

# COMPLEX NANOFEATURES IN CRYSTALS

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## INTRINSIC BROKEN LOCAL SYMMETRY

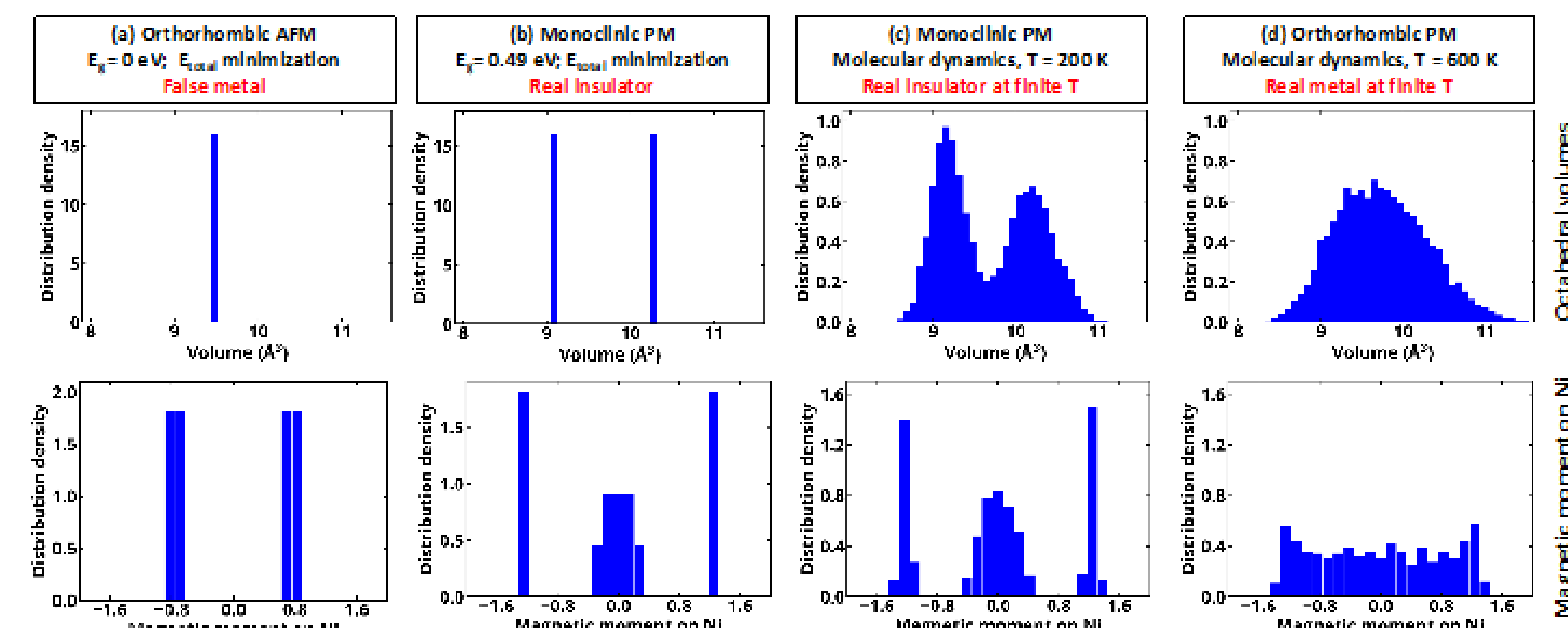
Local motifs	a. $\mu$ = atomic displacements	b. $\mu$ = magnetic moments	c. $\mu$ = dipole moments
Configurations			
3. Symmetry-unbroken monomorphous $\mu_{\text{global}} = 0$ $\mu_{\text{local}} = 0$	3a. Non-displacive	3b. Non-magnetic	3c. Non-electric
2. Symmetry-broken polymorphous $\mu_{\text{global}} = 0$ $\mu_{\text{local}} \neq 0$	2a. Paraelectric	2b. Paramagnetic	2c. Paraelectric
1. Symmetry-broken LRO $\mu_{\text{global}} \neq 0$ $\mu_{\text{local}} \neq 0$	1a. LRO ferroelastic	1b. LRO antiferromagnetic	1c. LRO ferroelectric

- The novel polymorphous-DFT (polyDFT) searches for materials with a spontaneous *local* symmetry breaking (i.e., polymorphous) property
- Local symmetry break-

ing is measured using total scattering atomic pair distribution function (PDF) analysis.

