

# Time cont. tallies

- To get time averaged moments

$$\bar{\psi}_j = \frac{1}{\Delta t} \int_{t^*}^{t^* + \Delta t} \int_V b_j(x, \mu) I(x, \mu) = \frac{1}{\Delta t} \frac{1}{N_{hist}} \sum_{i=1}^N \frac{s_i}{V_i} b_j(x, \mu) w_i$$

- essentially the same tallies, just a  $\frac{1}{\Delta t}$  factor.

- To get first moment in time just add an extra tally

$$\psi_{jt}^i = \frac{b}{\Delta t} \int \left( \frac{t - t^{n+1/2}}{\Delta t} \right) I(x, \mu, t) = \frac{b}{\Delta t} \frac{1}{N_{hist}} \sum_{i=1}^N \frac{s_i}{V_i} \left( \frac{t - t^{n+1/2}}{\Delta t} \right) w_i$$

- This tally happens for all tallying events so probably just need to add it to the general tallying procedure

- To get census tallies, we use essentially the pointwisefluence estimator,  $I(x, \mu, t) \approx N(x, \mu, t) C$ , but  $N$  is replaced by weight, thus:

$$\forall_i \psi_j^{n+1} = \int_V b_j(x, \mu) I(x, \mu, t_c) = \frac{1}{N_{hist}} \sum_{i=1}^{N_c} \frac{w_i(t_c)}{V_i} b_j(x, \mu) C$$

$N_c$  =  $N$  that reach  $t_c$

- No need to integrate along a path, so space moments are easier, e.g.,

$$\psi_{jx}^{n+1} = \frac{b}{h_x} \int_V (x - x_i) I(x, \mu, t^{n+1}) = \frac{1}{N_{hist}} \frac{b}{h_x} \sum_{i=1}^{N_c} (x_m - x_i) w C$$