



# Design Patterns

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# What are Design Pattern?

In software engineering, a design pattern is a general repeatable solution to a commonly occurring problem in software design. A design pattern is not a finished design that can be transformed directly into code. It is a description or template for how to solve a problem that can be used in many different situations.



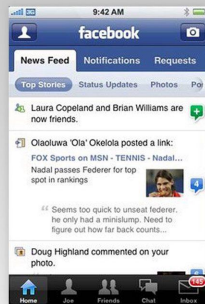
# Why should we use it?

Design Patterns provide easy to recognize and use OOP solutions to common problems. They're inherently easy to maintain, because many people are familiar with them.

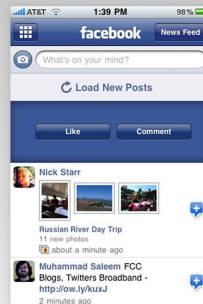




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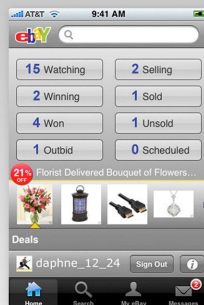


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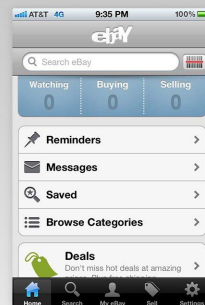




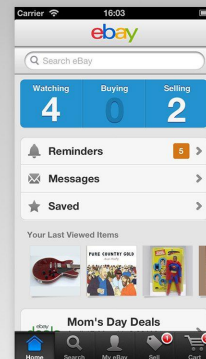
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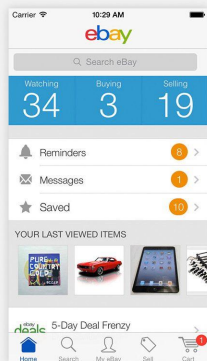
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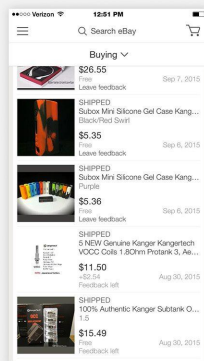
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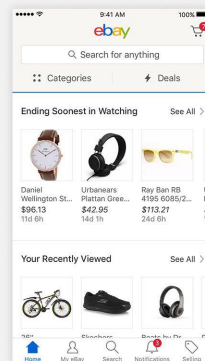
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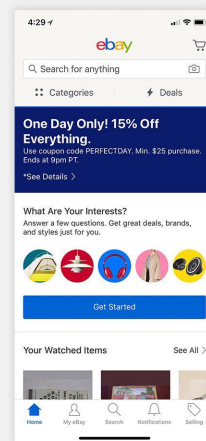
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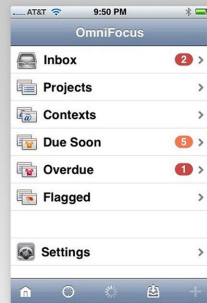
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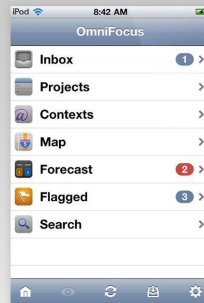
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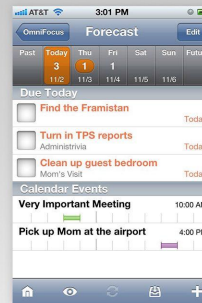
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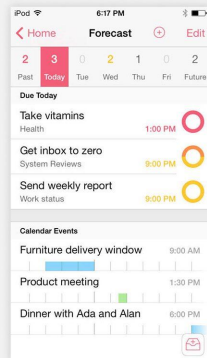
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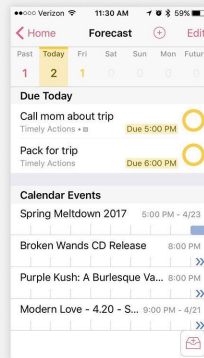
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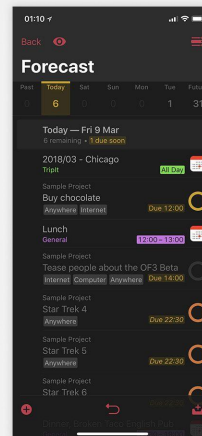
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# Benefits

## **Code maintainability:**

Allows your code to be maintained easier because it is more understandable.

