

# 4 MATLAB

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# User's manual

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## 1. Introduction

The SBMLToolbox provides a set of functions that allow an SBML model to be imported into MATLAB and stored as a structure within the MATLAB environment. At present the toolbox includes functions to translate an SBML document into a MATLAB\_SBML structure, save and load such structures to/from a MATLAB data file, validate each structure (e.g., reaction structure), view the structures using a set of GUIs, and convert elements of the MATLAB\_SBML structure into symbolic form and thus allow access to them using MATLAB's Symbolic Toolbox.

The toolbox is not intended to be a complete Systems Biology toolbox for MATLAB but a platform which facilitates the import/export of SBML and from which a user can develop their own functionality.

## 2. Installation

IMPORTANT: You must have installed libSBML-3.1 with the MATLAB binding prior to installation of SBMLToolbox.

#### 2.1 Downloads

There are two downloads available

- 1) SBMLToolbox-3.0.0-setup-win32.exe windows setup program that will install the SBMLToolbox with prebuilt executables and all necessary library files
- 2) SBMLToolbox-3.0.0-src.zip a zip file containing all the code for the SBMLToolbox; suitable for use with any operating system

#### 2.2 Windows

Using a command prompt change to directory 'SBMLToolbox/toolbox' and type 'make'

This will start MATLAB and run a script that performs the following:

- 1) Adds this folder (SBMLToolbox/toolbox) and all its subdirectories to the MATLAB path
- 2) Checks whether the appropriate libraries are on the system PATH and if not adds these libraries to the MATLABROOT\bin\win32 directory which is on the PATH
- 3) Prompts for whether to exit MATLAB

The installation process described above can also be performed from within the MATLAB environment by changing to directory SBMLToolbox/toolbox and typing 'install'. This will run a script named 'install.m' that performs the same steps listed above.

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#### 2.3 Linux

Assuming libSBML is installed; to build SBMLToolbox:

- 1) Change to the directory 'SBMLToolbox/toolbox.
- 2) Ensure that MATLAB's mex compiler is in your PATH.

You can verify this by typing 'mex' or 'which mex' at the command-prompt (The mex executable is located in MATLAB's bin directory).

3) Ensure the CFLAGS and LDFLAGS point to the directories containing the libsbml header and library files.

For example, if you installed libsbml in /usr/local:

In sh or Bash:

```
export CFLAGS=-I/usr/local/include export LDLAGS=-L/usr/local/lib
```

In csh or tcsh:

```
setenv CFLAGS -I/usr/local/include setenv LDLAGS -L/usr/local/lib
```

4) Type 'make'

This should build OutputSBML.mexglx.

To run:

Ensure the directory containing these files and the all the toolbox subdirectories are in your MATLAB path. For example, at the MATLAB prompt:

```
>> addpath('SBMLToolbox/toolbox);
>> addpath('SBMLToolbox/toolbox/StoreModels');
etc...
```

You may wish to add these commands to your MATLAB startup script in \${HOME}/matlab/startup.m

## 3. Importing and exporting SBML

The functions to import and export SBML use MATLAB's mexFunction and therefore must be compiled prior to use. The windows-setup download of the toolbox provides the necessary executables and therefore no compilation is necessary.

IMPORTANT: The function used to import SBML is TranslateSBML and is provided as the MATLAB binding of libSBML.

In order to import an SBML model into MATLAB, use the TranslateSBML function. For example, to import a model and store it into a MATLAB variable named Model, type the following into a MATLAB command window:

```
>> Model = TranslateSBML
or >> Model = TranslateSBML('../path/filename.xml')
or >> Model = TranslateSBML('../path/filename.xml', validateFlag)
```

If no filename is supplied a browse window will open.

If a filename is supplied, the file to be opened must be in the MATLAB's current directory or the full pathname must be supplied as the argument.

The validateFlag optional argument indicates whether the model should be validated prior to import. The default value is 0, indicating no validation. If a browse window has been used to identify the filename, the user will be prompted to indicate whether validation is required. If a model fails validation, a list of errors/warnings is displayed and the user is prompted as to whether to continue the import process.

TranslateSBML returns a MATLAB\_SBML structure named Model within the MATLAB environment (Figure 1). (The format of the MATLAB\_SBML structure is defined in full in the document MATLAB\_SBML\_Structure.pdf which is included in the SBMLToolbox download.)

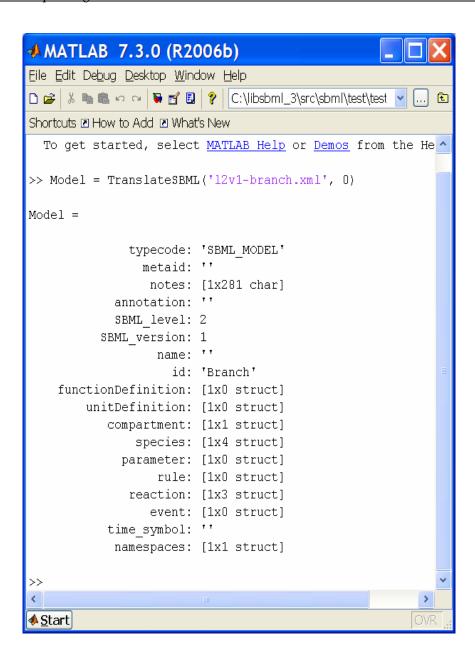
The structure returned can then be passed as an argument to other functions within the SBMLToolbox or MATLAB functions developed by the user.

To export SBML from MATLAB, type

```
>> OutputSBML(Model)
```

where 'Model' is the MATLAB\_SBML structure.

A browser window is opened to allow the user to specify the name and location of the output file which will be saved as a .xml document.



**Figure 1**: Screenshot of the command 'Model = TranslateSBML('../branch.xml')' and the resulting MATLAB\_SBML structure returned.

## 4. Access model

The AccessModel folder contains a number of functions that derive information from the MATLAB\_SBML structure.

The functions in the AccessModel folder are listed in Table 1.

Table 1: Functions and their type in folder AccessModel

Table 1: Functions and tr	ieir type in folder Accessiviodei
Type of function	Function name
MATLAB help	Contents.m
Getting information	GetAllParameters.m
from model	GetAllParametersUnique.m
	GetCompartments.m
	GetCompartmentTypes.m
	GetGlobalParameters.m
	GetSpecies.m
	GetSpeciesTypes.m
Getting information	GetParameterFromReaction.m
from reaction	GetParameterFromReactionUnique.m
	IsSpeciesInReaction.m
Deriving information	DetermineSpeciesRoleInReaction.m
	GetRateLawsFromReactions.m
	GetRateLawsFromRules.m
	GetSpeciesAlgebraicRules.m
	GetSpeciesAssignmentRules.m
	GetStoichiometryMatrix.m
	GetStoichiometrySparse.m
Overview of model	CheckValues.fig
	CheckValues.m

## 4.1 Getting information from model functions

All the functions in this category have the same format.

