

Explanation: Perimeter = 2(length + breadth), so 80 = 2(30 + breadth), breadth = (80 / 2) - 30 = 10 m.

- 34. The perimeter of a square is 56 cm. What is its area?
 - A) 144 cm²
 - B) 169 cm²

- C) 196 cm²
- D) 225 cm²

Explanation: Perimeter = $4 \times \text{side}$, so side = 56 / 4 = 14 cm. Area = $\text{side}^2 = 14^2 = 196 \text{ cm}^2$.

- 35. A triangle's base is 16 cm, and its area is 48 cm². What is its height?
 - A) 5 cm
 - B) 6 cm
 - C) 7 cm
 - D) 8 cm

Answer: B

Explanation: Area = (1/2) × base × height, so 48 = (1/2) × 16 × height, height = $(48 \times 2) / 16 = 6$ cm.

- 36. The diameter of a circle is 42 cm. What is its circumference? (Use π = 22/7)
 - A) 126 cm
 - B) 132 cm
 - C) 138 cm
 - D) 144 cm

Answer: B

Explanation: Radius = 42 / 2 = 21 cm. Circumference = $2\pi r = 2 \times (22/7) \times 21 = 132$ cm.

- 37. A rectangle has an area of 200 cm² and breadth of 10 cm. What is its length?
 - A) 18 cm
 - B) 24 cm
 - C) 22 cm
 - D) 20 cm

Answer: D

Explanation: Area = length \times breadth, so 200 = length \times 10, length = 200 / 10 = 20 cm.

38. The side of a square is 25 cm. What is its perimeter? A) 90 cm B) 95 cm C) 100 cm D) 105 cm Answer: C Explanation: Perimeter = 4 × side = 4 × 25 = 100 cm.	
39. A triangle has an area of 120 cm² and base of 20 cm. What is its height? A) 10 cm B) 11 cm C) 12 cm D) 13 cm Answer: C Explanation: Area = (1/2) × base × height, so 120 = (1/2) × 20 × height	ght
height = $(120 \times 2) / 20 = 12$ cm.	-
40. The circumference of a circle is 110 cm. What is its radius? (Use π 22/7) A) 15 cm B) 16 cm C) 17.5 cm D) 18.5 cm Answer: C Explanation: Circumference = $2\pi r = 110$, so $r = 110$ / (2 × 22/7) = 17 cm.	7.5
 41. A rectangle's perimeter is 72 cm, and its length is 20 cm. What is its breadth? A) 14 cm B) 15 cm C) 16 cm D) 17 cm Answer: C 	S

Explanation: Perimeter = 2(length + breadth), so 72 = 2(20 + breadth), breadth = (72 / 2) - 20 = 16 cm.

- 42. The area of a square is 64 cm². What is its side length?
 - A) 6 cm
 - B) 7 cm
 - C) 8 cm
 - D) 9 cm

Answer: C

Explanation: Area = side², so side = $\sqrt{64}$ = 8 cm.

- 43. A triangle has an area of 84 cm² and height of 14 cm. What is its base?
 - A) 10 cm
 - B) 11 cm
 - C) 12 cm
 - D) 13 cm

Answer: C

Explanation: Area = (1/2) × base × height, so 84 = (1/2) × base × 14, base = $(84 \times 2) / 14 = 12$ cm.

- 44. The radius of a circle is 10 cm. What is its circumference? (Use π = 3.14)
 - A) 60 cm
 - B) 62.8 cm
 - C) 64 cm
 - D) 66 cm

Answer: B

Explanation: Circumference = $2\pi r = 2 \times 3.14 \times 10 = 62.8$ cm.

- 45. A rectangle has an area of 180 cm² and length of 12 cm. What is its breadth?
 - A) 12 cm
 - B) 13 cm
 - C) 14 cm
 - D) 15 cm

Answer: D

Explanation: Area = length \times breadth, so $180 = 12 \times$ breadth, breadth = 180 / 12 = 15 cm.

