

# Systèmes robotisés intelligents Smart Robotic Systems

## Introduction

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# Robotics

**A robot** is a physical machine equipped with capacities of perception, decision and action on its environment



# Robotics

**Applications/Fields:** industrial robotics, domestic robotics, medical robotics, military robotics, scientific robotics, transportation robotics





# Robotics

**Classifications:** mobile robots, humanoid robots, medical robots, agricultural robots, ...



# Mobile robotics

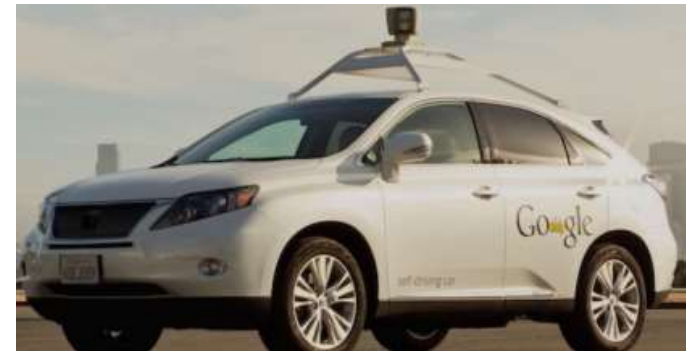
**Mobile robot:** robot with mobile base



# Mobile robotics

Mobile robots that will be the subject of this course:

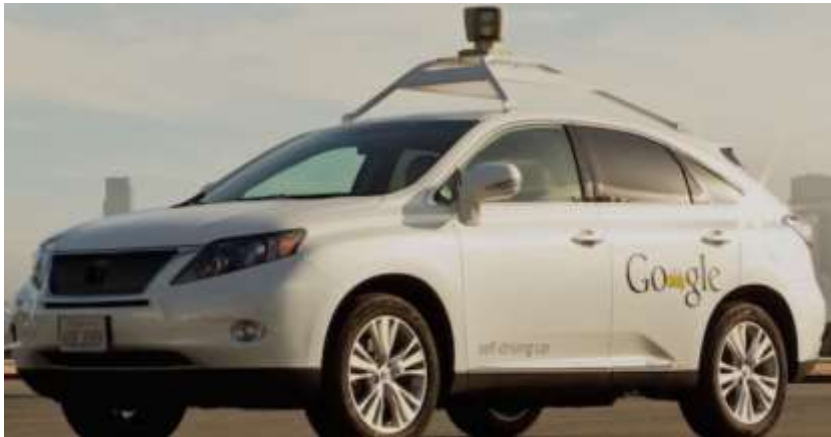
- ✓ Mobile wheeled robots
- ✓ Aerial robots





# Mobile Robotics

## Example: Key Technologies for Intelligent Vehicles (according to Dirk Rossberg, BMW , Stanford University, 2013)



Driving strategy



Scanning of environment



Control



Localisation and digital maps



# Mobile Robotics

## Main Tasks

- **Localization** : position the robot in its environment, which sometimes includes cartography functionalities
- **Perception** : detect the robot environment, navigable spaces, obstacles and ideally understand the scene
- **Navigation** : optimal trajectory planning for moving the robot
- **Control** : application of the commands on the actuators



# Course objectives

- ✓ Know how to apprehend a robotic system
- ✓ Know how to model a mobile robot
- ✓ Know the different technologies of perception, localization
- ✓ Mastering different robot trajectory planning techniques
- ✓ Plan the movements and control the robot
- ✓ Design and develop a robotic system

# Outline

## Sensors and variables estimation

- ✓ Sensors
- ✓ Variable estimation
- ✓ Multi-sensor fusion

## Locomotion

- ✓ Modeling of wheeled mobile robots
- ✓ Modeling of aerial mobile robots

## Mobile robot Localization

## Mobile robot trajectory planning

## Robot control

## Introduction to ROS (Robot Operating System)