

# **SRI LANKA INSTITUTE OF INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY**

**BSc. Honors degree in IT (Sp. Cyber Security)**

**Year: 2 Semester: 1**



**Drone Hacking  
(Individual Assignment)**

**Introduction to Cyber Security Assignment – 2022**

**IE2022**

Student Registration Number	Student Name
IT21167096	DE ZOYSA A.S.

## **ACKNOWLEDGEMENT**

First of all, I would want to express my gratitude to Senior Lecturer Mr. Amila Senarathne, who guided us with his suggestions for finishing my report and the presentation I prepared in accordance with the assignment. His counsel helped me finish the assignment successfully from the beginning to the present. Additionally, without the knowledge that Mr. Amila Senarathne provided me with through the module IE2022- Introduction to cyber security, this task would not have been finished. Regarding the report's success, I would like to express my gratitude to the previous researchers who carried out excellent work in the fields of remote work and cyber security. Additionally, I'd like to thank everyone who supported me throughout my assignment period.

## **ABSTRACT**

When referring to drone technology we can see there are so many improvements and development in that technology. An example of an aircraft is a drone. Unmanned Aerial Vehicle(UAV) is another name for drone. It is known as unmanned because there is no pilot on board to control it. Future drones uses are anticipated to improve upon current ones in industries such as industrial inspection, package delivery, agriculture and others. Both the hardware and the software are anticipated to advance and offer a variety of features. Unidentified, remote controlled aircraft are referred to as drones. Unnamed drones can weigh anywhere between one pound and several hundred pounds. This thesis deals with drones that the Federal Aviation Administration classifies as being for consumer use. These drones must weigh between 0.55 and 55 lbs. Since there are now more consumer drones available for purchase than ever before, no-fly zone regulation needs to be centralized. This can be accomplished by developing a geodatabase and Web-GIS map that will visualize drone use areas. Drones fly-zone locations will be made clear to users, and reducing inadvertent drone trespassing will be accomplished by visualising and making drone use data widely accessible

## **(Introduction to topic)Drone Explain**

---

### **What is Drone?**

A drone is a type of unmanned aerial vehicle (UAV), which is an aircraft with no human pilot, crew, or passengers. Unmanned aerial vehicles (UAVs) are a part of unmanned aircraft systems (UAS), which also feature the installation of a controller on the ground and a communications network with the UAV. UAVs' flight can be remotely flown by a live person, or it can have varying degrees of autonomy, such as automatic pilot guidance, up to completely autonomous aircraft that don't permit for human involvement.

### **Why then do drones fly?**

Airplane mode and navigation are the mainly two drone functions. Drones need a source of power such as a battery as well as fuel, in order to fly. They also have a frame, rotors, and propellers. To reduce weight and improve agility, drone frames are often composed of lightweight composite materials. Drones need a controller, which enables the user to launch, steer, and land the aircraft via remote controls. Radio waves, such as Wi-Fi, are employed by the controllers to communicate with the drone.

### **What common characteristics and parts exist in drones?**

There are several parts that make up drones, including:

- electronic speed controllers, which regulate the speeds and direction of a motor;
- flight controllers;
- GPS units;
- Batteries;
- Antennas;
- Receivers;
- Cameras;
- Sensors, such as ultrasonic and collision-avoidance units;

- Accelerometers; and altimeters, which gauge altitude.

The characteristics of a drone vary depending on its intended usage. Good example of features are as follows:

- AI that enables the drone to follow things;
- A variety of cameras having high-performance, zoom, gimbal steady Cam, and tilt capabilities;
- Features enabling augmented reality that overlay virtual things on the drone's cameras stream;
- Media storage format,
- Maximum flying length, ascent and descent rates,
- Hover accuracy,
- Obstacle sensing range,
- Altitude hold, which maintains the drone at a set height,
- Live video stream, and flight records are some more features.

The nose of a drone is commonly where navigational devices like GPS are located. A drone's GPS informs the controller of its exact location. The internal altimeter may transmit altitude data. If the controller designates one, the altimeter also assists in maintaining the drone's height.

Sensors that may be assembled on drones include stability and orientation sensors, time-of-flight sensors, chemical sensors, ultrasonic, laser, and lidar distance sensors. Visual sensors provide both steady and moving visual information. Multispectral sensors capture visible and invisible wavelengths, such as infrared and ultraviolet, while red, green, and blue sensors collect the typical visual red, green, and blue wavelengths. Other typical drone characteristics include accelerometers, gyroscopes, magnetometers, barometers, and GPS.

Applications for surveillance and security like monitoring livestock and heat-signature identification, for instance, are made feasible by thermal sensors.

Hyperspectral sensors are useful for crop health, surface characteristics, and the identification of minerals and plants.

Some drones employ sensors to find obstructions and steer clear of crashes. At first, the sensors were intended to pick up anything in front of the drone. Obstacle identification is currently offered by certain drones in five ways: front, rear, below, above, and side to side.

Drones employ visual positioning systems that have cameras that point downward and ultrasonic sensors for landing. How near the drone is to the ground is determined by the ultrasonic sensors.

### **What kinds of drones are on the market?**

Drone platforms may be divided into two categories:

- Rotor, including single-rotor and multi-rotor aircraft like helicopters and tricopters, hexopters,quadcopters ;and
- Fixed-wing aircraft include VTOL drones that can take off and land vertically without using a runway.

Commercial aircraft or personal and recreational drones are the two main types of non-military drones.

### **Individual Drones**

Consumers may choose from a wide variety of personal drones. They provide HD video and still camera capabilities, and have become staple Black Friday and Cyber Monday offerings. Beginner pilots who want to fly them for entertainment or competition are frequently operators. These drones can be as light as under a pound, although they often weigh 10 pounds or less.

The following are some examples of widely used personal drones:

- High-end video is provided by Autel EVO II.
- Racing is the purpose of the DJI FPV Combo.
- Due to its folding shape and sensor technology, the DJI Air 2S is a wonderful tool for beginners.
- A capable camera drone with omnidirectional obstacle detecting is the DJI Mavic 3.
- The DJI Mini 2 is one of the lightest drones, weighing only 242 grams.
- The Parrot Anafi is a wind-resistant, small device with cutting-edge stabilizing functions.
- The AI-capable Power Vision Power Egg X can land on water, fly in any weather, and transform into a handheld camera.
- For novices, Ryze Tello has a good rating.

