First Year Exam

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Obtaining and opening the data

First, go to https://data.chhs.ca.gov/dataset/covid-19-variant-data and download the .csv file titled "Covid-19 Variant Data". You can move the file to the same directory as your Quarto document for ease of access. Next, we will read the file, and check the first few lines of its contents.

```
c19 <- read.csv("covid19_variants.csv")
head(c19)</pre>
```

	date	area	area tune	variant_name	gnacimang	nercentage	
1	2021-01-01	California	State	Omicron	1	1.67	
2	2021-01-01	California	State	Mu	0	0.00	
3	2021-01-01	${\tt California}$	State	Gamma	0	0.00	
4	2021-01-01	${\tt California}$	State	Epsilon	29	48.33	
5	2021-01-01	${\tt California}$	State	Other	29	48.33	
6	2021-01-01	${\tt California}$	State	Total	60	100.00	
specimens_7d_avg percentage_7d_avg							
1		NA		NA			
2		NA		NA			
3		NA		NA			
4		NA		NA			
5		NA		NA			
6		NA		NA			

Visualizing the data

We want to graph the data to show the percentage of each variant in all specimens sequenced by month. For this, we will need ggplot2, lubridate, and dplyr

library(ggplot2) library(lubridate) Loading required package: timechange Attaching package: 'lubridate' The following objects are masked from 'package:base': date, intersect, setdiff, union library(dplyr) Attaching package: 'dplyr' The following objects are masked from 'package:stats': filter, lag The following objects are masked from 'package:base': intersect, setdiff, setequal, union The date column of our data is type. We want to change it to using a lubridate function. c19\$date <- ymd(c19\$date)</pre> head(c19) area area_type variant_name specimens percentage 1 2021-01-01 California Omicron State 1.67 2 2021-01-01 California State 0 0.00 3 2021-01-01 California State Gamma 0 0.00

State

State

State

Epsilon

Other

Total

29

29

60

48.33

48.33

100.00

4 2021-01-01 California

5 2021-01-01 California

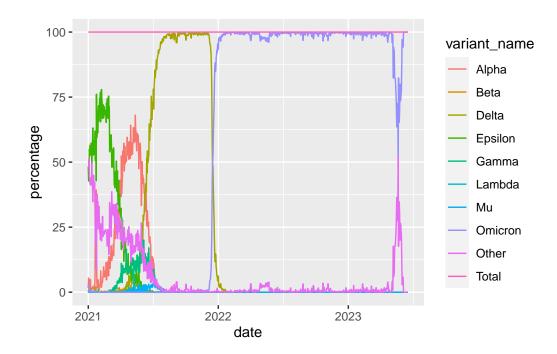
6 2021-01-01 California

specimens_7d_avg percentage_7d_avg

1	NA	NA
2	NA	NA
3	NA	NA
4	NA	NA
5	NA	NA
6	NA	NA

Let's plot what we have so far!

```
plot1 <- ggplot(data = c19) + aes(x = date, y = percentage, col=variant_name) + geom_line(plot1
```

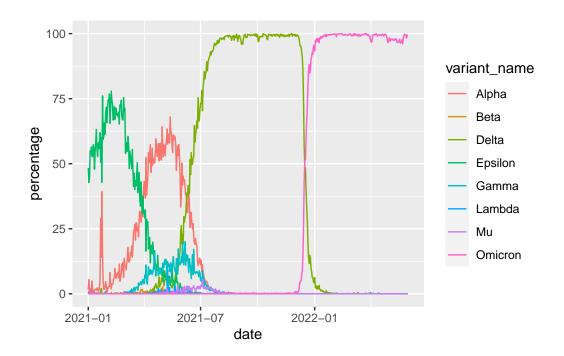


We want to remove data that shows the total number, and other variants. We also only want our data up until May 2022. We will do that with a dplyr function.

```
c19_variants <- c19 %>%
  filter((variant_name != "Other") & (variant_name != "Total"))
c19_variants <- c19_variants %>%
  filter(date < "2022-06-01")</pre>
```

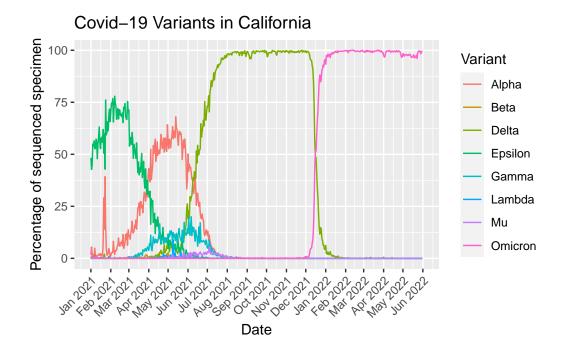
Let's plot what we have so far!

```
p <- ggplot(data = c19_variants) + aes(x = date, y = percentage, col=variant_name) + geom_p</pre>
```



This looks great, but lets change the title, axis labels, legend label, and the ticks on the x-axis to show us each month.

```
p \leftarrow p + labs(title = "Covid-19 Variants in California", y = "Percentage of sequenced spector)
```



WOW! Beautiful:)