Format >> [names, values] = GetAllParameters(model)
Argument(s) model MATLAB\_SBML\_Model structure

Returns names array of the character string representation of the names<sup>1</sup> of elements

values array of the values of each element

NOTE: the function GetAllParametersUnique appends the reaction name to the names of any parameter local to that reaction (Figure 2).

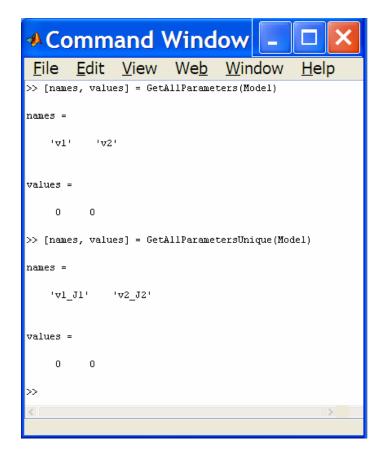


Figure 2: Using the GetAllParameters and the GetAllParametersUnique functions.

## 4.2 Getting information from reaction functions

All the functions in this category have the same format.

Format >> [names, values] = GetParameterFromReaction(reaction)

Argument(s) reaction MATLAB\_SBML\_Reaction structure

Returns names array of the character string representation of the names<sup>1</sup> of elements

values array of the values of each element

#### 4.3 Deriving information functions

#### 4.3.1 DetermineSpeciesRoleInReaction

Format >> y = DetermineSpeciesRoleInReaction(species, reaction)
Argument(s) species MATLAB\_SBML\_Species structure

reaction MATLAB\_SBML\_Species structure

Returns y = 0 If species is NOT part of reaction

y = [isProduct, isReactant, isModifier, positionInProductList, posInReactantList] indicating whether the species is a product/reactant/modifier and its position

in the relevant List within the reaction

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>When the name of an element is returned this will refer to the 'name' field in SBML level 1 models and the 'id' field in SBML level 2 models.

#### 4.3.2 GetStoichiometryMatrix

Format >> [matrix, species] = GetStoichiometryMatrix (model)

Argument(s) model MATLAB\_SBML\_Model structure

Returns matrix stoichiometry matrix for the species and reactions in the model

species array of the character string representation of all species in the order in

which the stoichiometry matrix deals with them

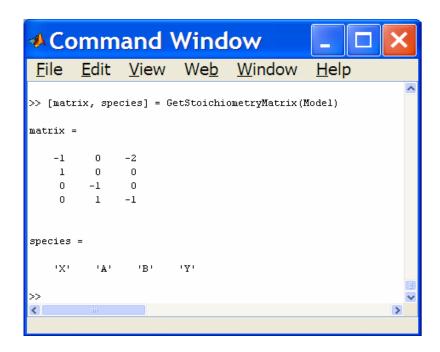


Figure 3: Typical output from GetStoichiometryMatrix.

## 4.3.3 GetStoichiometrySparse

Format >> [matrix] = GetStoichiometrySparse (model)
Argument(s) model MATLAB\_SBML\_Model structure

Returns matrix sparse stoichiometry matrix for the species and reactions in the model

#### 4.3.4 GetRateLawsFrom...

Format >> [species, rateLaws] = GetRateLawsFromReactions(model)

Argument(s) model MATLAB\_SBML\_Model structure

Returns species array of the character string representation of all species

rateLaws array of the character representation of the rate laws from reactions

(for each species in order of species array)

Format >> [species, rateLaws] = GetRateLawsFromRules (model)

Argument(s) model MATLAB\_SBML\_Model structure

Returns species array of the character string representation of all species

rateLaws array of the character representation of the rate laws from rules

(for each species in order of species array)

#### 4.3.5 GetSpecies...Rules

Format >> [species, rules] = GetSpeciesAlgebraicRules (model)

Argument(s) model MATLAB\_SBML\_Model structure

Returns species array of the character string representation of all species

rules an array of the character representation of each algebraic rule the

species appears in

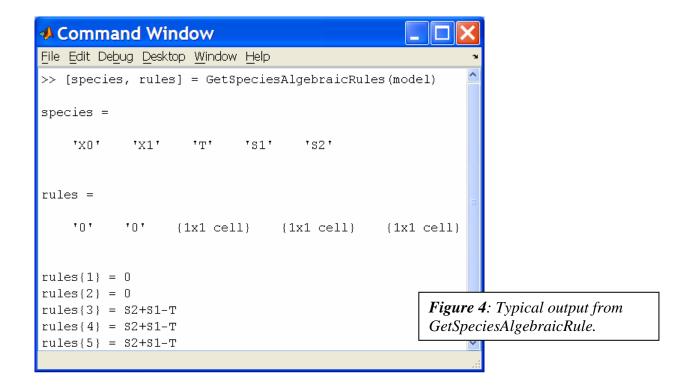
Format >> [species, rules] = GetSpeciesAssignmentRules (model)

Argument(s) model MATLAB\_SBML\_Model structure

Returns species array of the character string representation of all species

rules an array of the character representation of the assignment rule used to

assign value to each species



## 4.4 Overview of model functions

Format >> [speciesValues, parameterValues] = CheckValues (model)
Argument(s) model MATLAB\_SBML\_Model structure

Returns species Values array of values for the initial amount/concentration of the

species

parameter Values array of values for the parameters

Displays a GUI that allows the user to check that the values for the parameters and the initial

amounts/concentrations of the species are as expected and edit as appropriate.

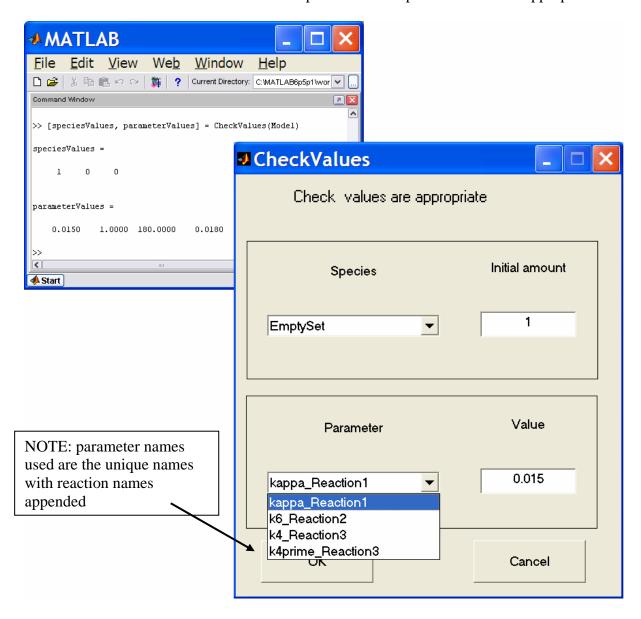


Figure 5: Typical output from CheckValues function.

