```
% homework18 Solutions
% Given values in homework
timeVector = 140:149;
co2Rate = [15.72 15.53 15.19 16.56 16.21 17.39 17.36 17.42 17.60
o2Rate = [15.49 16.16 15.35 15.13 14.20 14.23 14.29 12.74 14.74
13.681;
% Using Simpson_Bechara
co2tot bechara = Simpson Bechara(timeVector,co2Rate);
o2tot_bechara = Simpson_Bechara(timeVector,o2Rate);
% Using MATLAB trapz()
co2tot_trapz = trapz(timeVector, co2Rate);
o2tot_trapz = trapz(timeVector, o2Rate);
% Output
fprintf('\n ----- TOTAL CO2 EVOLUTION
 -----');
fprintf('\n Total carbon dioxide evolution = %9.7f (evaluated by the
trapezoidal rule)',co2tot trapz);
fprintf('\n Total carbon dioxide evolution = %9.4f (evaluated by the
simpson 1/3 rule)\n',co2tot_bechara);
fprintf('\n ----- TOTAL O2 UPTAKE
  -----');
fprintf('\n Total oxygen uptake = %9.4f (evaluated by the trapezoidal
rule)',o2tot trapz);
fprintf('\n Total oxygen uptake = %9.4f (evaluated by the simpson 1/3
rule)\n\n',o2tot_bechara);
                                        -1 if header is incorrect but the function runs
function [ I ] = Simpson_Bechara( x,y )
%SimpsonBechara Numerical evaluation of integral by Simpson's 1/3 Rule
%(composite)
I = Simpson Bechara(x,y)
% Inputs
  x = the vector of equally spaced independent variable
  y = the vector of function values with respect to x
% Outputs:
   I = the numerical integral calculated
% Error check that the inputs are the same length
if length(x) ~= length(y)
    error('x and y are not the same length');
end
     +2, error check for same length vectors
% Error check that the x input is equally spaced
dx = diff(x);
if max(dx)-min(dx) \sim = 0
   error('x is not equally spaced');
end
     +2, error check for unequally spaced data
```

```
% Warn if trapezoidal rule is used on last interval
if mod(length(x), 2) == 0
   warning('Odd number of intervals detected; Trapezoidal rule will
be used for the last interval') +2, warning statements
   n = length(x) - 1;
else
   n = length(x);
end
% Integration
h = dx(1);
y1 = y(2:2:n-1);
y2 = y(3:2:n-2);
I = (y(1) + 4*sum(y1) + 2*sum(y2) + y(n)) * h/3;
if n \sim = length(x)
    I = I + (y(length(x)) + y(n)) * h/2;
end
end
Warning: Odd number of intervals detected; Trapezoidal rule
will be used for the last interval
Warning: Odd number of intervals detected; Trapezoidal rule
will be used for the last interval
 ----- TOTAL CO2 EVOLUTION
 _____
Total carbon dioxide evolution = 149.9950000 (evaluated by the
 trapezoidal rule)
Total carbon dioxide evolution = 150.4883 (evaluated by the simpson
 1/3 rule)
 +1 correct value for trapezoidal rule, +1 correct value for simpson's rule
 ----- TOTAL O2 UPTAKE -----
Total oxygen uptake = 131.4250 (evaluated by the trapezoidal rule)
Total oxygen uptake = 131.1933 (evaluated by the simpson 1/3 rule)
 +1 correct value for trapezoidal rule, +1 correct value for simpson's rule
```

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+2, output statement or some comparison between the values