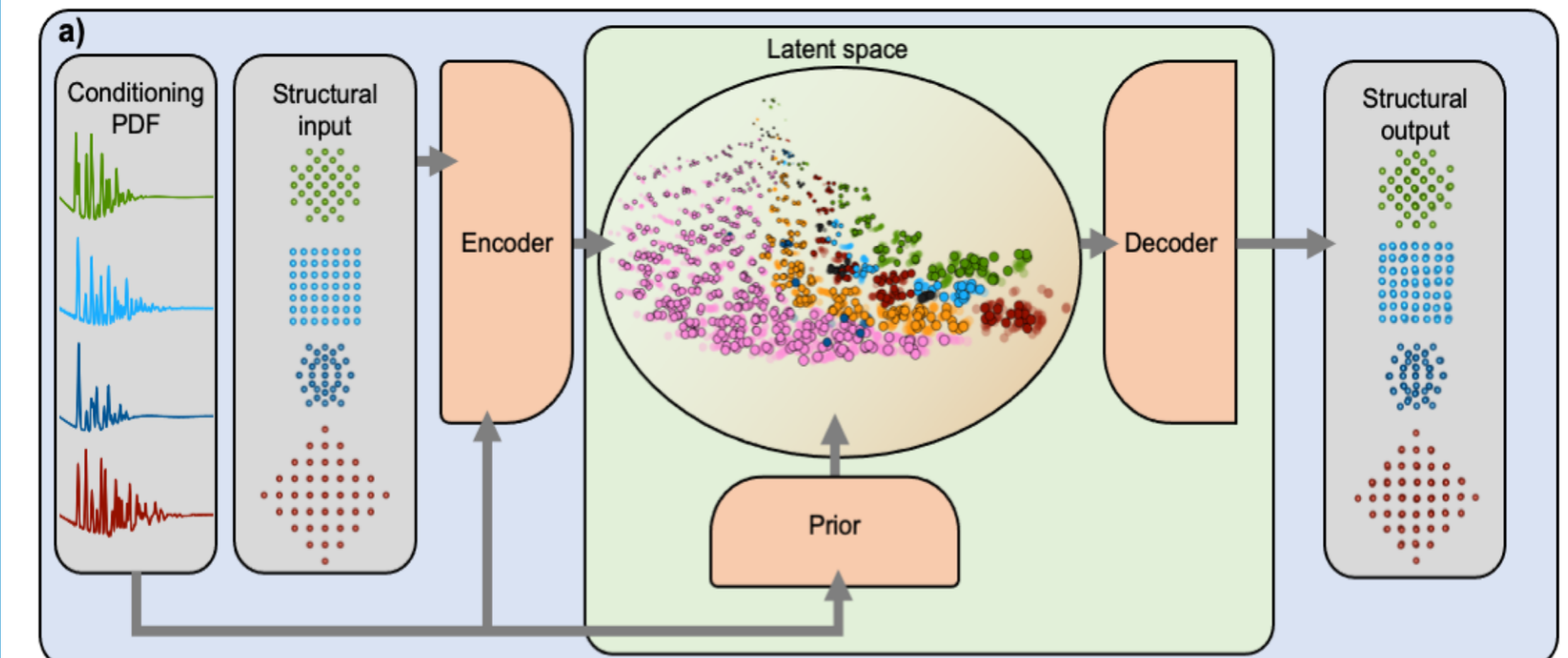
- Zunger, A. Nat. Comput. Sci. 2, 529-532 2022