**Communication:** They help you communicate design goals amongst programmers.

**Intention:** They show the intent of your code instantly to someone learning the code.

**Code re-use:** They help you identify common solutions to common problems.

**Less code:** They allow you to write less code because more of your code can derive common functionality from common base classes.

**Tested and sound solutions:** Most of the design patterns are tested, proven and



# Design Patterns Types

## Creational design

**patterns:** These design patterns are all about class instantiation.

Exemples:

**Builder**, Abstract Factory and Singleton.

## Structural design

**patterns:** These design patterns are all about Class and Object composition.

Examples:

Adapter, Bridge and **Decorator**.

## Behavioral design

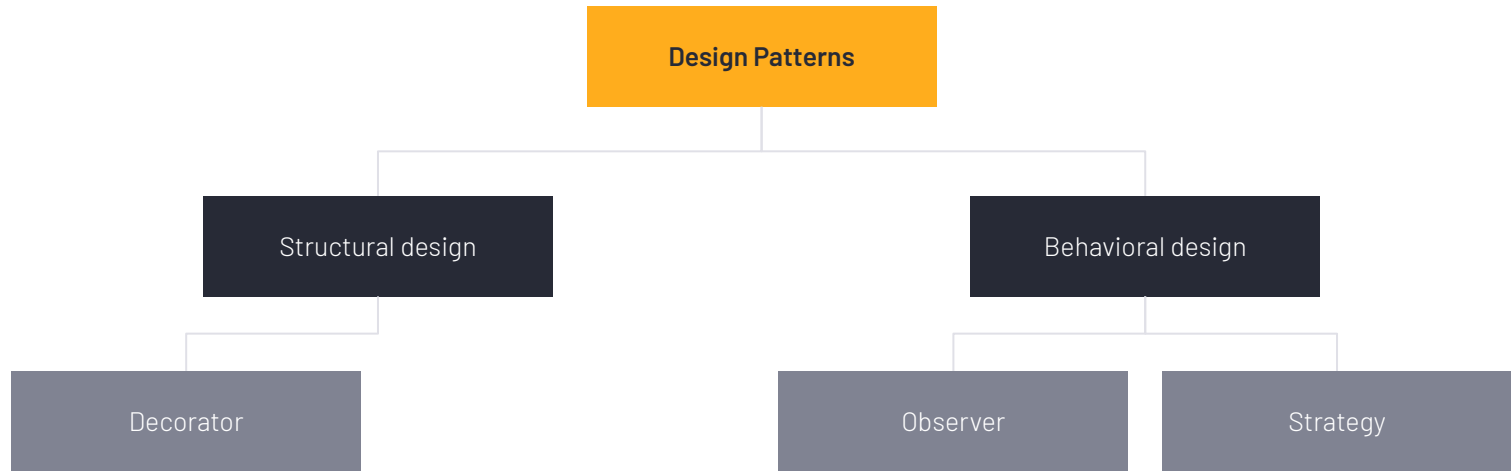
**patterns:** These design patterns are all about Class's objects communication.

Examples:

Mediator, **Observer** and **Strategy**.

See more: [https://sourcemaking.com/design\\_patterns](https://sourcemaking.com/design_patterns)