### **Industrial drones**

Drones that are stronger and more effective are also accessible for usage in business settings. The ScanEagle UAV from Identified sites, a Boeing business, has a 10-foot wingspan and weighs 35 pounds. The Integrator, an 80-pound aircraft with a 16-foot wingspan, is also built by Identified sites. Drones used in situ do not launch from runways. Instead, they make advantage of the VTOL capabilities in the launchers and recovery system of the organization. Electro-optic imagers, mid-wave infrared imagers, infrared markers, and laser rangefinders are among the available sensors.

In 2018, Boeing said it has developed a prototype for an autonomous electric VTOL cargo aircraft that could carry up to 500 pounds of payload.

Another choice is tethered drones. They are tethered to a base station physically. If the tether offers a direct power source, tethered systems can address the power supply issue that many drones encounter. For instance, Elistair's Safe-T drone tethering station has data transmission speeds of up to 200 Mbps, 2.5 kW power, and a maximum altitude of more than 200 feet.

Other commercial drone producers besides Identified sites and Elistair include:

- 3D robot
- DJI
- Hubsan
- Identified Technologies
- Measure
- Parrot
- PrecisionHawk
- Yuneec

### **Applications for drones in business and industry**

Over the past ten years, there has been a rise in non-military drone use. UAVs are employed for a variety of tasks besides surveillance and delivery, including drone journalism, disaster response, asset security, animal monitoring, firefighting, communications relay, healthcare, and agriculture.

Significant corporate applications have been developed thanks to the integration of drones with internet of things (IoT) technologies. Drones may assist in monitoring land and crops for agricultural firms, power lines and operating equipment for energy firms, and insurance properties for claims and policies for insurance companies using on-ground IoT sensor networks and drones.

One method of integrating drones with IoT was demonstrated in a 2015 Austin, Texas, experiment. In order to give a general picture of the IoT networks existing in the city's residential and commercial regions, a security technology firm partnered with a drone startup to look for Zigbee beacons. The results were rapid and illuminating, according to the firms.



Unmanned aerial systems and IoT are frequently brought up in conversations about logistics, agriculture, and security. They provide a part of constant communication and interaction.

**The following are some instances of how the best drone technology is applied:**

- Agriculture

Crop height is measured and recorded using drones. They employ lidar remote sensing technology, which lights the crop with a laser and measures what is reflected back to compute distance. This can support sustainable farming methods and assist farmers maximize agricultural productivity.

- Biological surveillance

Drones equipped with biological sensors fly to dangerous locations to measure the quality of the air or water. Additionally, they have the ability to detect certain microorganisms and air components.

watching for wildfires. Drones are used by firefighters to fly over a disaster region and examine the damage and rate of fire spread. Images captured show the devastation in detail.

- Monitoring of wildfires.

Drones are used by firefighters to fly over a disaster region and examine the damage and rate of fire spread. Images captured show the devastation in detail.

sports reporting. Drones are used by television networks to record video of athletic events that would otherwise be challenging to get, such as recorded and live flyover footage. Rules set forth by the S. Federal Aviation Administration (FAA), sports leagues, venues, and local law enforcement agencies must be followed while using drones.

## **Regulatory requirements for drones and UAVs**

The last decade has seen a rapid uptake of drone technology, raising objections and concerns about safety, security, and privacy. Drones are used by voyeurs and paparazzi to take pictures of people in their homes and other places that were formerly thought to be private. Drones are also employed in risky regions like cities and close to airports.

The possibility for airborne collisions and drone control loss has increased with the growth of both commercial and personal drone use. Calls for regulation have been sparked by specific worries about drones flying too close to commercial planes.

UAV laws have been created in several nations. Laws are constantly changing as drone use becomes more widespread. Pilots of personal and commercial drones must review the rules of the nation and the area in which they are using the equipment.

A drone license from the Chinese Civil Aviation Administration is required to operate in China over 400 feet. A license is also needed for drones that weigh more than 15 pounds, and no-fly zones must be followed.

## **Drone technology education**

Education about drones is growing. Aviation industry training has long taken place at Embry-Riddle Aeronautical University. Both a Bachelor of Science and a Master of Science in Unmanned Systems are currently available.

For those who wish to become licensed commercial drone pilots, a number of self-study tools are also accessible.

## **What are the prospects for drone technology in the future?**

The market for drones is expected to grow quickly and optimistically.

- According to Grandview Research, the commercial drone industry will generate \$501.4 billion in sales in 2028, up from \$20.8 billion in 2021.
- According to MarketsAndMarkets, the drone services market will increase from \$13.9 billion in 2021 to \$40.7 billion by 2026.
- By 2025, the drone sector will, according to the Association for Unmanned Vehicle Systems International, generate more than 100,000 new employments in the United States.

Many enterprises and governmental agencies will start using drones and autonomous aircraft. The development of ancillary technologies such as 5G, augmented reality, and computer vision is anticipated to propel the growth of the drone industry and enhance drone intelligence and communication.

Governmental organizations will be improving their laws and restrictions as both personal and commercial drone use expands. Additionally, drones will create new security flaws and attack methods.

## **1. What you should know about security and drones**

---

## **The security risk posed by drones**

Drones have several advantages, such as allowing your realtor to take aerial pictures of your home. Or, a drone can transport medical supplies in case of need. Drones, however, can bring up privacy issues. The privacy of your backyard may be an annoyance if a drone is flying over your house and snapping pictures, but drone security concerns go much deeper than that. Drones can be used to hack other electrical equipment or be hacked themselves. A hacker doesn't even need their own drone—they can modify yours in a number of ways to suit their needs. As the number of drones in our sky rises and hackers become more adept at identifying any gaps in drone security, the need for cyber security will only become more urgent.

## **How to hack into drones**

There square measure many ways for hacking a drone. A hacker is also able to lead of the drone once it's been found or downlink any video or different pictures that it's causing to its base station. Technically speaking, hacking a drone isn't significantly difficult, and plenty of drone operators leave their drones susceptible to assault.

For instance, GPS spoofing provides the drone with inaccurate GPS coordinates. The drone believes it's flying in step with its original set up however is basically being radio-controlled to a unique place. A drone could be accustomed designedly crash into a automobile, a person, or perhaps another drone, however a hacker out for a few fun may simply wish to try and do that. so as to steal it and its payload—which may embrace, for instance, a drone-mounted camera and therefore the pictures on its memory card—it may even be programmed to land on the point of the hacker.

