Семінар 15. Ізоморфізм графів

19 червня 2023

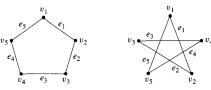


Figure 11.4.1

Call this graph G. Now consider the graph G' represented in Figure 11.4.2.

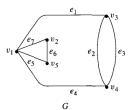


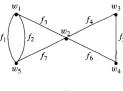
Figure 11.4.2

Definition

Let G and G' be graphs with vertex sets V(G) and V(G') and edge sets E(G) and E(G'), respectively. G is isomorphic to G' if, and only if, there exist one-to-one correspondences $g\colon V(G)\to V(G')$ and $h\colon E(G)\to E(G')$ that preserve the edge-endpoint functions of G and G' in the sense that for all $v\in V(G)$ and $e\in E(G)$,

v is an endpoint of $e \Leftrightarrow g(v)$ is an endpoint of h(e).



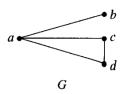


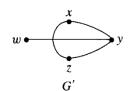
G'

Definition

If G and G' are simple graphs, then G is isomorphic to G' if, and only if, there exists a one-to-one correspondence g from the vertex set V(G) of G to the vertex set V(G') of G' that preserves the edge-endpoint functions of G and G' in the sense that for all vertices u and v of G,

> $\{u, v\}$ is an edge in $G \Leftrightarrow \{g(u), g(v)\}$ is an edge in G'. 11.4.2





Theorem 11.4.1

Each of the following properties is an invariant for graph isomorphism, where n, m, and k are all nonnegative integers:

1. has n vertices;

6. has a simple circuit of length k;

2. has m edges;

7. has m simple circuits of length k;

3. has a vertex of degree k;

8. is connected;

4. has m vertices of degree k;

9. has an Euler circuit;

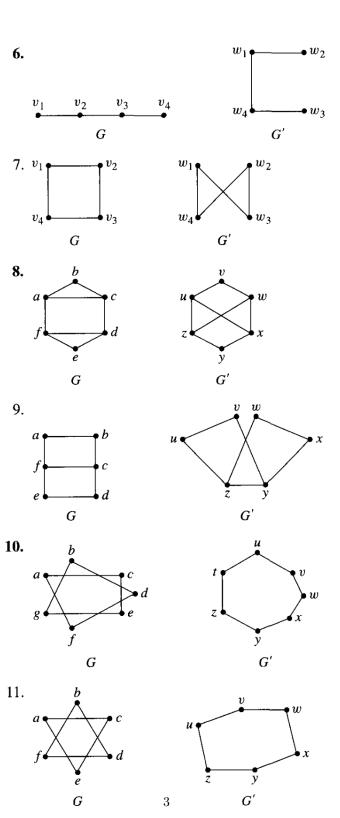
5. has a circuit of length k;

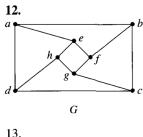
10. has a Hamiltonian circuit.

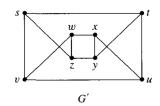
Show that the following pairs of graphs are not isomorphic by finding an isomorphic invariant that they do not share.

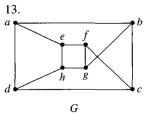


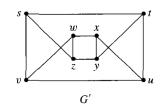












14. Draw all nonisomorphic simple graphs with three vertices.