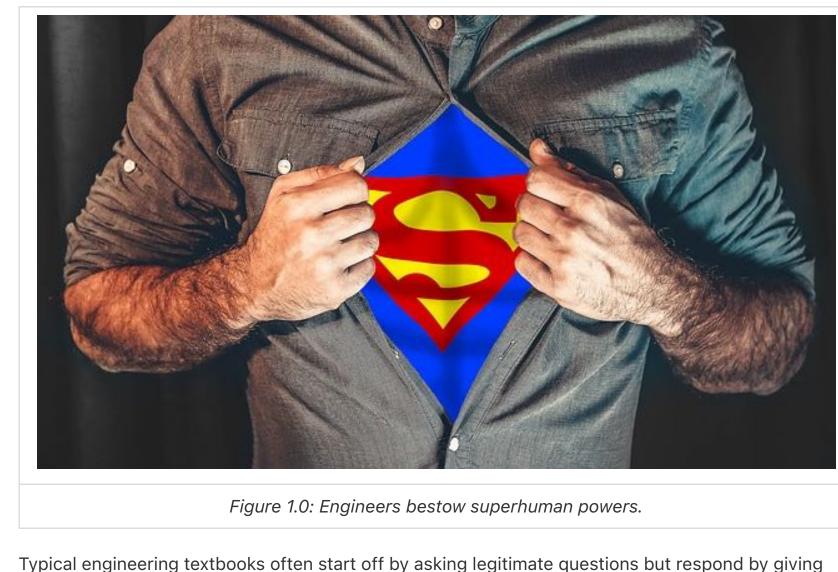
Chapter 1: Is it a bird? Is it a plane?



What does it mean to be an engineer?

What do engineers do? What ethical problems arise with engineers?

Before we jump into this book, take a minute to reflect. After all, you chose this major for some

These are valid questions for the starting engineering student and the answers are exciting!

boring answers. The typical questions are:

- Before we get any further, take a minute to write out a short description of what **YOU** think an engineer is and what they do:
- Discussion 1.1: What is an engineer?

reason. What do you think an engineer does? Why did you choose this major? Your answer doesn't need to be a page long, just write a few sentences to reflect.

LEARNING GOALS

Learning Goals

In this chapter, we will learn about engineering in general. That includes learning:

 What it means to be an engineer and what engineers do. What engineering careers look like and how they are projected to grow. How to approach your schooling and why I think that school is a gym for your mind.

The dangers of having a smart professor.

What the non-cognitive skills are for success as an engineer.

What engineering ethics are and how to approach ethical dilemmas.

- **Engineers Give Humans Superpowers** Engineers build things that give people superpowers and in the process, make the world a better
- place. It really is that simple.

