

### **Department of Computer & Information Sciences**

ASSESSMENT SUBMISSION	
Module Title:	Data Modelling and Analytics
Module Code:	PE7044
Academic Year:	2021-22
Module Tutor / Email (all queries):	Akhtar Ali
% Weighting (to overall module):	100%
Assessment Title:	Written coursework on analysis, design and implementation of database and analytics using a range of contemporary tools and methods
Date of Handout to Students:	13 <sup>th</sup> May 2022
Mechanism for Handout:	Module Blackboard Site & Live Session in Week 4
Deadline for Submission Attempt by Students:	3 <sup>rd</sup> July 2022 @ 23:59 British Summer Time (BST) which is equal to GMT + 1
Mechanism for Submission:	Document upload to Module Blackboard Site
Submission Format / Word Count	Please upload your written report as a single PDF document (approximately 4000 words).
Date by which Work, Feedback and Marks will be returned:	1st August 2022
Mechanism for return of Feedback and Marks:	Mark and written feedback will be uploaded to the Module Site on Blackboard. For further queries please email module tutor.
Student ID	
Oracle Username	
Data Mining Username	
Student Name	Scott CUMMING

### **SUMMATIVE ASSIGNMENT**



### Personalising your SQL output/prompt

Before executing any SQL code for the assignment, you should personalise your SQL output / prompt by running SET SQLPROMPT "YourUserName > ", i.e., double-quote followed by your UserName followed by > and then a space and double-quote as shown in the screenshot below:

```
ORACLE - SOLPHUS
                                                                                                                                   SQL> SET SQLPROMPT "W1234567 > "
W1234567 > DESC EMP
                                                 Null?
Name
                                                            Type
EMP_NO
                                                 NOT NULL CHAR(2)
EMP_NAME
                                                            CHAR(2)
NUMBER(6)
DEPT_NO
SALARY
                                                            CHAR(1)
MARITAL_STATUS
W1234567 > SELECT * FROM EMP;
EM EMP NAME DE
                        SALARY M
               D1
D2
D2
1 Smith
                          9900 W
E2 Jones
                         13200 M
3 Roberts
               D3
D3
                         16500 S
27500 S
E5 Brown
               D3
D4
E7 McDougal
E8 McNally
                         17600 D
                         12100 M
 rows selected.
V1234567 >
```

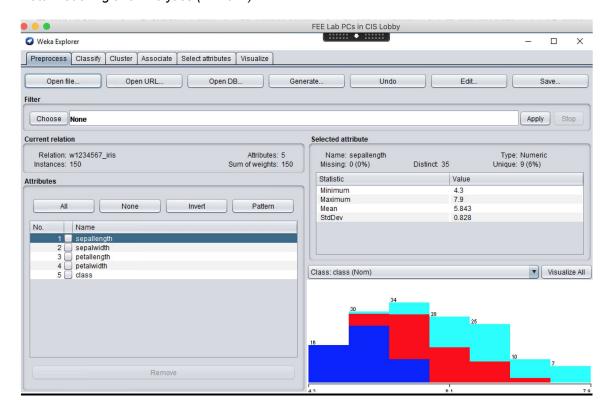
### Personalising your WEKA output

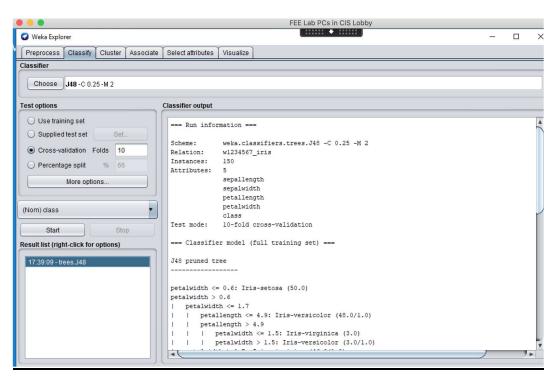
Before you process any of the dataset, open the arff file in a text editor (e.g., Notepad) and prefix the name of the relation with your username followed by \_. For example, @RELATION w1234567\_iris as shown in the screenshots below.

```
iris.arff - Notepad
                                                                       X
File Edit Format View Help
@RELATION w1234567_iris
@ATTRIBUTE sepallength REAL
@ATTRIBUTE sepalwidth
                        RFΔI
@ATTRIBUTE petallength REAL
@ATTRIBUTE petalwidth REAL
@ATTRIBUTE class
                        {Iris-setosa, Iris-versicolor, Iris-virginica}
@DATA
5.1,3.5,1.4,0.2,Iris-setosa
4.9,3.0,1.4,0.2,Iris-setosa
4.7,3.2,1.3,0.2,Iris-setosa
4.6,3.1,1.5,0.2,Iris-setosa
5.0,3.6,1.4,0.2,Iris-setosa
5.4,3.9,1.7,0.4, Iris-setosa
4.6,3.4,1.4,0.3,Iris-setosa
5.0,3.4,1.5,0.2,Iris-setosa
4.4,2.9,1.4,0.2,Iris-setosa
4.9,3.1,1.5,0.1,Iris-setosa
5.4,3.7,1.5,0.2, Iris-setosa
                                          Unix (LF)
                                                       Ln 1, Col 1
```





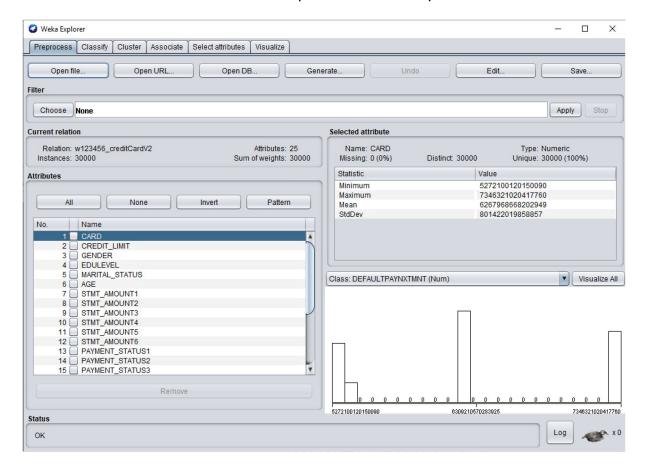






### Personalising your WEKA output using a CSV file

Before you process any CSV dataset, rename the CSV file by prefixing it with your username followed by \_. For example,  $w123456\_creditCardV2.csv$  as shown in the screenshot below when the file is opened in Weka Explorer.





### **Assignment Questions**

### Part 1 (30 marks)

(A) Using a database design approach of your choice, produce a logical design for the database to support the information system, which is needed at PropertyPortal.

(20 marks)

Your answer must consist of **ONE** of the following:

An entity-relationship (ER) diagram (10 marks) and its mapping into a set of relations (10 marks). The ER diagram should show all relevant entity types, relationship types, attributes, keys, and structural constraints. Note that not all keys are identified/mentioned in the scenario, so you are required to identify/devise appropriate keys for all the entity types. Your ER diagram must not show any foreign keys.

As part of the <u>mapping process</u>, for each relation, you should identify appropriate primary keys as well as foreign keys (if applicable). Furthermore, you need to make sure your relations obtained from mapping your ER diagram are in 3<sup>rd</sup> normal form.

• A set of normalised relations (10 marks) obtained through applying the normalisation process (10 marks) instead of ER modelling. You should make clear how the normalisation process has been carried out, and the reasoning employed, in particular quoting evidence (series of steps) to support the decisions made and how various relations have been derived. Each final relation in your answer should be in 3<sup>rd</sup> normal form.



#### **Answer Part 1A:**

The PropertyPortal conceptual data model was created using an Enhanced Entity Relationship (EER) diagram, which is shown below on the next page as Figure 1. It is an enhanced diagram as superclasses and subclasses were used (Connolly and Begg, 2015, p.435). The entity Customer was established as a superclass and both Property\_Seeker and Owner were designated subclasses. This approach was taken as the classes more accurately represent the relationships with the other entities in the model. Similarly, Property was made a superclass with both Sales\_Property and Rental\_Property as its subclasses. As well as being more representational, a lot of nulls are prevented by using this approach, as both Sales\_Property and Rental\_Property have distinct attributes which would not always require a value to be entered if included in a generalised Property class.

