

Hallar los puntos críticos de la función dada y determinar si es máximo, mínimo o punto de ensilladura:

$$f(x, y) = 2x - 3y + \frac{1}{2} \ln(x^2 + y^2) + 5 \operatorname{arctg}\left(\frac{y}{x}\right)$$

$$D_f = \{(x, y) \in \mathbb{R}^2 / x^2 + y^2 \neq 0 \wedge x \neq 0\}$$

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$$f'_x = 2 + \frac{1}{2} \frac{2x}{(x^2 + y^2)} + 5 \frac{1}{1 + \frac{y^2}{x^2}} \left(-\frac{y}{x^2}\right)$$

$$f'_x = 2 + \frac{x}{x^2 + y^2} - \frac{5y}{x^2 + y^2}$$

$$f'_x = 2 + \frac{x - 5y}{x^2 + y^2}$$

$$f'_x = 2 + \frac{x - 5y}{x^2 + y^2} = 0$$

$$\frac{x - 5y}{x^2 + y^2} = -2$$

$$-\frac{x}{2} + \frac{5}{2}y = x^2 + y^2 \quad (1)$$

$$f'_y = -3 + \frac{1}{2} \frac{2y}{(x^2 + y^2)} + 5 \frac{1}{\left(1 + \frac{y^2}{x^2}\right)} \frac{1}{x}$$

$$f'_y = -3 + \frac{y}{x^2 + y^2} + \frac{5x}{x^2 + y^2}$$

$$f'_y = -3 + \frac{5x + y}{x^2 + y^2} = 0$$

$$\frac{5}{3}x + \frac{1}{3}y = x^2 + y^2 \quad (2)$$

De (1) ^ (2)

$$-\frac{x}{2} + \frac{5}{2}y = \frac{5}{3}x + \frac{y}{3}$$

$$-3x + 15y = 10x + 2y$$

$$13y = 13x$$

$$x = y$$

Reemplazando en (1):

$$-\frac{x}{2} + \frac{5x}{2} = x^2 + x^2$$

$$x = x^2 \rightarrow x^2 - x = 0 \rightarrow x(x-1) = 0$$

$$x = 1$$

^

$$y = 1$$

→ Hay un solo punto crítico en (1,1)

$$f'_x = 2 + \frac{x - 5y}{x^2 + y^2}$$

$$f''_{xx} = \frac{x^2 + y^2 - (x - 5y)2x}{(x^2 + y^2)^2}$$

$$f''_{xx} = \frac{y^2 - x^2 + 10xy}{(x^2 + y^2)^2}$$

$$f''_{xy} = \frac{-5(x^2 + y^2) - (x - 5y)2y}{(x^2 + y^2)^2}$$

$$f''_{xy} = \frac{5y^2 - 5x^2 - 2xy}{(x^2 + y^2)^2}$$

$$f'_y = -3 + \frac{5x + y}{x^2 + y^2}$$

$$f''_{yy} = \frac{x^2 + y^2 - (5x + y)2y}{(x^2 + y^2)^2}$$

$$f''_{yy} = \frac{x^2 - y^2 - 10xy}{(x^2 + y^2)^2}$$

$$f''_{xx}(1,1) = \frac{5}{2}$$

$$f''_{yy}(1,1) = -\frac{5}{2}$$

$$f''_{xy}(1,1) = -\frac{1}{2}$$

$$\rightarrow H_f(1,1) = \begin{vmatrix} \frac{5}{2} & -\frac{1}{2} \\ -\frac{1}{2} & -\frac{5}{2} \end{vmatrix} = -\frac{13}{2} < 0$$

\rightarrow en $(1,1)$ hay un punto de ensilladura