## YNiO<sub>3</sub> IS SPIN POLYMORPHOUS



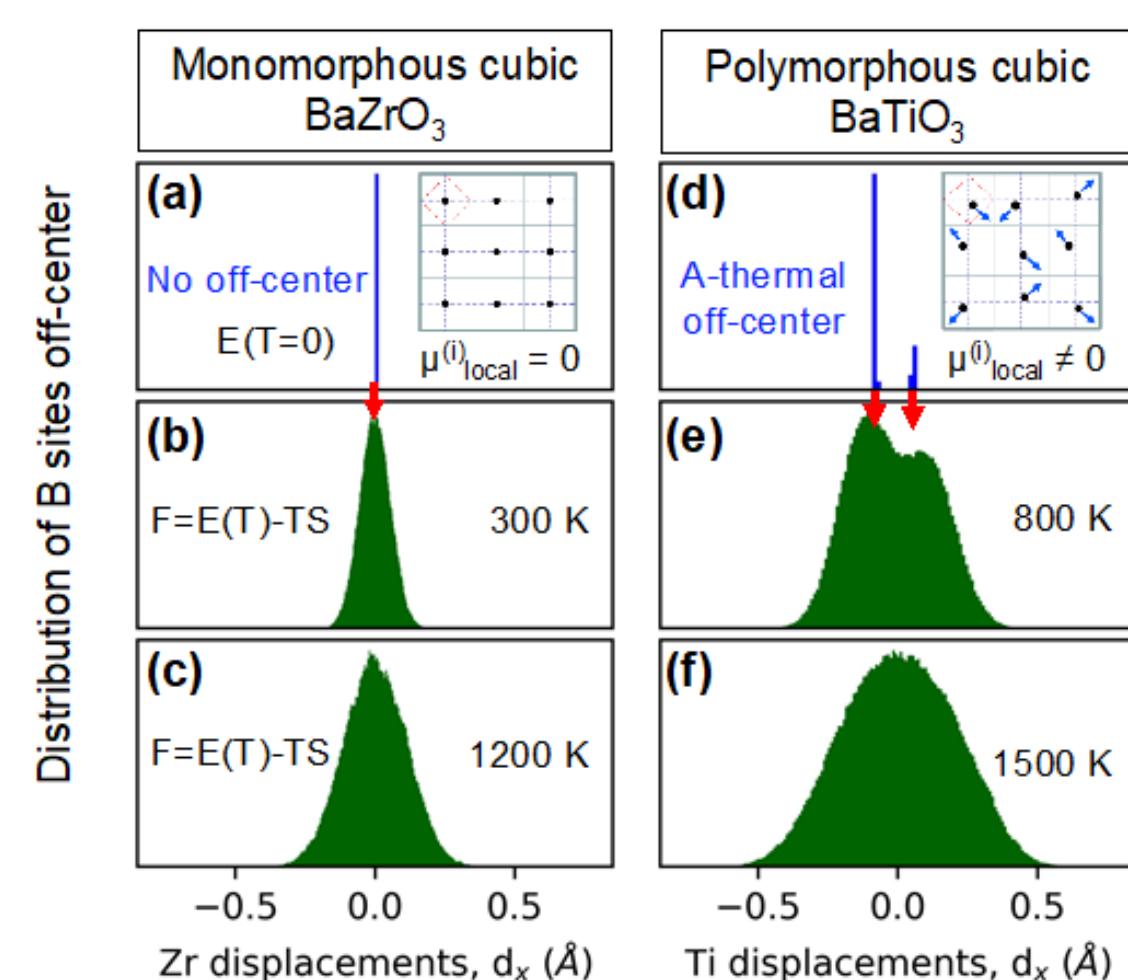
- YNiO<sub>3</sub> has a metal-insulator transition on cooling
- from polyDFT: magnetic polymorphism opens a gap in the insulating phase
- structural polymorphism only enhances but does not drive this behavior
- O.I. Malyi and A. Zunger, Phys. Rev. Mater. 7, 044409 (2023). 10.1103/PhysRevMaterials.7.044409

