

User's manual

Sarah Keating

Science and Technology Research Centre University of Hertfordshire Hatfield, AL10 9AB United Kingdom

> http://www.sbml.org mailto:sbml-team@caltech.edu

Contents 2

Contents

1. Introduction	3
2. Installation	3
2.1 Windows	3
2.2 Linux	4
3. Contents of SBMLToolbox download	5
4. TranslateSBML	6
5. Validation Tests	7
5.1 isSBML_Model	7
5.2 isSBML_Compartment	8
5.3 isSBML_XXX	10
6. Storing models in MATLAB	11
6.1 Saving and loading functions	11
6.2 SBMLModels data file functions	12
6.3 Graphical user functions	13
7. Viewing models in MATLAB	15
7.1 Viewing individual components	16
8. Access to symbols	17
8.1 Getting symbols functions	17
8.2 Getting formula functions	19
8.2 General functions	19

1. Introduction 3

1. Introduction

The SBMLToolbox provides a set of functions that allow an SBML model to be imported into MATLAB and stored as a structure within the MATLAB environment. At present the toolbox includes functions to translate a sbml document into a MATLAB_SBML structure, save and load these structures to/from a MATLAB data file, validate each structure (e.g. reaction structure), view the structures using a set of GUIs and to convert elements of the MATLAB_SBML structure into symbolic form and thus allow access to MATLAB's Symbolic Toolbox.

The toolbox is under development, development that is primarily driven by the goal of providing a user with a biological model access to MATLAB functionality and other tools that have been developed to function within MATLAB.

2. Installation

2.1 Windows

At the command prompt change to directory 'SBMLToolbox/src' and type 'make'

This will start Matlab and run a script that performs the following

- 1) Adds this folder (SBMLToolbox/src) and all its subdirectories to the Matlab path
- 2) Checks whether the appropriate libraries are on the system PATH and if not adds these libraries to the MATLABROOT\bin\win32 directory which is on the PATH
- 3) Prompts for whether to exit Matlab

The installation process described above can also be performed from within the MATLAB environment by changing to directory SBMLToolbox/src and typing 'install'.

<u>Note</u>: The executable TranslateSBML.dll is included with the download and therefore it is not necessary to build it prior to use. However TranslateSBML.dll can be built within MATLAB by typing 'BuildTranslate_Win32'. Unfortunately some C compilers running through MATLAB fail to link to libsbml and the build will fail. You can change the default C compiler used by MATLAB to any C compiler installed on your system by typing 'mex –setup' at the MATLAB command prompt and following the instructions.

2. Installation 4

2.2 Linux

To build:

- 1) Change to the directory 'SBMLToolbox/src'.
- 2) Ensure that Matlab's mex compiler is in your PATH.

You can verify this by typing 'mex' or 'which mex' at the command-prompt (The mex executable is located in Matlab's bin directory).

3) Ensure the CFLAGS and LDFLAGS point to the directories containing the libsbml header and library files.

For example, if you installed libsbml in /usr/local:

In sh or Bash:

```
export CFLAGS=-I/usr/local/include export LDLAGS=-L/usr/local/lib
```

In csh or tcsh:

```
setenv CFLAGS -I/usr/local/include setenv LDLAGS -L/usr/local/lib
```

4) Type 'make'

This should build TranslateSBML.mexglx.

To run:

Ensure the directory containing TranslateSBML.mexglx and the StoreModels, ValidationTexts subdirectories etc... are in your Matlab path. For example, at the Matlab prompt:

- >> addpath('SBMLToolbox/src');
- >> addpath('SBMLToolbox/src/StoreModels');
- >> addpath('SBMLToolbox/src/ValidationTests');
- >> addpath('SBMLToolbox/src/ViewModelComponents');
- >> addpath('SBMLToolbox/src/AccessToSymbols');

You may wish to add these commands to your Matlab startup script in \${HOME}/matlab/startup.m

3. Contents of SBMLToolbox download

The SBMLToolbox download includes the following files:

```
SBMLToolbox /docs
```