## 5. Access to symbols

The AccessToSymbols folder contains a number of functions that take elements of the MATLAB\_SBML model and convert them to a symbolic form for use with the MATLAB Symbolic Toolbox. The functions in the AccessToSymbols folder are listed in Table 2.

**Table 2**: Functions and their type in folder AccessToSymbols

Type of function	Function name		
MATLAB help	Contents.m		
Getting symbols	GetAllParameterSymbols.m		
	GetAllParameterSymbolsUnique.m		
	GetCompartmentSymbols.m		
	GetCompartmentTypeSymbols.m		
	GetGlobalParameterSymbols.m		
	GetParameterSymbolsFromReaction.m		
	GetParameterSymbolsFromReactionUnique.m		
	GetSpeciesSymbols.m		
	GetSpeciesTypeSymbols.m		
Deriving information	AnalyseSpeciesSymbolic.m		
	GetEquilibrium.m		
	GetStoichiometryMatrixSyms.m		
	GetSymbolicCompartmentInitialAssignments.m		
	GetSymbolicParameterInitialAssignments.m		
	GetSymbolicRateLawsFromReactions.m		
	GetSymbolicRateLawsFromRules.m		
	GetSymbolicSpeciesAlgebraicRules.m		
	GetSymbolicSpeciesAssignmentRules.m		
	GetSymbolicSpeciesInitialAssignments.m		
Overview of model	PlotTimeCourse.m		
	PlotSelectedTimeCourse.m		
General	charFormula2sym.m		
	CreateSymArray.m		
	GetDegree.m		

NOTE: The majority of the functions in the AccessToSymbols folder mimic functions explained elsewhere in this manual. Thus explanation will be kept to a minimum.

## 5.1 Getting symbols functions

All the functions in this category have the same format.

Format	[symbols,	values, names] = GetAllParametersSymbols (model)
Argument(s)	model	MATLAB_SBML_Model structure
Returns	symbols	array of symbols representing of the names <sup>1</sup> of elements
	values	array of the values of each element
	names	array of the character string representation of the names <sup>1</sup> of elements
<sup>1</sup> When the nar	ne of an ele	ment is returned this will refer to the 'name' field in SBML level 1
models and the	e 'id' field i	n SBML level 2 models.

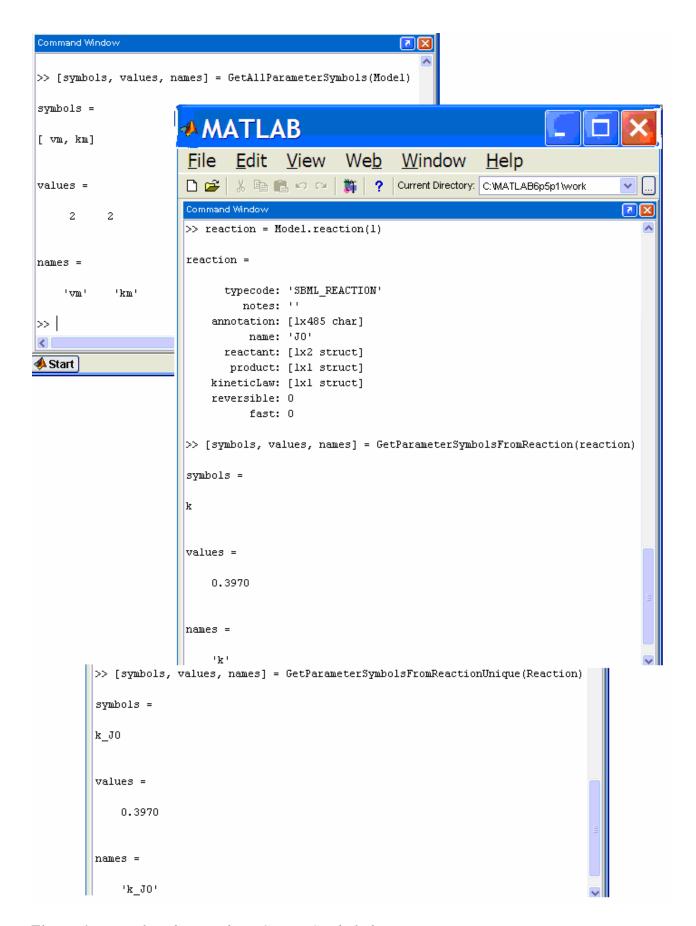


Figure 6: Examples of output from Getting Symbols functions.

## 5.2 Deriving information functions

#### 5.2.1 GetEquilibrium

```
>> [values, info] = GetEquilibrium (model)
Format
Argument(s)
                            MATLAB_SBML_Model structure
               model
Returns
               values
                            array of the equilibrium values of each species
                            structure detailing the equilibrium
               info
                                       array of symbolic representation of the species
                    .species
                    .initialValues
                                       array of the initial amounts used
                                       array of the equilibrium values
                    .equilValues
                                                     (= 0 if equilibrium not reached)
                                       array of the amount of each species at the time shown
                    .timeValues
                                           (equal to equilValues if equilibrium was reached)
                    .Time
                                       elapsed time
                    .delta t
                                       time step used in calculations
                    .tolerance
                                       difference value at which equilibrium was
                                       considered to be reached
```

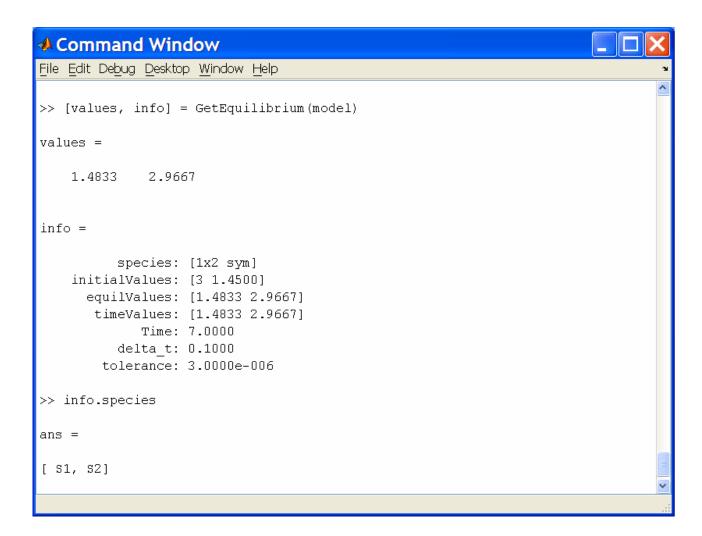


Figure 7: Typical output from the GetEquilibrium function.