It was noted that the following entities all contained address details: Estate\_Agent, Branch, Staff\_Member, Property and Customer. Including these details in each entity would have violated the Don't Repeat Yourself (DRY) principle, therefore a general Address entity was created to avoid this and relationships with the other entities were formed.

The conceptual data model was mapped into a set of relations to create a logical database design, as shown in Figure 2 on the following pages. Elmasri and Navathe (2017, pp.328-331) offer guidance on how to map superclasses and subclasses to a logical model. Using this guidance, the Sales\_Property and Rental\_Property subclasses were retained as separate relations from their Property superclass, adopting the latter's primary key. This was done to avoid creating many nulls in a generalised Property class, as noted above. Conversely, the Property\_Seeker and Owner subclasses were incorporated into the Customer superclass as one relation, because they don't possess any distinct attributes.



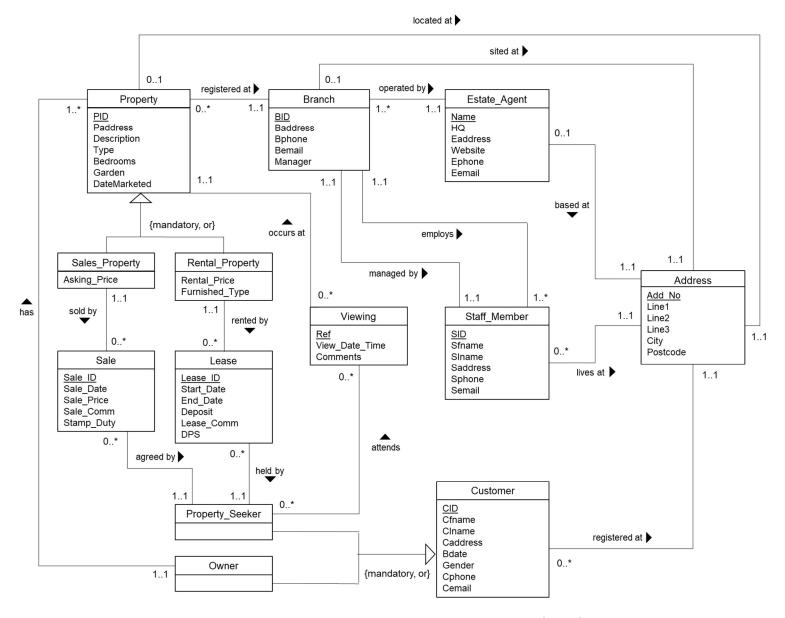


Figure 1 – PropertyPortal Enhanced Entity Relationship (EER) Diagram



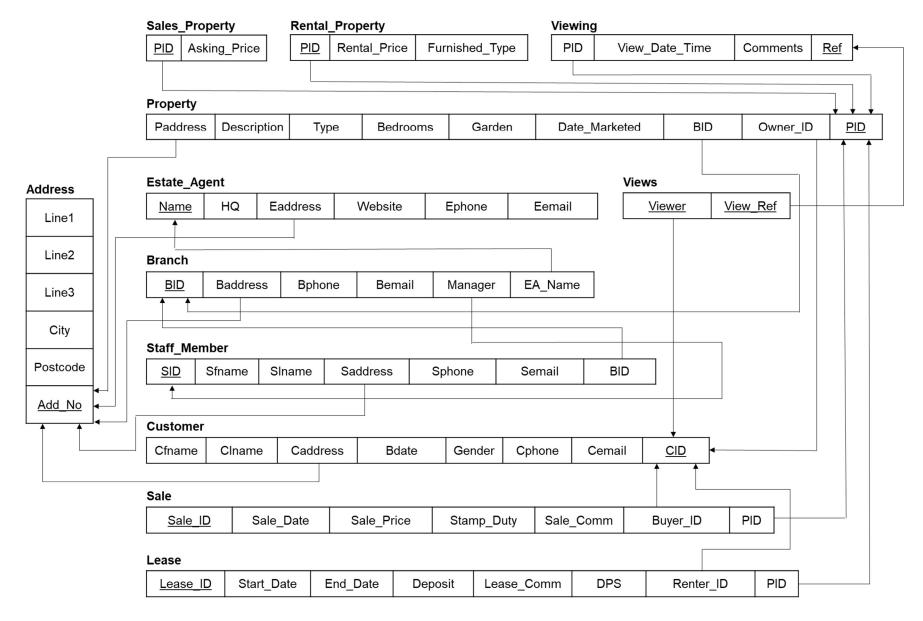


Figure 2 – PropertyPortal Mapped Logical Database Design



(B) Based on your logical design from Part 1 (A) and the information available in the scenario, produce an SQL script file using Oracle 11g/12c/19c.

(10 marks)