Hacking drones is possible from up to a mile away. The hacker might get complete control of the drone and its systems by intercepting the command and control signal sent between the operator and the drone. Hacking a drone transmission isn't technically difficult because the radio signal is frequently unencrypted and straightforward to decode using a packet analyzer (or "sniffer"). The drone might not be able to navigate itself if the signal is simply blocked.

In his more advanced Skyjack drone hacking attempt, security researcher Samy

Kamkar used a drone with a Raspberry Pi payload to seize control of a swarm of other drones. Downlink threats allow a hacker to intercept data being transferred from the drone to a base station. This is similar to how botnets function to launch distributed denial of service attacks, taking over enormous numbers of individual computers and devices. In the case of First Person View (FPV) systems, footage may be transmitted from the drone to the controller, making it susceptible. This is especially true if the data isn't secured (which is often the case with consumer systems).

**Tips for drone security** You are not the only one who worries about the security of your own drone. Fortunately, there are a variety of techniques to increase the security of any drone against the risk of drone hacking. These advice on protecting your drone should help:

- Regularly update the drone's firmware.

Patches are released by the major drone manufacturers in response to emerging security risks, so routine upgrading should keep your drone one step ahead of hackers. (DJI released a security patch after hackers gained access to the manufacturer's website, giving them real-time access to drone customers' flight records, videos, images, and map views. However, some customers refused to install it, potentially allowing hackers access to all of their data.)

- To protect your base station app, use a strong password.

The majority of hackers will quit up and move on to simpler targets if you choose a strong password that combines letters, numbers, and special characters. This ought to prevent someone from hacking the drone signal.

If you use a laptop or smartphone as your controller, keep it safe and don't allow malware infect it. (Several US Army drones were reportedly infected with malware in 2012 when a drone operator downloaded and played a video game on the drone's computer.) Use antivirus software and avoid downloading questionable applications or services.

To prevent hackers from reading your conversations when you're connected to the internet, sign up for a Virtual Private Network (VPN). A VPN encrypts your connection and serves as a safe route to the internet, keeping hackers out.

Set a maximum of just one device per connection to your base station. This will stop a hacker from using your signal to commandeer other gadgets. The "Return to Home" (RTH) mode on your drone should work. Once you've established the home point, the drone will be able to return if its signal is lost, your signal is interfered with, or the battery runs out. You will be able to rescue your drone from a hijacking situation by doing this. RTH is vulnerable to GPS spoofing, though, as it depends on GPS to function.

- How hackers use drones to grab data

Historically, perimeter security has been used to secure computer systems both physically and digitally. However, since Wi-Fi and the Cloud make it easy to access data from anywhere, data has become more mobile. Additionally, RFID and the Internet of Things allow data to flow between smaller devices like security cameras, pallet labels, and product tags in retail establishments.

Physical access constraints may frequently stop hacking since technologies like Wi-Fi, Bluetooth, and RFID typically only function inside a specific region. Drones, however, provide hackers more mobility.

For instance, a drone may be used to drop a small computer, such a Raspberry Pi or ASUS Tinker Board, onto the top of an office building. Then, it might be used to launch assaults that take advantage of Wi-Fi, RFID, or Bluetooth weaknesses. In order to steal data from tablets and smartphones, it might pretend to be a Wi-Fi network. It could even take control of Bluetooth accessories like mouse and keyboards. Keylogging would make it possible for a computer installed on a drone to capture users' credentials.

## **How to identify and stop rogue(malicious) drones**

As unmanned aircraft (UAs) or unmanned aerial vehicles, drones are within the purview of the Federal Aviation Administration (FAA) (UAVs). Thus, they are safeguarded in two crucial ways:

1. You can't physically shoot them down or tamper with them.
2. You must not tamper with the drone's controller's and drone's communications.

In order to secure your space and your data, you must put a priority on it while taking defensive measures.

One strategy for reducing the threat posed by drones is geofencing. Geofencing is a technique for enclosing an area virtually using GPS or RFID-based software. Controls integrated into commercially available drones prohibit them from flying into (or taking off in) geofenced locations, and it will respond anytime an illegal drone enters the region. Large drone manufacturers like DJI and Parrot have geofencing integrated in their drones for vulnerable places like airports, prisons, and power plants.

Although some hackers have discovered a way to disable the geofencing software that forbids common drones from entering restricted zones, Drone hacks are widely available online, however geofencing may be easily avoided by wrapping the drone in tinfoil to prevent the GPS signal. Despite an attempt to launch a No-Fly Zone register in 2015, geofencing is also not generally accessible to customers.

Can you detect drones if you can't stop them? There are a few techniques to determine whether a drone is approaching you, but each of them has drawbacks. No foolproof method to capture a drone has been discovered to far. Unreliable drone detection techniques include radar, which can mistakenly identify birds as drones. Since acoustic sensors can be configured to distinguish specific drone types' distinct sound signatures, they may be a better approach to find unwanted drones.

By scanning the electromagnetic spectrum, RF scanners can find drones since they can identify drone signals. However, drones that just utilize GPS and radio signals to navigate won't be discovered in this manner.

Finally, thermal imaging picks up the heat that things release. This makes it possible to track drones using their thermal signature. However, false positives occur often.

Drones can be hard to find and stop. Therefore, most consumers would be better served by improving their basic home and Wi-Fi security than trying to find criminal drones.

### **How to protect your airspace and networks against drone assaults**

A solution like Kaspersky Antidrone will help you restore your peace of mind if you're concerned about drones violating your airspace. However, the best approach to safeguard your data if you're concerned about drones taking it is to make sure your data security is tightened up.

- If you're working on Wi-Fi, use a VPN to ensure that no one can hijack your internet connections. You may be secured whether using public Wi-Fi hotspots or at home using Kaspersky's VPN Secure Connection.
- Secure all IoT devices in your house and keep them on a guest network to prevent hackers from using a smart gadget to access your main network.
- Don't use the default username and password for your Wi-Fi router. Have a strong password for access and change your username so that hackers can't guess what kind of router or network you're using.
- Avoid using the same password across several networks or devices. Having a drone with a camera on it makes it much simpler for a hacker to access your whole digital life.

### **Future drone technology**



The FAA considers the commercial drone sector to be the major market for drones rather than the hobby market. Deliveries, assistance with surveying and mapping tasks, agricultural monitoring, and building safety checks in hazardous areas might all be done using drones. Given the possibilities, there will undoubtedly be more drones present, which will increase the danger to drone security. It may not be currently evident how drones may increase their security, but before commercial drone use becomes widely used, businesses will need to do so. Therefore, it's crucial that drone makers and business users adequately handle drone security concerns, and that you secure your internet and home network to avoid the threat of drone hacking.