# Designs Patterns

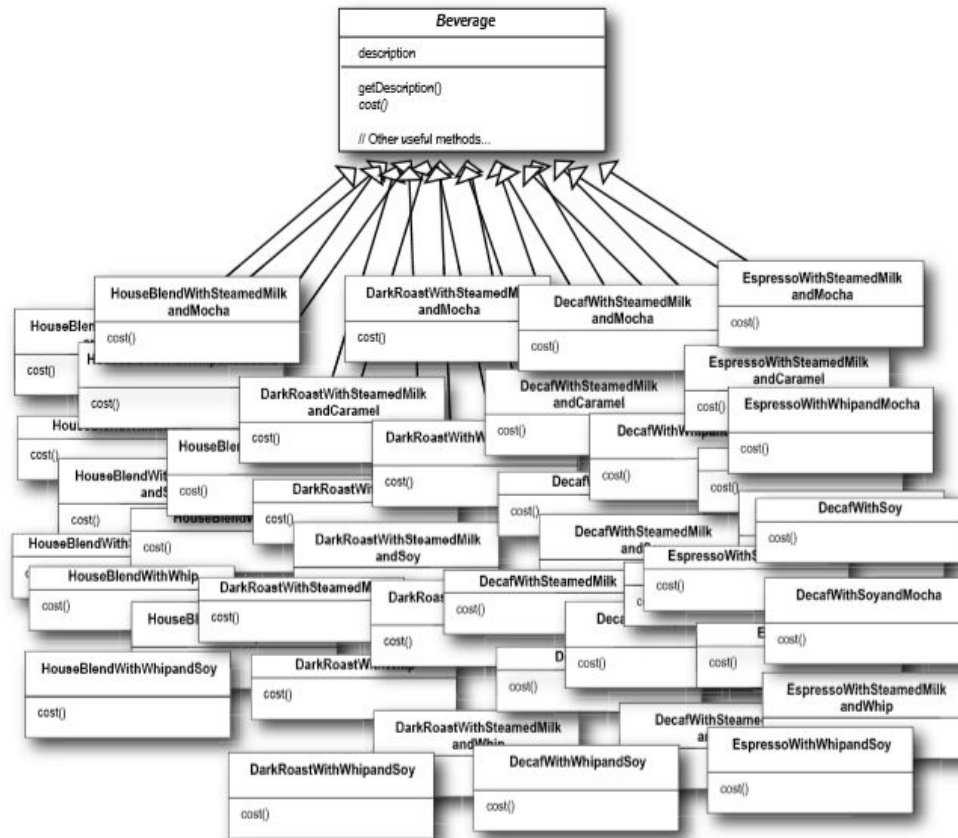


Term	Description
Pattern Name	Describes the essence of the pattern in a short, but expressive, name
Intent	Describes what the pattern does
Also Known As	List any synonyms for the pattern
Motivation	Provides an example of a problem and how the pattern solves that problem
Applicability	Lists the situations where the pattern is applicable
Structure	Set of diagrams of the classes and objects that depict the pattern
Participants	Describes the classes and objects that participate in the design pattern and their responsibilities
Collaborations	Describes how the participants collaborate to carry out their responsibilities
Consequences	Describes the forces that exist with the pattern and the benefits, trade-offs, and the variable that is isolated by the pattern



# 1. Decorator Pattern

Decorating objects



Problem: without decorator

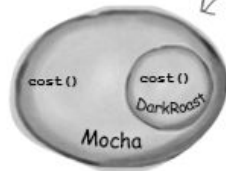
## Constructing a drink order with Decorators

- ❶ We start with our DarkRoast object.



Remember that DarkRoast inherits from Beverage and has a cost() method that computes the cost of the drink.

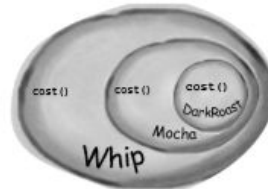
- ❷ The customer wants Mocha, so we create a Mocha object and wrap it around the DarkRoast.



The Mocha object is a decorator. Its type mirrors the object it is decorating; in this case, a Beverage. (By "mirror", we mean it is the same type.)