### Answer Part 1B: SQL DDL Script file contents: 10 marks

```
SET ECHO ON
SET VERIFY ON
    SQL script file used to create relations for the PropertyPortal
database.
Rem Provides solution to PE7044 assessment part 1B for student S CUMMING
(21056374).
CREATE TABLE ADDRESS
(ADD NO CHAR(8)
                                 CHECK (REGEXP LIKE (ADD NO,
^{\Lambda}d\{6\};)) CONSTRAINT PKEY ADD PRIMARY KEY,
LINE1 VARCHAR(30),
                VARCHAR (30),
LINE2
LINE3 VARCHA CITY VARCHAR (20),
                VARCHAR(30),
POSTCODE VARCHAR(8)
CREATE TABLE PROPERTY
(PID CHAR (7)
                           CHECK (REGEXP LIKE (PID, '^P\d{6}$'))
CONSTRAINT PKEY PROP PRIMARY KEY,
PADDRESS CHAR(8)
                           NOT NULL,
DESCRIPTION VARCHAR (500),
          CHAR(1)
                           NOT NULL CONSTRAINT TYPE RANGE CHECK (TYPE IN
('D', 'S', 'T', 'F', 'B')),
BEDROOMS NUMBER(2) NOT NULL CONSTRAINT BED NO CHECK (BEDROOMS > 0),
GARDEN
               CHAR(1)
                                 NOT NULL CONSTRAINT IS GARD CHECK
(GARDEN IN ('Y', 'N')),
DATE_MARKETED DATE NOT NULL,
OWNER_ID CHAR(7) NOT NULL,
BID
         CHAR(3)
                            NOT NULL
);
CREATE TABLE SALES PROPERTY
(PID CHAR (7) CONSTRAINT PKEY SALES PROP PRIMARY KEY,
ASKING PRICE NUMBER(10,2) NOT NULL CONSTRAINT ASK PRICE CHECK
(ASKING PRICE > 0)
);
CREATE TABLE RENTAL PROPERTY
(PID CHAR (7) CONSTRAINT PKEY RENTAL PROP PRIMARY KEY,
RENTAL PRICE NUMBER(7,2) NOT NULL CONSTRAINT RENT PRICE CHECK
(RENTAL PRICE > 0),
FURNISHED TYPE CHAR (2)
                                NOT NULL CONSTRAINT IS FURNISHED CHECK
(FURNISHED TYPE IN ('FF', 'PF', 'UF'))
```



```
);
CREATE TABLE VIEWING
        CHAR (9)
                             CHECK (REGEXP LIKE (REF, '^V\d{8}$'))
CONSTRAINT PKEY_VIEWING PRIMARY KEY,
 VIEW DATE TIME TIMESTAMP NOT NULL,
COMMENTS VARCHAR (500),
PID CHAR (7)
                             NOT NULL
);
CREATE TABLE ESTATE AGENT
(NAME VARCHAR (30) CONSTRAINT PKEY ENAME PRIMARY KEY,
 HQ
            VARCHAR(20) NOT NULL,
 EADDRESS CHAR(8)
                             NOT NULL,
 WEBSITE VARCHAR(50) NOT NULL,
 EPHONE CHAR(11) NOT NULL, EEMAIL VARCHAR(50) NOT NULL
);
CREATE TABLE VIEWS
(VIEWER CHAR (7),
VIEW REF CHAR(9),
CONSTRAINT PKEY VIEWS PRIMARY KEY (VIEWER, VIEW REF)
);
CREATE TABLE BRANCH
                             CHECK (REGEXP LIKE (BID, '^B\d{2}$'))
(BID CHAR(3)
CONSTRAINT PKEY BRANCH PRIMARY KEY,
 BADDRESS CHAR(8) NOT NULL,
BPHONE CHAR(11) NOT NULL,
BEMAIL VARCHAR(50) NOT NULL,
MANAGER CHAR(5) NOT NULL UNIQUE,
EA_NAME VARCHAR(30)
);
CREATE TABLE STAFF MEMBER
(SID CHAR(5)
                             CHECK (REGEXP LIKE (SID, '^S\d{4}$'))
CONSTRAINT PKEY STAFF PRIMARY KEY,
 SFNAME VARCHAR(20) NOT NULL,
SLNAME VARCHAR(30) NOT NULL,
 SADDRESS CHAR(8)
                            NOT NULL,
 SPHONE CHAR(11) NOT NULL,
SEMAIL VARCHAR(50).
BID CHAR (30)
);
CREATE TABLE CUSTOMER
(CID CHAR(7) CHECK (REGEXP LIKE (CID, '^C\d{6}$'))
CONSTRAINT PKEY CUSTOMER PRIMARY KEY,
CFNAME VARCHAR(ZU) NOT NULL,
 CADDRESS CHAR(8),
         DATE,
 BDATE
                 CHAR(1) CONSTRAINT GENDER RANGE CHECK (GENDER
GENDER
IN ('M', 'F')),
CPHONE CHAR(11),
CFMAIL VARCHAR(50)
 GENDER
);
CREATE TABLE SALE
```



```
CHECK (REGEXP LIKE (SALE ID, '^SA\d{5}$'))
(SALE ID
           CHAR (7)
CONSTRAINT PKEY SALE PRIMARY KEY,
 SALE DATE DATE NOT NULL,
 SALE PRICE NUMBER (10,2) NOT NULL CONSTRAINT SP_RANGE CHECK
(SALE PRICE > 0),
 STAMP DUTY NUMBER (9,2) NOT NULL CONSTRAINT SD RANGE CHECK (STAMP DUTY >=
 SALE COMM NUMBER (9,2) NOT NULL CONSTRAINT SC RANGE CHECK (SALE COMM >=
0),
BUYER_ID CHAR(7) NOT NULL, PID CHAR(7) NOT NULL
CREATE TABLE LEASE
                       CHECK (REGEXP LIKE (LEASE ID, '^LE\d{5}$'))
(LEASE ID CHAR (7)
CONSTRAINT PKEY LEASE PRIMARY KEY,
 START_DATE DATE NOT NULL, END_DATE DATE NOT NULL,
 DEPOSIT NUMBER (7,2) NOT NULL CONSTRAINT DEP RANGE CHECK (DEPOSIT \geq 0),
 LEASE COMM NUMBER (9,2) NOT NULL CONSTRAINT LC RANGE CHECK (LEASE COMM >=
           VARCHAR (50) NOT NULL,
RENTER_ID CHAR(7) NOT NULL, PID CHAR(7) NOT NULL,
 CONSTRAINT VALID TERM CHECK (START DATE < END DATE)
);
Rem Add foreign keys below once data has been entered into each table.
ALTER TABLE SALES PROPERTY ADD CONSTRAINT FKEY SP FOREIGN KEY (PID)
REFERENCES PROPERTY (PID);
ALTER TABLE RENTAL PROPERTY ADD CONSTRAINT FKEY RP FOREIGN KEY (PID)
REFERENCES PROPERTY (PID);
ALTER TABLE VIEWING ADD CONSTRAINT FKEY VG FOREIGN KEY (PID) REFERENCES
PROPERTY (PID);
ALTER TABLE PROPERTY ADD CONSTRAINT FKEY ADD FOREIGN KEY (PADDRESS)
REFERENCES ADDRESS (ADD NO);
ALTER TABLE PROPERTY ADD CONSTRAINT FKEY BRA FOREIGN KEY (BID) REFERENCES
BRANCH (BID);
ALTER TABLE PROPERTY ADD CONSTRAINT FKEY CUS FOREIGN KEY (OWNER ID)
REFERENCES CUSTOMER (CID);
ALTER TABLE ESTATE AGENT ADD CONSTRAINT FKEY ADD2 FOREIGN KEY (EADDRESS)
REFERENCES ADDRESS (ADD NO);
ALTER TABLE VIEWS ADD CONSTRAINT FKEY V1 FOREIGN KEY (VIEWER) REFERENCES
CUSTOMER (CID);
ALTER TABLE VIEWS ADD CONSTRAINT FKEY V2 FOREIGN KEY (VIEW REF) REFERENCES
VIEWING (REF);
ALTER TABLE BRANCH ADD CONSTRAINT FKEY ADD3 FOREIGN KEY (BADDRESS)
REFERENCES ADDRESS (ADD NO);
ALTER TABLE BRANCH ADD CONSTRAINT FKEY EA FOREIGN KEY (EA NAME) REFERENCES
ESTATE AGENT (NAME);
ALTER TABLE BRANCH ADD CONSTRAINT FKEY MAN FOREIGN KEY (MANAGER) REFERENCES
STAFF MEMBER (SID);
```



```
ALTER TABLE STAFF_MEMBER ADD CONSTRAINT FKEY_ADD4 FOREIGN KEY (SADDRESS)
REFERENCES ADDRESS (ADD_NO);
ALTER TABLE STAFF_MEMBER ADD CONSTRAINT FKEY_BRA2 FOREIGN KEY (BID)
REFERENCES BRANCH (BID);

ALTER TABLE CUSTOMER ADD CONSTRAINT FKEY_ADD5 FOREIGN KEY (CADDRESS)
REFERENCES ADDRESS (ADD_NO);

ALTER TABLE SALE ADD CONSTRAINT FKEY_BUYER FOREIGN KEY (BUYER_ID)
REFERENCES CUSTOMER (CID);
ALTER TABLE SALE ADD CONSTRAINT FKEY_SPROP FOREIGN KEY (PID) REFERENCES
PROPERTY (PID);

ALTER TABLE LEASE ADD CONSTRAINT FKEY_RENTER FOREIGN KEY (RENTER_ID)
REFERENCES CUSTOMER (CID);
ALTER TABLE LEASE ADD CONSTRAINT FKEY_RPROP FOREIGN KEY (PID) REFERENCES
PROPERTY (PID);

*/
```

# Answer Part 1B: SQL DDL's Output (e.g., SPOOL file contents or screenshots): Minus 2 marks (if output is missing or deduct partial marks accordingly for partial or inadequate output)

```
W21056374 > @D:\pp new tabs.sql
W21056374 > SET VERIFY ON
W21056374 >
W21056374 > Rem SQL script file used to create relations for the
PropertyPortal database.
W21056374 > Rem Provides solution to PE7044 assessment part 1B for
student S CUMMING (21056374).
W21056374 >
W21056374 > CREATE TABLE ADDRESS
  2 (ADD NO CHAR(8) CHECK (REGEXP LIKE (ADD NO,
'^AD\d\{6\}$')) CONSTRAINT PKEY ADD PRIMARY KEY,
  3 LINE1 VARCHAR(30),
4 LINE2 VARCHAR(30),
  5 LINE3 VARCHAR(30),
6 CITY VARCHAR(20),
7 POSTCODE VARCHAR(8)
  8);
Table created.
W21056374 >
W21056374 > CREATE TABLE PROPERTY
  2 (PID
                           CHECK (REGEXP LIKE (PID, '^P\d{6}))
           CHAR (7)
CONSTRAINT PKEY_PROP PRIMARY KEY,
  3 PADDRESS CHAR(8)
4 DESCRIPTION VARCHAR(500),
                                           NOT NULL,
  5 TYPE CHAR(1)
                                    NOT NULL CONSTRAINT TYPE RANGE CHECK
(TYPE IN ('D', 'S', 'T', 'F', 'B')),
6 BEDROOMS NUMBER(2)
                     NUMBER (2)
                                          NOT NULL CONSTRAINT BED NO CHECK
(BEDROOMS > 0),
  7 GARDEN
                        CHAR (1) NOT NULL CONSTRAINT IS GARD CHECK
(GARDEN IN ('Y', 'N')),
 AGARDEN IN ('Y', 'N')),

8 DATE_MARKETED DATE NOT NULL,

9 OWNER_ID CHAR(7) NOT

10 BID CHAR(3) NOT NULL
                                     NOT NULL,
```



