

WELCOME



U.S. Department of Transportation
Office of the Assistant Secretary for
Research and Technology

Welcome



Ken Leonard, Director ITS Joint Program Office Ken.Leonard@dot.gov



www.pcb.its.dot.gov

Applying Your Test Plan to Environmental Sensor Stations (ESS) Based on NTCIP 1204 v04 ESS Standard

T313:



Instructor



Kenneth Vaughn, P.E.

President
Trevilon LLC
Magnolia, TX, USA

Learning Objectives

Describe the **role of test plans** and the testing to be undertaken

Identify **key elements** of NTCIP 1204 v04 relevant to the test plan

Describe the **application** of a good test plan to an ESS system being procured

Describe the **testing** of an ESS using standard procedures

Learning Objective 1

Describe the role of test plans and the testing to be undertaken

What Is an Environmental Sensor Station (ESS)?

ESS Capabilities

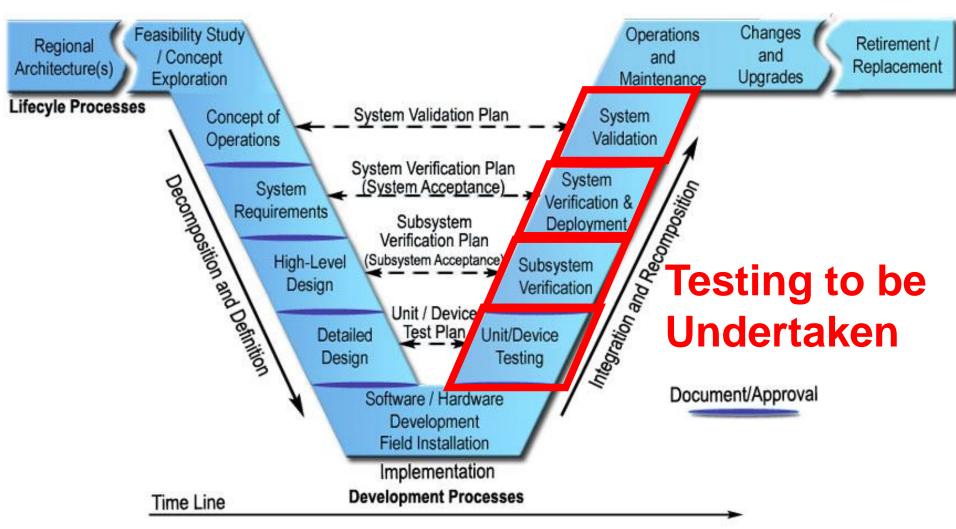
- May remotely monitor:
 - Wind speed and direction
 - Temperature, humidity, and pressure
 - Precipitation type and rate
 - Snow accumulation
 - Visibility
 - Pavement conditions
 - Radiation
 - Water level
 - Air quality
- Can also support:
 - Snapshot cameras
 - Pavement treatment systems
- "Station" may be mobile



Source: Intelligent Devices, Inc.