MATLAB_SBML_Structure.pdf Manual SBMLToolbox.pdf

/src

```
Makefile
                            // Linux installation
make.bat
                            // Windows installation
install.m
                            // Windows installation
BuildTranslate Win32
                            // Windows installation
Contents.m
                            // for MATLAB help
TranslateSBML.m
                            // for MATLAB help
TranslateSBML.c
                            // source code
                            // functions for conversion to symbols
/AccessToSymbols
/StoreModels
                            // functions for saving/loading models
/ValidationTests
                            // functions for validating structure
/ViewModelComponents
                            // functions for GUIs to view model
```

4. TranslateSBML

4. TranslateSBML

In order to import a sbml model into MATLAB type

>> Model = TranslateSBML or Model = TranslateSBML('../path/filename.xml')

If no filename is supplied this will open a browse window. If a filename is supplied the file to be opened must be in the MATLAB's current directory or the full pathname must be supplied as the argument.

This returns a MATLAB_SBML structure named Model within the MATLAB environment. This command and the expected MATLAB response are illustrated in Figure 1. The MATLAB_SBML structure is defined in full in the document MATLAB_SBML_Structure.pdf which is also part of the SBMLToolbox download.

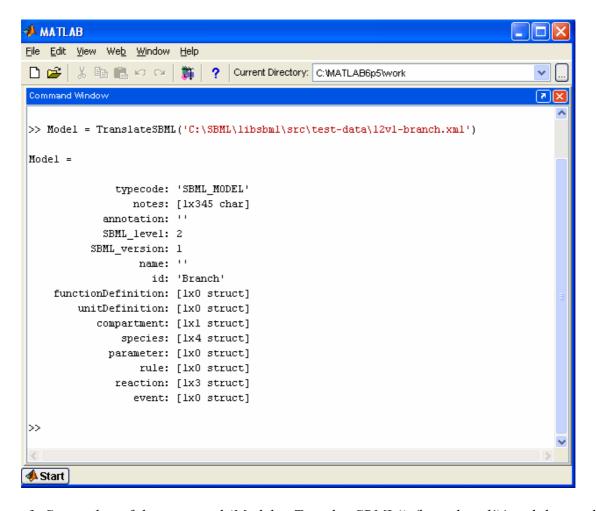


Figure 1: Screenshot of the command 'Model = TranslateSBML('../branch.xml')' and the resulting MATLAB_SBML structure returned

The structure returned can then be passed as an argument to other functions within the SBMLToolbox or functions developed by the user.

5. Validation Tests

Each of the validation tests checks that the structure supplied as argument is of the appropriate form to represent the intended element of a sbml model.

5.1 isSBML_Model

y = isSBML Model(MATLAB SBMLStructure)

returns y = 1 if the input argument MATLAB_SBMLStructure

- is a MATLAB structure type
- has each of the fields listed in Table 1 (appropriate to the level of SBML)
- any fields that are arrays of structures are of appropriate structure
- does not contain any additional fields and
- has the value 'SBML MODEL' in the **typecode** field.

returns y = 0 otherwise.

 Table 1: MATLAB_SBML Structure for a sbml model

Fieldname	Туре				
	\mathbf{C}	MATLAB			
typecode	char *	mxArray of char			
notes	char *	mxArray of char			
annotation	char *	mxArray of char			
name	char *	mxArray of char			
level	unsigned int	mxArray of int32			
version	unsigned int	mxArray of int32			
unitDefinition	List of structures	array of structures of type			
		UnitDefinition			
compartment	List of structures	array of structures of type			
		Compartment			
species	List of structures	array of structures of type			
		Species			
parameter	List of structures	array of structures of type			
		Parameter			
rule	List of structures	array of structures of type			
		Rule			
reaction	List of structures	array of structures of type			
		Reaction			
Additional for Level 2					
id	char *	mxArray of char			
functionDefinitions	List of structures	array of structures of type			
		FunctionDefinition			
event	List of structures	array of structures of type			
		Event			

5.2 isSBML_Compartment

y = isSBML_Compartment(MATLAB_SBMLStructure, SBML_Level)

returns y = 1 if the input argument MATLAB_SBMLStructure

- is a MATLAB structure type
- has each of the fields listed in Table 2 for a Compartment (appropriate to the level supplied as input argument SBML Level)
- any fields that are arrays of structures are of appropriate structure
- does not contain any additional fields and
- has the value 'SBML_COMPARTMENT' in the **typecode** field.

returns y = 0 otherwise.