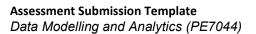
```
11 );
Table created.
W21056374 >
W21056374 > CREATE TABLE SALES PROPERTY
 2 (PID CHAR(7) CONSTRAINT PKEY_SALES_PROP PRIMARY KEY,
3 ASKING_PRICE NUMBER(10,2) NOT NULL CONSTRAINT ASK_PRICE CHECK
(ASKING PRICE > 0)
 4 );
Table created.
W21056374 >
W21056374 > CREATE TABLE RENTAL PROPERTY
 2 (PID CHAR(7) CONSTRAINT PKEY_RENTAL_PROP PRIMARY KEY,
 3 RENTAL PRICE NUMBER(7,2) NOT NULL CONSTRAINT RENT_PRICE CHECK
(RENTAL PRICE > 0),
 4 FURNISHED_TYPE CHAR(2) NOT NULL CONSTRAINT IS FURNISHED CHECK
(FURNISHED_TYPE IN ('FF', 'PF', 'UF'))
 5);
Table created.
W21056374 >
W21056374 > CREATE TABLE VIEWING
  2 (REF CHAR(9) CHECK (REGEXP LIKE (REF, '^V\d{8}$'))
CONSTRAINT PKEY VIEWING PRIMARY KEY,
 3 VIEW DATE TIME TIMESTAMP
                                         NOT NULL.
  4 COMMENTS VARCHAR (500),
  5 PID CHAR(7) NOT NULL
  6);
Table created.
W21056374 >
W21056374 > CREATE TABLE ESTATE AGENT
 2 (NAME VARCHAR(30) CONSTRAINT PKEY_ENAME PRIMARY KEY, 3 HQ VARCHAR(20) NOT NULL,
 4 EADDRESS CHAR(8) NOT NULL,
5 WEBSITE VARCHAR(50) NOT NULL,
6 EPHONE CHAR(11) NOT NULL,
7 EEMAIL VARCHAR(50) NOT NULL
  8);
Table created.
W21056374 >
W21056374 > CREATE TABLE VIEWS
 2 (VIEWER CHAR(7),
3 VIEW_REF CHAR(9),
4 CONSTRAINT PKEY_VIEWS PRIMARY KEY (VIEWER, VIEW_REF)
  5);
Table created.
W21056374 >
W21056374 > CREATE TABLE BRANCH
  2 (BID CHAR(3) CHECK (REGEXP_LIKE (BID, '^B\d{2}$'))
CONSTRAINT PKEY BRANCH PRIMARY KEY,
 3 BADDRESS CHAR(8)
                                         NOT NULL,
```

# Northumbria University NEWCASTLE

```
CHAR (11) NOT NULL,
VARCHAR (50) NOT NULL,
CHAR (5) NOT NULL UNIQUE,
VARCHAR (30)
  4 BPHONE
  5 BEMAIL
  6 MANAGER
7 EA_NAME
  8);
Table created.
W21056374 >
W21056374 > CREATE TABLE STAFF MEMBER
  2 (SID CHAR(5) CHECK (REGEXP_LIKE (SID, '^S\d{4}$'))
CONSTRAINT PKEY STAFF PRIMARY KEY,
  3 SFNAME VARCHAR(20) NOT NULL,
4 SLNAME VARCHAR(30) NOT NULL,
5 SADDRESS CHAR(8) NOT NULL,
6 SPHONE CHAR(11) NOT NULL,
7 SEMAIL VARCHAR(50),
8 BID CHAR(30)
  9);
Table created.
W21056374 >
W21056374 > CREATE TABLE CUSTOMER
  2 (CID CHAR (7)
                                        CHECK (REGEXP LIKE (CID, '^C\d{6}$'))
CONSTRAINT PKEY_CUSTOMER PRIMARY KEY,
  3 CFNAME VARCHAR(20) NOT NULL,
4 CLNAME VARCHAR(30) NOT NULL,
5 CADDRESS CHAR(8),
  6 BDATE DATE,
7 GENDER CHAR(1) CONSTRAINT GENDER_RANGE CHECK
(GENDER IN ('M', 'F')),
 8 CPHONE CHAR(11),
9 CEMAIL VARCHAR(50)
 10 );
Table created.
W21056374 >
W21056374 > CREATE TABLE SALE
 2 (SALE_ID CHAR(7)
                                               CHECK (REGEXP LIKE (SALE ID,
'^SA\d{5}$')) CONSTRAINT PKEY SALE PRIMARY KEY,
3 SALE_DATE DATE NOT NULL,
4 SALE_PRICE NUMBER(10,2) NOT NULL CONSTRAINT SP_RANGE CHECK
(SALE_PRICE > 0),
5 STAMP_DUTY NUMBER(9,2) NOT NULL CONSTRAINT SD_RANGE CHECK
(STAMP_DUTY >= 0),
 6 SALE_COMM NUMBER(9,2) NOT NULL CONSTRAINT SC_RANGE CHECK
(SALE COMM >= 0),
 SALE_COMM >= U),
7 BUYER_ID CHAR(7) NOT NULL,
8 PID CHAR(7) NOT NULL
  9);
Table created.
W21056374 >
W21056374 > CREATE TABLE LEASE
  2 (LEASE ID CHAR(7) CHECK (REGEXP_LIKE (LEASE_ID,
'^LE\d{5}$')) CONSTRAINT PKEY_LEASE PRIMARY KEY,
  3 START_DATE DATE NOT NULL,
4 END_DATE DATE NOT NULL,
```



```
NUMBER (7,2)
                                     NOT NULL CONSTRAINT DEP RANGE CHECK
    DEPOSIT
(DEPOSIT >= 0),
                   NUMBER (9,2) NOT NULL CONSTRAINT LC RANGE CHECK
  6 LEASE COMM
(LEASE COMM \geq = 0),
  7 DPS VARCHAR(50) NOT NULL,
 8 RENTER_ID CHAR(7) NOT NULL,
    PID
             CHAR (7)
                                  NOT NULL,
 10
    CONSTRAINT VALID TERM CHECK (START DATE < END DATE)
 11 );
Table created.
W21056374 >
W21056374 > Rem
                  Add foreign keys below once data has been entered into
each table.
W21056374 >
W21056374 > /*
W21056374 > ALTER TABLE SALES PROPERTY ADD CONSTRAINT FKEY SP FOREIGN KEY
(PID) REFERENCES PROPERTY (PID);
W21056374 >
W21056374 > ALTER TABLE RENTAL PROPERTY ADD CONSTRAINT FKEY RP FOREIGN KEY
(PID) REFERENCES PROPERTY (PID);
W21056374 >
W21056374 > ALTER TABLE VIEWING ADD CONSTRAINT FKEY VG FOREIGN KEY (PID)
REFERENCES PROPERTY (PID);
W21056374 >
W21056374 > ALTER TABLE PROPERTY ADD CONSTRAINT FKEY ADD FOREIGN KEY
(PADDRESS) REFERENCES ADDRESS (ADD NO);
W21056374 > ALTER TABLE PROPERTY ADD CONSTRAINT FKEY BRA FOREIGN KEY (BID)
REFERENCES BRANCH (BID);
W21056374 > ALTER TABLE PROPERTY ADD CONSTRAINT FKEY CUS FOREIGN KEY
(OWNER ID) REFERENCES CUSTOMER (CID);
W21056374 >
W21056374 > ALTER TABLE ESTATE AGENT ADD CONSTRAINT FKEY ADD2 FOREIGN KEY
(EADDRESS) REFERENCES ADDRESS (ADD NO);
W21056374 >
W21056374 > ALTER TABLE VIEWS ADD CONSTRAINT FKEY V1 FOREIGN KEY (VIEWER)
REFERENCES CUSTOMER (CID);
W21056374 > ALTER TABLE VIEWS ADD CONSTRAINT FKEY V2 FOREIGN KEY (VIEW REF)
REFERENCES VIEWING (REF);
W21056374 > ALTER TABLE BRANCH ADD CONSTRAINT FKEY ADD3 FOREIGN KEY
(BADDRESS) REFERENCES ADDRESS (ADD NO);
W21056374 > ALTER TABLE BRANCH ADD CONSTRAINT FKEY EA FOREIGN KEY (EA NAME)
REFERENCES ESTATE AGENT (NAME);
W21056374 > ALTER TABLE BRANCH ADD CONSTRAINT FKEY MAN FOREIGN KEY
(MANAGER) REFERENCES STAFF MEMBER (SID);
W21056374 >
W21056374 > ALTER TABLE STAFF MEMBER ADD CONSTRAINT FKEY ADD4 FOREIGN KEY
(SADDRESS) REFERENCES ADDRESS (ADD NO);
W21056374 > ALTER TABLE STAFF MEMBER ADD CONSTRAINT FKEY BRA2 FOREIGN KEY
(BID) REFERENCES BRANCH (BID);
W21056374 >
W21056374 > ALTER TABLE CUSTOMER ADD CONSTRAINT FKEY ADD5 FOREIGN KEY
(CADDRESS) REFERENCES ADDRESS (ADD NO);
W21056374 >
W21056374 > ALTER TABLE SALE ADD CONSTRAINT FKEY BUYER FOREIGN KEY
(BUYER ID) REFERENCES CUSTOMER (CID);
W21056374 > ALTER TABLE SALE ADD CONSTRAINT FKEY SPROP FOREIGN KEY (PID)
REFERENCES PROPERTY (PID);
W21056374 >
```





