

Candidate Report: training99E3BE-XS7

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Test Name:

Summary

Review (0)

Timeline

Tasks summary

Task	Time spent	Score
FrogJump Java 8	2 min	100%

Total score

100%

Tasks Details

Easy	1. FrogJump	Task Score	Correctness	Performance	
	Count minimal number of jumps from position X to Y.		100%	100%	100%

Task description

A small frog wants to get to the other side of the road. The frog is currently located at position X and wants to get to a position greater than or equal to Y. The small frog always jumps a fixed distance, D.

Count the minimal number of jumps that the small frog must perform to reach its target.

Write a function:

```
class Solution { public int solution(int X, int Y, int D); }
```

that, given three integers X, Y and D, returns the minimal number of jumps from position X to a position equal to or greater than Y.

For example, given:

```
X = 10
Y = 85
D = 30
```

the function should return 3, because the frog will be positioned as follows:

- after the first jump, at position 10 + 30 = 40
- after the second jump, at position 10 + 30 + 30 = 70
- after the third jump, at position 10 + 30 + 30 + 30 = 100

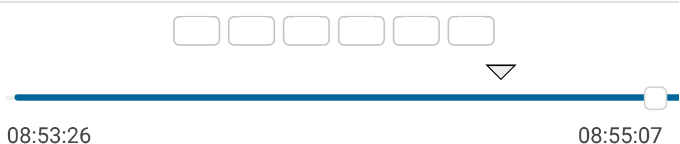
Write an **efficient** algorithm for the following assumptions:

- X, Y and D are integers within the range [1..1,000,000,000];

Solution

Programming language used:	Java 8	
Total time used:	2 minutes	?
Effective time used:	2 minutes	?
Notes:	not defined yet	

Task timeline



Code: 08:55:07 UTC, java, final, score: 100

show code in pop-up

```
1 // you can also use imports, for example:
2 // import java.util.*;
3
4 // you can write to stdout for debugging purposes, e.g.
5 // System.out.println("this is a debug message");
6
7 class Solution {
8     public int solution(int X, int Y, int D) {
```

- $X \leq Y$.

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Test results - Codility

```
9      if(X==Y)
10         return 0;
11     else if(D>(Y-X))
12         return 1;
13     else{
14         int diff = Y-X;
15         int count = diff/D;
16         if((diff%D)>0)
17             return count+1;
18         else
19             return count;
20     }
21 }
22 }
```

Analysis summary

The solution obtained perfect score.

Analysis ?

Detected time complexity: **O(1)**

Example tests	
▶ example example test	✓ OK
Correctness tests	
▶ simple1 simple test	✓ OK
▶ simple2	✓ OK
▶ extreme_position no jump needed	✓ OK
▶ small_extreme_jump one big jump	✓ OK
Performance tests	
▶ many_jump1 many jumps, D = 2	✓ OK
▶ many_jump2 many jumps, D = 99	✓ OK
▶ many_jump3 many jumps, D = 1283	✓ OK
▶ big_extreme_jump maximal number of jumps	✓ OK
▶ small_jumps many small jumps	✓ OK

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