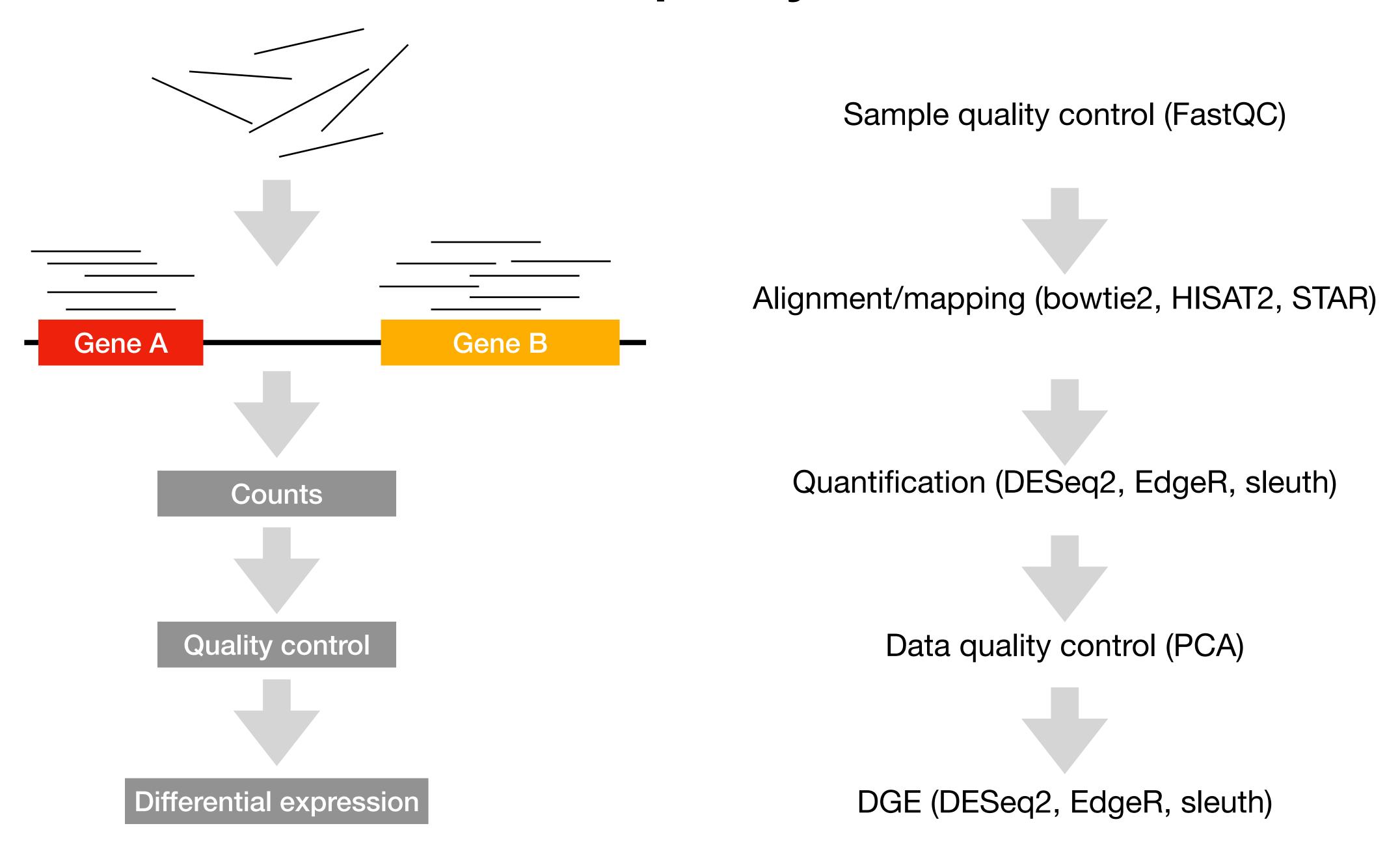