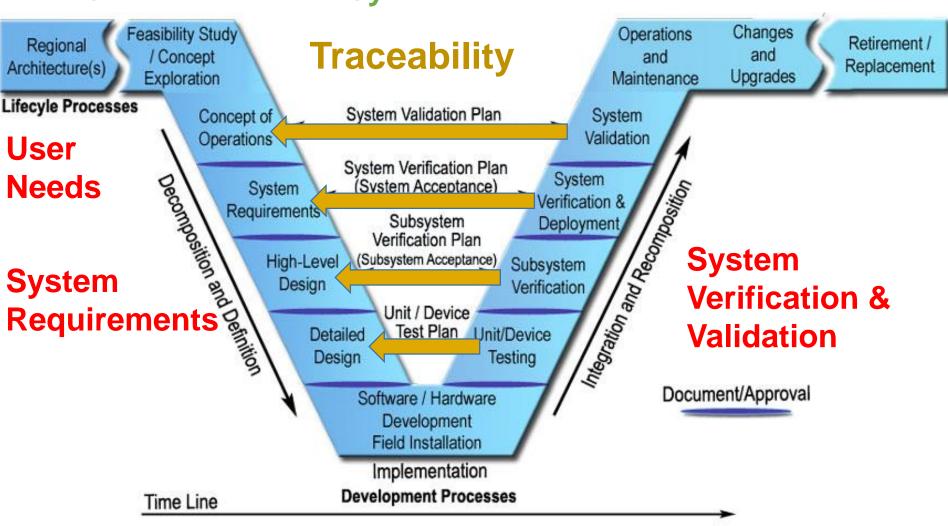
Review System Lifecycle

Testing and the System Lifecycle



Why We Test

To Confirm That the System Will Work as Intended



Why We Test

To Confirm That the System Will Work as Intended

Testing can objectively ensure that a system is:

- Validated: Solves the right problem
 - Satisfies the user needs
- Verified: Solves the problem right (correctly)
 - Satisfies the system requirements as designed

NTCIP standardizes user needs and requirements

NTCIP Testing verifies

- Compliance: Supports selected needs and requirements
- Conformance: Implements per standardized design

Test Documentation

There's a Standard for That!

Test Plan

Test Design

Test Cases

Test Procedures

Execute

Test Reports



Testing is a general Information Technology need

Topic of IEEE 829-2008

IEEE Standard for Software and System Test Documentation

Test Plan Overview

Test Plan Test Design Test Cases Test Procedures Execute Test Reports

A Test Plan answers the key questions



Who Is Responsible for Testing Tasks?

Different people may:

- Provide items to be tested
- Provide the test facility
- Set up the test environment
- Perform and report on the test



Each requires unique skills and resources

NTCIP Testing may be performed by:

- Agency: May not know NTCIP details
- Vendor: Conflict of interest issues
- 3rd Party: May be difficult to access

What Items Will Be Tested?

Different test plans will typically be used to test:

- Software modules
- Components
- The system as a whole



NTCIP Testing generally tests one component

NTCIP 1204 testing generally tests either:

- The ESS (the controller and connected sensors), or
- The manager that communicates with the ESS

What Requirements Will Be Tested?

Different test plans may be used to test:

- Communications
- Functionality
- Performance
- Hardware
- Environmental

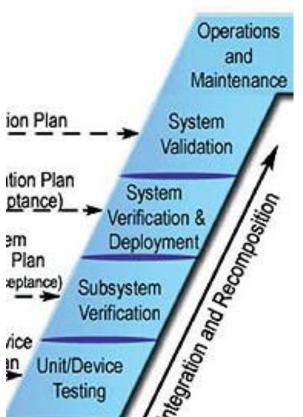


Test Plan should identify what else will be tested

- Will sensor values be compared against actual conditions?
- Will communication response times be measured?
- Will communications be tested with power outages?



When Will It Be Tested?



Right side of the V-diagram



Each stage may have one or more test plans

NTCIP testing

- Typically during subsystem verification
- May be included in other stages

Where Will It Be Tested?

Need to describe the test environment:

- Bench: limited sensor data
- Laboratory: simulated data (price?)
- Real-world: real data
 - Difficult to test limits
 - Safety implications?

Location of tester

- Local testing: Lower response times
- Remote testing: Lower costs?

NTCIP 1204 testing may use any

Trade-offs should be considered



Why Is It Being Tested?

Verify conformance

Verify compliance (project-specific?)



Other practical reasons

- Requirement for acceptance
 - Pay item
 - Approval to move to next phase of project
- Troubleshooting

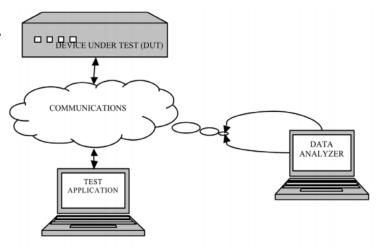
How Will It Be Tested?