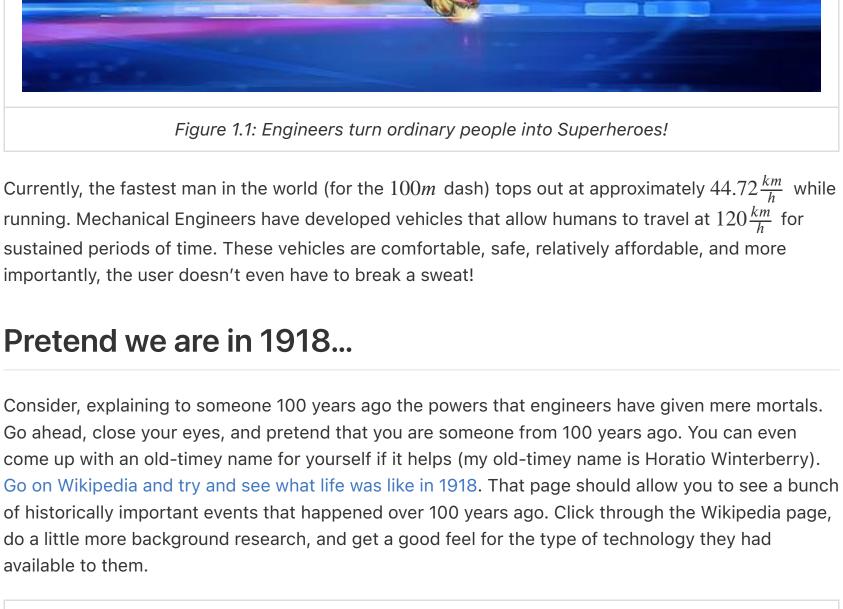
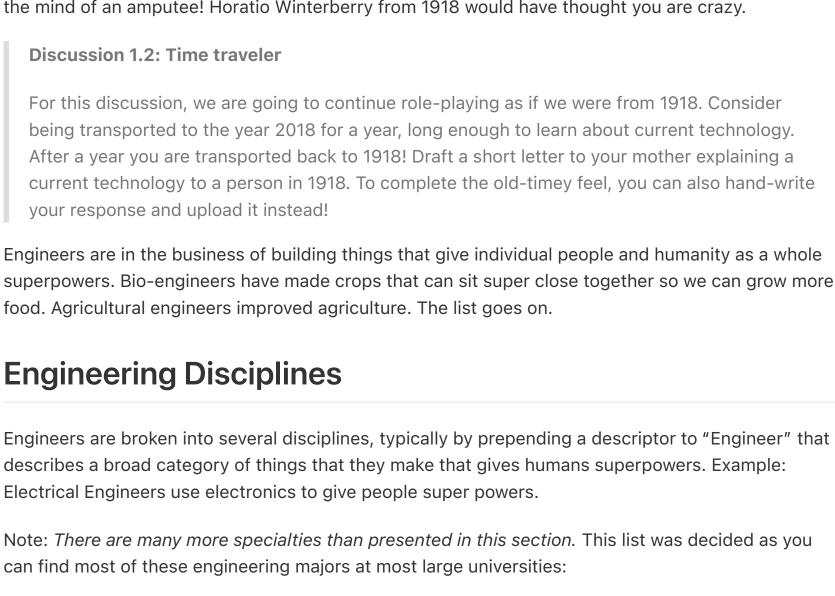


Figure 1.2: Horatio Winterberry in his new horseless carriage... probably Now, continuing our imagination, someone comes from the future and tells you some of the things engineers have created. Engineers have made it so that a businessman can travel to New York from



The US Bureau of Labor Statistics (BLS) has excellent information on these careers. They describe

Your task for this problem is to sort the engineering careers by "Job Outlook, 2016–2026" in

represents a BLS estimation of how fast engineering careers will grow in the next decade. Keep

descending order (High to Low). "Job Outlook, 2016–2026" (Links to an external site.)

more quickly than Computer Hardware Engineering (7% vs 5% respectively) then answer the

engineering careers on the BLS website here. In addition to those careers, you should pursue the BLS

what they do, job outlook, pay, area information, and more. You can find a list of all the tracked

site and look at other careers and options. You might be surprised what is growing fastest!

Based on the following activity you may think to yourself "Ah, I should switch my major to the career growing the fastest!" Not so fast. Part of being a good engineer is learning how to analyze and interpret information. For example: consider that Biomedical Engineering is projected to grow much

are paid, etc. Then take some time to reflect.

following question.

prestige, etc)

Question 1.1: BLS Stats on Engineering

in mind the careers we are looking at are NOT tech jobs!

Question 1.2: Another look at those statistics...

 Agricultural Engineering Biomedical Engineering

Chemical Engineering

Computer Engineering

Electrical Engineering

Industrial Engineering

Mechanical Engineering

Environmental Engineering

• Civil Engineering

more Computer Hardware Engineers will be employed as compared to Biomedical Engineers in the year 2026? **Stop and Think**

Finally, spend some time perusing the BLS page for your chosen major or field you would like to go

into. Click around on all the tabs. Looks at where they are employed, what they do, how much they

Look at the BLS projections for Biomedical Engineering vs Computer Hardware Engineering.