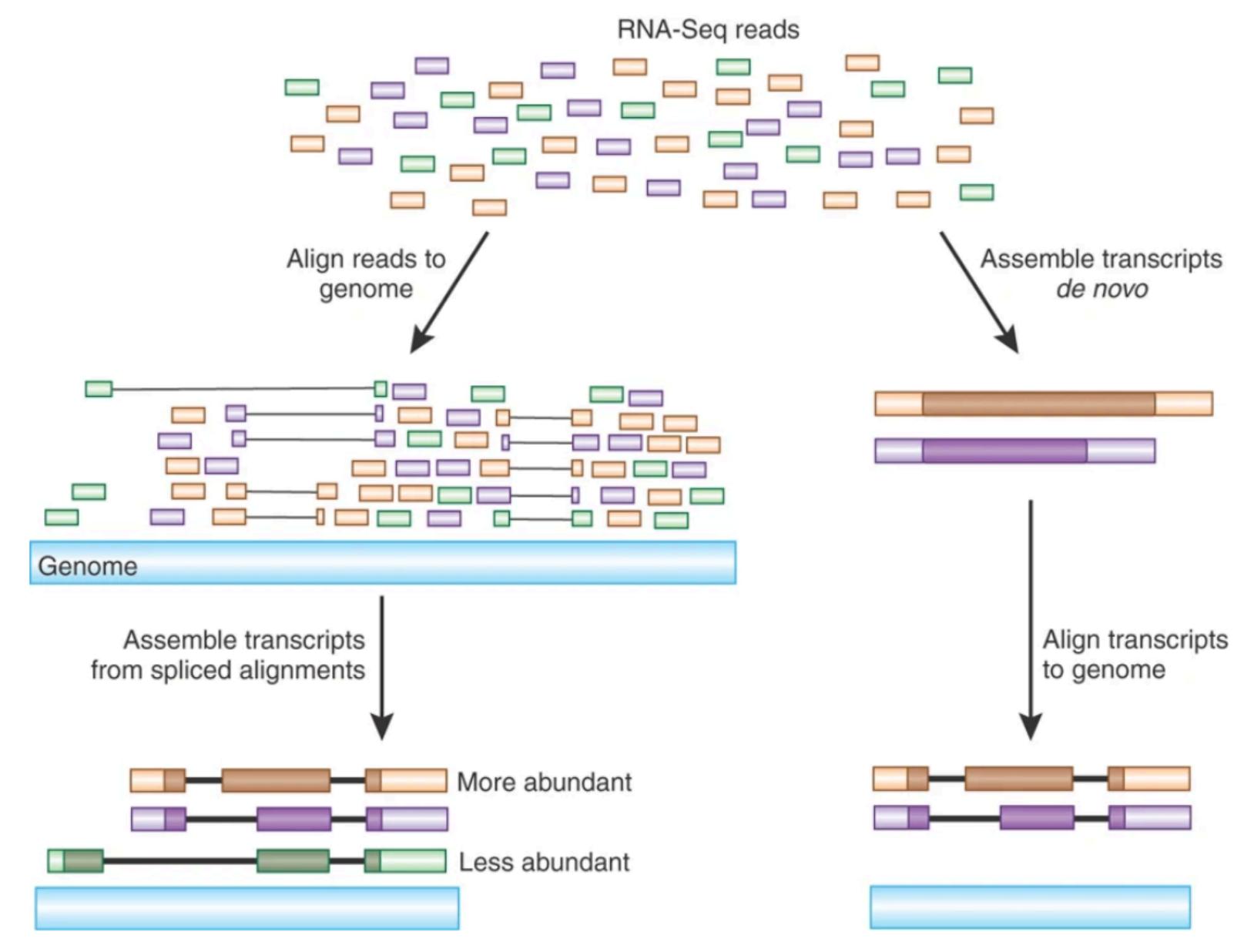
## Intro to R for Biologists