## TOWARDS GENAI STRUCTURE SOLUTION



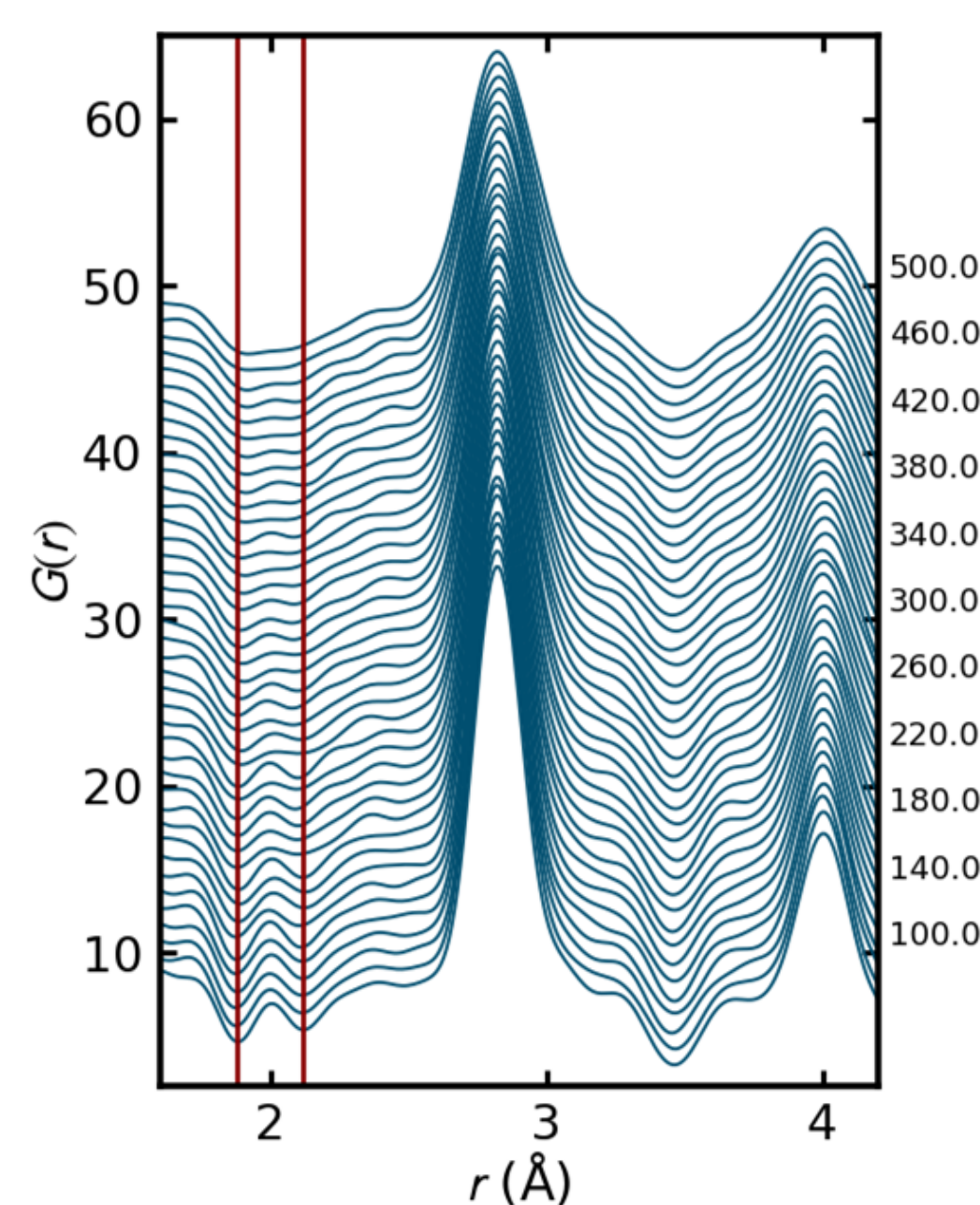
- A convolutional variable autoencoder was used to find structure given a PDF as input
- works well for close-packed metallic nanoparticles
- E.T.S. Kjær, A.S. Anker, M.N. Weng, S.J.L. Billinge, R. Selvan, and K.M.Ø. Jensen, Digital Discovery 2 (2023), pp. 69–80. doi: 10.1039/D2DD00086E.