- 46. The perimeter of a square is 80 cm. What is its area?
 - A) 360 cm²
 - B) 400 cm²
 - C) 440 cm²
 - D) 480 cm²

Answer: B

Explanation: Perimeter = $4 \times \text{side}$, so side = 80 / 4 = 20 cm. Area = $\text{side}^2 = 20^2 = 400 \text{ cm}^2$.

- 47. A triangle's base is 18 cm, and its area is 54 cm². What is its height?
 - A) 5 cm
 - B) 6 cm
 - C) 7 cm
 - D) 8 cm

Answer: B

Explanation: Area = (1/2) × base × height, so 54 = (1/2) × 18 × height, height = $(54 \times 2) / 18 = 6$ cm.

- 48. The diameter of a circle is 20 cm. What is its area? (Use π = 3.14)
 - A) 300 cm²
 - B) 314 cm²
 - C) 320 cm²
 - D) 330 cm²

Answer: B

Explanation: Radius = 20 / 2 = 10 cm. Area = πr^2 = 3.14 × 10² = 314 cm².

- 49. A rectangle's length is 24 m, and its perimeter is 68 m. What is its breadth?
 - A) 10 m
 - B) 11 m
 - C) 12 m

D) 13 m

Answer: A

Explanation: Perimeter = 2(length + breadth), so 68 = 2(24 + breadth), breadth = (68 / 2) - 24 = 10 m.

- 50. The area of a square is 144 cm². What is its perimeter?
 - A) 40 cm
 - B) 44 cm
 - C) 48 cm
 - D) 52 cm

Answer: C

Explanation: Area = side², so side = $\sqrt{144}$ = 12 cm. Perimeter = 4 × side = 4 × 12 = 48 cm.

Section 2: 3D Mensuration (Questions 51-100)

- 51. The volume of a cuboid is 600 cm³, with length 10 cm and breadth 5 cm. What is its height?
 - A) 10 cm
 - B) 12 cm
 - C) 14 cm
 - D) 16 cm

Answer: B

Explanation: Volume = length \times breadth \times height, so $600 = 10 \times 5 \times$ height, height = $600 / (10 \times 5) = 12$ cm.

- 52. A cube has a side length of 6 cm. What is its volume?
 - A) 200 cm³
 - B) 216 cm³
 - C) 224 cm³
 - D) 232 cm³

Answer: B

Explanation: Volume of a cube = $side^3 = 6^3 = 216 cm^3$.

53. The radius of a cylinder is 7 cm, and its height is 10 cm. What is its volume? (Use π = 22/7) A) 1540 cm ³ B) 1560 cm ³ C) 1580 cm ³ D) 1600 cm ³ Answer: A Explanation: Volume = π r ² h = (22/7) × 7 ² × 10 = 1540 cm ³ .
54. A cone has a radius of 3 cm and height of 4 cm. What is its volume? (Use π = 3.14) A) 36 cm ³
B) 37.68 cm ³ C) 38 cm ³
D) 39 cm ³ Answer: B
Explanation: Volume = $(1/3)\pi r^2 h = (1/3) \times 3.14 \times 3^2 \times 4 = 37.68 \text{ cm}^3$.
55. The radius of a sphere is 7 cm. What is its surface area? (Use π = 22/7)
A) 606 cm ²
B) 616 cm ²
C) 626 cm ² D) 636 cm ²
Answer: B
Explanation: Surface area = $4\pi r^2 = 4 \times (22/7) \times 7^2 = 616 \text{ cm}^2$.
56. A cuboid has dimensions 12 cm, 8 cm, and 6 cm. What is its surface
area?
A) 312 cm ² B) 324 cm ²
C) 336 cm ²
D) 348 cm ²
Answer: C

Explanation: Surface area = $2(lb + bh + hl) = 2(12 \times 8 + 8 \times 6 + 6 \times 12) = 2(96 + 48 + 72) = 336 \text{ cm}^2$.

- 57. A cube's volume is 125 cm³. What is its side length?
 - A) 4 cm
 - B) 5 cm
 - C) 6 cm
 - D) 7 cm

Answer: B

Explanation: Volume = side³, so side = $\sqrt[3]{125}$ = 5 cm.

