## SSC GD Constable Exam : Cloze Test (English) Syllabus Summary

#### **Overview**

The Cloze Test (English) section is a significant component of the English Language section in the SSC GD Constable Exam, designed to test candidates' ability to fill in blanks within a passage with grammatically and contextually appropriate words or phrases at a 10th-grade level. This section assesses proficiency in grammar, vocabulary, comprehension, and logical coherence, typically through multiple-choice questions (MCQs) requiring candidates to select the correct word or phrase to complete a passage. Cloze Test questions evaluate the ability to understand context and maintain the flow of ideas in a passage.

#### **Syllabus Details**

The Cloze Test section focuses on the following areas:

- 1. \*\*Contextual Understanding\*\*: Selecting words or phrases that fit the passage's meaning, tone, and context.
- 2. \*\*Grammar-Based Completion\*\*: Choosing options that ensure grammatical accuracy (e.g., correct tense, preposition, or part of speech).
- 3. \*\*Vocabulary-Based Completion\*\*: Selecting words that align with the passage's vocabulary level and theme.
- 4. \*\*Logical Coherence\*\*: Ensuring the chosen words maintain the passage's logical flow and connectivity.
- 5. \*\*Common Topics\*\*: Passages cover general topics like education, environment, social issues, or daily life, using simple vocabulary and sentence structures.
- \*\*Question Types\*\*: Multiple-choice questions (MCQs) with four options, typically involving a short passage (100–150 words) with 4–6 blanks, where candidates choose the correct word or phrase for each blank.
- \*\*Weightage\*\*: Approximately 4–6 questions (8–12 marks) in the English/Hindi section, which includes 20 questions (40 marks) in the Computer-Based Examination (CBE).
- \*\*Difficulty Level\*\*: 10th-grade standard, focusing on basic grammar, vocabulary, and comprehension skills.

- \*\*Topics\*\*: Questions test parts of speech, tenses, prepositions, articles, conjunctions, and vocabulary in the context of a passage.

# **Important Grammar and Vocabulary Rules for Cloze Test**

To excel in the Cloze Test section, candidates must master the following
key rules:
1. **Parts of Speech**:
- Ensure the word fits the grammatical role (e.g., noun: "The is green
= grass; verb: "She daily" = walks).
- Match adjectives, adverbs, or prepositions to the sentence's structure
(e.g., "She runs" = quickly, an adverb).
2. **Tense Consistency**:
- Maintain the passage's tense (e.g., a past-tense passage requires past
tense verbs: "She yesterday" = walked).
- Avoid tense shifts unless the context changes (e.g., "She walks and
yesterday" = incorrect if "sang"; should be "sang").
3. **Prepositions and Articles**:
- Choose correct prepositions (e.g., "She is good singing" = at).
- Use appropriate articles (e.g., " apple fell" = An, vowel sound).
4. **Conjunctions and Connectors**:
- Use conjunctions to maintain logical flow (e.g., "She studied
passed" = and).
- Select connectors like "however," "therefore," or "because" to show
relationships (e.g., contrast, cause).
5. **Vocabulary and Context**:
- Choose words that match the passage's tone and meaning (e.g., "The
meeting was" = successful, not sad).
- Use British English spellings, as SSC GD follows this convention (e.g.,
"colour" vs. "color").
6. **Subject-Verb Agreement**:
- Ensure agreement (e.g., "The team united" = is, singular; "The
players fast" = are, plural).
7. **Sentence Flow**:

- Ensure the word maintains the passage's coherence (e.g., avoid abrupt shifts in tone or meaning).

- Check for logical progression between sentences (e.g., cause-effect, sequence).

### **Tips and Tricks for Preparation**

- 1. \*\*Understand Passage Context\*\*:
- Read the entire passage before answering to grasp its theme and tone (e.g., narrative, descriptive).
  - Ensure the word fits the passage's overall meaning and context.
- 2. \*\*Practice Fill-in-the-Blanks\*\*:
- Solve cloze test passages with blanks for grammar (e.g., verbs, prepositions) and vocabulary (e.g., synonyms).
  - Practice with passages of 100–150 words to mimic exam conditions.
- 3. \*\*Focus on Grammar Rules\*\*:
- Review tenses, prepositions, articles, and conjunctions to handle grammar-based blanks.
- Memorize common verb forms (e.g., go/goes/went) and prepositional phrases (e.g., "rely on").
- 4. \*\*Solve Past Papers\*\*:
- Analyze SSC GD previous year papers (2021–2024) to identify common cloze test patterns (e.g., verb tense, preposition, or connector blanks).
  - Practice passages with multiple blanks to improve speed and accuracy.
- 5. \*\*Read Actively\*\*:
- Read SSC-focused materials (e.g., The Hindu editorials, SSC magazines) to observe sentence flow and word usage.
  - Practice predicting missing words in articles to enhance comprehension.
- 6. \*\*Use Elimination Techniques\*\*:
- Rule out options that violate grammar rules (e.g., wrong tense or part of speech).
  - Eliminate words that don't fit the passage's tone or meaning.
- 7. \*\*Time Management\*\*:
- Spend 3–5 minutes on a cloze test (30–40 seconds per blank) to balance time across the English section.
- Answer grammar-based blanks first, then tackle vocabulary or connector-based ones.
- 8. \*\*Practice Mock Tests\*\*:

- Take timed mock tests with cloze test passages to simulate exam pressure and improve accuracy.
- Review incorrect answers to identify patterns in mistakes (e.g., wrong preposition or tense).
- 9. \*\*Memorize High-Frequency Words\*\*:
- Learn common SSC GD cloze test words (e.g., verbs: "choose," "decide"; connectors: "however," "therefore").
- Group words by function (e.g., contrast: "but," "however"; addition: "and," "also").
- 10. \*\*Focus on Logical Flow\*\*:
- Ensure the chosen word maintains the passage's coherence (e.g., a positive passage avoids negative words).
- Practice identifying relationships (e.g., cause: "because"; contrast: "however").

### **Common Mistakes to Avoid**

- **Ignoring Context**: Ensure the word fits the passage's meaning (e.g.,
"The event was" = successful, not boring).
- **Wrong Part of Speech**: Choose the correct grammatical role (e.g.,
"She runs" = quickly, not quick).
- **Tense Inconsistency**: Maintain the passage's tense (e.g., "She
yesterday" = walked, not walks).
- **Incorrect Connectors**: Avoid illogical conjunctions (e.g., "She studied
failed" = incorrect if "and"; should be "but").
- **Relying on Guesswork**: Use grammar, vocabulary, and context clues
to eliminate incorrect options.

# **Sample Question**

Question: Cor	nplete the sentence in	the passage:	"She wante	d to attend
the meeting, _	she was feeling un	ıwell."		

- A) and
- B) but
- C) so
- D) because

Answer: B

Explanation: The correct word is "but" to show contrast between wanting to attend and feeling unwell (correct sentence: "She wanted to attend the meeting, but she was feeling unwell").

---

#### **Disclaimer**

This SSC GD Constable Exam Cloze Test (English) Syllabus Summary is for educational purposes only and is not affiliated with or endorsed by the Staff Selection Commission (SSC). The content is based on the latest SSC GD syllabus and previous year question patterns. It is a supplementary resource and does not guarantee inclusion in the actual exam. Users should refer to official SSC materials for comprehensive preparation. The creator is not liable for errors or exam outcomes.