How Do Household Energy Transitions Work?

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Problem table:

Read in the data for Table 2:

Rows: 3672 Columns: 9  
── Column specification ────────────────────────────────────────────────────────  
Delimiter: ","  
dbl (9): wave, ID\_VILLAGE, gender\_health, age\_health, smoking, lived\_with\_sm...  
  
ℹ Use `spec()` to retrieve the full column specification for this data.  
ℹ Specify the column types or set `show\_col\_types = FALSE` to quiet this message.

Now insert the function:

And then make the table:

# A tibble: 6 × 6  
 char w1 w2 w4 statistic p\_value  
 <chr> <chr> <chr> <chr> <chr> <chr>   
1 female 580 (57.8) 653 (58.8) 612 (59.5) 0.616 0.735   
2 csmoke 257 (25.6) 295 (26.6) 265 (25.8) 0.292 0.864   
3 asmoke 795 (79.3) 898 (80.9) 857 (83.4) 5.616 0.060   
4 bmi 26.1 (3.7) 25.7 (3.5) 26.1 (4.0) 3.273 0.076   
5 age\_health 60.1 (9.3) 61.1 (9.1) 63.3 (9.0) 31.980 0.000   
6 waist\_circ 86.8 (10.2) 87.4 (9.4) 91.4 (10.7) 54.035 0.000

|  | Estimates | | | Test for Equality | |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| Characteristic | Wave 1 (2018-19) N=1003 | Wave 2 (2019-20) N=1110 | Wave 4 (2021-22) N=1028 | Statistica | p-value |
| Female, n (%) | 580 (57.8) | 653 (58.8) | 612 (59.5) | 0.616 | 0.735 |
| Current smoker, n (%) | 257 (25.6) | 295 (26.6) | 265 (25.8) | 0.292 | 0.864 |
| Any smoke exposure, n (%) | 795 (79.3) | 898 (80.9) | 857 (83.4) | 5.616 | 0.060 |
| Age in years, Mean (SD) | 26.1 (3.7) | 25.7 (3.5) | 26.1 (4.0) | 3.273 | 0.076 |
| BMI in kg/m^2, Mean (SD) | 60.1 (9.3) | 61.1 (9.1) | 63.3 (9.0) | 31.980 | 0.000 |
| Waist circumference in cm, Mean (SD) | 86.8 (10.2) | 87.4 (9.4) | 91.4 (10.7) | 54.035 | 0.000 |
| a Blah. | | | | | |