- 58. The radius of a cylinder is 5 cm, and its height is 12 cm. What is its curved surface area? (Use π = 3.14)
 - A) 360 cm²
 - B) 376.8 cm²
 - C) 384 cm²
 - D) 390 cm²

Answer: B

Explanation: Curved surface area = $2\pi rh$ = $2 \times 3.14 \times 5 \times 12 = 376.8$ cm².

- 59. A cone has a radius of 6 cm and height of 8 cm. What is its slant height?
 - A) 10 cm
 - B) 11 cm
 - C) 12 cm
 - D) 13 cm

Answer: A

Explanation: Slant height = $\sqrt{(r^2 + h^2)}$ = $\sqrt{(6^2 + 8^2)}$ = $\sqrt{(36 + 64)}$ = 10 cm.

- 60. The radius of a sphere is 14 cm. What is its volume? (Use π = 22/7)
 - A) 11132 cm³
 - B) 11232 cm³
 - C) 11332 cm³
 - D) 11432 cm³

Explanation: Volume = $(4/3)\pi r^3 = (4/3) \times (22/7) \times 14^3 = 11332$ cm³.

- 61. A cuboid's volume is 720 cm³, with length 15 cm and height 6 cm. What is its breadth?
 - A) 6 cm
 - B) 8 cm
 - C) 10 cm
 - D) 12 cm

Answer: B

Explanation: Volume = length \times breadth \times height, so 720 = 15 \times breadth \times 6, breadth = 720 / (15 \times 6) = 8 cm.

- 62. A cube has a surface area of 150 cm². What is its side length?
 - A) 4 cm
 - B) 5 cm
 - C) 6 cm
 - D) 7 cm

Answer: B

Explanation: Surface area = $6 \times \text{side}^2$, so $150 = 6 \times \text{side}^2$, side² = 150 / 6 = 25, side = 5 cm.

- 63. The radius of a cylinder is 7 cm, and its volume is 1232 cm³. What is its height? (Use π = 22/7)
 - A) 8 cm
 - B) 9 cm
 - C) 10 cm
 - D) 11 cm

Answer: A

Explanation: Volume = $\pi r^2 h$, so $1232 = (22/7) \times 7^2 \times h$, h = $1232 / (22/7 \times 49) = 8$ cm.

- 64. A cone's volume is 100.48 cm³, and its radius is 4 cm. What is its height? (Use π = 3.14)
 - A) 5 cm

- B) 6 cm
- C) 7 cm
- D) 8 cm

Explanation: Volume = $(1/3)\pi r^2 h$, so $100.48 = (1/3) \times 3.14 \times 4^2 \times h$, h = $(100.48 \times 3) / (3.14 \times 16) = 6$ cm.

- 65. The radius of a sphere is 21 cm. What is its surface area? (Use π = 22/7)
 - A) 5444 cm²
 - B) 5544 cm²
 - C) 5644 cm²
 - D) 5744 cm²

Answer: B

Explanation: Surface area = $4\pi r^2$ = $4 \times (22/7) \times 21^2$ = 5544 cm².

- 66. A cuboid has dimensions 10 cm, 6 cm, and 5 cm. What is its volume?
 - A) 280 cm³
 - B) 300 cm³
 - C) 320 cm³
 - D) 340 cm³

Answer: B

Explanation: Volume = length \times breadth \times height = 10 \times 6 \times 5 = 300 cm³.

- 67. A cube's volume is 343 cm³. What is its surface area?
 - A) 252 cm²
 - B) 264 cm²
 - C) 276 cm²
 - D) 288 cm²

Answer: A

Explanation: Volume = side³, so side = $\sqrt[3]{343}$ = 7 cm. Surface area = 6 x side² = 6 x 7² = 252 cm².

68. The radius of a cylinder is 10 cm, and its height is 14 cm. What is its total surface area? (Use π = 3.14)

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A) 1758.4 cm<sup>2</sup>
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Explanation: Total surface area = $2\pi r(r + h) = 2 \times 3.14 \times 10 \times (10 + 14)$ = 1768.4 cm².