The algorithm used to calculate the equilibrium involves using the rate equations to produce a set of functions for the change in the amount of each species for a corresponding change in time.

Example:

Reaction A -> B with kinetic law formula k \* B

The rate equations are

$$\frac{dA}{dt} = -kB$$
$$\frac{dB}{dt} = kB$$

Rewriting these, the change in amount of A and B for each change in time becomes

$$\Delta A = -kB\Delta t$$
$$\Delta B = kB\Delta t$$

An appropriate time step, time limit and tolerance are calculated from the initial values of the species amounts and parameters involved. The procedure then iterative calculates the new species amounts using the derived functions until either the required tolerance (difference between newly calculated figure and previously calculated figure) has been achieved or the time limit has been reached. If the time limit is reached it is assumed that equilibrium is unlikely to be achieved and the function terminates and reports the values calculated within the info structure returned.

## 5.2.1 GetSymbolic...InitialAssignment

Format [symbols, initialAssignment] = GetSymbolicSpeciesInitialAssignments (model)

Argument(s) model MATLAB\_SBML\_Model structure

Returns symbols array of symbols representing of the names<sup>1</sup> of elements

initialAssignment array of the symbolic representation of the initialAssignment

for each element

EXAMPLE: [symbols, initialAssignment] = GetSymbolicSpeciesInitialAssignments (model)

symbols = [S1, S2, S3, X, S4]

initialAssignments = [[0], [0], [0], [s1+s2+2\*s3], [0]]

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>When the name of an element is returned this will refer to the 'name' field in SBML level 1 models and the 'id' field in SBML level 2 models.

#### 5.3 Overview of model functions

#### 5.3.1 PlotTimeCourse

Format >> [values] = PlotTimeCourse (model, variableArgs)

Argument(s) model MATLAB\_SBML\_Model structure

optional limit time limit for calculations

steps number of time steps to consider

flag indicate whether to output data as a comma separated variable file

Returns values array of species amounts at the end of the plot time

(either at equilibrium or time limit if this has been specified)

Displays plot of the time course for each of the species within the model as separate graphs

#### 5.3.2 PlotSelectedTimeCourse

Format >> [values] = PlotSelectedTimeCourse (model, variableArgs)

Argument(s) model MATLAB\_SBML\_Model structure

optional limit time limit for calculations

steps number of time steps to consider

Returns values array of species amounts at the end of the plot time

(either at equilibrium or time limit if this has been specified)

Displays plot of the time course for each of the species selected on a single graph

NOTE: PlotTimeCourse/PlotSelectedTimeCourse uses the same algorithm as GetEquilibrium.

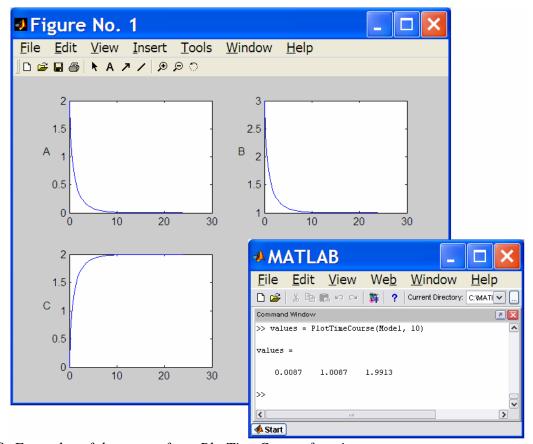


Figure 8: Examples of the output from PlotTimeCourse function.

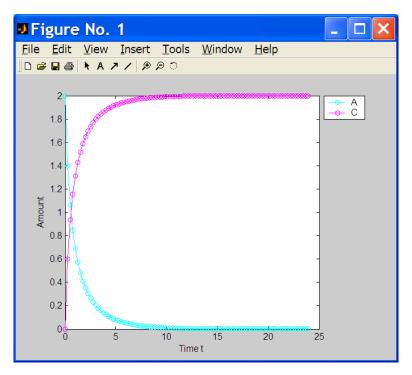


Figure 9: Output from PlotSelectedTimeCourse function.

#### 5.4 General functions

#### 5.4.1 charFormula2sym

Format >> [symFormula, symbols] = charFormula2sym(charFormula)
Argument(s) charFormula character respresentation of a mathematical formula
symFormula symbolic representation of charFormula
symbols array of the symbols used in the formula

```
EXAMPLE: [symFormula, symbols] = charFormula2sym('2 * (a^2) + (3 * b) +c')
symFormula = 2*a^2+3*b+c
symbols = [a, b, c]

[symFormula, symbols] = charFormula2sym('(a+a+a+b) +(a1*b/c*f) -3*a')
symFormula = b+a1*b/c*f
symbols = [a, b, a1, c, f]
```

#### 5.4.2 CreateSymArray

Format >> [symbols] = CreateSymArray (symFormula)

Argument(s) symFormula symbolic respresentation of a mathematical formula

Returns symbols array of the symbols used in the formula

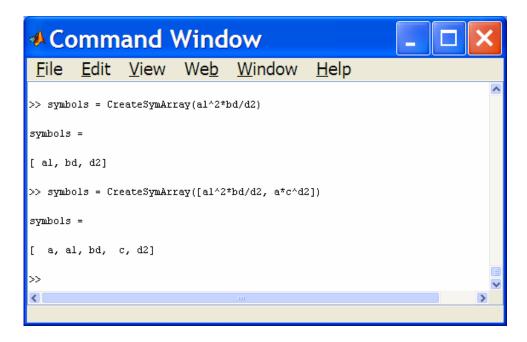


Figure 10: Output from CreateSymArray function.

## 5.4.3 GetDegree

Format >> degree = GetDegree (symPolynomial, symVariable)
Argument(s) symPolynomial symbolic respresentation of a polynomial

symVariable single symbol

Returns degree the degree of the single symbol in the polynomial

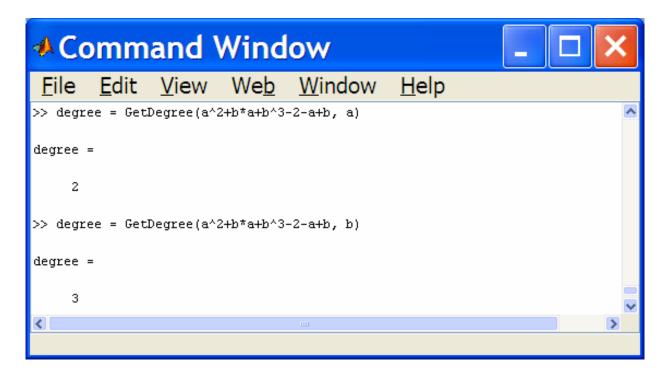


Figure 11: Output from GetDegree function.