## BaTiO<sub>3</sub> IS POLYMORPHOUS



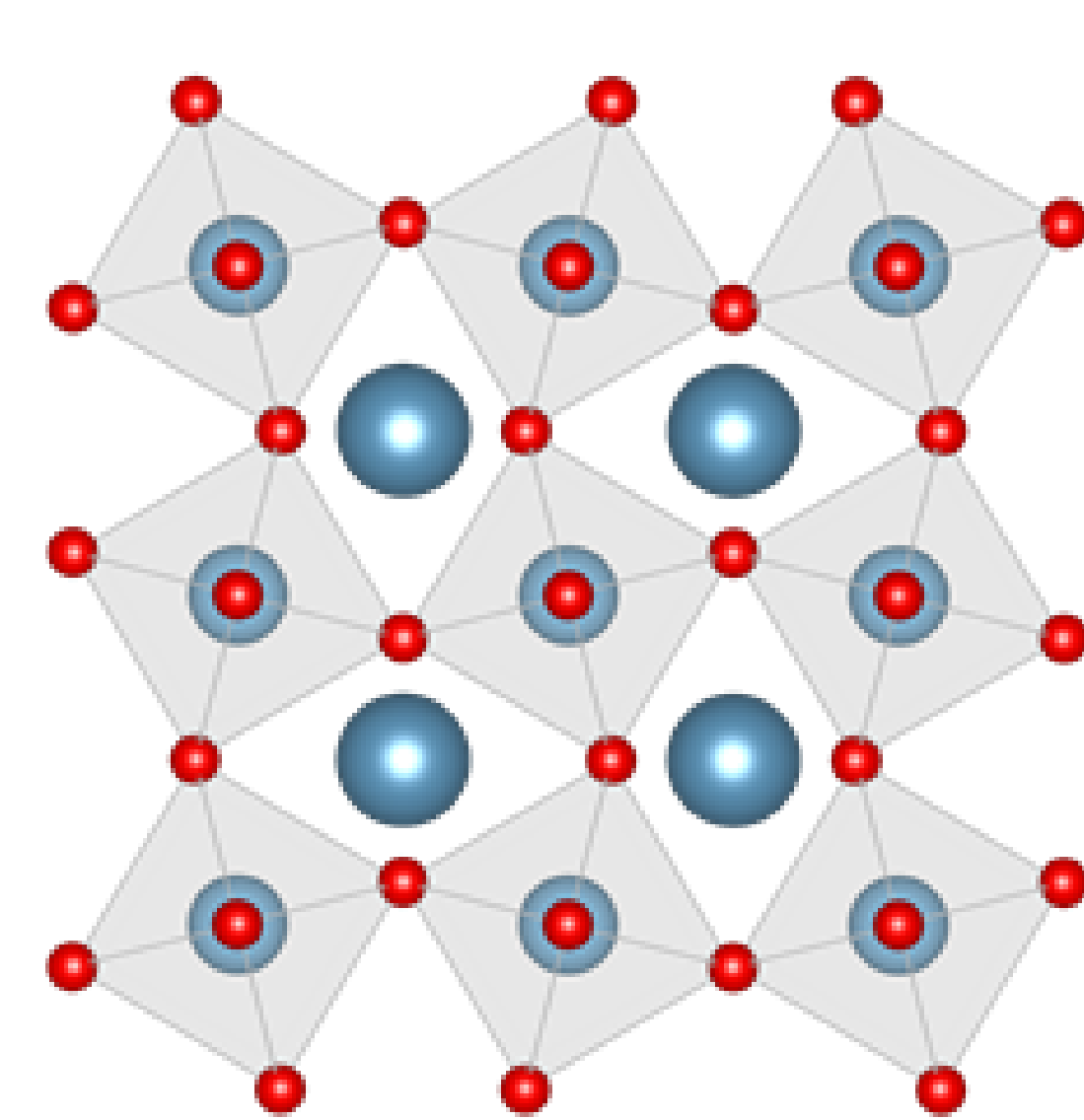
- polyDFT predicts nominally cubic BaTiO<sub>3</sub> to be distorted locally.
- Experimental PDFs verify this behavior with clearly bimodal peaks at 500 K (the peaks appear negative due to the negative neutron scattering length of Ti)

tering length of Ti)



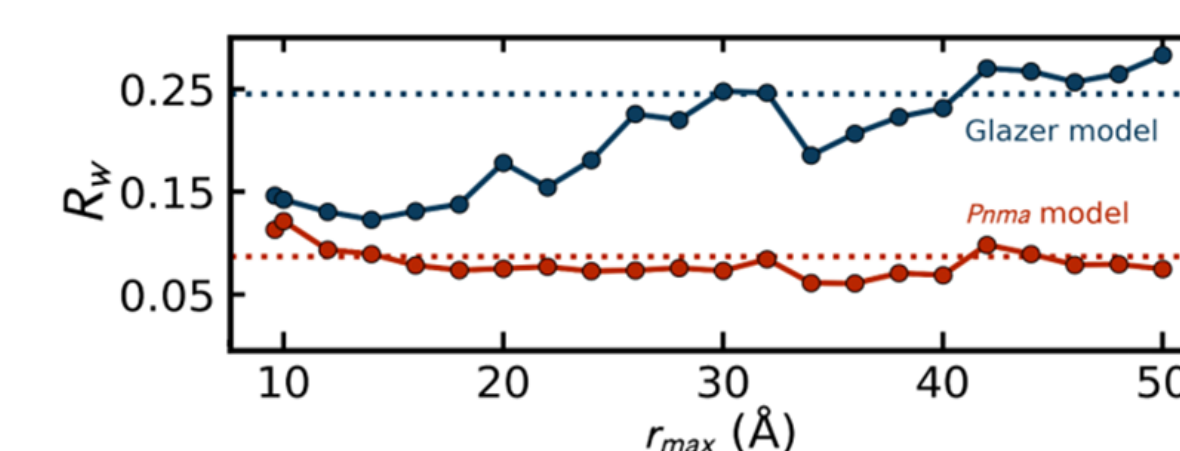
X.-G. Zhao, O. I. Malyi, S. J. L. Billinge, A. Zunger Phys. Rev. B 105, 224108 (2022)