Test plan describes tools required

NTCIP testing uses test software

- Performs role of one component
- Often automates portion of step-bystep procedures
- May be supplemented by data analyzer





Source: NTCIP 8007

Master Test Plan

Test Plan

Test Design

Test Cases

Test Procedures

Execute

Reports

NTCIP Test Plan is a Level Test Plan

Often multiple Level Test Plans in a project

Master Test Plan defines how various Levels fit together

- Purpose of each level test plan
- Order in which they are performed

ESS Test Documentation

Test Design / Test Case / Test Procedure

Test Plan Test Design Test Cases Test Procedures Execute Test Reports

Test Design

- Maps features to be tested to test cases
- Makes any refinements to test approach

Test Cases

- Specifies
 - Inputs
 - Outputs
 - Refinements

Test Procedures

 Step-by-step instructions

Standardized in Annex C of NTCIP 1204 v04

 Reduces effort to customize

Customized in your test plan

 Specify which requirements will be tested

A C T I V I T Y



Question

Which of the following most accurately describes a benefit of having standardized NTCIP test documentation included in NTCIP 1204 v04?

Answer Choices

- a) Eliminates the need for customized test documentation
- b) Reduces the effort to customize test documentation
- c) Ensures that all devices conform to the standard
- d) Eliminates the need for additional tools to perform testing

Review of Answers



a) Eliminates the need for customized test documentation

Incorrect. Test plans are still needed to customize testing to each specific project.



b) Reduces the effort to customize test documentation

Correct! Most of the documentation has been standardized.



c) Ensures that all devices conform to the standard

Incorrect. Each device still needs to be tested to verify conformance.



d) Eliminates the need for additional tools to perform testing

Incorrect. Testing will still rely on tools to communicate with the device under test.

Learning Objectives

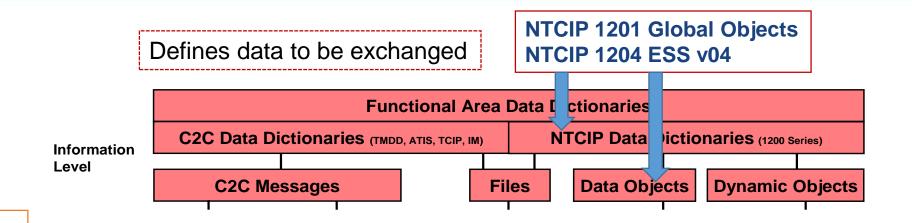
Describe the **role of test plans** and the testing to be undertaken

Identify **key elements** of NTCIP 1204 v04 relevant to the test plan

Learning Objective 2

Identify **key elements** of NTCIP 1204 v04 relevant to the test plan

Relationship Among NTCIP Standards



Source: NTCIP Guide

Structure of NTCIP 1204 v04

NTCIP 1204 v04 Outline (Body)

- 1. General
- 2. Concept of Operations
- 3. Functional Requirements
- 4. Dialogs
- 5. Management Information Base



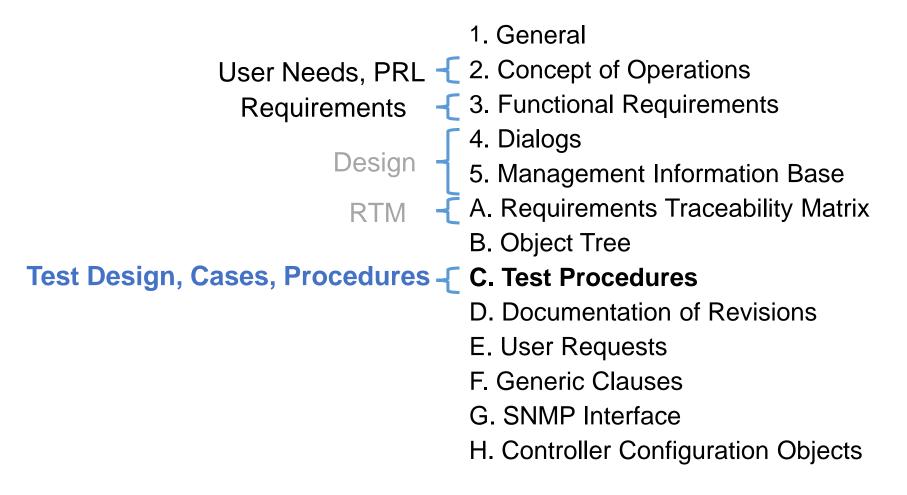
Structure of NTCIP 1204 v04

NTCIP 1204 v04 Outline (Annexes)