## 6. Convenience functions

The Convenience folder contains a number of convenience functions.

The functions in the Convenience folder are listed in Table 3.

**Table 3**: Functions and their type in folder Convenience

Type of function	Function name
MATLAB help	Contents.m
Checking information	isIntegralNumber.m
	isValidUnitKind.m
Other	LoseWhiteSpace.m
	PairBrackets.m
	Rearrange.m
	RemoveDuplicates.m
	SubstituteFunction.m
	Substitute.m

## 6.1 Checking information functions

#### 6.1.1 isIntegralNumber

Format >> y = isIntegralNumber(number)

Argument(s) number any number

Returns y = 1 if number is an integrer

y = 0 otherwise

NOTE: MATLAB's 'isinteger' function only returns true if the number has been declared as an int; whereas the default type for numbers in MATLAB is double. Thus isIntegralNumber will return true for a number of type double that is can be represented as an integer.

#### 6.1.2 isValidUnitKind

Format >> y = isValidUnitKind(kind)

Argument(s) kind a string representation of a unit kind Returns y = 1 if kind is a valid SBML unit kind

y = 0 otherwise

NOTE: The function CheckValidUnitKind is identical to isValidUnitKind but left in place to allow for backwards compatability.

## 6.2 Other functions

## 6.2.1 LoseWhiteSpace

Format >> array = LoseWhiteSpace(charArray)
Argument(s) charArray an array of characters

Returns array the array of characters with any white space removed

#### 6.2.2 PairBrackets

Format >> pairs = PairBrackets(charArray) Argument(s) charArray an array of characters

Returns pairs an array of the indices of matching pairs of brackets

(ordered using the opening bracket index)

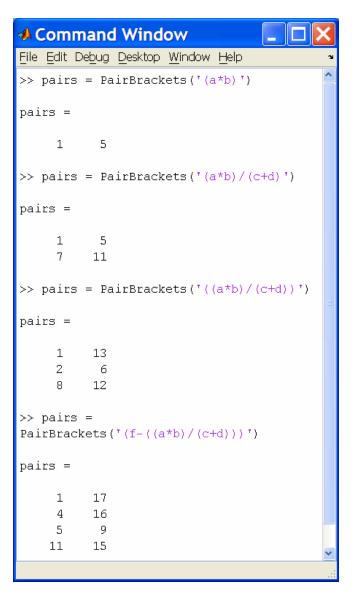


Figure 12: Output from PairBrackets function.

#### 6.2.3 Rearrange

Format >> output = Rearrange(formula, variable)

Argument(s) formula an array of characters representing a formula

variable a character representation of a variable

Returns output the formula rearranged in terms of the variable

NOTE: this function assumes that formula = 0

```
EXAMPLE: output = Rearrange('a+c+b', 'c')
output = '-a-b'

output = Rearrange('a*c+b', 'c')
output = '-b/a'

output = Rearrange('c/a +c/d', 'c')
output = '0'

output = Rearrange('c/a +c/d -e', 'c')
output = '(+e)/(1/a+1/d)'
```

#### 6.2.4 RemoveDuplicates

Format >> array = RemoveDuplicates(anyArray)

Argument(s) anyArray any array

Returns array the array with any duplicates removed

```
EXAMPLE: array = RemoveDuplicates('abcacsdab')
array = 'abcsd'

array = RemoveDuplicates([1,3,2,1,4,3,2,5,1,2])
array = [1,3,2,4,5]
```

## 6.2.5 Substitute

Format >> value = Substitute(formula, model)

Argument(s) formula an array of characters representing a formula

model MATLAB\_SBML\_Model structure

Returns value the value of the formula with values substituted from the model

```
EXAMPLE: value = Substitute('S1*2', model)

where model has a species with id S1 and initialConcentration = 3
```

value = 6

#### 6.2.6 SubstituteFunction

Format >> formula = SubstituteFunction(charFormula, functionDefinition)

Argument(s) charFormula character respresentation of a mathematical formula functionDefinition MATLAB\_SBML\_FunctionDefinition structure

Returns formula charFormula with the functionDefinition substituted

NOTE: charFormula must contain the 'id' of the functionDefinition

```
Command Window
                                                          <u>File Edit Debug Desktop Window Help</u>
>> fD = m.functionDefinition(1)
fD =
      typecode: 'SBML_FUNCTION_DEFINITION'
        notes: ''
    annotation: ''
         name: ''
           id: 'f'
          math: 'lambda(x,y,x+y)'
>> charFormula = 'f(a,b) + 2'
charFormula =
f(a,b) + 2
>> formula = SubstituteFunction(charFormula, fD)
formula =
a+b+2
```

Figure 13: Output from SubstituteFunction function.

## 7. MATLAB\_SBML Structure functions

The MATLAB\_SBML\_Structure\_functions folder contains a number of functions that mimic the functions contained in the libSBML C API.

The folder contains subfolders named after the elements of an SBML model e.g., Model, Species, Parameter etc. Each of these subfolders then contains a create function, query functions, get functions and set/unset functions as appropriate to the element.

Full details are not given here as the formats of the functions are similar. However the contents of the parameter folder are used as an example.

## 7.1 GetLevelVersion

This function is global to all structures.

Format >> [level, version] = GetLevelVersion(SBMLStructure)
Argument(s) SBMLStructure any MATLAB\_SBML structure
Returns level SBML level of the specified structure
version SBML version of the specified structure

NOTE: This function returns level = 0 version = 0 if the argument is not a valid MATLAB\_SBML structure

## 7.2 Parameter subfolder

The functions in the parameter subfolder are listed in Table 4.