### 3. Hack Enables Control of Drones Using "ExpressLRS" Protocol

A flaw in the gear that connects the transmitter and receiver makes a radio control system for drones susceptible to remote takeover.

The protocol is vulnerable because some of the data transmitted through over-the-air packets is link data, which a third party can exploit to sabotage the connection between the drone operator and the drone.

The connection between an ExpressLRS transmitter and receiver may be intercepted by anybody with the capacity to see the traffic between them, which "might result in full control of the target ship. Control problems on an already-flying aircraft would probably result in a crash.

### **Deficiency within the Drone Protocol**

The "binding phrase," a sort of identification utilized by the ExpressLRS protocol, ensures that the correct transmitter is talking to the correct receiver. The sentence is encoded exploitation the hashing technique MD5, that has been around for a few decade. The binding phrase, as expressed within the alert, is anti-collision instead of security, associate degreed security flaws associated with the phrase would possibly let an offender "extract a part of the identification shared between the receiver and transmitter." The "sync packets," or knowledge sent between the transmitter and receiver on a daily basis to stay them in adjust, ar at the guts of the difficulty. These packets reveal "75% of the bytes necessary to require over the association," that could be a significant slice of the binding phrase's distinctive identity (UID).

That barely leaves twenty fifth of the information exposed, or simply one computer memory unit. the ultimate portion of the UID could currently be brute forced, or noninheritable "by observance packets over the air while not brute forcing the sequences, however that approach is longer intense and error prone," because the report's author indicated.

An offender will connect with the receiver, that is that the target craft, and gain a minimum of partial management of it if they need the UID in their possession.

The bulletin's author steered the subsequent steps be created so as to patch over ExpressLRS's vulnerabilities. The UID should not be sent via the management association. it's not sensible to transmit the data required to make the FHSS sequence over the radio. The random range generator ought to be improved. this may entail shift to a safer technique or sterilization this algorithmic rule to avoid continuation sequences.

#### **4. New research demonstrates that hacker drones can spoof Wi-Fi and steal data?**

---

They have the ability to spoof Wi-Fi and steal data. You might want to turn off the WiFi on your phone if you see something odd in the London sky. A novel method of cyber hacking has been put to the test in the city by researchers using quadcopters that fly overhead while collecting data from your smartphone. Despite the fact that the experiment's creators are not malevolent, the technology might easily end up in the wrong hands.

### **A UAV Called Snoopy**

"Snoopy" is the name of the drone that was utilized in this SensePost experiment. Sadly, the technology isn't always as pure and pure-hearted as the project's name suggests. The idea was initially presented at the London-based 44Con Conference in 2012. At the Black Hat Asia cybersecurity conference in March 2014, researchers presented the results of more current testing with the drone.

Developer Glenn Wilkinson gave BBC a sneak peek of the technology at the security conference. He got smartphone data from hundreds of Black Hat attendees in a matter of minutes. Although it may seem outrageous, Wilkinson claims that he has collected information from participants at each security conference he has attended over the last 18 months. After gathering the data, he shows guests photographs of their residence or place of business to demonstrate the drone's impressive potential.

### **Snoopy's Workings**

Although the idea of a drone taking the data from your smartphone might sound innovative, none of the technology employed in the gadget is brand-new. Snoopy merely combines certain current technologies in an inventive way to take to the air while other items of this sort stayed grounded.

Snoopy uses unprotected WiFi networks to collect data from smartphones. Many smartphone users always keep their WiFi on. The phone continuously broadcasts signals in search of well-known networks. Snoopy intercepts these signals and makes use of them as a point of entry to learn crucial details about the user.

### **Your WiFi Connections and What They Say About You**

Snoopy may create a profile of you based on your prior WiFi connections even before it gets access to your most important data. In addition to restaurants, coffee shops, libraries, and schools, your house and place of employment are probably included in your most frequented networks. A profile with fancy dining establishments and executive offices of Fortune 500 companies will attract more attention than one with McDonald's WiFi and the neighborhood library.

Snoopy can even map out your WiFi networks using geolocation services, focusing on your business and area. Your phone is always searching for nearby connections, even while you're not actively connected to a wireless network. Your smartphone is almost shouting, "Home WiFi, are you there?" to Snoopy. Is Starbucks WiFi available?

### **Utilizing Your Network Against You**

Snoopy can do more than simply pinpoint the locations of your favorite networks when it intercepts a signal that is searching for a certain WiFi network. In order to trick you into thinking you are securely connected to a well-known WiFi provider while, in fact, you are connected through Snoopy, Snoopy can mimic the trusted networks on your phone.

Snoopy's WiFi allows you to use the Internet inadvertently, but the drone has access to all the data and information you transfer through the connection. The drone can gather your passwords, bank account information, and other sensitive information in a matter of minutes. Hackers may quickly and easily obtain credit card numbers or other information needed to take your identity in this way.

Developers gathered data from Amazon, PayPal, and Yahoo while testing the drone in London. In just one hour, the drone collected 150 distinct devices' network names.

### **The Goal of Snoopy**

The creators of Snoopy consider themselves moral hackers. The technique they're employing to gather network names and metadata is lawful, but it would be illegal to

capture passwords and other sensitive information with the purpose to exploit it. Snoopy's role is to highlight the dangers this kind of technology poses. Consumers and developers can better defend themselves and their technology against this type of drone if they are aware of its possibilities.

### **Snoopy's Possibilities**

Snoopy's drones are equipped with amazing skills. They may soar over the horizon without being seen. These drones can serve as an example of an ever-present threat since they hover above where you cannot see them or hear them. This kind of technology has virtually limitless possibilities. It might be used by law enforcement to monitor criminals' smartphone use. In the meanwhile, criminals may utilize such a product for a variety of illegal purposes.

### **How to Avoid Drones Like Snoopy and Stay Safe**

Really, there is only one method to safeguard oneself against Snoopy's technological advances. Every time you're not connected to a secure network, you must switch off your WiFi. This will stop your phone's persistent virtual voice, which is always searching for a connection to utilize. Drones like Snoopy may easily overhear your phone's connection search while your WiFi is turned on.