- 69. A cone has a radius of 5 cm and slant height of 13 cm. What is its total surface area? (Use π = 3.14)
 - A) 282.6 cm²
 - B) 292.6 cm²
 - C) 302.6 cm²
 - D) 312.6 cm²

Answer: A

Explanation: Total surface area = $\pi r(r + l) = 3.14 \times 5 \times (5 + 13) = 282.6$ cm².

- 70. The radius of a sphere is 7 cm. What is its volume? (Use π = 22/7)
 - A) 1436 cm³
 - B) 1446 cm³
 - C) 1456 cm³
 - D) 1466 cm³

Answer: A

Explanation: Volume = $(4/3)\pi r^3 = (4/3) \times (22/7) \times 7^3 = 1436$ cm³.

- 71. A cuboid's surface area is 214 cm², with length 7 cm and breadth 5 cm. What is its height?
 - A) 4 cm
 - B) 5 cm
 - C) 6 cm
 - D) 7 cm

Answer: C

Explanation: Surface area = 2(lb + bh + hl), so $214 = 2(7 \times 5 + 5 \times h + h \times 7)$, 107 = 35 + 12h, h = (107 - 35) / 12 = 6 cm.

72. A cube has a side length of 8 cm. What is its surface area?
A) 364 cm ²
B) 384 cm ²

Explanation: Surface area = $6 \times \text{side}^2 = 6 \times 8^2 = 384 \text{ cm}^2$.

73. The radius of a cylinder is 4 cm, and its volume is 301.44 cm³. What is its height? (Use π = 3.14)

- A) 5 cm
- B) 6 cm
- C) 7 cm
- D) 8 cm

Answer: B

Explanation: Volume = $\pi r^2 h$, so 301.44 = 3.14 × 4² × h, h = 301.44 / (3.14 × 16) = 6 cm.

74. A cone's volume is 235.5 cm³, and its height is 15 cm. What is its radius? (Use π = 3.14)

- A) 2 cm
- B) 3 cm
- C) 4 cm
- D) 5 cm

Answer: B

Explanation: Volume = $(1/3)\pi r^2 h$, so $235.5 = (1/3) \times 3.14 \times r^2 \times 15$, $r^2 = (235.5 \times 3) / (3.14 \times 15) = 9$, r = 3 cm.

75. The radius of a sphere is 10 cm. What is its surface area? (Use π = 3.14)

- A) 1256 cm²
- B) 1266 cm²
- C) 1276 cm²
- D) 1286 cm²

Explanation: Surface area = $4\pi r^2 = 4 \times 3.14 \times 10^2 = 1256$ cm².

76. A cuboid has dimensions 15 cm, 10 cm, and 8 cm. What is its volume?

- A) 1100 cm³
- B) 1200 cm³
- C) 1300 cm³
- D) 1400 cm³

Answer: B

Explanation: Volume = length \times breadth \times height = 15 \times 10 \times 8 = 1200 cm³.

77. A cube's surface area is 294 cm². What is its volume?

- A) 333 cm³
- B) 343 cm³
- C) 353 cm³
- D) 363 cm³

Answer: B

Explanation: Surface area = $6 \times \text{side}^2$, so $\text{side}^2 = 294 / 6 = 49$, side = 7 cm. Volume = $\text{side}^3 = 7^3 = 343 \text{ cm}^3$.

78. The radius of a cylinder is 8 cm, and its height is 10 cm. What is its curved surface area? (Use π = 3.14)

- A) 502.4 cm²
- B) 512.4 cm²
- C) 522.4 cm²
- D) 532.4 cm²

Answer: A

Explanation: Curved surface area = $2\pi rh$ = $2 \times 3.14 \times 8 \times 10 = 502.4$ cm².

79. A cone has a radius of 4 cm and height of 3 cm. What is its total surface area? (Use π = 3.14)

- A) 113.04 cm²
- B) 123.04 cm²

- C) 133.04 cm²
- D) 143.04 cm²

Explanation: Slant height = $\sqrt{(4^2 + 3^2)}$ = 5 cm. Total surface area = $\pi r(r + 1)$ = 3.14 × 4 × (4 + 5) = 113.04 cm².