**Table 4**: Functions and their type in folder

MATIAR SRMI Structure functions/Parameter

MATLAI	B_SBML_Structure_functions/Parameter
Type of function	Function name
MATLAB help	Contents.m
create function	Parameter_create.m
query functions	Parameter_isSetId.m
	Parameter_isSetName.m
	Parameter_isSetUnits.m
	Parameter_isSetValue.m
get functions	Parameter_getConstant.m
	Parameter_getId.m
	Parameter_getName.m
	Parameter_getSBOTerm.m
	Parameter_getUnits.m
	Parameter_getValue.m
set functions	Parameter_setConstant.m
	Parameter_setId.m
	Parameter_setName.m
	Parameter_setSBOTerm.m
	Parameter_setUnits.m
	Parameter_setValue.m
unset functions	Parameter_unsetName.m
	Parameter_unsetUnits.m
	Parameter_unsetValue.m
Other	Parameter_moveIdToName.m
	Parameter_moveNameToId.m

#### 7.2.1 create function

Format >> parameter = Parameter\_create(variableArgs)

Argument(s)

optional SBML\_level of parameter structure to create (default = 2)

Returns parameter MATLAB\_SBML\_Parameter structure

#### 7.2.2 query functions

Format >> y = Parameter\_isSetId(parameter)

Argument(s) parameter MATLAB\_SBML\_Parameter structure

Returns y = 1 if id field is set

y = 0 if id field is empty

#### 7.2.3 get functions

Format >> id = Parameter\_getId(parameter)

Argument(s) parameter MATLAB\_SBML\_Parameter structure id field of the parameter as a string

#### 7.2.4 set functions

Format >> parameter = Parameter\_setId(parameter, id)

Argument(s) parameter MATLAB\_SBML\_Parameter structure

id string that is to be set as the parameter id

Returns parameter the parameter structure with the id set

#### 7.2.5 unset functions

Format >> parameter = Parameter\_unsetName(parameter)
Argument(s) parameter MATLAB\_SBML\_Parameter structure

Returns parameter the parameter structure with the name field empty

#### 7.2.6 other functions

Format >> parameter = Parameter\_moveIdToName(parameter)
Argument(s) parameter MATLAB\_SBML\_Parameter structure

Returns parameter the parameter structure with the name field set to the original id –

unless the name field was already set

## 8. Simulation

The Simulation folder contains a number of functions that take a MATLAB\_SBML model and convert them files that can be used to simulate the model with MATLABs ode functions.

The functions in the Simulation folder are listed in Table 5.

**Table 5**: Functions and their type in folder Simulation

Type of function	Function name
MATLAB help	Contents.m
Simulation	AnalyseSpecies.m
	DisplayODEFunction.m
	OutputODEFunction.m
	WriteODEFunction.m
Event handling	WriteEventAssignmentFunction.m
(called as necessary by	WriteEventHandlerFunction.m
WriteODEFunction)	
MathML	DealWithPiecewise.m
	GetArgumentsFromLambdaFunction.m
Other	SelectSpecies.m
	SelectSpecies.fig

#### 8.1 Simulation functions

#### 8.1.1 AnalyseSpecies

Format	>>	[info] =	Analy	seSpe	cies (	(model)	)

Argument(s) model MATLAB\_SBML\_Model structure

Returns info structure detailing the species and how they are affected by the

model

.Name character representation of the name of the species speciesType character respresentation of the speciesType \* .constant flag (1 if constant)

.boundaryCondition flag (1 if boundaryCondition)
.initialValue initial amount/concentration

.isConcentration flag (1 if initialValue is concentration)
.compartment compartment containing the species
.ChangedByReaction flag (1 if species is in reaction)

.KineticLaw KineticLaw formula in which species appears
.ChangedByRateRule flag (1 if species is changed by rate rule)
.RateRule RateRule formula in which species appears

.ChangedByAssignmentRule flag (1 if species is assigned by rule)
.AssignmentRule assignment formula for species

.InAlgebraicRule flag (1 if species is in an algebraicRule)

.ConvertedToAssignRule flag (1 if species is assigned by the algebraic rule)
.ConvertedRule algebraicRule converted to assignment for species

<sup>\*</sup> SBML L2V2 onwards

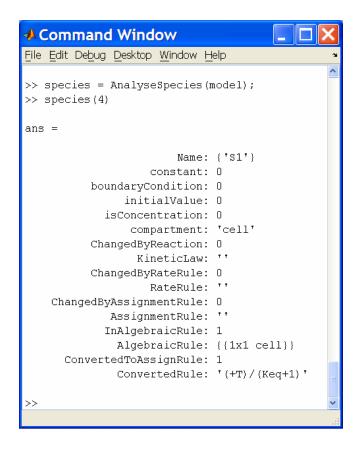


Figure 14: Output from AnalyseSpecies function.

#### 8.1.2 WriteODEFunction function

Format >> WriteODEFunction(model, optional\_args) Argument(s) model MATLAB\_SBML\_Model structure

filename name to give to the .m file to use with the ode solvers<sup>1</sup> optional

Outputs file for use with ode solvers

#### 8.1.3 DisplayODEFunction function

Format >> DisplayODEFunction(model, optional\_args) Argument(s) model MATLAB\_SBML\_Model structure limit time limit to use in simulation optional steps number of steps to use in the simulation

name of the .m file to use with the ode solvers<sup>2</sup> filename

Outputs plot of the result of the ode solvers

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> if no name is given the model id/name is used

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> if a filename was used with WriteODEFilename this must be supplied

## 8.1.4 OutputODEFunction function

Format	>> OutputODEFunction(model, optional_args)			
Argument(s)	model	MATLAB_SBML_Model structure		
optional	flag	indicate whether to plot output		
	limit	time limit to use in simulation		
	steps	number of steps to use in the simulation		
	flag	indicate whether to output a .csv file		
	filename	name of the .m file to use with the ode solvers <sup>2</sup>		
Outputs		plot of the result of the ode solvers		

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> if a filename was used with WriteODEFilename this must be supplied

## 8.2 MathML functions

#### 8.2.1 DealWithPiecewise

Format >> elements = DealWithPiecewise(formula)

Argument(s) formula character representation of a formula containing the MathML

function 'piecewise'

Returns elements the elements of the piecewise function

## 8.2.2 GetArgumentsFromLambdaFunction

Format >> elements = GetArgumentsFromLambdaFunction(formula)

Argument(s) formula character representation of a formula containing the MathML

function 'lambda'

Returns elements the elements of the lambda function

```
File Edit Debug Desktop Window Help

>> elements = DealWithPiecewise('piecewise(1.5, le(s,1), 0.5)')
elements =

'1.5' 'le(s,1)' '0.5'

>> elements = GetArgumentsFromLambdaFunction('lambda(x,y,x*y/x)')
elements =

'x' 'y' 'x*y/x'

>> |
```

Figure 15: Output from the MathML functions.

#### 8.3 Other functions

#### 8.3.1 SelectSpecies

Format >> [species] = SelectSpecies (model)

Argument(s) model MATLAB\_SBML\_Model structure Returns species array of species selected by users

Displays a GUI that allows the user to select species from the model

NOTE: this function is called by DisplayODESolver and PlotSelectedTimeCourse to allow the user to output data relating to the selected species only.