W21056374 > ALTER TABLE LEASE ADD CONSTRAINT FKEY\_RENTER FOREIGN KEY (RENTER\_ID) REFERENCES CUSTOMER (CID);
W21056374 > ALTER TABLE LEASE ADD CONSTRAINT FKEY\_RPROP FOREIGN KEY (PID) REFERENCES PROPERTY (PID);
W21056374 > \*/
W21056374 > spool off



### Part 2 (20 marks)

(A) Populate the PropertyPortal database with some data (e.g., you should generate your own dummy data and load it into the PropertyPortal database, consider 5 to 8 rows for each table and enough data to see meaningful output for the queries below).

(8 marks)

### Answer Part 2A: SQL code for populating your database: 8 marks

```
SET VERIFY ON
SET ECHO ON
REM Loading data into ADDRESS table.
INSERT INTO ADDRESS
 VALUES ('AD175002', 'Newcastle House', 'Albany Court', 'Newcastle
Business Park', 'Newcastle upon Tyne', 'NE4 7YB');
INSERT INTO ADDRESS
 VALUES ('AD336028', '566 Building One', 'Chiswick High Road', 'Chiswick
Park', 'London', 'W4 5BE');
INSERT INTO ADDRESS
 VALUES ('AD528406', 'Bishop Court', 'Front St', 'Whickham', 'Newcastle
upon Tyne', 'NE16 4JQ');
INSERT INTO ADDRESS (Add No, Line1, Line2, City, Postcode)
 VALUES ('AD125837', '49 Bunyan Road', 'Fenham', 'Newcastle upon Tyne',
'NE4 1SK');
INSERT INTO ADDRESS (Add No, Line1, Line2, City, Postcode)
 VALUES ('AD229016', '1\overline{7} Fraser Drive', 'Fenham', 'Newcastle upon Tyne',
'NE4 2BB');
INSERT INTO ADDRESS (Add No, Line1, Line2, City, Postcode)
 VALUES ('AD853037', '12 Dunecht Road', 'Fenham', 'Newcastle upon Tyne',
'NE4 5HN');
INSERT INTO ADDRESS (Add_No, Line1, Line2, City, Postcode)
 VALUES ('AD002385', 'The Willows', 'Grove Road', 'Gateshead', 'NE9 4KL');
INSERT INTO ADDRESS (Add No, Line1, Line2, City, Postcode)
 VALUES ('AD456732', '3 North Street', 'Heaton', 'Newcastle upon Tyne',
'NE6 9LT');
INSERT INTO ADDRESS (Add_No, Line1, Line2, City, Postcode)
 VALUES ('AD123673', '88 Carpenters Croft', 'Heaton', 'Newcastle upon
Tyne', 'NE6 9FD');
INSERT INTO ADDRESS (Add No, Line1, Line2, City, Postcode)
 VALUES ('AD284145', 'Helix', 'St James Blvd', 'Newcastle upon Tyne', 'NE4
5BZ');
```



```
INSERT INTO ADDRESS (Add No, Line1, City, Postcode)
 VALUES ('AD010264', '5 - 9 Bon Accord Crescent', 'Aberdeen', 'AB11 6DN');
INSERT INTO ADDRESS (Add No, Line1, City, Postcode)
 VALUES ('AD693570', '33 Margaret Street', 'London', 'W1G OJD');
INSERT INTO ADDRESS (Add No, Line1, City, Postcode)
 VALUES ('AD469321', '55 Baker Street', 'London', 'W1U 8AN');
INSERT INTO ADDRESS (Add No, Line1, City, Postcode)
 VALUES ('AD183994', '33 Union Street', 'Newcastle upon Tyne', 'NE1 7DN');
INSERT INTO ADDRESS (Add No, Line1, City, Postcode)
 VALUES ('AD809835', '3\overline{0} Cloth Market', 'Newcastle upon Tyne', 'NE1 1EE');
INSERT INTO ADDRESS (Add No, Line1, City, Postcode)
 VALUES ('AD324873', '6 High Street', 'Newcastle upon Tyne', 'NE2 7SD');
INSERT INTO ADDRESS (Add No, Line1, City, Postcode)
 VALUES ('AD000184', '77 Station Road', 'Newcastle upon Tyne', 'NE6 8HH');
INSERT INTO ADDRESS (Add No, Line1, City, Postcode)
 VALUES ('AD117439', '4\overline{5} Main Street', 'Newcastle upon Tyne', 'NE9 8DC');
INSERT INTO ADDRESS (Add No, Line1, City, Postcode)
 VALUES ('AD405337', '67 Church Road', 'Newcastle upon Tyne', 'NE5 3ED');
INSERT INTO ADDRESS (Add No, Line1, City, Postcode)
 VALUES ('AD811003', '345 Victoria Road', 'Newcastle upon Tyne', 'NE7
3EE');
INSERT INTO ADDRESS (Add No, Line1, City, Postcode)
 VALUES ('AD222235', '8 Church Lane', 'Newcastle upon Tyne', 'NE4 4NL');
INSERT INTO ADDRESS (Add No, Line1, City, Postcode)
 VALUES ('AD101018', '103 Mill Lane', 'Newcastle upon Tyne', 'NE8 1NN');
INSERT INTO ADDRESS (Add No, Line1, City, Postcode)
 VALUES ('AD388093', '23 York Road', 'Newcastle upon Tyne', 'NE2 4FA');
INSERT INTO ADDRESS (Add No, Line1, City, Postcode)
 VALUES ('AD999420', '29 Victoria Crescent', 'Newcastle upon Tyne', 'NE7
2XY');
INSERT INTO ADDRESS (Add No, Line1, City, Postcode)
 VALUES ('AD939346', '98 Windmill Road', 'Newcastle upon Tyne', 'NE8
3AS');
INSERT INTO ADDRESS (Add No, Line1, City, Postcode)
 VALUES ('AD913021', '15 Gray Road', 'Blyth', 'NE22 OFF');
INSERT INTO ADDRESS (Add No, Line1, City, Postcode)
 VALUES ('AD902784', '88 School Lane', 'Cramlington', 'NE23 3DD');
INSERT INTO ADDRESS (Add No, Line1, City, Postcode)
 VALUES ('AD090898', '33 Green Lane', 'Cramlington', 'NE23 0CM');
INSERT INTO ADDRESS (Add No, Line1, City, Postcode)
 VALUES ('AD059867', '8 Lancaster Road', 'Cramlington', 'NE23 2VT');
```



```
INSERT INTO ADDRESS (Add No, Line1, City, Postcode)
 VALUES ('AD111539', '212 King Street', 'Cramlington', 'NE23 1NJ');
INSERT INTO ADDRESS (Add No, Line1, City, Postcode)
 VALUES ('AD620439', '54 Castle Road', 'Cramlington', 'NE23 6SA');
INSERT INTO ADDRESS (Add No, Line1, City, Postcode)
 VALUES ('AD110293', '25 New Street', 'Gateshead', 'NE9 8HG');
INSERT INTO ADDRESS (Add No, Line1, City, Postcode)
 VALUES ('AD000005', '38 West Street', 'Gateshead', 'NE7 9BC');
INSERT INTO ADDRESS (Add No, Line1, City, Postcode)
 VALUES ('AD394765', '22 Stormont Road', 'Gateshead', 'NE8 9DN');
INSERT INTO ADDRESS (Add No, Line1, City, Postcode)
 VALUES ('AD950367', '66 Highfield Road', 'Sunderland', 'SR5 8DS');