Based on the projections, and even though Biomedical Engineering is growing faster, how many

says that the median pay for Chemical Engineers is 102,160 USD. This is crazy seeing as how the median salary for employed workers in the US is currently 37,690 USD. Before we continue, let's tell a little story... Case Study Consider the following scenario:

Engineering is hard and there are right and wrong reasons to pursue it as a major. Several students

pursue engineering because they heard that engineers make a lot of money. For example, the BLS

Steve is an 18-year-old about to graduate from Generic High School. Steve is very smart and exceptionally clever. He has always been interested in electronics, computers, and baseball. He built an Arduino-based biometric lock for his bedroom to keep his sister out when he was only 7 years old. However, Steve has no muscular definition or hand-eye coordination to speak of. Steve was the only player to strike out in his t-ball league (a record he and his dad laugh about often). As part of his high school capstone project, Steve designed an "e-bat" that was able to measure the swing velocity and force imparted onto the ball for his High School Baseball team. Even though he didn't make the team, Steve was proud to see his e-bat used to enhance the performance of the players by giving them

information on their swing speed, angle, etc. Steve graduates High School with a 3.9 GPA and gets a

Figure 1.3: DEFINITELY not Steve

While we may be rooting for Steve (we all love an underdog story), it seems clear that his logic is

absurd. Steve does not have the physical characteristics necessary to be a successful MLB player.

While he might, with a lot of training and hard work, achieve this dream, it is more likely that he will

What is the point of that weird story?

Use this self-reflection to make sure that you are in the right place. There are no right or wrong answers to these questions. They are simply for you to start having a conversation with yourself about what is right for you. Non-Cognitive Skills For Success The purpose of the proceeding section was not to get you to change majors! If you are interested in engineering please stick with it! In my experience, students drop out of engineering for two reasons: 1. They think it is too hard and want to switch to an "easier" major 2. They think they aren't *smart* enough Both of these are **not valid reasons** to change your major as long as you are interested and really want to be an engineer. Yes, engineering is difficult and requires advanced mathematics, physics, and scientific training. Is that hard? Of course, it is, but if you are interested in it then you should also find it fun. A lot of the problems that students have with engineering come from the way society prepares us. Let's consider another story to illustrate what I mean by this. Case Study

maybe thousands of hours before he is able to play it that well. It doesn't matter what amazing thing you are seeing, the story is the same. It is extremely rare for someone to just stumble upon wealth and success. Do not delude yourself into thinking that you aren't smart enough to be an engineer, you are! **The** point is that engineering is hard but you can do it, you are just going to need to improve some

of your non-cognitive character skills.

fitness. The workout analogy holds true!

hard and there are not always right answers.

Example of Why Ethics is Hard

in real-life ethical dilemmas.

something quite different...

Ethics: Nobel's Legacy

will vault your career.

Ethics is Hard

can so I won't start.

struggling for money after being laid off. Your son's shoes have holes in them and as the Wisconsin winter approaches, you are worried that his feet might get frostbite if he doesn't get new shoes. You don't even care if they are new, you are willing to get him a used pair, but you don't even have enough money to pay the rent and money is tight. However, having worked in grocery before getting laid off, you understand that the cashier will be held personally responsible for the missing money and you do not want to get them in trouble. Do you correct the cashier if the amount in question is 1 dollar? 5 dollars? 100 dollars?" Real-life ethical dilemmas do not have clear-cut solutions or consequences. Keep that in mind throughout the semester as we discuss these topics. For your first discussion this week, let's consider a name we all know, Nobel. It is most likely that you associate the name "Nobel" with prizes

and science and smart stuff! That is just what Alfred Nobel was going for. He was almost known for

Most people recognize the name Nobel and associate it with the Nobel Prize. The Nobel Prizes

in human history. What most people do not realize is that it was named after Alfred Nobel, a Swedish engineer credited with inventing dynamite. Nobel had an interesting opportunity to

read his own obituary (it was published by accident) which was scathing and condemned him

In the future you may have the opportunity to design and create something that will be used in a

obituary. What do you think it will say? Will the world look kindly at the innovator that gave them

the algorithm that increased productivity and profits? Will it lament the loss of jobs and curse

you as a job killer? Read some NY Times obituaries (Links to an external site.) to get a feel for

Up until now, I have just told you everything is going to be hard, which it is, but DO NOT DESPAIR!