Table 2: Fields contained in the MATLAB_SBML structure defining each sbml component

	Compartment	Event	Event Assignment	Function Definition	Kinetic Law	Modifier Species Reference	Parameter	Reaction	Rule	Species	Species Reference	Unit	Unit Definition
annotation	X	L2	L2	L2	X	L2	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
boundaryCondition										X			
Charge										X			
compartment									X	X			
constant	L2						L2			L2			
delay		L2											
denominator											X		
eventAssignment		L2											
exponent												X	
fast								X					
formula					X				X				
hasOnlySubstanceUnits										L2			
id	L2	L2		L2			L2	L2		L2			L2
initialAmount										X			
initialConcentration										L2			
isSetCharge										X			
isSetFast								L2					
isSetInitialAmount										X			
isSetInitialConcentration										L2			
isSetSize	L2												
L1 – level 1 ONLY L2 – level 2 ONLY X – both level 1 & 2							& 2						

 Table 2: Fields contained in the MATLAB_SBML structure defining each sbml component

		T	1				1						
	Compartment	Event	Event Assignment	Function Definition	Kinetic Law	Modifier Species Reference	Parameter	Reaction	Rule	Species	Species Reference	Unit	Unit Definition
isSetValue							X						
isSetVolume	X												
kind												X	
kineticLaw								X					
math			L2	L2	L2								
modifier								L2					
multiplier												L2	
name	X	L2		L2			X	X	X	X			X
notes	X	L2	L2	L2	X	L2	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
offset												L2	
outside	X												
parameter					X								
product								X					
reactant								X					
reversible								X					
scale												X	
size	L2												
spatialdimensions	L2												
spatialSizeUnits										L2			
species						L2			X		X		
stoichiometry											X		
stoichiometryMath											L2		
substanceUnits					X					L2			
timeUnits		L2			X								
trigger		L2											
typecode	X	L2	L2	L2	X	L2	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
units	X						X		X	L1			X
value							X						
variable			L2						X				
volume	L1												

5.3 isSBML_XXX

Validation tests exist for each component of a sbml model.

y = isSBML_XXX(MATLAB_SBMLStructure, SBML_Level)

returns y = 1 if the input argument MATLAB SBMLStructure

- is a MATLAB structure type
- has each of the fields listed in Table 2 for the component XXX (appropriate to the level supplied as input argument SBML_Level)
- any fields that are arrays of structures are of appropriate structure
- does not contain any additional fields and
- has the appropriate value in the **typecode** field (Table 3).

returns y = 0 otherwise.

Table 3: Components in sbml model and appropriate typecode value

Component XXX	typecode
Compartment	SBML_COMPARTMENT
Event	SBML_EVENT
EventAssignment	SBML_EVENT_ASSIGNMENT
FunctionDefinition	SBML_FUNCTION_DEFINITION
KineticLaw	SBML_KINETIC_LAW
ModifierSpeciesReference	SBML_MODIFIER_SPECIES_REFERENCE
Parameter	SBML_PARAMETER
Reaction	SBML_REACTION
Rule	SBML_ALGEBRAIC_RULE
	SBML_SPECIES_CONCENTRATION_RULE
	SBML_COMPARTMENT_VOLUME_RULE
	SBML_PARAMETER_RULE
	SBML_ASSIGNMENT_RULE
	SBML_RATE_RULE
Species	SBML_SPECIES
SpeciesReference	SBML_SPECIES_REFERENCE
Unit	SBML_UNIT
UnitDefinition	SBML_UNIT_DEFINITION

Note: A rule defined by a sbml model may have a number of different types. In order to facilitate the inclusion of rules within the MATLAB_SBML structure any rule structure has the same fields, some of which will be empty depending on the rule type.