- A. Requirements Traceability Matrix
- B. Object Tree
- C. Test Procedures
- D. Documentation of Revisions
- E. User Requests
- F. Generic Clauses
- G. SNMP Interface
- H. Controller Configuration Objects



NTCIP 1204 v04 Outline



Test Plan

Specific for each project

Outline defined by IEEE 829-2008

Example in Student Supplement

Features to be tested based on PRL

Section 2 of NTCIP 1204 v04



PRL (Section 2)

	Protocol Requirements List (PRL)						
User Need ID	User Need	RID	Functional Requirement	conformance	Support		
2.5.2.1.1	Monitor Atmospheric Pressure		0.5 (1*)	Yes No / NA			
		3.5.2.1.10.1 (PressLoc)	Retrieve Atmospheric Pressure Metadata - Location	0	Yes No NA		
		3.5.2.1.10.2	Retrieve Atmospheric Pressure Metadata - Sensor Information	o	Yes No / NA		
		3.5.2.1.10.3	Configure Atmospheric Pressure Metadata - Location	PressLoc:O	Yes / No NA		
		3.5.2.3.2.10	Retrieve Atmospheric Pressure	М	Yes / NA		
		3.6.1	Required Number of Atmospheric Pressure Sensors	м	Yes NA		

- Agency completes the PRL for each project
 - Identifies the specific requirements that must be supported
 - All selected requirements should be tested at some point

Test Design Specification (Annex C)

Requirement		Test Case	
ID	Title	ID	Title
3.5.2.1.6	Configure Pavement Sensor		
		C.2.3.2.6	Configure Pavement Sensor
3.5.2.1.7	Configure Subsurface Sensor - Text Description		
		C.2.3.2.7	Configure Subsurface Sensor
3.5.2.1.8	Configure Passive Ice Detection Logic		
		C.2.3.2.8	Configure Passive Ice Detection Logic

- Format conforms to NTCIP 8007 (See Module T202)
- Standard traces requirements to test cases
- If requirement is selected in PRL, each traced test case should be performed
- Project test plan should reference the table and note any exceptions taken

Test Case Specification (Annex C)

Test	Title:	Retrieve Air Temperature			
Case: 3.4	Description:	This test case verifies that the ESS allows a management station to determine the current temperature from a temperature sensor.			
	Variables:	Required_Temperature_Sensors PRL 3.6.3			
		The device under test (DUT) shall pass every verification step included within the Test Case to pass the Test Case.			

Standard defines each test case with inputs and outputs

Project NTCIP Test Plan should:

- Reference these definitions
- Identify the input values that will be used for the tests
 - E.g., How many temperature sensors are required?

Test Procedures (Annex C)

Step	Test Procedure	Device
1	CONFIGURE: Determine the number of temperature sensors required by the specification (PRL 3.6.3). RECORD this information as: »Required_Temperature_Sensors	
2	GET the following object(s): »essNumTemperatureSensors.0	Pass / Fail (RFC 1157)
3	VERIFY that the RESPONSE VALUE for essNumTemperatureSensors.0 is greater than or equal to Required_Temperature_Sensors.	Pass / Fail (Sec. 3.6.3)
4	Determine a random number between 1 and Required_Temperature_Sensors. RECORD this information as: »Subject_Sensor	
5	GET the following object(s): »essAirTemperature.Subject_Sensor	Pass / Fail (Sec. 3.5.2.3.2.3)

- Standard defines test procedures for each test case and indicates the requirements tested at specific points
- Project NTCIP Test Plan should reference the procedures

Test Preparation Documentation



Test preparation documentation is defined by properly linking

- Project-specific test plan to...
- NTCIP 1204 v04

A C T I V I T Y



Question

Which statement most closely describes the documentation that a project should prepare before conducting NTCIP 1204 v04 testing?

