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Dada la matriz A = \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 1 & 1 \\ 2 & 3 & 2 \end{pmatrix}, have its autorolous los autorectores y les autoropoiss. Pecidir et A es diagnolizable
                                                                        \begin{vmatrix} A - \lambda I & | = 0 & \text{a. construct is a} \\ \begin{vmatrix} 2 - \lambda & 1 & 1 \\ 2 & 3 - \lambda & 1 \\ 3 & 3 & 4 - \lambda \end{vmatrix} = 0; (2 - \lambda) ((4 - \lambda) - 6] - 1 [2(4 - \lambda) - 6] + 1 [(-3(3 - \lambda)] = 0 \\ (2 - \lambda) ((6 - 3\lambda - 4\lambda + \lambda^2) - 4(2 - 2\lambda) + 4(-3 + 3\lambda) = 0 \\ (2 - \lambda) (\lambda^2 - 3\lambda + 6) - 2(4 - \lambda) + (-3)(1 - \lambda) = 0 \\ (2 - \lambda) (\lambda^2 - 3\lambda + 6) - 2(4 - \lambda) + (-3)(1 - \lambda) = 0 \\ (2 - \lambda) (\lambda^2 - 3\lambda + 6) - 2(4 - \lambda) + (-3)(1 - \lambda) = 0 \\ (2 - \lambda) (\lambda^2 - 3\lambda + 6) - 2(4 - \lambda) + (-3)(1 - \lambda) = 0 \\ (2 - \lambda) (\lambda^2 - 3\lambda + 6) - 2(4 - \lambda) + (-3)(1 - \lambda) = 0 \\ (2 - \lambda) (\lambda^2 - 3\lambda + 6) - 2(4 - \lambda) + (-3)(1 - \lambda) = 0 \\ (2 - \lambda) (\lambda^2 - 3\lambda + 6) - 2(4 - \lambda) + (-3)(1 - \lambda) = 0 \\ (4 - \lambda) - 2(4 - \lambda) + (-3)(1 - \lambda) = 0 \\ (4 - \lambda) - 2(4 - \lambda) + (-3)(1 - \lambda) = 0 \\ (

\frac{\lambda = 1}{\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 2 & 2 & 2 \\ 3 & 3 & 3 \end{pmatrix}} \begin{pmatrix} a \\ b \\ c \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ c \end{pmatrix}; \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 2 & 2 & 2 \\ 3 & 3 & 3 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}

\begin{cases} 1a_{+} + b_{+} + 1c = 0 & -b_{-} = c = -a_{-}b_{-} - b_{-} = c \\ -a_{-}b_{-} & -b_{-} = c = -a_{-}b_{-} - b_{-} = c \\ -a_{-}b_{-} & -b_{-} = c = -a_{-}b_{-} - b_{-} = c \\ -a_{-}b_{-} & -b_{-} & -b_{-} = c = -a_{-}b_{-} - b_{-} = c \\ -a_{-}b_{-} & -b_{-} & -b_{-} = c = -a_{-}b_{-} - b_{-} = c = -a_{-}b_{-} = c

\frac{\lambda = 7}{\begin{pmatrix} 2 & -1 & 2 \\ 3 & 3 & -3 \\ -20 + b & = 0 \end{pmatrix}} \begin{pmatrix} \alpha \\ b \\ c \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} -5 & 1 & 1 \\ 2 & -1 & 2 \\ 3 & 3 & -3 \end{pmatrix}  \begin{pmatrix} -5 & 1 & 1 \\ 12 & -6 & 0 \\ -12 & 6 & 0 \end{pmatrix}  \begin{pmatrix} -5 & 1 & 1 \\ 2 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 3 & 0 \end{pmatrix}

\begin{cases} -5\alpha + b + c = 0 \\ -2\alpha + b = 0 \end{cases} \xrightarrow{b = 2\alpha}   -5\alpha + 2\alpha + c = 0; \quad -3\alpha + \frac{c}{3} = 3\alpha \quad \forall \alpha \in \mathbb{R}

                                     \begin{cases} -2a+b=0 & b>2a \\ \begin{pmatrix} 1a \\ 3a \end{pmatrix} \\ \begin{pmatrix} 2a \\ 3a \end{pmatrix} \end{cases} ; a \neq 0 \end{cases} ; a \Rightarrow 0 \rbrace ; a \Rightarrow 
                                                                                  Z dim E(λ) = 2+1 = 3 → 3 us el orolen de la matria, A
                                                                                  \forall \lambda, ma(\lambda) = mq(\lambda)
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