

1	538000.0	-0.275883	-0.409901	0.453143	1.260322	1	1	1	1	0	0
2	180000.0	-1.530739	-1.516093	-1.474146	-1.733591	0	0	1	0	0	0
3	604000.0	0.978974	-0.409901	1.609516	0.245718	1	0	1	1	0	0
4	510000.0	-0.275883	0.696291	0.067685	-0.220002	1	0	1	0	0	0

```
In [170]: outcome = baseline_df['price']
x_cols = baseline_df.drop(['price'], axis=1)
predictors = sm.add_constant(x_cols)
model = sm.OLS(endog=outcome, exog=predictors).fit()
model.summary()
```

Out[170]: OLS Regression Results

Dep. Variable:		price	R-squared:		0.389		
Model:		OLS	Adj. R-squared:		0.388		
Method:		Least Squares	F-statistic:		1159.		
Date:		Tue, 04 Jan 2022	Prob (F-statistic):		0.00		
Time:		15:56:33	Log-Likelihood:		-2.4102e+05		
No. Observations:		18235	AIC:		4.821e+05		
Df Residuals:		18224	BIC:		4.822e+05		
Df Model:		10					
Covariance Type:		nonrobust					
		coef	std err	t	P> t	[0.025	0.975]
	const	1.042e+05	5746.010	20.000	0.000	1.041e+05	5.000e+05

4.5 Fourth Iteration

Let's add the final variables and remove the high p-score from the last model.