6. Storing models in MATLAB

Once a model has been imported into the MATLAB environment it is convenient to be able to store it there. MATLAB uses data files to store workspace variables and thus the MATLAB_SBML structures can be stored in such a data file. This facilitates the fast retrieval of any imported models.

The first time a model is saved the function creates a data file 'SBML_Models.mat'. Models are stored within the data file in two arrays; one containing level 1 sbml models, the other level 2 sbml models. Models are added to the appropriate array sequentially.

Functions in the StoreModels folder are listed in Table 4.

Table 4:	Functions a	and their	type in i	folder	StoreModels
----------	-------------	-----------	-----------	--------	-------------

Type of function	Function name
MATLAB help	Contents.m
Save/Load functions	LoadSBMLModel.m
	SaveSBMLModel.m
Data file functions	ListSBMLModels.m
	DeleteSBMLModel.m
Graphical user functions	BrowseSBML_Models.m
	ViewModel.fig
	ViewModel.m
Sub-functions	AlreadyExists.fig
	AlreadyExists.m
	BrowseModels.fig
	BrowseModels.m

Contents.m is a standard MATLAB help file which is typed to the command window when the command help is typed followed by a folder name. Thus 'help StoreModels' will result in the file Contents.m being displayed

6.1 Saving and loading functions

SaveSBMLModel(SBMLModel)

Saves the SBMLModel to the data file SBMLModels.mat

performing the following:

- validates the input argument SBMLModel
- checks whether SBMLModels.mat exists and creates it if not
- checks whether a model with same name/id is already saved and prompts user for permission to add this model as well
- adds the model as the next element of the level 1 or level 2 array
- saves SBMLModels.mat

SBMLModel = **LoadSBMLModel**(inputArgument, SBMLlevel)

returns SBMLModel = MATLAB_SBMLModel structure with sbml level **SBMLlevel** from the data file SBMLModels.mat

where **inputArgument** is a number representing the index of the model in

the data file

or is a string representing the name/id of the model

Note: if more than one model of the same name exists LoadSBMLModel(name, level) returns the first model that matches the name.

6.2 SBMLModels data file functions

ListSBMLModel

prints a list of the elements in SBMLModels.mat detailing the index number, the sbml level and the name of each model stored in the data file.

Example:	NUMBER	LEVEL	NAME
	1	1	Branch
	2	1	ODE
	1	2	Branch
	2.	2.	Oscillator

Obviously as the number of models stored increases this is not the most productive method for keeping track of the contents of the data file. Thus a graphical user interface that will browse the data file is also available (see BrowseSBML_Models below).

DeleteSBMLModel(inputArgument, SBMLlevel)

deletes a MATLAB_SBMLModel of **SBMLlevel** from the data file SBMLModels.mat where **inputArgument** is a number representing the index of the model in the data file or is a string representing the name/id of the model

Note: if more than one model of the same name exists DeleteSBMLModel(name, level) deletes the first model that matches the name.

6.3 Graphical user functions

OptionalOutput = BrowseSBML_Models

displays a window that details the contents of the SBMLModels data file (see Figure 2).

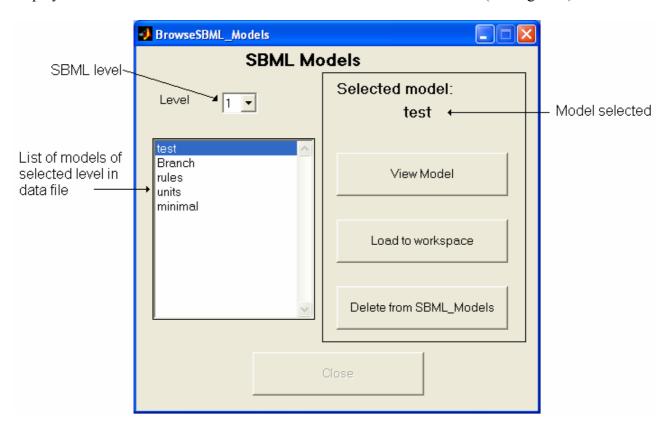


Figure 2: Screenshot of the BrowseSBML Models GUI.