INSERT INTO ADDRESS (Add No, Line1, City, Postcode)
 VALUES ('AD893274', '101 Albert Road', 'Sunderland', 'SR6 1TR');
INSERT INTO ADDRESS (Add No, Line1, City, Postcode)
 VALUES ('AD192832', '58 Mill Road', 'Sunderland', 'SR4 7JJ');
INSERT INTO ADDRESS (Add No, Line1, City, Postcode)
 VALUES ('AD109275', '59 Victory Lane', 'Sunderland', 'SR6 6LM');
INSERT INTO ADDRESS (Add No, Line1, City, Postcode)
 VALUES ('AD753947', '68 Park Street', 'Sunderland', 'SR6 1BC');
INSERT INTO ADDRESS (Add No, Line1, City, Postcode)
 VALUES ('AD539564', '2 George Street', 'Sunderland', 'SR7 9GG');
REM Loading data into CUSTOMER table.
INSERT INTO CUSTOMER
 VALUES ('C856290', 'Steffan', 'Schultz', 'AD950367', '17-APR-1954', 'M',
'07738973447', 's schultz@hotmail.com');
INSERT INTO CUSTOMER
 VALUES ('C302849', 'Olivia', 'Martins', 'AD110293', '23-JUL-1980', 'F',
'07343982634', 'oliviam80@aol.com');
INSERT INTO CUSTOMER
 VALUES ('C552901', 'Mike', 'Wilson', 'AD000005', '03-MAY-1973', 'M',
'07704751623', 'mike wilson@protonmail.com');
INSERT INTO CUSTOMER
 VALUES ('C000032', 'Carla', 'Barton', 'AD893274', '08-OCT-1978', 'F',
'07273859673', 'carla1978@gmail.com');
INSERT INTO CUSTOMER
 VALUES ('C174439', 'George', 'Davis', 'AD902784', '11-OCT-1990', 'M',
'07112048573', 'gdavis@bing.com');
INSERT INTO CUSTOMER
 VALUES ('C986032', 'Harry', 'Miller', 'AD192832', '05-NOV-1982', 'M',
'07795937475', 'harry miller@aol.com');
INSERT INTO CUSTOMER
```



```
VALUES ('C678201', 'Charlotte', 'Reid', 'AD090898', '23-OCT-1960', 'F',
'07807325212', 'charlotte1960@hotmail.com');
INSERT INTO CUSTOMER
 VALUES ('C345750', 'Ava', 'Robertson', 'AD125837', '02-AUG-1954', 'F',
'07734630932', 'arobertson@gmail.com');
INSERT INTO CUSTOMER
VALUES ('C220847', 'Isabella', 'Lopez', 'AD939346', '15-JUL-1965', 'F', '07763444412', 'lopez_i@bing.com');
INSERT INTO CUSTOMER
 VALUES ('C740283', 'Jack', 'Dunn', 'AD456732', '25-JAN-1978', 'M',
'07653094618', 'jackydunn@gmail.com');
INSERT INTO CUSTOMER
 VALUES ('C110834', 'Mia', 'Beech', 'AD059867', '27-FEB-1988', 'F',
'07778395733', 'mia beech@protonmail.com');
INSERT INTO CUSTOMER
 VALUES ('C985422', 'Sophia', 'Walker', 'AD109275', '18-SEP-1998', 'F',
'07453627345', 'sophiawalker@hotmail.com');
INSERT INTO CUSTOMER
 VALUES ('C002398', 'Elijah', 'Wood', 'AD394765', '10-DEC-1950', 'M',
'07720173845', 'e wood@hotmail.com');
INSERT INTO CUSTOMER
 VALUES ('C309496', 'Reuben', 'Diaz', 'AD999420', '06-JUN-1972', 'M',
'07699012364', 'reuben diaz72@gmail.com');
REM Loading data into ESTATE AGENT table.
INSERT INTO ESTATE AGENT
 VALUES ('Your Move', 'Newcastle', 'AD175002', 'www.your-move.co.uk',
'01912676374', 'headoffice@your-move.co.uk');
INSERT INTO ESTATE AGENT
 VALUES ('Savills', 'London', 'AD693570', 'www.savills.co.uk',
'02074998644', 'enquiries@savills.com');
INSERT INTO ESTATE AGENT
 VALUES ('Foxtons', 'London', 'AD336028', 'www.foxtons.co.uk',
'08003698667', 'hq@foxtons.co.uk');
INSERT INTO ESTATE AGENT
 VALUES ('Knight Frank', 'London', 'AD469321', 'www.knightfrank.co.uk',
'02039445824', 'admin@knightfrank.com');
INSERT INTO ESTATE AGENT
 VALUES ('Aberdein Considine', 'Aberdeen', 'AD010264', 'www.acandco.com',
'01224589700', 'ask@acandco.com');
REM Loading data into BRANCH table.
INSERT INTO BRANCH
 VALUES ('B01', 'AD528406', '01914887968', 'whickham@your-move.co.uk',
'S9921', 'Your Move');
```



```
INSERT INTO BRANCH
 VALUES ('B02', 'AD284145', '01919171444', 'newcastle@savills.com',
'S5790', 'Savills');
INSERT INTO BRANCH
 VALUES ('B03', 'AD183994', '01915382636', 'newc@foxtons.co.uk', 'S5693',
'Foxtons');
INSERT INTO BRANCH
 VALUES ('B04', 'AD809835', '01916078450', 'newcastle@acandco.com',
'S0137', 'Aberdein Considine');
REM Loading data into STAFF MEMBER table.
INSERT INTO STAFF MEMBER
 VALUES ('S6294', 'John', 'Smith', 'AD324873', '07737824938',
'jsmith@hotmail.com', 'B01');
INSERT INTO STAFF MEMBER
 VALUES ('S0137', 'Sarah', 'Bloggs', 'AD000184', '07364925844',
'sarahb@aol.com', 'B04');
INSERT INTO STAFF MEMBER
 VALUES ('S8835', 'Rachel', 'Santos', 'AD117439', '07123758362',
'rachel santos@bing.com', 'B03');
INSERT INTO STAFF MEMBER
 VALUES ('S5693', 'Paul', 'Laporte', 'AD405337', '07788243944',
'plaporte1980@hotmail.com', 'B03');
INSERT INTO STAFF MEMBER
 VALUES ('S0937', 'Trent', 'Davidson', 'AD811003', '07832013885',
'trent568@gmail.com', 'B04');
INSERT INTO STAFF MEMBER
 VALUES ('S5790', 'Claire', 'Beattie', 'AD222235', '07437293172',
'beattie girl@gmail.com', 'B02');
INSERT INTO STAFF MEMBER
 VALUES ('S4529', 'Emma', 'Jones', 'AD101018', '07234844921',
'ejones53@aol.com', 'B02');
INSERT INTO STAFF MEMBER
 VALUES ('S9921', 'Kareem', 'Jabbar', 'AD388093', '07732831932',
'kj21@protonmail.com', 'B01');
REM Loading data into PROPERTY table.
INSERT INTO PROPERTY
 VALUES ('P349879', 'AD229016', 'This exceptional home has been created
with great imagination and finished to a high specification.', 'D', 5, 'Y',
'01-JUN-2022', 'C552901', 'B01');
INSERT INTO PROPERTY
 VALUES ('P018234', 'AD123673', 'A spacious extended four bedroom
Victorian terraced home, with a loft conversion, south-west facing private
enclosed garden and detached garage with power.', 'S', 4, 'Y', '27-MAY-
2022', 'C174439', 'B01');
```