IBiS Special Topics, Fall 2021 Class 16: Nov. 15, 2021

## RNA-seq analysis



## Two general flavors of alignment methods



# Read aligners that use reference genomes and gene models

#### bowtie2

Ultrafast, memory-efficient tool for reads up to thousands of bases, indexes the reference genome Langmead lab at Johns Hopkins University

#### HISAT2

Fast and sensitive graph-based aligner, creates graphs of the reference genome Langmead and Salzberg labs at Johns Hopkins University

#### **STAR**

Ultrafast and sensitive aligner that uses models of spliced transcripts in the reference transcriptome Dobin lab at Cornell University

### Read aligners that don't use reference genomes

#### kallisto

Ultrafast, memory-efficient tool that quantifies transcript abundances using pseudo alignment of reads to a graph transcriptome

Pachter lab at CalTech

#### salmon

Fast tool to build an indexed transcriptome and quantify reads
Patro lab at Stony Brook University

## Which analysis workflow is "better"?

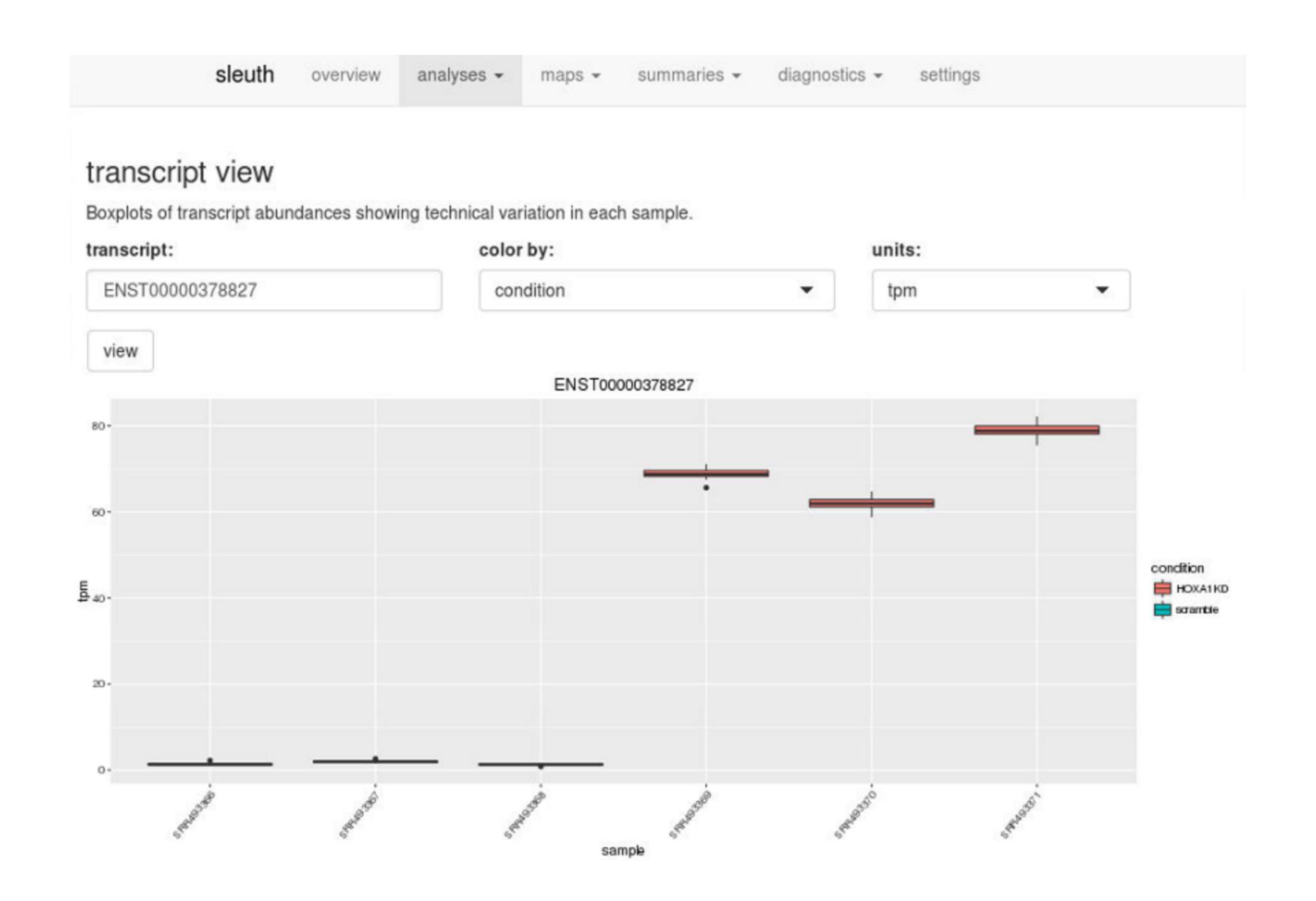
Ease of installation, maintained (check GitHub), used by others