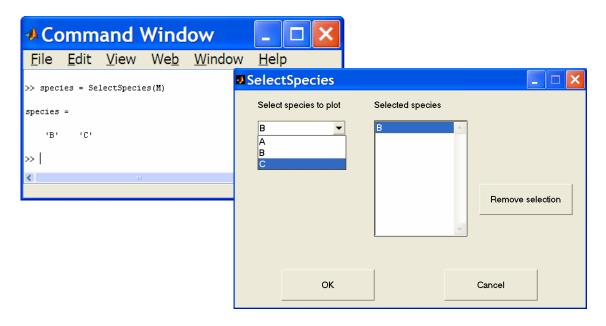


Figure 16: Output from SelectSpecies function.

## 9. Storing models in MATLAB

Once a model has been imported into the MATLAB environment, it is convenient to be able to store it in a MATLAB data structure. MATLAB uses data files to store workspace variables and thus the MATLAB\_SBML structures can be stored in such a data file. This facilitates the fast retrieval of imported models.

The first time a model is saved, the SaveSBMLModel function creates a data file 'SBML\_Models.mat'. Models are stored within the data file in four arrays; containing SBML Level 1 models, SBML Level 2 Version 1 models, SBML Level 2 Version 2 models and SBML Level 2 Version 3. Models are added to the appropriate array sequentially.

Functions in the StoreModels folder are listed in Table 6.

T. 1.1.	T	1 41 ' 4	•	C 11	C 1 1 1
Lable P.	Himetions	and their type	1n	tolder	StoreModels

Type of function	Function name
MATLAB help	Contents.m
Save/Load functions	LoadSBMLModel.m
	SaveSBMLModel.m
Data file functions	ListSBMLModels.m
	DeleteSBMLModel.m
Graphical user functions	BrowseSBML_Models.m
	ViewModel.fig
	ViewModel.m
Sub-functions	AlreadyExists.fig
	AlreadyExists.m
	BrowseModels.fig
	BrowseModels.m

## 9.1 Saving and loading functions

#### 9.1.1 SaveSBMLModel

Format >> SaveSBMLModel(model)

Argument(s) model MATLAB\_SBML\_Model structure

SvaeSBMLModel saves model to the data file SBMLModels.mat, performing the following:

- validates the input structure SBMLModel
- checks whether SBMLModels.mat exists and creates it if not
- checks whether a model with same name/id is already saved and prompts user for permission to add this model as well
- adds the model as the next element of the appropriate array
- saves SBMLModels.mat

#### 9.1.2 LoadSBMLModel

Format >> model = LoadSBMLModel(inputArg, SBMLlevel)

Argument(s) inputArg a number representing the index of the model in the data file

OR

a string representing the name/id of the model

SBML level of model to be retrieved

Returns model MATLAB\_SBML\_Model structure of SBMLlevel from data file

Note: if more than one model of the same name exists LoadSBMLModel(name, level) returns the first model that matches the name.

## 9.2 Data file functions

#### 9.2.1 ListSBMLModel

Format >> ListSBMLModels

ListSBMLModels prints a list of the elements in SBMLModels.mat detailing the index number, the SBML Level and Version and the name of each model stored in the data file.

Example:	<b>NUMBER</b>	LEVEL	VERSION	NAME
	1	1	2	Branch
	2	1	2	ODE
	1	2	1	Branch
	2	2	2	Oscillator
	1	2	2	Branch
	1	2	3	Oscillator

Obviously, as the number of models stored increases, this is not the most productive method for keeping track of the contents of the data file. For this reason a graphical user interface for browsing the data file is also available (see BrowseSBML\_Models below).

#### 9.2.2 DeleteSBMLModel

Format >> DeleteSBMLModel(inputArg, SBMLlevel)

Argument(s) inputArg a number representing the index of the model in the data file

OR

a string representing the name/id of the model

SBML level of model to be retrieved

DeleteSBMLModel deletes a MATLAB\_SBMLModel of **SBMLlevel** from the data file SBMLModels.mat

Note: if more than one model of the same name exists, DeleteSBMLModel(name, level) deletes the first model that matches the name given.

## 9.3 Graphical user functions

#### 9.3.1 BrowseSBML\_Models

Format >> optionalOutput = BrowseSBML\_Models
Returns model MATLAB\_SBML\_Model structure

Displays a GUI that details the contents of the SBMLModels data file

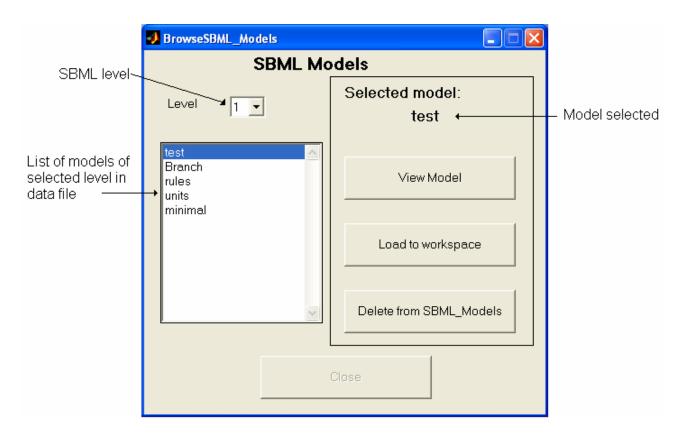


Figure 17: Screenshot of the BrowseSBML Models GUI.

The *View Model* button activates a GUI to view details of the model (see ViewModel below). Note this is not compatible with SBML Level 2 Version 2 and beyond. Information may be missing from the display.

The *Load to workspace* button is only active if the BrowseSBML\_Model function has been called with an output argument, otherwise it is greyed out. Once pressed, this button loads the selected model into the output argument, becomes inactive, and then the *Close* button becomes active.

The *Delete from SBML\_Models* button deletes the selected model from the data file.

The *Close* button closes the window, and if a model has been loaded, BrowseSBML\_Models returns the model to the workspace as the output argument.

#### 9.3.2 ViewModel

Format >> ViewModel(model)

Argument(s) model MATLAB\_SBML\_Model structure

Displays a GUI that details the model

This function is not compatible with SBML Level 2 Version 2 and beyond. Information may be missing from the display.