In the next chapter of this book, we are going to introduce units, dimensions, and other important considerations. Later we will learn how to use both Microsoft Excel and MATLAB to perform data

engineering concepts, it is most effective to think of it as learning a new language, not learning how

to solve a puzzle. I have seen students going online and picking and choosing bits of code, changing

Students might also figure out a "process" for solving a particular type of problem, only to find out

that (usually when they get to the test) they don't really understand the underlying concepts. This is

way you didn't intend. Let's pretend that you create a software algorithm that eliminates the

jobs of 100,000 people. Your company is pleased and you get a raise! After all, you have

Mindset: Engineering as a language, not as a puzzle

analysis and write programs. When you are first learning how to write programs and other

variables, and then when it "works", they save it and submit it as their completed homework.

not the correct way to think about homework or computer programming.

think about it the amount of knowledge your professors have is amazing huh?

increased profits by a huge margin. For this week's online discussion post, write your own

for profiting off of the sale of weapons. Realizing that his legacy was one of death and

destruction, Alfred bequeathed his fortune to create the Nobel Prizes.

how they are written before you write your own.

are arguably the most prestigious and famous scientific, literary, and social achievement awards

attention. You need to see someone perform the workout so that you know how to position your body, etc. But it isn't going to help you build your mental muscles. The learning comes from practicing, doing the same repetitious thing over and over. In addition to reading and working on homework, it is critical that you practice everything, on your own, until you achieve mastery. Throughout the semester we will revisit this analogy. It will be used as a reminder that in addition to reading and working on homework, it is critical that you practice everything, on your own, until you achieve mastery. In our student's case, he was overconfident in his abilities to lift weights and

Did anything resonate with you about this chapter? Are you more excited about becoming an engineer? Do you have any fears or anxieties? What can you do about those?

London in a matter of hours! Engineers have created robotic prosthetics that can be controlled from the mind of an amputee! Horatio Winterberry from 1918 would have thought you are crazy. Aerospace Engineering

Discussion 1.3: What is your major? What engineering major are you currently enrolled in? What does the BLS say they do? What type of thing do they make? Are you interested in making that thing? Make sure to write in your own words, plagiarism is not OK! If you are a double major, you can either pick one or pick both to describe here. Don't Do It for the Money (or for your parents, or for

full-ride scholarship offer from Colorado State University to study engineering. Steve has always been interested in baseball and hears that MLB players make a lot of money. Steve decides to skip college and instead he begins training to become an MLB baseball player.

fail. It is clear to us that Steve should have chosen that Colorado State University scholarship and studied Mechanical Engineering! Just like it is absurd for Steve to choose to be an MLB player, it is equally as absurd to arbitrarily choose a college major. Engineering is hard and there are right and wrong reasons to pursue it as a major. If you signed up for an engineering major because you think engineers make a lot of money (typically true but not always the case), or because your parents pushed you into it, you are going to be in for a long four years and a potentially miserable career. If you signed up because you love learning and are interested in making things that help turn ordinary people into superheroes, you are in for a treat. Engineering school will equip you with the tools and mindset necessary to analyze problems and design novel solutions using technical knowledge and personal ingenuity. However, if you are uninterested in working hard, long hours on difficult problems that require advanced mathematical understanding and computational thinking, you may want to look at other degree options that might be more interesting to you.

There are lots of college majors and it can be difficult to pick a potentially lifelong career when you

Are you ok with studying for long hours and working on hard problems without easy

are a freshman in college. I get it. But take some time to reflect.

Do you have good time management skills?

Discussion 1.4: Do you have what it takes?

Use these questions to reflect on:

solutions?

What are your strengths?

What are your weaknesses?