- 80. The radius of a sphere is 12 cm. What is its volume? (Use π = 3.14)
 - A) 7234.56 cm³
 - B) 7334.56 cm³
 - C) 7434.56 cm³
 - D) 7534.56 cm³

Answer: A

Explanation: Volume = $(4/3)\pi r^3 = (4/3) \times 3.14 \times 12^3 = 7234.56$ cm³.

- 81. A cuboid's volume is 900 cm³, with breadth 10 cm and height 5 cm. What is its length?
 - A) 15 cm
 - B) 16 cm
 - C) 17 cm
 - D) 18 cm

Answer: D

Explanation: Volume = length \times breadth \times height, so 900 = length \times 10 \times 5, length = 900 / (10 \times 5) = 18 cm.

- 82. A cube has a side length of 10 cm. What is its volume?
 - A) 900 cm³
 - B) 1000 cm³
 - C) 1100 cm³
 - D) 1200 cm³

Answer: B

Explanation: Volume = $side^3 = 10^3 = 1000 \text{ cm}^3$.

- 83. The radius of a cylinder is 6 cm, and its height is 15 cm. What is its total surface area? (Use π = 3.14)
 - A) 678.24 cm²

- B) 688.24 cm²
- C) 698.24 cm²
- D) 708.24 cm²

Explanation: Total surface area = $2\pi r(r + h) = 2 \times 3.14 \times 6 \times (6 + 15) = 678.24 \text{ cm}^2$.

- 84. A cone's volume is 314 cm³, and its radius is 5 cm. What is its height? (Use π = 3.14)
 - A) 10 cm
 - B) 11 cm
 - C) 12 cm
 - D) 13 cm

Answer: C

Explanation: Volume = $(1/3)\pi r^2 h$, so $314 = (1/3) \times 3.14 \times 5^2 \times h$, h = $(314 \times 3) / (3.14 \times 25) = 12$ cm.

- 85. The radius of a sphere is 15 cm. What is its surface area? (Use π = 3.14)
 - A) 2720 cm²
 - B) 2820 cm²
 - C) 2920 cm²
 - D) 3020 cm²

Answer: B

Explanation: Surface area = $4\pi r^2$ = $4 \times 3.14 \times 15^2$ = 2820 cm².

- 86. A cuboid has dimensions 20 cm, 12 cm, and 8 cm. What is its surface area?
 - A) 832 cm²
 - B) 842 cm²
 - C) 852 cm²
 - D) 862 cm²

Answer: A

Explanation: Surface area = $2(lb + bh + hl) = 2(20 \times 12 + 12 \times 8 + 8 \times 20) = 2(240 + 96 + 160) = 832 \text{ cm}^2$.

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- A) 7 cm
- B) 8 cm
- C) 9 cm
- D) 10 cm

Explanation: Volume = side³, so side = $\sqrt[3]{512}$ = 8 cm.

88. The radius of a cylinder is 5 cm, and its volume is 785 cm³. What is its height? (Use π = 3.14)

- A) 9 cm
- B) 10 cm
- C) 11 cm
- D) 12 cm

Answer: B

Explanation: Volume = $\pi r^2 h$, so $785 = 3.14 \times 5^2 \times h$, h = $785 / (3.14 \times 25)$ = 10 cm.

- 89. A cone has a radius of 7 cm and height of 24 cm. What is its slant height?
 - A) 25 cm
 - B) 26 cm
 - C) 27 cm
 - D) 28 cm

Answer: A

Explanation: Slant height = $\sqrt{(r^2 + h^2)} = \sqrt{(7^2 + 24^2)} = \sqrt{(49 + 576)} = 25$ cm.

- 90. The radius of a sphere is 9 cm. What is its volume? (Use π = 3.14)
 - A) 3052.08 cm³
 - B) 3152.08 cm³
 - C) 3252.08 cm³
 - D) 3352.08 cm³

Answer: A

Explanation: Volume = $(4/3)\pi r^3 = (4/3) \times 3.14 \times 9^3 = 3052.08 \text{ cm}^3$.

