

PSO

1.

$$(a) f(x) = \frac{1}{2} x^T A x + b^T x$$

$$\nabla f(x) = \nabla \left(\frac{1}{2} x^T A x \right) + \nabla (b^T x)$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \cdot 2Ax + b = \boxed{Ax+b}$$

$$(b) f(x) = g(h(x))$$

$$\nabla f(x) = \nabla g(h(x)) = \boxed{\begin{matrix} g'(h(x)) \\ g'(h(x)) \\ \vdots \\ g'(h(x)) \end{matrix}}$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} \frac{\partial}{\partial x_1} g(h(x)) \\ \frac{\partial}{\partial x_2} g(h(x)) \\ \vdots \\ \frac{\partial}{\partial x_n} g(h(x)) \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} g'(h(x)) & \frac{\partial}{\partial x_1} h(x) \\ \vdots & \\ g'(h(x)) & \frac{\partial}{\partial x_n} h(x) \end{bmatrix} = \boxed{g'(h(x)) \nabla h(x)}$$

~~(c) $f(x) = \frac{1}{2} x^T A x + b^T x$~~

~~$$f(x) = \boxed{\begin{matrix} g_1(x) \\ g_2(x) \\ \vdots \\ g_m(x) \end{matrix}}$$~~

$$= \boxed{\begin{matrix} g_1'(x) & \frac{\partial}{\partial x_1} h_1(x) \\ \vdots & \\ g_m'(x) & \frac{\partial}{\partial x_n} h_m(x) \end{matrix}}.$$

$$(c) f(x) = \frac{1}{2} x^T A x + b^T x$$

$$\nabla^2 f(x) = \nabla(\nabla f(x))$$

$$= \nabla(Ax+b)$$

$$= \nabla Ax + \nabla b = \boxed{A}$$

$$(d) f(x) = g(a^T x)$$

$$\nabla f(x) = g'(a^T x) \nabla a^T x = g'(a^T x) a$$

$$\nabla^2 f(x) = \nabla(\nabla f(x)) = \nabla(g'(a^T x) a)$$

$$= \boxed{g''(a^T x) a \cdot a, g''(a^T x) a \cdot a_2, \dots, g''(a^T x) a \cdot a_n}$$

$$= \boxed{g''(a^T x) a \cdot a^T}$$

2. (a) $z z^T = A$, $z \in \mathbb{R}^n$

$$(i) A^T = (z z^T)^T = (z^T)^T z^T = z z^T = A$$

$$(ii) x^T A x = x^T z z^T x = (x \cdot z) \cdot (x \cdot z) = (x \cdot z)^2 \geq 0$$

$$(b) A = z z^T, N(A) = \{x \in \mathbb{R}^n : A x = \vec{0}\}$$

$$= \{x \in \mathbb{R}^n : z z^T x = \vec{0}\}$$

$$= \{x \in \mathbb{R}^n : z^T x = \vec{0}\} (\because z \neq \vec{0}).$$

$$R(A) = R(z z^T) = 1.$$

(c) $A \rightarrow \text{PSD}$. $M = B A B^T$

$$(i) (B A B^T)^T = (B^T)^T A^T B^T = B A B^T = M$$

$$(ii) x^T M x = x^T B A B^T x = y^T A y \geq 0 (\because A \text{ is PSD})$$

3. (a) $A = T \Lambda T^{-1} \Rightarrow A^T = T \Lambda$

$$\Rightarrow A [t^{(1)} \ t^{(2)} \ \dots \ t^{(n)}] = [t^{(1)} \ t^{(2)} \ \dots \ t^{(n)}] \begin{bmatrix} \lambda_1 & 0 & \dots \\ \vdots & \ddots & \\ 0 & 0 & \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{[A t^{(1)} \ A t^{(2)} \ \dots \ A t^{(n)}]}{|A t^{(i)}|} = \begin{bmatrix} \lambda_1 t^{(1)} & \lambda_2 t^{(2)} & \dots & \lambda_n t^{(n)} \\ 0 & 0 & \dots & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\Rightarrow |A t^{(i)}| = \lambda_i t^{(i)}, i \in [1, \dots, n]$$

$$(b) A = U \Lambda U^T$$

$$\Rightarrow AU = U \Lambda U^T U$$

$$\Rightarrow AU = U \Lambda I = U \Lambda$$

$$\Rightarrow [Au^{(1)} \ Au^{(2)} \ \dots \ Au^{(n)}] = [u^{(1)} \lambda_1 \ u^{(2)} \lambda_2 \ \dots \ u^{(n)} \lambda_n]$$

$$\Rightarrow Au^{(i)} = \lambda_i u^{(i)}, i \in [1, n]$$

(c) A is PSD

$$\Rightarrow x^T U \Lambda U^T x \geq 0 \quad At^{(i)} = \lambda_i t^{(i)} \geq 0$$

$$\Rightarrow y^T \Lambda y \geq 0 \Rightarrow t^{(i)^T} A t^{(i)} = t^{(i)^T} \Lambda t^{(i)} \geq 0$$

$$\Rightarrow t^{(i)^T} A t^{(i)} = \lambda_i t^{(i)^T} t^{(i)} \geq 0$$

$$\Rightarrow \lambda_i \|t^{(i)}\|^2 \geq 0$$

$$\Rightarrow \lambda_i \geq 0 \quad (\because \forall \|k\|^2 \geq 0)$$