

Beyond Primal-Dual Methods in Bandits with Stochastic and Adversarial Constraints

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0. Abstract

- Problem description:
 - Generalization of the bandits with knapsacks (BwK) problem where an arbitrary set of long-term constraints must be satisfied by the learner.
- **Goal** - design a best-of-both-worlds algorithm that performs optimally under stochastic and adversarial constraints.
- **Problem** - previous works use primal-dual methods.
 - Prior work assumptions:
 - Slater's condition.
 - Knowledge of a lower bound on Slater's parameter, in the adversarial case.
 - Requires weak adaptivity on the primal and dual regret minimizers.
- **Solution** - estimate the constraints with an UCB-like approach.
 - Two main components:
 1. Regret minimizer working on moving strategy sets.
 2. An estimate of the feasible set as an optimistic weighted empirical mean of previous samples.
- **Key challenge** - designing adaptive weights suitable for both stochastic and adversarial constraints.
- **Results**
 - First algorithm to yield logarithmic bounds in the number of constraints for stochastic and adversarial constraints, "best-of-both-worlds."
 - In stochastic settings, yields $\tilde{O}(\sqrt{T})$ regret without Slater's condition.