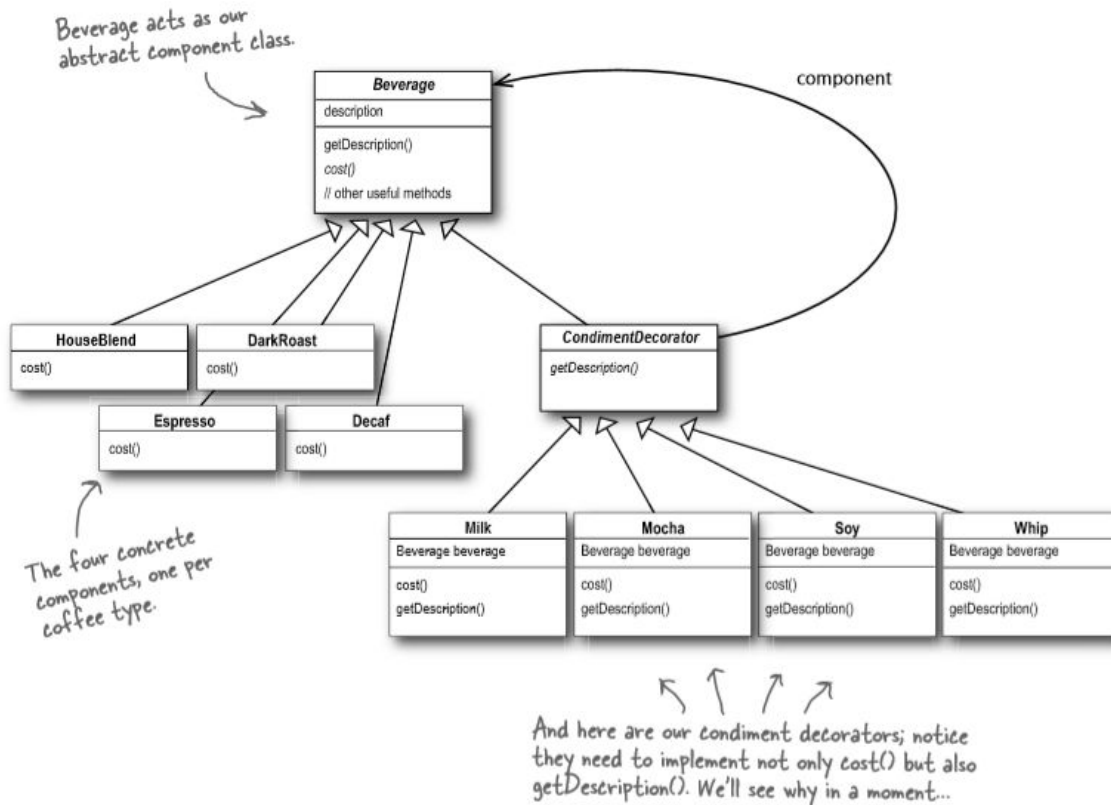
So, Mocha has a cost() method too, and through polymorphism we can treat any Beverage wrapped in Mocha as a Beverage, too (because Mocha is a subtype of Beverage).

- ❸ The customer also wants Whip, so we create a Whip decorator and wrap Mocha with it.






Whip is a decorator, so it also mirrors DarkRoast's type and includes a cost() method.





So, a DarkRoast wrapped in Mocha and Whip is still a Beverage and we can do anything with it we can do with a DarkRoast, including call its cost() method.



With decorator



Decorator pattern allows a user to add new functionality to an existing object without altering its structure. This type of design pattern comes under structural pattern as this pattern acts as a wrapper to existing class.












## 2. Strategy Pattern

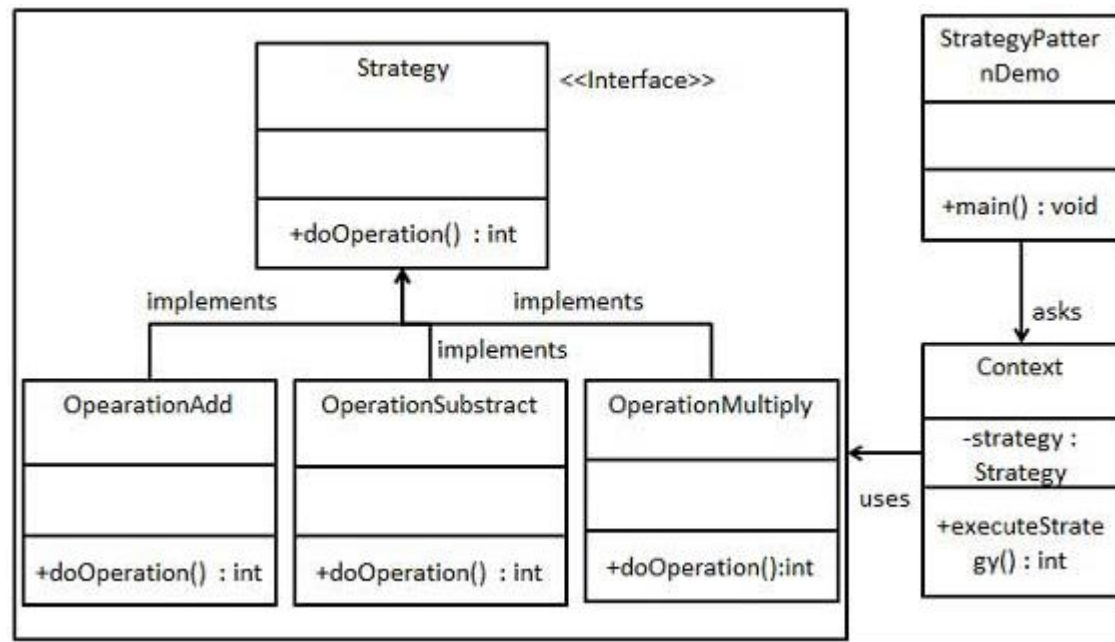
Let's start with the first set of slides



In Strategy pattern, a class behavior or its algorithm can be changed at run time. This type of design pattern comes under behavior pattern.