Answer Choices

- a) Just reference Annex C of NTCIP 1204 v04
- b) Develop a test plan with appropriate additions to link to NTCIP 1204 v04
- c) Develop a test plan and set of test procedures with appropriate additions to link to NTCIP 1204 v04
- d) Develop all documents defined by IEEE 829-2008

Review of Answers



a) Just reference Annex C of NTCIP 1204 v04

Incorrect. Annex C does not define project-specific details such as when, what, who, where, how, and why.



b) Develop a test plan with links to NTCIP 1204 v04

Correct! Most of the documentation is done; you just customize to your project with a test plan with some links.



c) Develop a test plan and set of test procedures with links

Incorrect. The test design specification is already defined in the Requirements to Test Case Traceability Matrix.



d) Develop all documents defined by IEEE 829-2008

Incorrect. Most of this documentation has been standardized.

Learning Objectives

Describe the **role of test plans** and the testing to be undertaken

Identify **key elements** of NTCIP 1204 v04 relevant to the test plan

Describe the **application** of a good test plan to an ESS system being procured

Learning Objective 3

Describe the application of a good test plan to an ESS system being procured

Example ESS Site

Typical ESS

- NTCIP 1204 v04 has mandatory and optional user needs
- A typical ESS might include:
 - Wind sensor
 - Temperature sensor
 - Humidity sensor
 - Air pressure sensor
 - Precipitation sensor
 - Multiple pavement sensors
 - Multiple subsurface sensors
 - Camera



Other Modules That Assist in Defining Requirements

Sample PRL Selections for Site

2.5.2.1.2	Monitor Wi	inds		O.5 (1*)	Yes No / NA	
			Retrieve Metadata for Each Wind Sensor - Text Description	О	Yes No NA	
	ı		Retrieve Metadata for Each Wind Sensor - Location	o	Yes No NA	
		3.5.2.1.11.2	Retrieve Metadata for Each Wind Sensor - Sensor Information	0	Yes No / NA	
			Configure Wind Sensor Metadata - Location	Wind:O; WindLoc:O	Yes No NA	
		3.5.2.3.2.2	Retrieve Wind Data	M	Yes NA	
		3.6.2	Required Number of Wind Sensors	М		The ESS shall support at least (1255:Default=1) wind sensors.

- Each user need has optional and mandatory requirements
- PRL allows user to select standardized requirements from list using standardized rules
- Modules A313a and A313b provide more information on PRL
- Student Supplement contains a complete PRL



Understanding Test Case Traceability

Test Design Specification

	Requirement	Test Case	
ID	Title	ID	Title
3.5.2.3.2.2	Retrieve Wind Data		
		C.2.3.3.3	Retrieve Wind Data
3.5.2.3.2.2	Retrieve Wind Data	C.2.3.3.3	Retrieve Wind Data

Requirements to Test Case Traceability Table

- Contained in NTCIP 1204 v04 Annex C Clause C.2.2
- Identifies test cases for each requirement

Understanding Test Case Traceability

Test Case Specification

Test
Case:
3.3

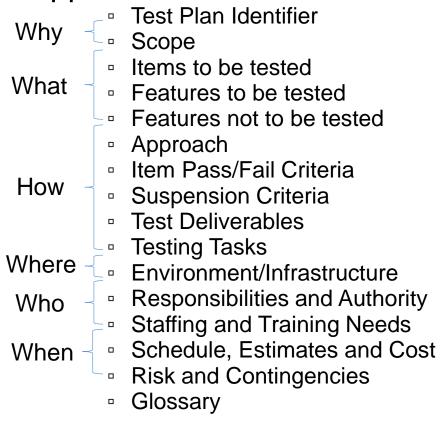
Title:	Retrieve Wind Data
Description:	This test case verifies that the ESS allows a management station to determine current wind information.
Variables:	Required_Wind_Sensors PRL 3.6.2
Pass/Fail Criteria:	The device under test (DUT) shall pass every verification step included within the Test Case to pass the Test Case.

