

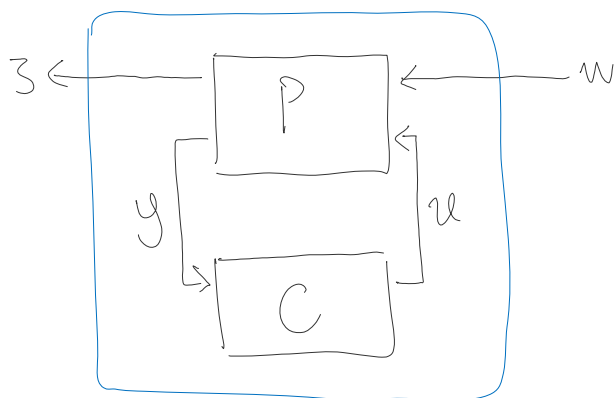
goal: computation of H_2 and H_∞ system norms

refs: Doyle, Glover, Khargonekar, Francis 1989

State-Space Solutions to Standard \mathcal{H}_2 and \mathcal{H}_∞ Control Problems

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• consider the following feedback block diagram between process P and controller C :



- w contains disturbances (i.e. both input & output disturbances)
- z contains "errors" to be minimized (i.e. tracking error, control effort)

$$T_{zw} = P_{zw} + P_{zu}(I - C P_{yu})^{-1} C P_{yw} \rightarrow \text{verify this formula}$$

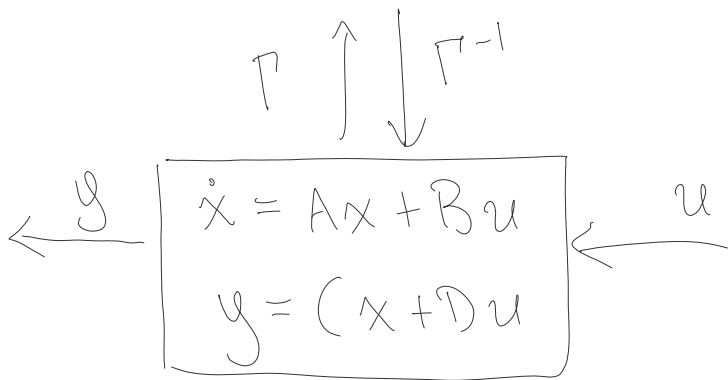
* our goal as control engineers is to minimize $\|T_{zw}\|$

$\| \cdot \|$ will refer to H_2 and H_∞ norms

→ we'll focus on H_2 and H_∞ norms

• assume given causal LTI stable transformation $z = Tw$
and let (A, B, C, D) be minimal realization: $\Rightarrow A$ stable

$$\hat{T}(s) = C(sI - A)^{-1}B + D \quad \text{and} \quad (A, B) \text{ controllable,} \\ (A, C) \text{ observable}$$



$$y(t) = (Tw)(t)$$

$$\hat{y}(s) = \hat{T}(s) \cdot \hat{u}(s)$$

$[H_2]$ let L_c, L_o denote controllability & observability Gramians
i.e. $AL_c + L_cA^T + BB^T = 0, \quad A^TL_o + L_oA + C^TC = 0$

$$\text{then: } \|T\|_2^2 = \text{tr}(CL_cC^T) = \text{tr}(B^TL_oB)$$

— importantly, L_c & L_o can be obtained by solving linear equations

(redundant)

$[H_\infty]$ ~~assuming A stable~~, $\gamma > 0$, define $H_\gamma = \begin{bmatrix} A & \frac{1}{\gamma^2}BB^T \\ -C^TC & -A^T \end{bmatrix}$

then: $\|T\|_\infty < \gamma \Leftrightarrow j\mathbb{R} \cap \text{spec } H_\gamma = \emptyset$ "Hamiltonian matrix"
(i.e. H_γ has no eigenvalues on imaginary axis)

- (i.e. H_γ has no eigenvalues on imaginary axis)
- so we need to do a line search to find smallest γ