#### INSERT INTO PROPERTY

VALUES ('P832748', 'AD853037', 'This spacious and well-presented three bedroom semi-detached family home comes to market offering generous living space throughout.', 'S', 3, 'Y', '08-SEP-2021', 'C986032', 'B04');

#### INSERT INTO PROPERTY

VALUES ('P247587', 'AD913021', 'The property benefits from a lovely wrap around garden, off-road parking, and a large attached garage.', 'B', 3, 'Y', '04-AUG-2019', 'C000032', 'B03');

#### INSERT INTO PROPERTY

VALUES ('P347853', 'AD753947', 'Beautifully presented two bedroom first floor apartment town centre location, two bedrooms master with en suite and built in wardrobe, modern bright and airy open plan living room with balcony, kitchen with appliances and granite worktops, main bathroom, entry phone system, lifts to all floors, allocated underground parking.', 'F', 2, 'N', '09-NOV-2021', 'C856290', 'B04');

#### INSERT INTO PROPERTY

VALUES ('P984752', 'AD539564', 'The conclusion of a short private road, this 4 bedroom detached modern build sits back from the High Street.', 'D', 4, 'Y', '28-APR-2022', 'C000032', 'B02');

#### INSERT INTO PROPERTY

VALUES ('P223743', 'AD002385', 'The property boasts laminate flooring throughout, a separate bathroom semi open plan kitchen and reception with a single bedroom.', 'F', 1, 'N', '05-MAY-2022', 'C856290', 'B01');

#### INSERT INTO PROPERTY

VALUES ('P118364', 'AD111539', 'A beautifully stylish two bedroom first floor apartment in this prestigious and modern development, with extremely spacious accommodation, modern kitchen, and benefiting from one parking space.', 'F', 2, 'N', '05-AUG-2020', 'C856290', 'B02');

#### INSERT INTO PROPERTY

VALUES ('P658439', 'AD620439', 'The house is arranged over two floors. To the ground floor there are two spacious reception rooms, a modern fitted kitchen and downstairs shower room.', 'T', 2, 'Y', '13-FEB-2018', 'C302849', 'B01');

#### INSERT INTO PROPERTY

VALUES ('P102934', 'AD110293', 'A beautifully presented home in an ideal position for access to local schooling and the railway station. Fabulous garden, home office and off-road parking.', 'D', 3, 'Y', '17-JUN-2017', 'C740283', 'B02');

#### INSERT INTO PROPERTY

VALUES ('P298473', 'AD902784', 'A substantial detached chalet bungalow providing spacious and adaptable accommodation. This beautifully presented individual home of character has been sympathetically extended and refurbished to high specification now providing a comfortable home ready to move into with no upward chain.', 'B', 4, 'Y', '11-OCT-2021', 'C985422', 'B01');

REM Loading data into SALES PROPERTY table.

INSERT INTO SALES\_PROPERTY
 VALUES ('P349879', 450000);

INSERT INTO SALES PROPERTY



```
VALUES ('P018234', 375000);
INSERT INTO SALES PROPERTY
  VALUES ('P832748', 295500);
INSERT INTO SALES PROPERTY
  VALUES ('P247587', 220000);
INSERT INTO SALES PROPERTY
  VALUES ('P984752', 350000);
INSERT INTO SALES PROPERTY
  VALUES ('P658439', 185000);
INSERT INTO SALES PROPERTY
  VALUES ('P102934', 275000);
INSERT INTO SALES PROPERTY
  VALUES ('P298473', 305000);
REM Loading data into RENTAL PROPERTY table.
INSERT INTO RENTAL PROPERTY
  VALUES ('P347853', 700, 'UF');
INSERT INTO RENTAL PROPERTY
 VALUES ('P223743', 450, 'UF');
INSERT INTO RENTAL PROPERTY
  VALUES ('P118364', 675, 'FF');
REM Loading data into SALE table.
INSERT INTO SALE
  VALUES ('SA46734', '20-DEC-2021', 305000, 0, 305, 'C220847', 'P832748');
INSERT INTO SALE
 VALUES ('SA58673', '05-NOV-2019', 230000, 4600, 230, 'C740283',
'P247587');
INSERT INTO SALE
 VALUES ('SA19384', '18-JUN-2018', 208500, 4170, 209, 'C985422',
'P658439');
INSERT INTO SALE
 VALUES ('SA98358', '27-SEP-2017', 278000, 2780, 278, 'C302849',
'P102934');
INSERT INTO SALE
 VALUES ('SA23148', '25-JAN-2022', 310000, 3100, 310, 'C174439',
'P298473');
REM Loading data into LEASE table.
INSERT INTO LEASE
  VALUES ('LE38563', '28-JAN-2022', '27-JAN-2023', 700, 70, 'My Deposits',
'C002398', 'P347853');
```



```
INSERT INTO LEASE
 VALUES ('LE85773', '10-NOV-2020', '09-NOV-2022', 675, 67.50, 'Tenancy
Deposit Scheme', 'C309496', 'P118364');
REM Loading data into VIEWING table.
INSERT INTO VIEWING
 VALUES ('V10273477', TO TIMESTAMP('02-JUN-2022 18:00:00', 'DD-MON-YYYY
HH24:MI:SS'), 'Not interested.', 'P349879');
INSERT INTO VIEWING
 VALUES ('V39827456', TO TIMESTAMP('29-MAY-2022 14:05:00', 'DD-MON-YYYY
HH24:MI:SS'), 'Want to return with partner to look around.', 'P018234');
INSERT INTO VIEWING
 VALUES ('V44824307', TO TIMESTAMP('20-SEP-2021 10:30:00', 'DD-MON-YYYY
HH24:MI:SS'), 'Very keen.', 'P832748');
INSERT INTO VIEWING
 VALUES ('V34264472', TO TIMESTAMP('19-AUG-2019 12:15:00', 'DD-MON-YYYY
HH24:MI:SS'), 'Stated will submit an offer.', 'P247587');
INSERT INTO VIEWING
 VALUES ('V73826125', TO TIMESTAMP('05-MAY-2022 15:00:00', 'DD-MON-YYYY
HH24:MI:SS'), 'Not quite what they are looking for.', 'P984752');
REM Loading data into VIEWS table.
INSERT INTO VIEWS
 VALUES ('C678201', 'V10273477');
INSERT INTO VIEWS
 VALUES ('C345750', 'V39827456');
INSERT INTO VIEWS
 VALUES ('C220847', 'V44824307');
INSERT INTO VIEWS
 VALUES ('C740283', 'V34264472');
INSERT INTO VIEWS
 VALUES ('C110834', 'V73826125');
COMMIT;
ALTER TABLE SALES PROPERTY ADD CONSTRAINT FKEY SP FOREIGN KEY (PID)
REFERENCES PROPERTY (PID);
ALTER TABLE RENTAL PROPERTY ADD CONSTRAINT FKEY RP FOREIGN KEY (PID)
REFERENCES PROPERTY (PID);
ALTER TABLE VIEWING ADD CONSTRAINT FKEY VG FOREIGN KEY (PID) REFERENCES
PROPERTY (PID);
ALTER TABLE PROPERTY ADD CONSTRAINT FKEY ADD FOREIGN KEY (PADDRESS)
REFERENCES ADDRESS (ADD NO);
ALTER TABLE PROPERTY ADD CONSTRAINT FKEY BRA FOREIGN KEY (BID) REFERENCES
BRANCH (BID);
```



ALTER TABLE PROPERTY ADD CONSTRAINT FKEY\_CUS FOREIGN KEY (OWNER\_ID) REFERENCES CUSTOMER (CID);

ALTER TABLE ESTATE\_AGENT ADD CONSTRAINT FKEY\_ADD2 FOREIGN KEY (EADDRESS) REFERENCES ADDRESS (ADD NO);