In Strategy pattern, we create objects which represent various strategies and a context object whose behavior varies as per its strategy object. The strategy object changes the executing algorithm of the context object.



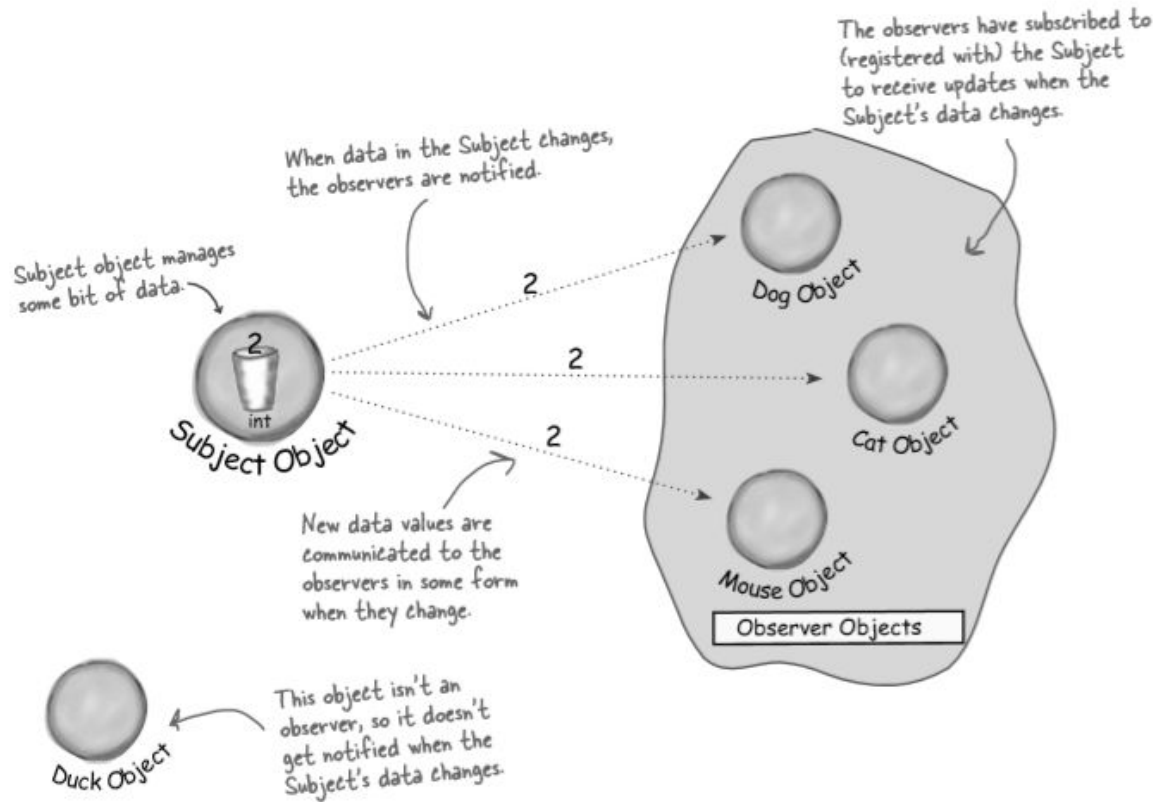







# 3. Observer Pattern



Keep your objects in the know

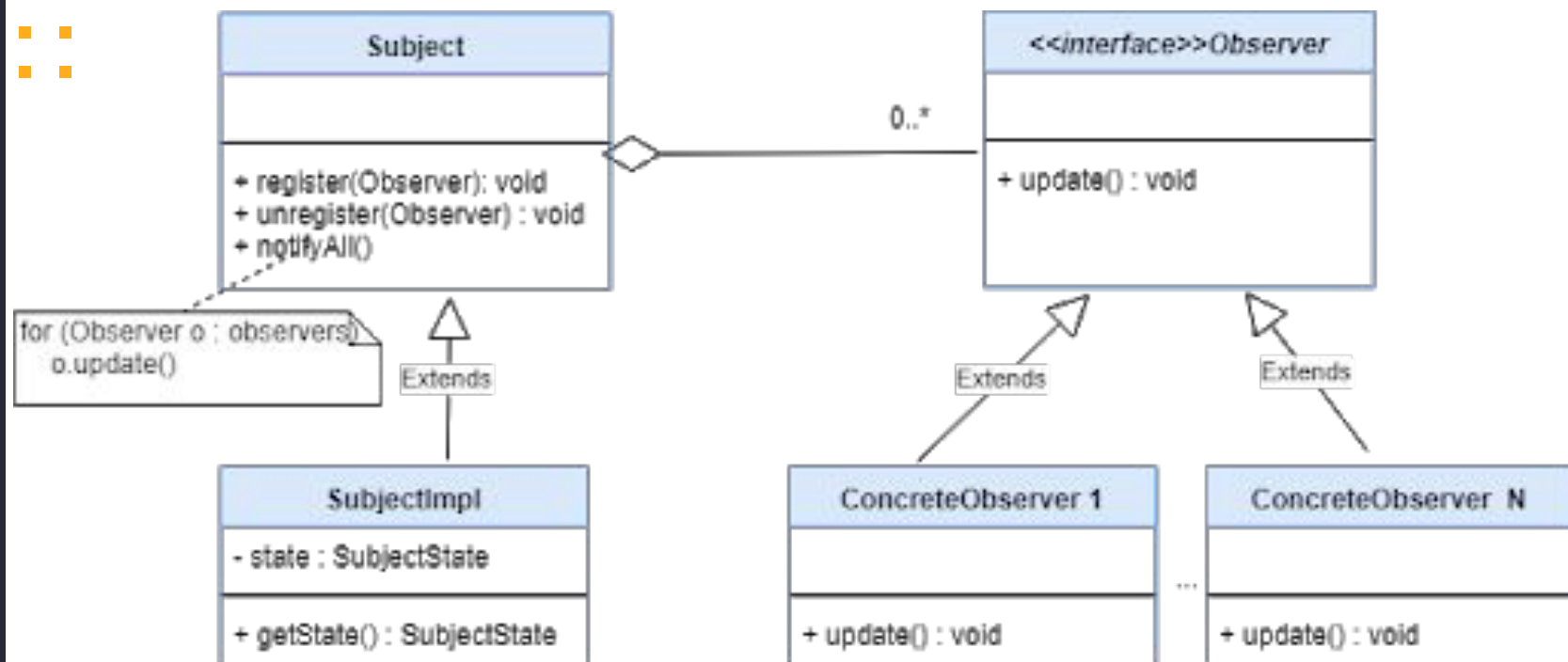






