Restricted Boltzmann Machines

Chaimaa Kadaoui chaimaa.kadaoui*

Othman SBAI othman.sbai

Xi Shen xi.shenxi

1 Abstract

For our project in Probabilistic Graphical Models course, we studied the use and the training of Restricted Boltzmann Machines as an instance of undirected graphical models. We mainly base our approach on the practical guide for training Restricted Boltzmann Machines (Hinton 2010 [1]). We start by an introduction to RBM and the interest that they have raised in the last years, then we define the theoretical aspects of main training methods of RBM. Finally we present our results by comparing our implementation of training RBM to an implementation from another deep learning library, on two popular image datasets MNIST and CIFAR. We show convergence results and investigate the influence of differents parameters of the training algorithm.

2 Introduction

2.1 Definition of an RBM

A Restricted Boltzmann Machine (RBM) is an undirected energy-based probabilistic graphical model which can be seen as a two layer neural network (visible and hidden units). RBMs can be used to model and learn important aspects of a probability distribution of a training data. They are called restricted, because we impose restrictions on the network topology, by allowing only connections between units of different layers. RBM are energy-based, since they define probability distribution through an energy function. Learning corresponds to shaping the energy so that desirable configurations have a low energy and thus maximize probability of training data under the model. Maximum likelihood learning is challenging for undirected graphical models because MLE parameters cannot be found analytically and the log likelihood gradient based optimization is not tractable. This optimization requires obtaining samples through Markov Chain Monte Carlo, which is computationally demanding.

^{*}mail extension @eleves.enpc.fr for all authors

- 2.2 Advances of RBM during last decades
- 3 Theory of RBM
- 3.1 Energy and probability
- 3.2 Contrastive divergence theory ...
- 4 Training RBM on MNIST Data
- 4.1 Implementation of RBM on python
- 4.2 Implementation of RBM on tensorflow using a GPU

We use the implementation in tensorflow provided by Gabriele Angeletti as a library gathering many deep learning models and algorithms such as convolutional networks, RNN, RBM, Deep Belief Networks...

References

[1] Geoffrey Hinton. A practical guide to training restricted boltzmann machines. *Momentum*, 9(1):926, 2010.