Learn how to turn the WiFi on and off by checking the settings on your phone. If you want to shield yourself from technology like Snoopy's, make it a practice to switch off the WiFi when you leave your house or place of business.

### **The Risks of Public WiFi**

As was previously indicated, Snoopy doesn't truly employ cutting-edge technologies to collect customer information. Users should be aware that there have always been very serious risks associated with using public WiFi networks. Whether you like Snoopy or not, if you routinely connect to free WiFi hot spots, like those at your neighborhood coffee shop, you can be giving cybercriminals access to your data.

Cybercriminals frequently use "man-in-the-middle assaults" to take your data. Hackers have the ability to place themselves between your device and a public WiFi network and intercept any data you transfer over it. The hacker can get important data from these transactions if you log onto Amazon, check your bank accounts, or use PayPal to make a purchase.

The growth of Snoopy is a huge warning sign that will help illustrate WiFi's risks. This gadget clearly demonstrates that, although being safely tucked away in your pocket, your phone is still a blazing beacon full of personal information about you that is amenable to theft with the correct technology.

## **5. Are Drones Hackable?**

---

Not many folks think about drones to be attainable targets for hackers. So, area unit they significantly in danger?

Drones are getting additional and additional common tools for each business and recreational usage. they're being used to maneuver things and for observation in a very form of sectors.

The issue of security is obtaining additional and additional crucial as there area unit additional drones within the skies. A rascal drone has the potential to damage each humans and property if it's pointed at them, privacy issues aside. will drones therefore be hacked? If they're, however would a hacker pair if they were?

Drones area unit admire computers, creating them a attainable target for hacking. Radio waves are accustomed operate drones. this suggests that associate degree wrongdoer could operate the drone while not even having physical access there to.

Drones have security safeguards, so it's unlikely that they're oftentimes compromised. However, everybody UN agency utilizes a drone ought to remember that they'll be hacked.

### **How will a Drone Be Hacked?**

By intercepting the transmission between the drone and therefore the person operational it, a drone could also be compromised. If the transmission were encrypted, this is able to not be possible, but several drones communicate in associate degree unsecured fashion.

This enables a hacker to use a packet someone to investigate the character of the affiliation. The wrongdoer will then act because the drone pilot and begin giving orders.



This typically involves the utilization of GPS spoofing. False coordinates are unit fed to the drone during this manner. The wrongdoer will then persuade the drone to fly to a precise place.

It's important to notice that each one of this presupposes that the potential drone hacker includes a sure degree of expertise. a symbol sender will create it significantly easier for associate degree wrongdoer to simply crash a drone.

Many drones can crash at once if the drone controller cannot communicate with the drone because of a symbol sender.

### **Why Would a Drone Be Hacked?**

There are many reasons why a drone is also hacked. somebody might sometimes simply wish to crash it. The offender couldn't approve of what the drone is doing; or else, they could plan to crash the drone to check their theory.

A lot of hot hacker could attempt to take the drone by force. They solely required to access the controls to inform it to land on the brink of them. once a lot of drones are deployed as delivery vehicles, we have a tendency to might observe this happening a lot of oftentimes.

It is conjointly attainable to hack into a drone and take its knowledge. The offender would possibly transfer any knowledge on the target device or see the camera stream.

### **How to forestall Hacking on Your Drone**

If you own a drone, there ar numerous steps you will desire forestall hacking. We've provided variety of prospects below.

## 1. Keep Your Controller Safe

Protecting the instrumentality that controls your drone is crucial if you are serious concerning keeping it safe. Your drone may well be at risk if that convenience picks up malware. Utilizing a selected convenience for your drone is one approach. the choice is to put in a reliable antivirus application on your laptop or phone and exercise extreme caution before downloading something.

## 2. Maintain software package Updates for Your Drone

If the maker of your drone offers software package upgrades, make certain you put in them as shortly as attainable. Fixes for suspected security flaws ar oftentimes enclosed in these upgrades.

## 3. Setup Security Programs

You might be ready to install software package to your drone that creates it tougher to hack, reckoning on the sort you have got. There ar many devices on the market to protect against hacking, that could be a real issue in several businesses.

## 4. listen after you Fly

A drone's transmission is also detected up to 1 mile away. thanks to this, the quantity of people WHO would arrange to take charge of a flying object will increase dramatically after you do therefore in inhabited places. in addition, some advise against oftentimes taking an equivalent flight path.

## 5. place come back to Home into Action

The majority of drones supply a come back to Home perform. Once activated, if your drone loses communication or runs out of battery, it'll mechanically come back to a

preset address. This perform was developed as a result of drones oftentimes accidentally lose signal, however it conjointly offers helpful defense against signal jam.

### **Military drones: are they hackable?**

Commercial drones are considerably less secure than military drones, however this does not guarantee that they cannot be compromised. per the BBC, a U.S. military drone was supposedly compromised in Asian country in 2011. The drone was reportedly created to believe it absolutely was somewhere else before the assailants managed to land it in Iranian territory.

The Guardian explicit that a U.S. military drone was conjointly compromised in 2009 in Irak in order that police investigation recordings may well be accessed.

### **Hackers conjointly Use Drones**

Hackers oftentimes target drones, however they'll conjointly utilize them as tools. for several hacks, the offender should be somewhat on the brink of the victim. And a drone is also the most effective choice for this use.

You may use a drone to look for unprotected networks. If it does, it should change a hacker to access personal knowledge or install malware.

A Raspberry Pi may be born off by a drone during a safe space, such the highest of a structure. After then, the convenience is also accustomed establish a hostile Wi-Fi hotspot.

It's important to notice that it's unbelievably difficult to defend against this threat. despite wherever a drone is working, it's out within the U.S. to shoot it down.

Most drones have the potential to be compromised; safeguard yourself

It's probable that you've got ne'er thought-about caring a couple of drone that has been compromised. they're at risk of felony if they need been compromised, and in

bound things, they'll even be used into weapons. it is vital to understand this if you own a drone and to require precautions to avoid it.

Even whereas most drones are still used permanently, if you witness one acting surprisingly, a hacker is also accountable. Security specialists ought to therefore keep a watch out for drones hovering over their property.

### **Can Passengers Be Carried on Drones and tracked and Hacked?**

Over time, drones are a unit created for a wider variety of application cases. Drones have advanced considerably since their conception, from toys to remote-controlled aerial vehicles (UAVs) used for military police investigation and conflict to a large form of functions in industrial industries. they're presently being utilised commercially for a large variety of IoT applications, as well as as assets selling, film production, search and rescue operations, agriculture, the transportation of food and medical provides, and more.