Clause C.2.3.3.3 of NTCIP 1204 v04

- Defines the test case with inputs (variables) and outputs (criteria)
- In order to perform the test, we need to know the number of sensors
 - Sample PRL for Requirement 3.6.2 defines this to be 1
- Test procedures are shown immediately under this description

Contents of an NTCIP Test Plan

Complete draft test plan in Student Supplement







Why

Objectives

- What is the primary purpose of the test
- What happens upon successful completion



Project Background

Allows reader to understand the context of the test

Scope

Explain that this will be an NTCIP test

References

What

Items to be tested

Identify the device that will be tested



Features to be tested

Identify the requirements that will be tested

Features not to be tested

Explain the limitations of the testing

How

Approach

- Define inputs (variables)
- What happens if there is a failure (regression)

Item Pass/Fail Criteria (Outputs)

Identify what constitutes a failure

Suspension Criteria

Identify restrictions on stopping and starting tests

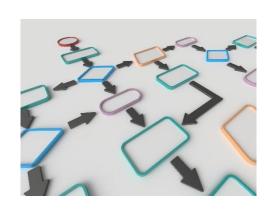
Test Deliverables

What deliverables will be produced

Testing Tasks

What tasks need to be done

Procedures defined separately



Where

Environment/Infrastructure

- How will equipment be connected
 - Remote, local, combination
- Other needs
 - Tables
 - Chairs
 - Protection from elements
 - Power

Who

Identify who is responsible for what

Identify level of effort needed



When

Schedule





A C T I V I T Y



Question

Which of the below is <u>not</u> included in a test plan?

Answer Choices

- a) Identification of who will perform the testing
- b) Identification of which features will be tested
- c) Identification of the reason for the test
- d) Identification of the steps used to test the device

Review of Answers



a) Identification of who will perform the testing

Incorrect. The test plan should identify who is responsible for testing.



b) Identification of which features will be tested

Incorrect. The test plan should identify which features will be tested.



c) Identification of the reason for the test

Incorrect. The test plan should identify the reason the test is being planned.



d) Identification of the steps used to test the device

Correct! The test procedures are defined in a separate document.

Learning Objectives

Describe the **role of test plans** and the testing to be undertaken

Identify **key elements** of NTCIP 1204 v04 relevant to the test plan

Describe the **application** of a good test plan to an ESS system being procured

Describe the **testing** of an ESS using standard procedures

Learning Objective 4

Describe the **testing** of an ESS using standard procedures

Test Case Specification

	Title:	Retrieve Wind Data				
	Description:	This test case verifies that the ESS allows a management station to determine current wind information.				
	Variables:		PRL 3.6.2			
	Pass/Fail Criteria:	The device under test (DUT) shall pass e Test Case to pass the Test Case.	very verification step included within the			

What is "wind information"?

Requirement

3.5.2.3.2.2 Retrieve Wind Data

Upon request, the ESS shall return the following information for each wind sensor reporting to the ESS:

- a) The average wind speed recorded during the 2 minutes preceding the observation in tenths of meters per second;
- b) The average direction the wind is blowing from, as recorded during the 2 minutes preceding the observation, measured clockwise in degrees from true north;
- c) The current wind speed in tenths of meters per second;
- d) The current direction the wind is blowing from, measured clockwise in degrees from true north;
- e) The maximum wind gust recorded during the 10 minutes preceding the observation in tenths of meters per second;
- f) The direction of the maximum wind gust recorded during the 10 minutes preceding the observation, measured in degrees clockwise from true north; and
- The assessment of the wind situation from a staffed station as defined by the Beaufort Wind Scale in the Glossary of Meteorology. Valid values are: other, unknown, calm, light breeze, moderate breeze, strong breeze, gale, moderate gale, strong gale, storm winds, hurricane force winds, and gusty winds.

Overview

Procedures are defined in Annex C of standard

- Saves agencies from having to develop their own
- Allows for off-the-shelf automation of testing

Sample is "Test Case C.2.3.3.3 Retrieve Wind Data" used in the previous example

1	CONFIGURE: Determine the number of wind sensors required by the specification (PRL 3.6.2). RECORD this information as: »Required_Wind_Sensors	
2	GET the following object(s): »windSensorTableNumSensors.0	Pass / Fail (Sec. 3.5.2.3.2.2)
3	VERIFY that the RESPONSE VALUE for windSensorTableNumSensors.0 is greater than or equal to Required_Wind_Sensors.	Pass / Fail (Sec. 3.6.2)
4	Determine the RESPONSE VALUE for windSensorTableNumSensors.0. RECORD this information as: »Supported_Wind_Sensors	
5	FOR EACH value, N, from 1 to Supported_Wind_Sensors, perform Steps 5.1 through 5.22.	
5.1	GET the following object(s): »windSensorAvgSpeed.N »windSensorSpotSpeed.N »windSensorSpotDirection.N »windSensorGustSpeed.N »windSensorGustDirection.N »windSensorGustDirection.N »windSensorGustDirection.N	Pass / Fail (Sec. 3.5.2.3.2.2)
	61	