View Model button activates a further GUI to view details of the model (see ViewModel below).

Load to workspace button is only active if the function has been called with an output argument, otherwise it is greyed out. Once pressed this button loads the selected model to the output argument, becomes inactive and the *Close* button becomes active.

Delete from SBML_Models button deletes the selected model from the data file.

Close button closes the window and if a model has been loaded returns the model to the workspace as the output argument.

$ViewModel(MATLAB_SBMLModel)$

displays a window that gives details of the MATLAB_SBMLModel (see Figure 3). This function is located in this directory as it also provides an alternative means of saving the displayed model to the SBMLModels data file.

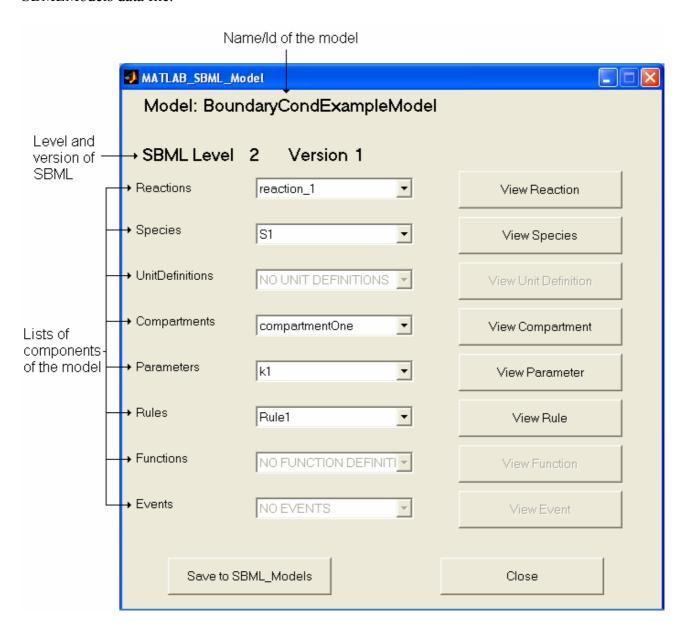


Figure 3: Screenshot of the ViewModel GUI

ViewComponent buttons display further GUIs that detail the component selected. These buttons are greyed if the model does not contain any of the relevant component.

Save to SBML Models button saves the model to the SBMLModels data file.

Close button closes the window.

7. Viewing models 15

7. Viewing models in MATLAB

The SBMLToolbox provides a set of graphics that allow the full definition of the model to be displayed. The ViewModel function was discussed in Section 6.3. This GUI (Figure 3) has a range of buttons that allow the sub-structures of the model to be viewed as further GUIs, e.g. the ViewSpecies button brings up a GUI that details the species selected or the ViewRule button brings up a GUI that details the rule selected etc...(Figure 4).

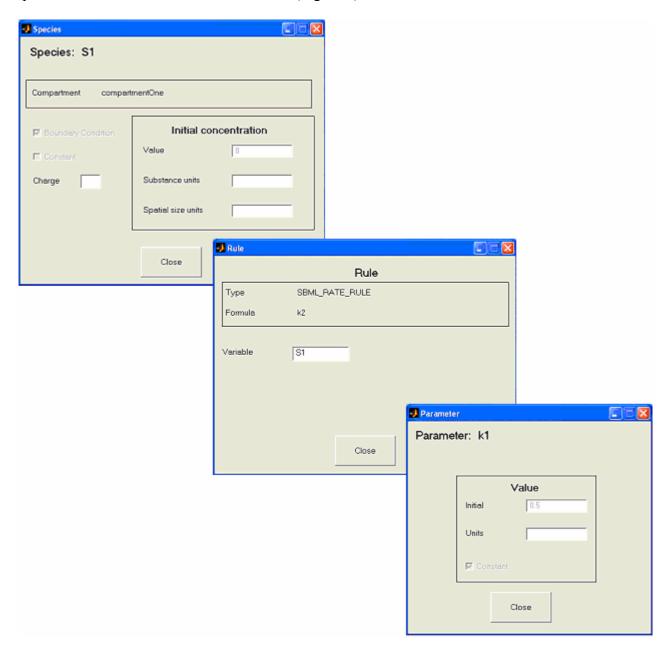


Figure 4: Screenshot of the ViewSpecies, ViewRule & ViewParameter GUIs

7. Viewing models

7.1 Viewing individual components

The MATLAB_SBML structure is a standard MATLAB structure and thus can be accessed and manipulated in the same way as any structure. Figure 5 shows examples of accessing fields within a MATLAB_SBML Model structure.