But as drones become a lot of and a lot of standard, privacy issues and therefore the need of hackers to hack into them on the wing are growing. Therefore, the unpleasant answer to the difficulty of whether or not drones are hacked is affirmative. to boot, they will be wont to hack into different systems and steal knowledge. this means that cybersecurity is crucial given the speedily increasing drone business. Let's investigate these and different subjects of interest to drone enthusiasts and developers.

### **How are unit Drones Hackable?**

Hackers will get access to drones from up to a mile away, a bit like they'll with computers. They solely ought to intercept the signal so as to ascertain a link along with your drone. The radio transmission is usually not encrypted, therefore a packet someone should be utilized in the in the meantime to rewrite it. they'll management

your device to perform no matter they need if they'll do that, block the transmission, and connect your drone to their device.

Let's use GPS spoofing as associate illustration. This methodology permits hackers to trick the drone's GPS receiver into receiving incorrect coordinates. (Take note that scoundrel drones may additionally be defeated via GPS spoofing.) As a result, the drone might seem to the operator to be flying within the correct manner whereas really being directed in an exceedingly totally different direction. to amass the information, the hacker would possibly purposefully crash the drone or direct it to a particular spot. A compromised drone might give a backdoor into a company's wireless network, officious with operations and endangering each productivity and revenue. The disruption that results from knowledge stealing may cost a little organizations heaps and damage their name with shoppers or shoppers.

Additionally, hackers have the flexibility to access confidential knowledge, giving rivals access to trade secrets.

The unhealthy news is that. the nice news is that, like several different wireless device, drones is safeguarded.

### **How to Increase Drone Security**

For the explanations made public on top of, it's essential to require action to shield your drone from dangers. There area unit many approaches to extend drone security since intelligent problems have intelligent answers.

### **Drone programmers ought to begin with secure elements.**

Starting with the manufacturer of your elements, wireless security should be taken into thought at each stage of development, from wireless device style and code creation to protective the device for end-user usage with secure user permissions. as a result of Digi adheres to the secure-by-design philosophy, our embedded XBee® devices and ConnectCore® family of system-on-modules contain Digi TrustFence® integral security, providing the inspiration for the creation of secure wireless solutions. Through our security web site, our field application specialists, and therefore the accessible Wireless style Services, we have a tendency to additionally offer our developers recommendation on secure style best practices.

### **Update the code oftentimes**

Naturally, it is vital to stay your device's programming underneath your management. If you get your drone from a manufacturer, check that your drone has the foremost recent fixes put in which you retain up with new security problems as they seem. to boot, if you're the manufacturer, it looks sense that you just would wish to supply security updates to your shoppers.

### **Keep the controller safe.**

You must take precautions to forestall malware infection on no matter device you employ to control your drone, whether or not it's a far off, laptop, or smartphone. try and simply fly your drone with the controller if the least bit possible. you do not have to be compelled to install doubtless malicious applications or apps on your device as a result. for example, it had been alleged that a U.S. military drone was compromised once its operator downloaded a malicious computer game via the controller.

### **A come back to Home (RTH) Mode ought to be gift on your drone.**

RTH mode may be a safety perform that permits your drone to land in an exceedingly place that's simply accessible. once the takeoff location of your drone is chosen as a reference, your device can come back if the signal is lost or the battery level goes

below a particular threshold. to make sure that your drone continuously returns to its takeoff location, update the takeoff purpose before every trip and fly it in an exceedingly clear, open region.

You may use a number of these steps to extend the safety of your drones. to boot, you will watch out to avoid flying within the same pattern too typically and operate your drone in less thronged locations wherever hackers area unit less possible to cause a drag. These precautions will reduce the chance that your drone are compromised.

### **Are Drones Trackable?**

One factor has become crystal evident as a results of the UAV market's growth. To safeguard public safety, secure sensitive knowledge, and shield subject privacy, government and military rules are sporadically printed. once personal drones area unit noticed flying in no-fly zones or getting used to breach people's privacy, the pervasive and doubtless dangerous use of drones by normal folks is dropped at light-weight.

Drones may additionally be wont to hack servers and different instrumentation, spy on networks, intercept knowledge, and interfere with communications, as we've got already mentioned. Drones may additionally be used with malicious intent to examine vehicles and residences before breaking in or to access restricted places. to boot, it's a legitimate worry that drones could also be wont to transmit harmful payloads.

## **6. Can Passengers Be Carried on Drones and tracked and Hacked?**

Over time, drones area unit created for a wider vary of application cases. Drones have advanced considerably since their conception, from toys to remote-controlled aerial vehicles (UAVs) used for military police investigation and conflict to a large form of functions in industrial industries. they're presently being utilised commercially for a large vary of IoT applications, as well as as assets selling, film production, search and rescue operations, agriculture, the transportation of food and medical provides, and more.

But as drones become a lot of and a lot of standard, privacy issues and therefore the need of hackers to hack into them on the wing are growing. Therefore, the unpleasant answer to the difficulty of whether or not drones is hacked is affirmative. to boot, they will be wont to hack into different systems and steal knowledge. this means that cybersecurity is crucial given the speedily increasing drone business. Let's investigate these and different subjects of interest to drone enthusiasts and developers.

### **How area unit Drones Hackable?**

Hackers will get access to drones from up to a mile away, a bit like they'll with computers. They solely ought to intercept the signal so as to ascertain a link along with your drone. The radio transmission is usually not encrypted, therefore a packet someone should be utilized in the in the meantime to rewrite it. they'll management your device to perform no matter they need if they'll do that, block the transmission, and connect your drone to their device.

Let's use GPS spoofing as associate illustration. This methodology permits hackers to trick the drone's GPS receiver into receiving incorrect coordinates. (Take note that scoundrel drones may additionally be defeated via GPS spoofing.) As a result, the drone might seem to the operator to be flying within the correct manner whereas



really being directed in an exceedingly totally different direction. to amass the information, the hacker would possibly purposefully crash the drone or direct it to a particular spot. A compromised drone might give a backdoor into a company's wireless network, officious with operations and endangering each productivity and revenue. The disruption that results from knowledge stealing may cost a little organizations heaps and damage their name with shoppers or shoppers.

Additionally, hackers have the flexibility to access confidential knowledge, giving rivals access to trade secrets.

