

# **Research Proposal for DAAD PhD scholarship**

## **The Gaseous Cosmic Web**

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Sebastian Bustamante Jaramillo

### **Contents**

<b>1</b>	<b>General Information</b>	<b>2</b>
<b>2</b>	<b>Abstract</b>	<b>2</b>
<b>3</b>	<b>Introduction</b>	<b>2</b>
<b>4</b>	<b>Justification</b>	<b>3</b>
<b>5</b>	<b>Objectives</b>	<b>3</b>
<b>6</b>	<b>Literature and Research Review</b>	<b>3</b>
<b>7</b>	<b>Methods</b>	<b>3</b>
<b>8</b>	<b>Expected Results</b>	<b>3</b>
<b>9</b>	<b>Bibliography</b>	<b>3</b>
<b>10</b>	<b>Appendixes</b>	<b>3</b>
<b>11</b>	<b>Timetable</b>	<b>3</b>

# 1 General Information

## Information of the Applicant

<b>Name</b>	Sebastian Bustamante Jaramillo
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More detailed information of the applicant can be found here <http://goo.gl/BPZGzK>

## Information of the Project

<b>Title</b>	<b>The Gaseous Cosmic Web</b>
<b>Field</b>	Cosmology, Astrophysics, Physical Sciences
<b>Advisor 1</b>	Volker Springel, PhD. Heidelberg Institute for Theoretical Studies, Germany
<b>Advisor 2</b>	Jaime Forero-Romero, PhD. Universidad de los Andes, Colombia
<b>University</b>	University of Heidelberg, IMPRS PhD program
<b>Time Frame</b>	3 years

## 2 Abstract

## 3 Introduction

Since the filamentary structure of the large-scale universe (the so-called cosmic web) was observationally evidenced by the first compiled galaxy surveys (Chincarini & Rood, 1975; Gregory & Thompson, 1978; Einasto et al., 1980a,b; Kirshner et al., 1981, 1987), an increasingly interest in studying its dynamical properties and its influence on a plethora of different astrophysical processes has become evident. First theoretical results, leaded by the seminal work of Zel'dovich (1970), are highly consistent with the cosmic web picture, where planar pancake-like regions of matter enclose enormous sub-dense voids and are bordered by thin filaments and high-density clumpy knots.

## **4 Justification**

## **5 Objectives**

## **6 Literature and Research Review**

## **7 Methods**

## **8 Expected Results**

## **9 Bibliography**

### **References**

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## **10 Appendixes**

## **11 Timetable**