



# Koneru Lakshmaiah Education Foundation

(Category -1, Deemed to be University estd. u/s. 3 of the UGC Act, 1956)

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| ACADEMIC YEAR 2023-24 - EVEN SEMESTER     |   |                 |         |
|---|---|-----------------|---------|
| 22EC2222 - DIGITAL VLSI DESIGN            |   |                 |         |
| SEM – IN EXAM – 1 [QUESTION PAPER SET 1]  |   |                 |         |
| TIME: 90 MINUTES                          |   | MAX MARKS: 50 M |         |
| Q.NO                                      | QUESTION DESCRIPTION  | CO              | COI-BTL |
| <b>SECTION – A [ANSWER ALL QUESTIONS]</b> |   |                 |         |
| <b>1</b>                                  | <b>Answer all Questions [6X 2 = 12 M]</b>   |                 |         |
| 1.A                                       | Discuss different modelling styles in Verilog HDL.  | CO1             | BTL-2   |
| 1.B                                       | Identify the keyword used in dataflow modelling in Verilog HDL.   | CO1             | BTL-2   |
| 1.C                                       | Identify the type of modelling which uses basic primitives in Verilog.  | CO1             | BTL-2   |
| 1.D                                       | Discuss different types of PLDs.  | CO2             | BTL-2   |
| 1.E                                       | Infer key aspects of design methodology using Verilog HDL.  | CO2             | BTL-2   |
| 1.F                                       | Describe some advantages of design using HDLs.  | CO2             | BTL-2   |
| <b>SECTION – B [ANSWER ALL QUESTIONS]</b> |   |                 |         |
| <b>2</b>                                  | <b>Answer all Questions [4 X 4 = 16M]</b>   |                 |         |
| 2.A                                       | Examine the functionality of the bufif0 gate in Verilog and explain its use in digital circuit modelling.   | CO1             | BTL-2   |
| 2.B                                       | Explore the application and significance of the ternary operator in Verilog.  | CO1             | BTL-2   |
| 2.C                                       | Demonstrate the working principle of a Microcell in a CPLD.   | CO2             | BTL-2   |
| 2.D                                       | Illustrate the components and arrangement of an FPGA using a block diagram.   | CO2             | BTL-2   |
| <b>SECTION – C [ANSWER Q3 OR Q4]</b>      |   |                 |         |
| <b>3</b>                                  | <b>Answer all Questions [5M + 6M = 11M]</b>   |                 |         |
| 3.A                                       | Apply gate level modelling to implement the Boolean function, $Y = AB' + C$ in Verilog HDL. Write the code in a neat and readable manner.   | CO1             | BTL-3   |
| 3.B                                       | Write a testbench using Verilog HDL for the design in the question above.   | CO1             | BTL-2   |
| <b>OR</b>                                 |   |                 |         |
| <b>4</b>                                  | <b>Answer all Questions [5M + 6M = 11 M]</b>  |                 |         |
| 4.A                                       | Imagine you are a digital system designer working on a security system for a smart building. The system involves two key sensors, P and Q, to detect motion and door status, respectively. The alarm should be triggered when either motion is detected, or door is open. Identify the logic of the circuit and write the Verilog HDL for the same. | CO1             | BTL-3   |
| 4.B                                       | Write a testbench using Verilog HDL for the design above.   | CO1             | BTL-2   |

| <b>SECTION – D [ANSWER Q5 OR Q6]</b> |   |     |       |
|--------------------------------------|---|-----|-------|
| <b>5</b>                             | <b>Answer all Questions [5M + 6M = 11M]</b>   |     |       |
| 5.A                                  | Illustrate the difference between a synchronous and asynchronous sequential circuit.  | CO2 | BTL-2 |
| 5.B                                  | You are a digital circuit designer tasked with enhancing the robustness and reliability of a data storage unit in a critical aerospace control system. The data storage unit utilizes flip-flops to retain crucial information related to the system's state. The scenario involves the necessity for asynchronous inputs, particularly a reset functionality, in the flip-flop design. Illustrate the operation of such flip flop with asynchronous reset. | CO2 | BTL-3 |
| <b>OR</b>                            |   |     |       |
| <b>6</b>                             | <b>Answer all Questions [5M + 6M = 11 M]</b>  |     |       |
| 6.A                                  | Compute the number of states and number of flip flops employed in a 3-bit counter.  | CO2 | BTL-2 |
| 6.B                                  | You are tasked with designing a 3-bit circuit that is going through the following states: 000, 111, 010, 011, 100, 110, 101, 011 and back again. Identify the type of circuit.  | CO2 | BTL-3 |

\*\*\* END OF QUESTION PAPER \*\*\*