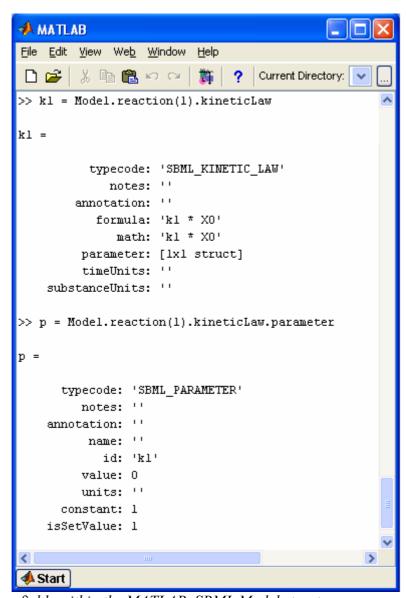


Figure 5: Accessing fields within the MATLAB_SBML Model structure.

Each component of the sbml model can be viewed independently from the ViewModel GUI using the functions in the ViewModelComponents folder. For example ViewKineticLaw(kl) would produce a GUI detailing the kineticLaw structure kl shown in Figure 5.

The variables describing the model cannot be edited using the GUIs as these have initially been developed to facilitate the visualisation of the model. However it would be a short step for a developer to enable the edit boxes should this be a requirement.

8. Access to symbols

The AccessToSymbols folder contains a number of functions that take elements of the MATLAB_SBML model and convert them to a symbolic form for use with the MATLAB Symbolic Toolbox.

The functions in the AccessToSymbols folder are listed in Table 5.

Table 5: Functions and their type in folder AccessToSymbols

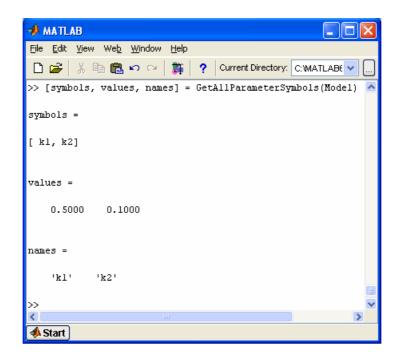
Type of function	Function name
MATLAB help	Contents.m
Getting symbols	GetAllParameterSymbols.m
	GetGlobalParameterSymbols.m
	GetParameterSymbolsFromReaction.m
	GetSpeciesSymbols.m
Getting formulas	GetSpeciesRateLaws.m
General	charFormula2sym.m
	IsSpeciesInReaction.m
	RemoveDuplicates.m

8.1 Getting symbols functions

[symbols, values, names] = GetAllParameterSymbols(MATLAB SBMLModel)

returns

symbols = array of the symbolic representation of all parameters found in MATLAB_SBMLModel values = array of the values of each parameter (if value is not set then -1 is entered in the array) names = array of the character string representation of each parameter



[symbols, values, names] = GetGlobalParameterSymbols(MATLAB SBMLModel)

returns

symbols = array of the symbolic representation of global parameters

found in MATLAB SBMLModel i.e. parameters in ListofParameters

values = array of the values of each parameter (if value is not set then -1 is entered in the array)

names = array of the character string representation of each parameter

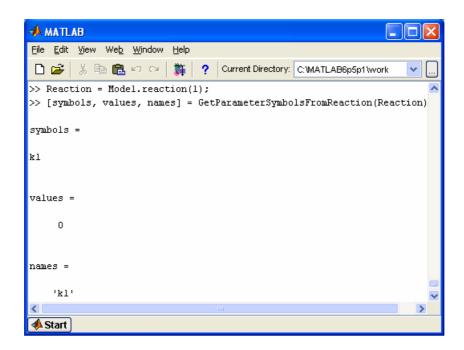
[symbols, values, names] = GetParameterSymbolsFromReaction(MATLAB_SBMLReaction)