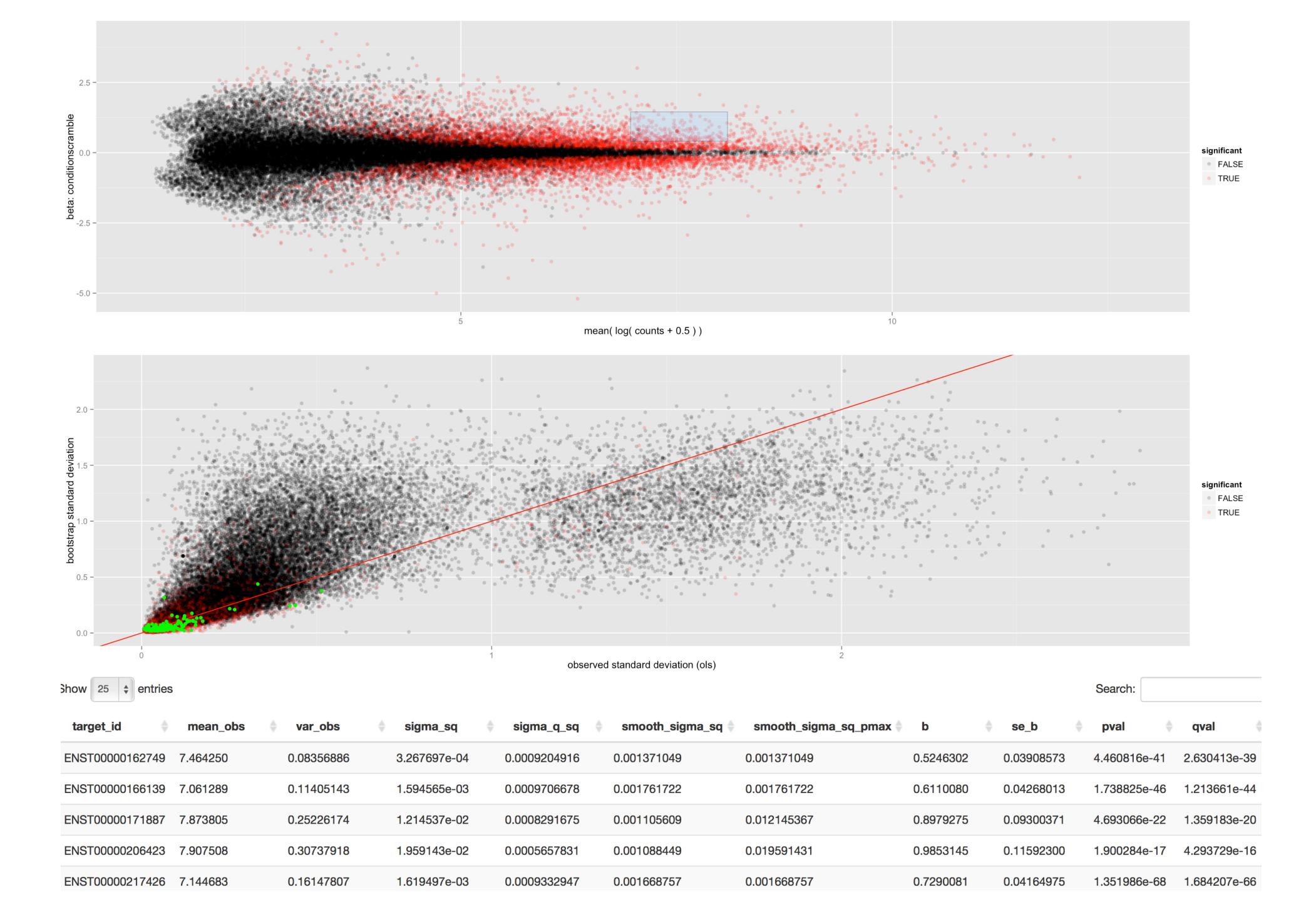
Most perform well

Simulate and decide for yourself

Use known data and decide for yourself (always reverse lists)

Ease of "gut checks" (sleuth has beautiful shiny app)





#### volcano plot

Plot of beta value (regression) versus log of significance. Select a set of transcripts to explore their variance across samples.