## GEOMETRIC MODELLING



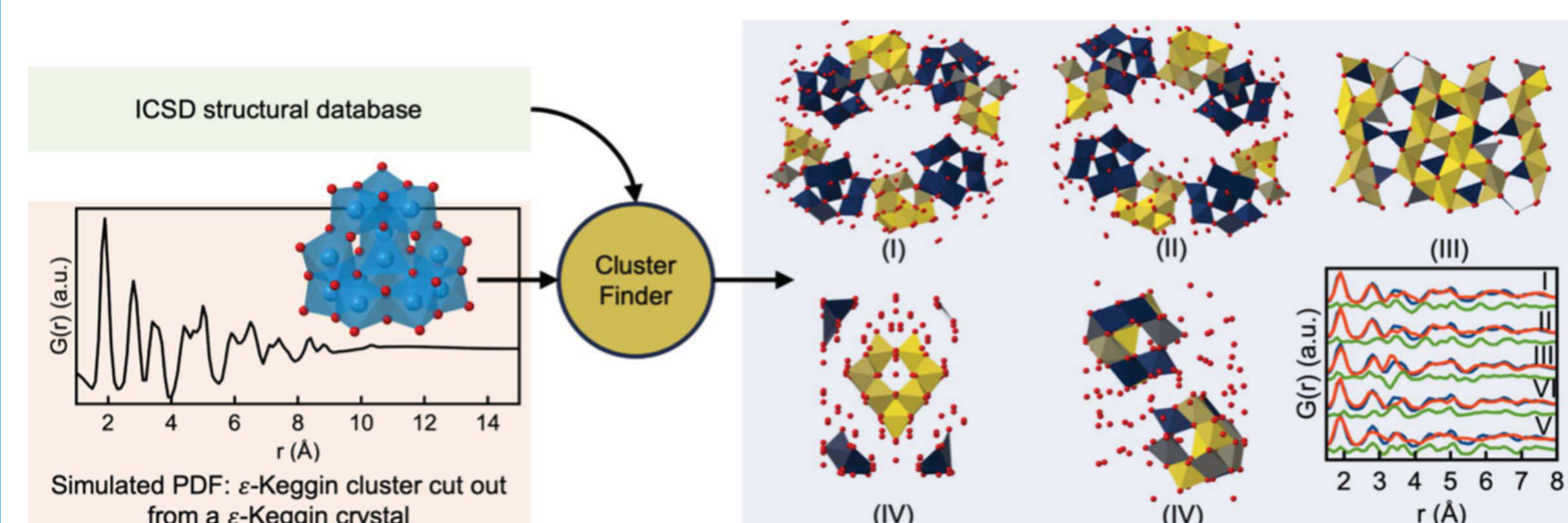
- geometric models of collective rotational distortions are developed and fit to data from polymorphous samples
- The fits allow the separation of rigid and non-rigid contributions to the distortions as evidenced by the difference in fit quality between the non-rigid space-group modeling vs. the rigid Glazer tilt model

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S. Skjaervoe, Martin A. Karlsen, Riccardo Comin, Simon J. L. Billinge, arXiv:2203.00127 (2022).

## FIND CLUSTERS WITHIN STRUCTURES



- Given a measured PDF from a small cluster in solution, what is the cluster?
- Assume it exists within a known structure, search structural databases for candidate structures and prune them to find the sub-cluster
- example is a keggian cluster
- A.S. Anker, U. Friis-Jensen, F.L. Johansen, S.J.L. Billinge, and K.M.Ø. Jensen, Acta Crystallogr. A 80.2 (2023), pp. 213–220. doi: 10.1107/S2053273324001116.