The unhealthy news is that. the nice news is that, like several different wireless device, drones is safeguarded.

### **How to Increase Drone Security**

For the explanations made public on top of, it's essential to require action to shield your drone from dangers. There area unit many approaches to extend drone security since intelligent problems have intelligent answers.

Drone programmers ought to begin with secure elements.

Starting with the manufacturer of your elements, wireless security should be taken into thought at each stage of development, from wireless device style and code creation to protective the device for end-user usage with secure user permissions. as a result of Digi adheres to the secure-by-design philosophy, our embedded XBee® devices and ConnectCore® family of system-on-modules contain Digi TrustFence® integral security, providing the inspiration for the creation of secure wireless solutions. Through our security web site, our field application specialists, and therefore the accessible Wireless style Services, we have a tendency to additionally offer our developers recommendation on secure style best practices.

### Update the code oftentimes

Naturally, it is vital to stay your device's programming underneath your management. If you get your drone from a manufacturer, check that your drone has the foremost recent fixes put in which you retain up with new security problems as they seem. to boot, if you're the manufacturer, it looks sense that you just would wish to supply security updates to your shoppers.

### Keep the controller safe.

You must take precautions to forestall malware infection on no matter device you employ to control your drone, whether or not it's a far off, laptop, or smartphone. try and simply fly your drone with the controller if the least bit possible. you do not have to be compelled to install doubtless malicious applications or apps on your device as a result. for example, it had been alleged that a U.S. military drone was compromised once its operator downloaded a malicious computer game via the controller.

### A come back to Home (RTH) Mode ought to be gift on your drone.

RTH mode may be a safety perform that permits your drone to land in an exceedingly place that's simply accessible. once the takeoff location of your drone is chosen as a reference, your device can come back if the signal is lost or the battery level goes below a particular threshold. to make sure that your drone continuously returns to its takeoff location, update the takeoff purpose before every trip and fly it in an exceedingly clear, open region.

You may use a number of these steps to extend the safety of your drones. to boot, you will watch out to avoid flying within the same pattern too typically and operate your drone in less thronged locations wherever hackers area unit less possible to cause a drag. These precautions will reduce the chance that your drone are compromised.

## **Are Drones Trackable?**

One factor has become crystal evident as a results of the UAV market's growth. To safeguard public safety, secure sensitive knowledge, and shield subject privacy, government and military rules are sporadically printed. once personal drones area unit noticed flying in no-fly zones or getting used to breach people's privacy, the pervasive and doubtless dangerous use of drones by normal folks is dropped at light-weight.

Drones may additionally be wont to hack servers and different instrumentation, spy on networks, intercept knowledge, and interfere with communications, as we've got already mentioned. Drones may additionally be used with malicious intent to examine vehicles and residences before breaking in or to access restricted places. to boot, it's a legitimate worry that drones could also be wont to transmit harmful payloads.

## **How Technology Can Be Used to Track Negative Drones**

Authorities, airports, and mission-critical activities must be able to track UAVs in order to prevent their misuse for illicit or harmful purposes. Today, radar and other technologies like RF scanners, radar, and acoustic sensors may be used to track drones.

- RFID scanners

In the secured area, radio-frequency scanners scan the electromagnetic spectrum for any signs of communication between a drone and its controller. However, radio waves are required for RF scanners to function. This technique can't be used to find drones that don't use signals or GPS.

- Sound-based sensors

Drones that radars are unable to spot can be discovered using acoustic sensors. They are designed to recognize the noises or vibrations made by drone motors or propellers and compare them to a database of acoustic characteristics. The system sends out an alert if it discovers a match.

- The Drone Detection Market

This is a further business potential for developers in the private, commercial, and government drone sectors in addition to developing and constructing drones. Governments, aviation no-fly zones, and mission-critical activities may all benefit from sophisticated detection technologies like Drone Watcher by DeTect Intelligent Sensors and AirGuard drone detection by 911 Security against the danger of malevolent drones.

- Can People Be Transported by Drones?

Weight-bearing drones can now transport humans thanks to advancements in technology. Since the 1960s futuristic animation *The Jetsons*, produced by Hanna-Barbera Productions, the world has imagined a time when flying automobiles will become commonplace. Numerous businesses have developed and produced passenger drones in recent years. Drone passenger transportation technology has been under development for a while. An autonomous passenger drone with four propellers under the name of Ehang 184 was unveiled in 2018. The self-flying vehicle has a capacity for two passengers or 460 pounds all at once.

A consortium named the Single European Sky ATM Research (Sesar) U-space demonstration project has announced air mobility experiments. Over the next two years, the project will test smart city air mobility services in a number of locations around Europe, including Santiago de Compostela in Spain, Cranfield in the UK, Amsterdam, and Rotterdam in the Netherlands. A variety of use cases, including air taxi operations, freight transport, delivery of commodities and medical supplies, infrastructure inspection, police surveillance, and assistance for emergency services, will be covered in the trials. It is believed that air taxi services are "near than you

realize."For instance, Uber Air intends to provide transportation services for passengers, and the company's website has an eye-catching video of users of its ground transportation services using the same smartphone app.

These people-carrying drones obviously need an air traffic control system and vertiports where they can land, charge, and store their batteries. Existing helipads are an alternative, but they might not be in areas where people wish to visit and don't have room for parking or charging. Therefore, there is much to accomplish before this market becomes a reality. When it happens, the introduction of this new class of cars will undoubtedly cause disruption in the transportation industry and alter how people commute.

### **Future developments in the area of the Drone Technology of the Future**

Even with its hazards and difficulties, drone innovation is fascinating. The market for UAVs for commercial and governmental usage is expanding quickly, which presents developers with several options to create drones and related detection and security services. For instance, environmental stewardship and clean technology will be a significant use case for drones in the future. This includes anything from lowering the usage of fossil fuel-burning cars to the detection and monitoring of forest fires, animals, and environmental threats. As this industry develops, more complex solutions will be made possible by technologies like the development of 5G, AI, machine learning, and linked car technology. From planning, prototyping, design, and application development to a comprehensive suite of embedded solutions and cellular solutions, Digi International offers the full range of development and deployment needs in IoT and M2M. To start a dialogue with us, get in touch with us. You can also subscribe to our newsletter to receive updates on new product releases.