Observer pattern is used when there is one-to-many relationship between objects such as if one object is modified, its dependent objects are to be notified automatically. Observer pattern falls under behavioral pattern category.





# Observer vs Publisher-Subscriber Pattern

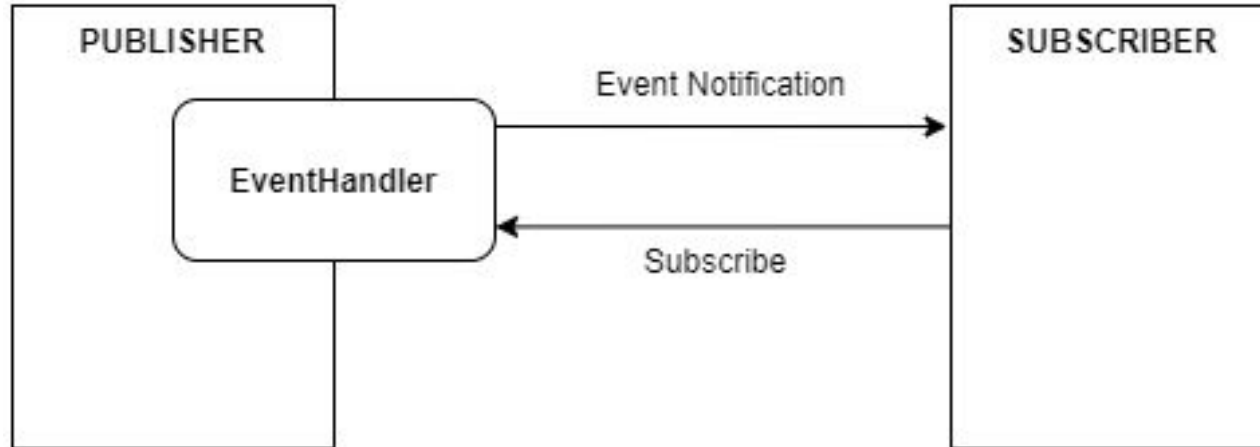
In the Observer pattern, Observables (Publishers) must keep track of Observers (Subscribers). The Observable sends events to each Observer.

