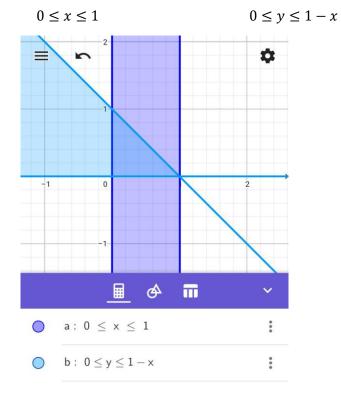
19.- Calcular:

c)
$$\iiint (xe^y + ye^z) dx dy dz$$

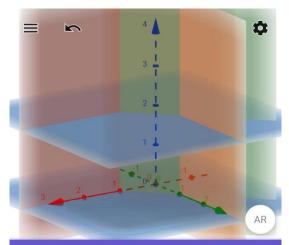
S es el prisma limitado por los planos coordenados y los planos z = 2 , x + y = 1.

 \rightarrow el triangulo R:



Y para el volumen S agregamos

$$0 \le z \le 2$$



	<u>H</u> &	~
0	ec1: x + y = 1	:

$$g: y = 0$$

$$I = \int_{0}^{1} \int_{0}^{1-x} \int_{0}^{2} (xe^{y} + ye^{z}) dz dy dx$$

$$I = \int_{0}^{1} \int_{0}^{1-x} (xze^{y} + ye^{z})|_{0}^{2} dy dx$$

$$I = \int_{0}^{1} \int_{0}^{1-x} (2xe^{y} + ye^{2} - y) dy dx$$

$$I = \int_{0}^{1} \left(2xe^{y} + \frac{1}{2}y^{2}e^{2} - \frac{y^{2}}{2} \right) \Big|_{0}^{1-x} dx$$

$$I = \int_{0}^{1} \left(2xe^{1-x} + \frac{e^{2}}{2} (1-x)^{2} - \frac{1}{2} (1-x)^{2} - 2x \right) dx$$

$$I = \int_{0}^{1} \left(\frac{x^{2}e^{2} - x^{2} + 4x e^{-x+1} - 2x e^{2} - 2x + e^{2} - 1}{2} \right) dx$$

$$I = \left(\frac{-\frac{1}{3}x^3 - x^2 + xe^2 - x^2e^2 + \frac{1}{3}x^3e^2 + 4(-x - 1)e^{-x + 1} - x}{2}\right)\Big|_{x=0}^{1}$$

$$I = \frac{e^2 + 12e - 31}{6}$$