## **7. What You Can Do to Stop Drones From Invading Your Privacy**

---

Security and privacy are at danger from drones. Learn how to prevent drones from flying over your home by blocking them. Drones are generating a lot of attention. And although it's true that drones are poised to change the future in remarkable ways, we must not lose sight of the fact that they pose a severe threat to security and privacy. You should be aware of ways to prevent drones from flying over your home. Or perhaps you've wondered how to stop or jam a drone.

Thankfully, there are various ways to defend against drones.

### **1. Drones that block drones**

A larger, badder drone outfitted with a vast net designed to capture and disable smaller drones made its debut as an anti-drone drone in 2015, according to Malou Tech. It could work, but more often than not, a subtler approach is required.

The Rapere project, which provided a novel means of interfering with drones, attracted a lot of attention because of this. It suggested dropping a thread that may tangle drone rotors in place of deploying a net. This resulted in quicker and more focused attacks on the intended drones.

Unfortunately, it appears the project is no longer active, but similar concepts will likely continue to surface in the future.

### **2. Drone-Avoiding Birds**

Drones that can intercept other drones might be useful. However, if you want to take it a step further, you should probably research anti-drone birds. These eagles have been taught to take drones out of the air, as The New Indian Express points out.

Some of these birds have even been known to snag drones and take them back to their handlers. And if you were concerned that the birds may suffer injury as a result of this operation, you can relax knowing that they are smart enough to pull it off without even cutting a talon.

Only specialized sites for authorities have access to these birds. But it's reasonable to anticipate that other nations will do the same in some capacity.

### 3. Drone blockers

There are techniques to jam a drone transmission if you require something even more covert than physical interception. One such answer is the Anti-UAV Defense System (AUDS). It searches the sky for drones and jams their control signals with a powerful radio signal of its own.

Or, you may consider the DroneDefender if you require a more transportable choice. This is a precise anti-drone gun that interferes with drone controllers by using targeted radio frequencies. It functions quite similarly to how the AUDS does. Although it presently has a range of more than 1,300 feet, it could one day be able to travel considerably further.

Radar jammers could be against the law where you live, therefore there is one solid reason not to use these sorts of gadgets. Make sure you won't get arrested before you even consider purchasing one of them.

### 4. Lasers that blind drones

Anti-drone lasers resemble anti-drone jammers in several ways. Nevertheless, they obstruct a drone's camera rather than its control signals. To capture visual data, digital cameras employ a light sensor; therefore, if you expose the sensor to too much light, it may become blind. Have you ever recorded a video from inside your home before leaving? Everything suddenly turns extremely brilliant and white for

a brief moment. In essence, it is how a blinding laser operates. All you'd require is a weak laser.

But take caution. Because doing so might unintentionally lead an airplane pilot to go blind, it is illegal to flash lasers into the sky. When experimenting with lasers in this manner, you should exercise extreme caution. If you absolutely want to go with this option, you could attempt a short-range laser, but there are still hazards involved, so we don't recommend it.

## 5. Systems for detecting drones

Systems for detecting drones are used to monitor and block unmanned drones. They operate by sending out a signal and catching the drone's reflection back. They can use this information to compute the drone's precise location.

There are several various drone detecting systems to pick from, each with unique features and operational procedures. As we could see from above, there are jammers that operate by emitted electromagnetic waves that block the signals between the drone and its controllers.

Then there is a group of detection devices known as "Acoustic Sensors," which identify drones by detecting the sounds they make.

For instance, the UK's Center for Protection of National Infrastructure (CPNI), an expert in human and physical protective measures, has granted certification to Dedrone, a leader in anti-drone technology, for the DedroneTracker's drone detection capabilities.

The DedroneTracker can quickly identify RF, Wi-Fi, and non-Wi-Fi drones and safeguard your environment with a mix of capabilities based on machine learning, image recognition, and flexibility with third-party sensors.



## 6. Drone Robberies

In the same way that PCs and mobile devices are never totally secure, it's crucial to understand that drones will never be completely impenetrable to hacking. If you ever want to purchase a drone of your own, keep that in mind. The problem is that this sort of vulnerability can always be exploited, as was shown when a security researcher showed how a \$35,000 police drone could be taken over from up to one mile away.

It makes sense to believe that most consumer-grade drones won't have much of a chance if a government drone can be rendered useless in such a manner.

That's not to argue that you should try to take control of a drone, but in the future, disruptive technology may be used to use these types of weaknesses to bring down drones and keep the peace.

## 7. Laws governing drone police investigation

The problem is to advocate for legislation to safeguard residents' privacy against drones if everything else fails. Bills are emerging since since the drone craze very took off back in 2013, per the Huffington Post, and a few of them have even been enacted into law. however there's still a lot of work to be done.

Drones can not be flown in regulated airspace without previous permission. to boot, before they will fly, drone pilots should pass a test. within the event that a drone creates a hazard, it ought to be less complicated to spot the owner and pilot. In the UK, drones weighing more than 250 grams should even be registered, and operators should pass a theoretical examination.

The good news for people who price their privacy is that the United States Congress, on all sides, agrees that it ought to "block sophisticated window-peeping." restrictive frameworks just like the knowledge Protection Act might apply to drones with cameras (DPA).

According to TechCrunch, organizations just like the Uniform Law Commission (ULC) square measure effort to develop laws governing drones that strike a compromise between privacy issues and also the potential benefits of drones for search and rescue, delivering medical provides, and alternative crucial tasks. As drone use will increase, these rules square measure habitually modified.

Ideally, a medium ground are discovered, however till then, there's not a lot of you as a personal individual will do concerning drones endangering your privacy. it's going to end up that laws square measure the sole effective protection.

### **Defending Your Privacy Against Drones**

Many people worry concerning however drones might have an effect on their privacy. Yes, there square measure a couple of ways that to urge a drone to prevent. However, they're additional acceptable for the military or vast companies instead of for personal voters trying to secure their homes.

## **CONCLUTION**

Thanks to their capabilities for remote monitoring, drones can also be utilized for vital surveillance and intelligence gathering. They can also be used to survey construction sites and provide live video.

Drones can access areas that are difficult for humans to visit. Compared to helicopters, they can collect a lot of high-quality data since they can fly at low altitudes and capture clear, high-quality photographs.

The continued addition of cutting-edge features and functionalities by manufacturers, designers, innovators, and other technological experts has given drones remarkable potential. Here are some of the most important ways drones will influence your future so you can get an idea of what they can do.

: Smaller drones that use less power and have longer flight times are also anticipated to be produced by new technologies, while government rules will make it easier for more individuals to own and use UAVs.