- 91. A cuboid's volume is 480 cm³, with length 12 cm and breadth 8 cm. What is its height?
 - A) 4 cm
 - B) 5 cm
 - C) 6 cm
 - D) 7 cm

Answer: B

Explanation: Volume = length \times breadth \times height, so $480 = 12 \times 8 \times$ height, height = $480 / (12 \times 8) = 5$ cm.

- 92. A cube has a surface area of 216 cm². What is its volume?
 - A) 196 cm³
 - B) 216 cm³
 - C) 236 cm³
 - D) 256 cm³

Answer: B

Explanation: Surface area = $6 \times \text{side}^2$, so $\text{side}^2 = 216 / 6 = 36$, side = $6 \times \text{cm}$. Volume = $\text{side}^3 = 6^3 = 216 \text{ cm}^3$.

- 93. The radius of a cylinder is 8 cm, and its height is 12 cm. What is its curved surface area? (Use π = 3.14)
 - A) 602.88 cm²
 - B) 612.88 cm²
 - C) 622.88 cm²
 - D) 632.88 cm²

Answer: A

Explanation: Curved surface area = $2\pi rh$ = $2 \times 3.14 \times 8 \times 12 = 602.88$ cm².

- 94. A cone's volume is 942 cm³, and its height is 18 cm. What is its radius? (Use π = 3.14)
 - A) 4 cm
 - B) 5 cm

- C) 6 cm
- D) 7 cm

Explanation: Volume = $(1/3)\pi r^2 h$, so $942 = (1/3) \times 3.14 \times r^2 \times 18$, $r^2 = (942 \times 3) / (3.14 \times 18) = 25$, r = 5 cm.

- 95. The radius of a sphere is 18 cm. What is its surface area? (Use π = 3.14)
 - A) 4069.44 cm²
 - B) 4169.44 cm²
 - C) 4269.44 cm²
 - D) 4369.44 cm²

Answer: A

Explanation: Surface area = $4\pi r^2$ = $4 \times 3.14 \times 18^2$ = 4069.44 cm².

- 96. A cuboid has dimensions 16 cm, 10 cm, and 6 cm. What is its volume?
 - A) 920 cm³
 - B) 960 cm³
 - C) 1000 cm³
 - D) 1040 cm³

Answer: B

Explanation: Volume = length \times breadth \times height = 16 \times 10 \times 6 = 960 cm³.

- 97. A cube's volume is 729 cm³. What is its surface area?
 - A) 474 cm²
 - B) 486 cm²
 - C) 498 cm²
 - D) 510 cm²

Answer: B

Explanation: Volume = side³, so side = $\sqrt[3]{729}$ = 9 cm. Surface area = 6 x side² = 6 x 9² = 486 cm².

98. The radius of a cylinder is 10 cm, and its height is 20 cm. What is its total surface area? (Use π = 3.14)

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A) 1884 cm<sup>2</sup>
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- B) 1894 cm²
- C) 1904 cm²
- D) 1914 cm²

Explanation: Total surface area = $2\pi r(r + h) = 2 \times 3.14 \times 10 \times (10 + 20)$ = 1884 cm^2 .

- 99. A cone has a radius of 6 cm and slant height of 10 cm. What is its total surface area? (Use π = 3.14)
 - A) 301.44 cm²
 - B) 311.44 cm²
 - C) 321.44 cm²
 - D) 331.44 cm²

Answer: A

Explanation: Total surface area = $\pi r(r + I) = 3.14 \times 6 \times (6 + 10) = 301.44$ cm².

- 100. The radius of a sphere is 6 cm. What is its volume? (Use π = 3.14)
 - A) 904.32 cm³
 - B) 914.32 cm³
 - C) 924.32 cm³
 - D) 934.32 cm³

Answer: A

Explanation: Volume = $(4/3)\pi r^3 = (4/3) \times 3.14 \times 6^3 = 904.32 \text{ cm}^3$.

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