returns

symbols = array of the symbolic representation of parameters found in MATLAB_SBMLReaction i.e. parameters in ListofParameters within the kineticLaw of a reaction

values = array of the values of each parameter (if value is not set then -1 is entered in the array)

names = array of the character string representation of each parameter



[symbols, values, names] = GetSpeciesSymbols(MATLAB_SBMLModel)

returns

symbols = array of the symbolic representation of all species found in MATLAB SBMLModel

values = array of the initial concentration/amount of each species

(if value is not set then -1 is entered in the array)

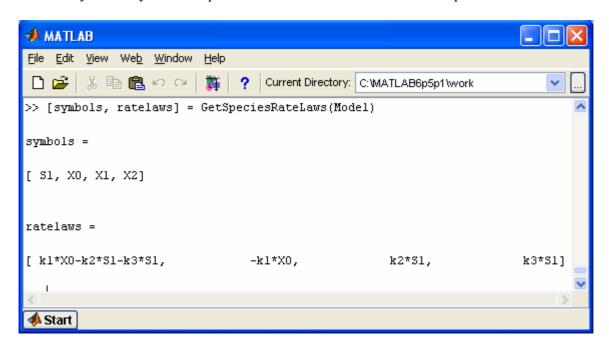
names = array of the character string representation of each species

8.2 Getting formula functions

[symbols, ratelaws] = GetSpeciesRateLaws(MATLAB_SBMLModel)

returns

symbols = array of the symbolic representation of all species found in MATLAB_SBMLModel ratelaws = array of the symbolic representation for the rate law for each species

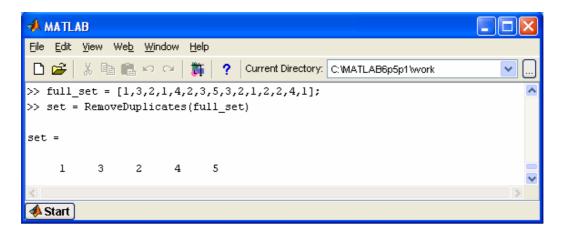


8.2 General functions

set = RemoveDuplicates(full set)

returns

set = the array full set with any duplicate members removed



[symFormula, symbols] = charFormula2sym(charFormula)

returns

symFormula = symbolic representation of charFormula symbols = array of the symbols used in the formula

```
#MATLAB

File Edit View Web Window Help

| SymFormula, symbols] = charFormula2sym('2 * (a^2) + (3 * b) + c')

symFormula =

2*a^2+3*b+c

symbols =

[a, b, c]

>> [symFormula, symbols] = charFormula2sym('(a+a+a+b) + (al*b/c*f) - 3*a')

symFormula =

b+al*b/c*f

symbols =

[a, b, al, c, f]
```

y = IsSpeciesInReaction(MATLAB_SBMLSpecies, MATLAB_SBMLReaction)

returns

y = 0 if the species given is not in the reaction given or an array indicting number of occurrences of species whether the species is a reactant stoichiometry if the species is a reactant whether the species is a product stoichiometry if the species is a product whether the species is a modifier

Thus the returned array has the form

[number of occurrence, product_info, reactant_info, modifier] where product_info or reactant_info may be two numbers if applicable. Table 6 illustrates some examples.

Table 6: Example outputs from IsSpeciesInReaction function

Output = IsSpeciesInReaction(s, r)	Interpretation
0	species s is not in reaction r
[1,1,2,0,0]	species s is a reactant with stoichiometry 2 $2s +>$
[1,0,1,3,0]	species s is a product with stoichiometry 3 $\dots \rightarrow 3s + \dots$
[1,0,0,1]	species s is a modifier in reaction r species s is a reactant with stoichiometry 1
[2,1,1,1,2,0]	and a product with stoichiometry 2 $s +> 2s +$