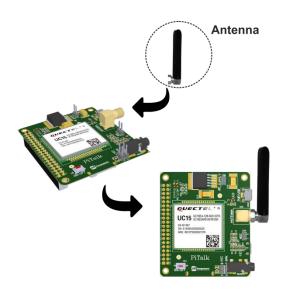
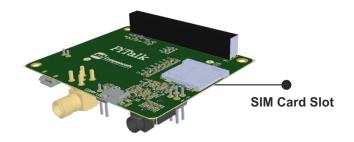
Getting Started with PiTalk

Now that you got your PiTalk, follow these steps to get your PiTalk up and ready to go.

1. Connect the SMA Antenna to the shield as shown



2. Insert the micro SIM card in the SIM slot to the bottom of the PiTalk



- 3. Different ways to connect PiTalk with Raspberry Pi:
 - GPIO based In this case PiTalk takes power from Raspberry PI GPIO and communicate with the Raspberry Pi GPIO14 and GPIO15 (i.e. serial port)



 USB based – In this case you need two USB cable one for power and one for communication



 GPIO and USB – In this case PiTalk takes power from Raspberry Pi GPIO communicate through USB and GPIO both. This case is used when you want to access Inernet and check call/SMS indications also.



- 4. Now you have to connect power supply to either PiTalk or Raspberry Pi.
- 5. Now press the On/Off button on PiTalk. You will see the Netlight LED will start blinking at very faster rate. Once the network is registered the rate of blinking will be changed.



ON/ OFF Button

6. PiTalk comes with two Communication ports i.e. GPIO based and USB based (bottom side of PiTalk)

GPIO based: It will use the GPIO 14 and GPIO 15 of Raspberry Pi. Raspberry Pi 3 will use **ttySO** port and for raspberry pi 2 and zero it will use **ttyAMAO** port for communication

USB based: Connect USB cable with PiTalk comm. Port (on the Bottom side) and Open terminal and type:

```
dmesg
```

You will see that **ttyUSB3** comm port will be allocated for PiTalk.

If it is not allocated then you have to update your Raspberry Pi OS to the latest version or open terminal and type:

```
sudo rpi-update

sudo reboot
```

After reboot again type **dmesg** and check **ttyUSB3** comm port will be allocated.

7. Now your PiTalk is ready to use now you can communicate with PiTalk easily either through GPIO mode, USB mode or using both modes.