1	CONFIGURE: Determine the number of wind sensors required by the specification (PRL 3.6.2). RECORD this information as: »Required_Wind_Sensors	
2	GET the following object(s):	Pass / Fail (Sec. 3.5.2.3.2.2)
3	VERIFY that the RESPONSE VALUE for windSensorTableNumSensors.0 is greater than or equal to Required_Wind_Sensors.	Pass / Fail (Sec. 3.6.2)
4	Determine the RESPONSE VALUE for windSensorTableNumSensors.0. RECORD this information as: »Supported_Wind_Sensors	
5	FOR EACH value, N, from 1 to Supported_Wind_Sensors, perform Steps 5.1 through 5.22.	
5.1	GET the following object(s): »windSensorAvgSpeed.N »windSensorSpotSpeed.N »windSensorSpotDirection.N »windSensorGustSpeed.N »windSensorGustDirection.N »windSensorGustDirection.N	Pass / Fail (Sec. 3.5.2.3.2.2)
	62	

1	CONFIGURE: Determine the number of wind sensors required by the specification (PRL 3.6.2). RECORD this information as: »Required_Wind_Sensors	
2	GET the following object(s):	Pass / Fail (Sec. 3.5.2.3.2.2)
3	VERIFY that the RESPONSE VALUE for windSensorTableNumSensors.0 is greater than or equal to Required_Wind_Sensors.	Pass / Fail (Sec. 3.6.2)
4	Determine the RESPONSE VALUE for windSensorTableNumSensors.0. RECORD this information as: »Supported_Wind_Sensors	
5	FOR EACH value, N, from 1 to Supported_Wind_Sensors, perform Steps 5.1 through 5.22.	
5.1	GET the following object(s): »windSensorAvgSpeed.N »windSensorSpotSpeed.N »windSensorSpotDirection.N »windSensorGustSpeed.N »windSensorGustDirection.N »windSensorGustDirection.N	Pass / Fail (Sec. 3.5.2.3.2.2)
	63	

1	CONFIGURE: Determine the number of wind sensors required by the specification (PRL 3.6.2). RECORD this information as: »Required_Wind_Sensors	
2	GET the following object(s):	Pass / Fail (Sec. 3.5.2.3.2.2)
3	VERIFY that the RESPONSE VALUE for windSensorTableNumSensors.0 is greater than or equal to Required_Wind_Sensors.	Pass / Fail (Sec. 3.6.2)
4	Determine the RESPONSE VALUE for windSensorTableNumSensors.0. RECORD this information as: »Supported_Wind_Sensors	
5	FOR EACH value, N, from 1 to Supported_Wind_Sensors, perform Steps 5.1 through 5.22.	
5.1	GET the following object(s): »windSensorAvgSpeed.N »windSensorSpotSpeed.N »windSensorSpotDirection.N »windSensorGustSpeed.N »windSensorGustDirection.N »windSensorGustDirection.N »windSensorGustDirection.N	Pass / Fail (Sec. 3.5.2.3.2.2)
	64	

1	CONFIGURE: Determine the number of wind sensors required by the specification (PRL 3.6.2). RECORD this information as: »Required_Wind_Sensors	
2	GET the following object(s):	Pass / Fail (Sec. 3.5.2.3.2.2)
3	VERIFY that the RESPONSE VALUE for windSensorTableNumSensors.0 is greater than or equal to Required_Wind_Sensors.	Pass / Fail (Sec. 3.6.2)
4	Determine the RESPONSE VALUE for windSensorTableNumSensors.0. RECORD this information as: »Supported_Wind_Sensors	
5	FOR EACH value, N, from 1 to Supported_Wind_Sensors, perform Steps 5.1 through 5.22.	
5.1	GET the following object(s): »windSensorAvgSpeed.N »windSensorSpotSpeed.N »windSensorSpotDirection.N »windSensorGustSpeed.N »windSensorGustDirection.N »windSensorGustDirection.N	Pass / Fail (Sec. 3.5.2.3.2.2)
	65	