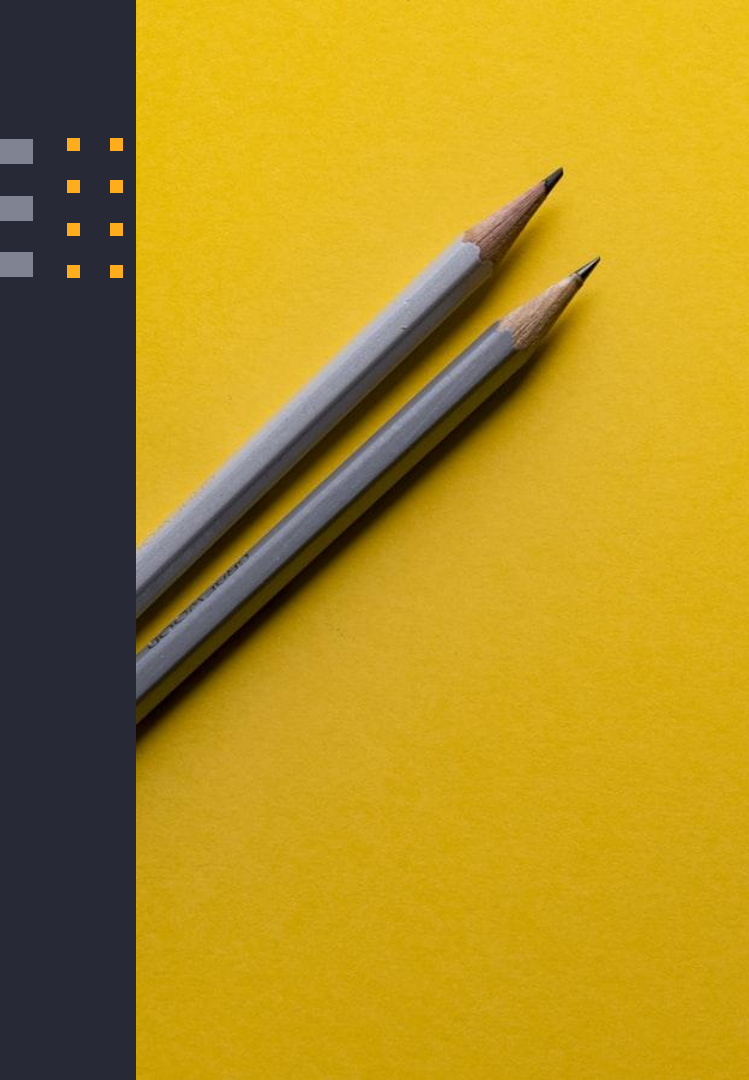




# Observer vs Publisher-Subscriber Pattern

In the Pub-Sub pattern, event notification occurs through the use of an event handler. The publisher does not need to know about subscribers.





# Thanks!

**Any questions?**

You can find me at:

- @username
- user@mail.me

# Credits

- <https://refactoring.guru/pt-br/design-patterns>
- Head First Design Pattern Eric Freeman and Elisabeth Freeman



# Head First Design Patterns

Avoid those  
embarrassing  
coupling mistakes



Learn why everything  
your friends know about Factory  
pattern is  
probably wrong



Discover the secrets  
of the Patterns Guru



Load the patterns  
that matter straight  
into your brain



Find out how  
Starbuzz Coffee doubled  
their stock price with  
the Decorator pattern



See why Jim's  
love life improved  
when he cut down  
his inheritance