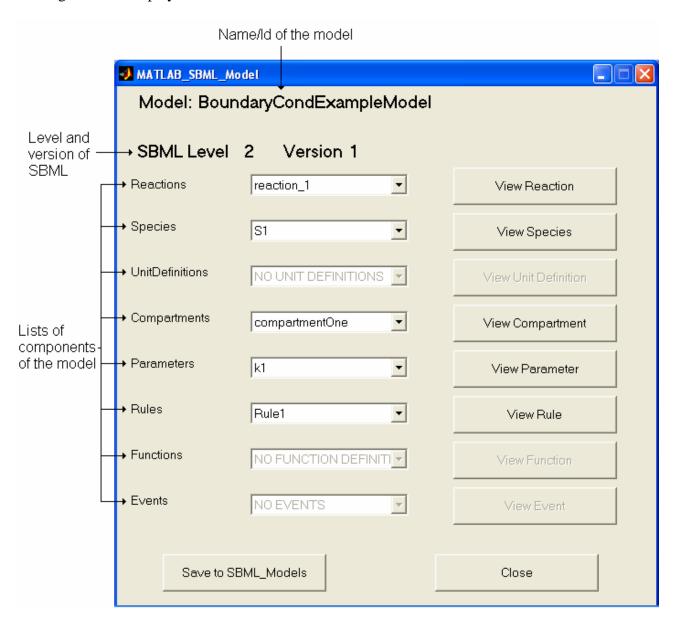


Figure 18: Screenshot of the ViewModel GUI.

The *ViewComponent* buttons display additional GUIs that provide details of the component selected. These buttons are greyed if the model does not contain any of the relevant components.

The Save to SBML\_Models button saves the model to the SBMLModels data file.

The *Close* button closes the window

## 10. Validate\_MATLAB\_SBML\_Structures

Each of the tests checks that the structure supplied as argument is of the appropriate form to represent the intended element of an SBML model.

## 10.1 isSBML\_Model

Format >> y = isSBML\_Model(model)

Argument(s) model MATLAB\_SBML\_Model structure

 $isSBML\_Model returns y = 1 if the argument$ 

- is a MATLAB structure type
- has each of the fields listed in the Model table of the MATLAB\_SBML\_Structure document (appropriate to the level and version of SBML)
- any fields that are arrays of structures contain the appropriate structure
- has the value 'SBML\_MODEL' in the **typecode** field.

returns y = 0 otherwise.

## 10.2 isSBML\_XXX

Format >> y = isSBML\_XXX(structure, SBML\_Level, SBML\_Version)

Argument(s) structure MATLAB\_SBML\_XXX structure

SBML\_Level the SBML level of the structure SBML\_Version the SBML version of the structure

 $isSBML_XXX$  returns y = 1 if structure

- is a MATLAB structure type
- has each of the fields listed in the table of the MATLAB\_SBML\_Structure document corresponding to component XXX (appropriate to the level and version of SBML)
- any fields that are arrays of structures contain the appropriate structure
- does not contain any additional fields and
- has the appropriate value in the **typecode** field (see Table 7)

returns y = 0 otherwise.

**Table 7:** Components in SBML model and appropriate typecode value

Component XXX	typecode
Compartment	SBML_COMPARTMENT
CompartmentType	SBML_COMPARTMENT_TYPE
Constraint	SBML_CONSTRAINT
Event	SBML_EVENT
EventAssignment	SBML_EVENT_ASSIGNMENT
FunctionDefinition	SBML_FUNCTION_DEFINITION
InitialAssignment	SBML_INITIAL_ASSIGNMENT
KineticLaw	SBML_KINETIC_LAW
ModifierSpeciesReference	SBML_MODIFIER_SPECIES_REFERENCE
Parameter	SBML_PARAMETER
Reaction	SBML_REACTION
Rule	SBML_ALGEBRAIC_RULE
	SBML_SPECIES_CONCENTRATION_RULE
	SBML_COMPARTMENT_VOLUME_RULE
	SBML_PARAMETER_RULE
	SBML_ASSIGNMENT_RULE
	SBML_RATE_RULE
Species	SBML_SPECIES
SpeciesReference	SBML_SPECIES_REFERENCE
SpeciesType	SBML_SPECIES_TYPE
Unit	SBML_UNIT
UnitDefinition	SBML_UNIT_DEFINITION

Note: A rule defined by an SBML model may have a number of different types. In order to facilitate the inclusion of rules within the MATLAB\_SBML structure all rule structures have the same fields, some of which will be empty depending on the specific rule type.

## 11. Viewing models in MATLAB

SBMLToolbox provides a set of graphical interfaces that allow the full definition of a model to be displayed.

NOTE: This subsection of functions has NOT been extended to SBML Level 2 Version 2 and Level 2 Version 3.

The ViewModel function was discussed in Section 9.3.2. This GUI (Figure 18) has a range of buttons that allow the sub-structures of the model to be viewed as further GUIs; e.g., the ViewSpecies button brings up a GUI that details the species selected, the ViewRule button brings up a GUI that details the rule selected, etc...(Figure 19).

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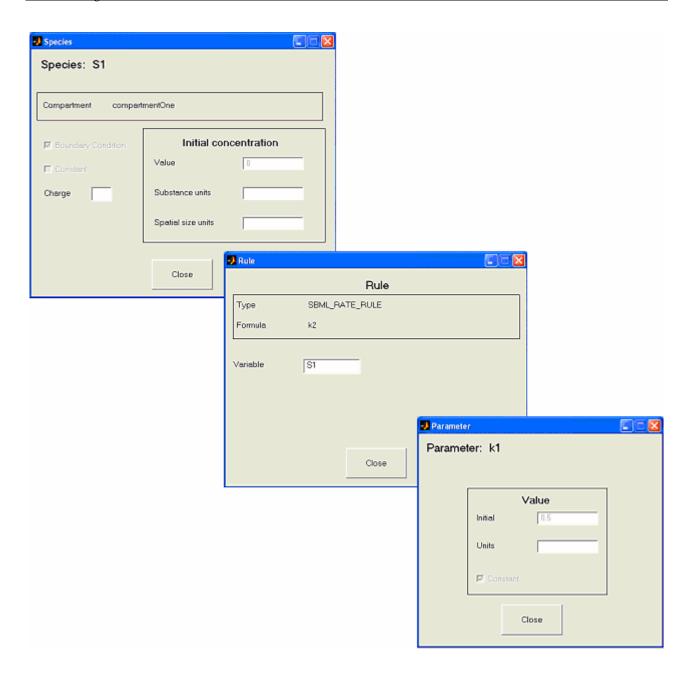


Figure 19: Screenshot of the ViewSpecies, ViewRule & ViewParameter GUIs.

Known issues 37

## **Known** issues

1. C compilers in windows

The default MATLAB C compiler is lcc. Unfortunately this fails to link to libSBML. You can change the default C compiler used by MATLAB to another C compiler installed on your system by tying 'mex –setup' at the MATLAB command prompt and following the instructions.

Using Microsoft VC compilers have proved most reliable.

2. C compilers in linux

There are similar problems with some configurations of linux.

3. The ViewModel functions that drive GUIs for displaying model information have not been extended to SBML Level 2 Version 2 and beyond.