1	CONFIGURE: Determine the number of wind sensors required by the specification (PRL 3.6.2). RECORD this information as: »Required_Wind_Sensors	
2	GET the following object(s):	Pass / Fail (Sec. 3.5.2.3.2.2)
3	VERIFY that the RESPONSE VALUE for windSensorTableNumSensors.0 is greater than or equal to Required_Wind_Sensors.	Pass / Fail (Sec. 3.6.2)
4	Determine the RESPONSE VALUE for windSensorTableNumSensors.0. RECORD this information as: »Supported_Wind_Sensors	
5	FOR EACH value, N, from 1 to Supported_Wind_Sensors, perform Steps 5.1 through 5.22.	
5.1	GET the following object(s): »windSensorAvgSpeed.N »windSensorSpotSpeed.N »windSensorSpotDirection.N »windSensorGustSpeed.N »windSensorGustDirection.N »windSensorGustDirection.N	Pass / Fail (Sec. 3.5.2.3.2.2)
	CC CC	

Retrieve Wind Data

5.2	VERIFY that the RESPONSE VALUE for windSensorAvgSpeed.N is greater than or equal to 0.	Pass / Fail (Sec. 5.6.10.4)
5.3	VERIFY that the RESPONSE VALUE for windSensorAvgSpeed.N is less than or equal to 65535.	Pass / Fail (Sec. 5.6.10.4)
5.4	VERIFY that the RESPONSE VALUE for windSensorAvgSpeed.N is APPROPRIATE.	Pass / Fail (Sec. 5.6.10.4)

Some VERIFY steps can be easily automated

Others require human interaction



Other Types of Test Steps

Other Step Types in NTCIP 1204 v04

DELAY <for a period of time>

PERFORM <another test procedure>

SET <one or more objects to defined values>

IF <condition> <true branch> ELSE <false branch>

Analyze and Record Test Results

Reported Failures

Errors can be from a number of sources

- Errors in the implementation
- User Errors:
 - Incorrectly configured inputs at start of test
 - Incorrectly evaluating a test step
- Equipment malfunction
- Errors in the procedure
- Errors in the standard

Maturity of standards reduce the risks in last two areas

Once an error is identified

Investigate and if valid, report the issue



Benefits of Automated Testing

Automation Is Essential

Automation can dramatically accelerate the testing process

Reduces probability of errors in testing

- A new source of potential error
- But reduces potential for user error
- Correct once and reuse



Some steps still require manual verification

A C T I V I T Y



Question

Which of the below is not a type of step used in NTCIP 1204 v04 testing?

Answer Choices

- a) UPDATE
- b) SET
- c) VERIFY
- d) IF

Review of Answers



a) UPDATE

Correct! There is no definition for "UPDATE" in NTCIP 1204 v04 testing.



b) SET

Incorrect. A SET request can be used to alter the value of a parameter in the ESS.



c) VERIFY

Incorrect. A VERIFY step can be used to ensure that the device is responding properly.



d) IF

Incorrect. An IF step can be used to branch the procedure logic based on the evaluation of a condition.

Module Summary

Describe the **role of test plans** and the testing to be undertaken

Identify **key elements** of NTCIP 1204 v04 relevant to the test plan

Describe the **application** of a good test plan to an ESS system being procured

Describe the **testing** of an ESS using standard procedures

We Have Now Completed the ESS Curriculum



Module 11: A313a: Understanding User Needs for ESS Systems Based on NTCIP 1204 v04 Standard



Module 15: A313b: Specifying Requirements for ESS Systems Based on NTCIP 1204 v04 Standard



Module 18: T313: Applying Your Test Plan to ESS Based on NTCIP 1204 v04 ESS Standard

Thank you for completing this module.

Feedback

Please use the Feedback link below to provide us with your thoughts and comments about the value of the training.

Thank you!