Pretend you are going to a concert to see Yo Yo Ma play Bach's Cello Suite No. 1 in G Major. Go ahead and do yourself a favor, take a few minutes out of your day, close your eyes, and imagine being lucky enough to hear him play this for you live. Seriously, it is only a few minutes long and it is strikingly beautiful. Hit the play button, and close your eyes... Video 1: Yo Yo Ma - Bach Cello Suite No.1 in G Major Woah. He is good, right? Did you listen to the whole thing? I think it is difficult to listen to that piece and not have some kind of emotion come flooding into your head. That is how good Yo Yo Ma is.

Now comes the million-dollar question. **Could you ever be that good?** This is the question that

society has prepared us to answer incorrectly. Society tells us no. Society tells us that Yo Yo Ma is

super talented and that you could never do that because you aren't as talented as he is. It is easy to

think that, well, Yo Yo Ma is super talented and I am not so I guess I can never play cello as well as he

I am trying to tell you that you can be that good, you are just too lazy to put in the effort. That is

OK, not everyone needs to be an amazing cellist. But you should be amazing at something which

means that you are going to have to get to working hard and failing! What you don't see when you

see someone do something amazing on YouTube is the countless hours of them failing, getting up,

These are the non-cognitive character skills that all successful people have (in order of importance):

2. **Conscientiousness**. This will help with your professional life and help cultivate relationships that

3. **Planning**. This is how well you can create goals and execute plans to complete those goals.

You should also notice that these non-cognitive skills are also skills that are useful for physical

In my opinion, engineering ethics deserves the devotion of an entire course to the topic.

ABET accreditation requirements and it is not emphasized throughout the curriculum.

Unfortunately, for most engineers, their ethical training is limited to a couple of slides to meet some

In this book, I will try and change that. Throughout the book, you will encounter ethical quandaries

that are intended to provoke discussion. One thing that you should always keep in mind, ethics is

A lot of engineering ethics ask silly questions. Here is an example that I have found in a current

edition textbook, that I find particularly silly: "A cashier gives you too much change for a purchase.

A better ethical question would be: "A cashier gives you too much change for a purchase. You are

Do you correct the cashier?". OF COURSE YOU DO! This question lacks nuance or depth that arises

1. **Grit** is also known as *passionate* persistence. This is the main secret to success.

and trying it again. You don't see YouTube videos of Yo Yo Ma practicing the piece for hundreds,

When you are first learning how to write programs and other engineering concepts, it is most effective to think of it as learning a new language, not learning how to solve a puzzle. If these students were suddenly required to repeat the homework from scratch, it is unlikely that they would be adequately prepared from the homework. Remember our Workout Analogy One of the dangers I would like to alert you to is that your professor has very strong mental muscles.

When you go to class or ask your professor for help, they will likely be able to answer you. When you

Your professor (or TA, or tutor) is so good, she makes it look easy. This is super dangerous for you, **the student!** Your professor makes it *look* easy but that doesn't actually mean that it is. The student is going to have a hard time if he simply watches their professor deadlift a huge amount of weight, doesn't workout him/herself, and then shows up to the 60-minute workout test (the Professor fished this problem in 30min! How hard can it be?), confident that they know what they are doing. At this point, it is easy to see the mistake of the student.

Similarly, when your instructors / TA's / whoever shows you how to do things it is important to pay

Figure 1.4: Your professor has huge mental muscles.

End of Chapter Items Personal Reflection - Chapter 1 This is a completely anonymous submission. The professor will be able to see the responses but the responses will not be attributed to an author. Your participation is required.

What did you think of this chapter? Anything stand out as exceptionally good? Anything that

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Figure 1.3: Image courtesy of KeithJJ under CCO Creative Commons

Figure 1.4: Image courtesy of Pexels under CCO Creative Commons

as a result, bombed his test. Request for Feedback - Chapter 1 This is a completely anonymous submission. The professor will be able to see the responses but the responses will not be attributed to an author. Your participation is required. you would like to see differently? Any feedback is appreciated. **Image Credits** Figure 1.0: Image courtesy of Elias Sch under CCO Creative Commons Figure 1.1: Image courtesy of Pixabay under Pixabay License