ALTER TABLE VIEWS ADD CONSTRAINT FKEY\_V1 FOREIGN KEY (VIEWER) REFERENCES CUSTOMER (CID);

ALTER TABLE VIEWS ADD CONSTRAINT FKEY\_V2 FOREIGN KEY (VIEW\_REF) REFERENCES VIEWING (REF);

ALTER TABLE BRANCH ADD CONSTRAINT FKEY\_ADD3 FOREIGN KEY (BADDRESS) REFERENCES ADDRESS (ADD NO);

ALTER TABLE BRANCH ADD CONSTRAINT FKEY\_EA FOREIGN KEY (EA\_NAME) REFERENCES ESTATE AGENT (NAME);

ALTER TABLE BRANCH ADD CONSTRAINT FKEY MAN FOREIGN KEY (MANAGER) REFERENCES STAFF MEMBER (SID);

ALTER TABLE STAFF\_MEMBER ADD CONSTRAINT FKEY\_ADD4 FOREIGN KEY (SADDRESS) REFERENCES ADDRESS (ADD NO);

ALTER TABLE STAFF\_MEMBER ADD CONSTRAINT FKEY\_BRA2 FOREIGN KEY (BID) REFERENCES BRANCH (BID);

ALTER TABLE CUSTOMER ADD CONSTRAINT FKEY\_ADD5 FOREIGN KEY (CADDRESS) REFERENCES ADDRESS (ADD NO);

ALTER TABLE SALE ADD CONSTRAINT FKEY\_BUYER FOREIGN KEY (BUYER\_ID) REFERENCES CUSTOMER (CID);

ALTER TABLE SALE ADD CONSTRAINT FKEY\_SPROP FOREIGN KEY (PID) REFERENCES PROPERTY (PID);

ALTER TABLE LEASE ADD CONSTRAINT FKEY\_RENTER FOREIGN KEY (RENTER\_ID) REFERENCES CUSTOMER (CID);

ALTER TABLE LEASE ADD CONSTRAINT FKEY\_RPROP FOREIGN KEY (PID) REFERENCES PROPERTY (PID);

SET ECHO OFF

# Answer Part 2 A: SQL code's output (e.g., SPOOL file contents or screenshots): Minus 2 marks (if output is missing or deduct partial marks accordingly for partial or inadequate output)



```
VALUES ('AD336028', '566 Building One', 'Chiswick High Road',
'Chiswick Park', 'London', 'W4 5BE');
1 row created.
W21056374 >
W21056374 > INSERT INTO ADDRESS
 2 VALUES ('AD528406', 'Bishop Court', 'Front St', 'Whickham',
'Newcastle upon Tyne', 'NE16 4JQ');
1 row created.
W21056374 >
W21056374 > INSERT INTO ADDRESS (Add No, Line1, Line2, City, Postcode)
 2 VALUES ('AD125837', '49 Bunyan Road', 'Fenham', 'Newcastle upon
Tyne', 'NE4 1SK');
1 row created.
W21056374 >
W21056374 > INSERT INTO ADDRESS (Add No, Line1, Line2, City, Postcode)
 2 VALUES ('AD229016', '17 Fraser Drive', 'Fenham', 'Newcastle upon
Tyne', 'NE4 2BB');
1 row created.
W21056374 >
W21056374 > INSERT INTO ADDRESS (Add No, Line1, Line2, City, Postcode)
 2 VALUES ('AD853037', '12 Dunecht Road', 'Fenham', 'Newcastle upon
Tyne', 'NE4 5HN');
1 row created.
W21056374 >
W21056374 > INSERT INTO ADDRESS (Add No, Line1, Line2, City, Postcode)
 2 VALUES ('AD002385', 'The Willows', 'Grove Road', 'Gateshead', 'NE9
4KL');
1 row created.
W21056374 >
W21056374 > INSERT INTO ADDRESS (Add No, Line1, Line2, City, Postcode)
 2 VALUES ('AD456732', '3 North Street', 'Heaton', 'Newcastle upon
Tyne', 'NE6 9LT');
1 row created.
W21056374 >
W21056374 > INSERT INTO ADDRESS (Add No, Line1, Line2, City, Postcode)
2 VALUES ('AD123673', '88 Carpenters Croft', 'Heaton', 'Newcastle upon
Tyne', 'NE6 9FD');
1 row created.
W21056374 >
W21056374 > INSERT INTO ADDRESS (Add No, Line1, Line2, City, Postcode)
 2 VALUES ('AD284145', 'Helix', 'St James Blvd', 'Newcastle upon Tyne',
'NE4 5BZ');
1 row created.
```



```
W21056374 >
W21056374 > INSERT INTO ADDRESS (Add No, Line1, City, Postcode)
 2 VALUES ('AD010264', '5 - 9 Bon Accord Crescent', 'Aberdeen', 'AB11
6DN');
1 row created.
W21056374 >
W21056374 > INSERT INTO ADDRESS (Add No, Line1, City, Postcode)
      VALUES ('AD693570', '33 Margaret Street', 'London', 'W1G 0JD');
1 row created.
W21056374 >
W21056374 > INSERT INTO ADDRESS (Add No, Line1, City, Postcode)
      VALUES ('AD469321', '55 Baker Street', 'London', 'W1U 8AN');
1 row created.
W21056374 >
W21056374 > INSERT INTO ADDRESS (Add No, Line1, City, Postcode)
 2 VALUES ('AD183994', '33 Union Street', 'Newcastle upon Tyne', 'NE1
1 row created.
W21056374 >
W21056374 > INSERT INTO ADDRESS (Add No, Line1, City, Postcode)
 2 VALUES ('AD809835', '30 Cloth Market', 'Newcastle upon Tyne', 'NE1
1EE');
1 row created.
W21056374 >
W21056374 > INSERT INTO ADDRESS (Add No, Line1, City, Postcode)
 2 VALUES ('AD324873', '6 High Street', 'Newcastle upon Tyne', 'NE2
7SD');
1 row created.
W21056374 >
W21056374 > INSERT INTO ADDRESS (Add No, Line1, City, Postcode)
 2 VALUES ('AD000184', '77 Station Road', 'Newcastle upon Tyne', 'NE6
8HH');
1 row created.
W21056374 >
W21056374 > INSERT INTO ADDRESS (Add No, Line1, City, Postcode)
2 VALUES ('AD117439', '45 Main Street', 'Newcastle upon Tyne', 'NE9
8DC');
1 row created.
W21056374 >
W21056374 > INSERT INTO ADDRESS (Add No, Line1, City, Postcode)
  2 VALUES ('AD405337', '67 Church Road', 'Newcastle upon Tyne', 'NE5
3ED');
1 row created.
```



```
W21056374 >
W21056374 > INSERT INTO ADDRESS (Add No, Line1, City, Postcode)
 2 VALUES ('AD811003', '345 Victoria Road', 'Newcastle upon Tyne', 'NE7
1 row created.
W21056374 >
W21056374 > INSERT INTO ADDRESS (Add No, Line1, City, Postcode)
 2 VALUES ('AD222235', '8 Church Lane', 'Newcastle upon Tyne', 'NE4
4NT.'):
1 row created.
W21056374 >
W21056374 > INSERT INTO ADDRESS (Add No, Line1, City, Postcode)
 2 VALUES ('AD101018', '103 Mill Lane', 'Newcastle upon Tyne', 'NE8
1NN');
1 row created.
W21056374 >
W21056374 > INSERT INTO ADDRESS (Add No, Line1, City, Postcode)
 2 VALUES ('AD388093', '23 York Road', 'Newcastle upon Tyne', 'NE2
4FA');
1 row created.
W21056374 >
W21056374 > INSERT INTO ADDRESS (Add No, Line1, City, Postcode)
 2 VALUES ('AD999420', '29 Victoria Crescent', 'Newcastle upon Tyne',
'NE7 2XY');
1 row created.
W21056374 >
W21056374 > INSERT INTO ADDRESS (Add No, Line1, City, Postcode)
 2 VALUES ('AD939346', '98 Windmill Road', 'Newcastle upon Tyne', 'NE8
3AS');
1 row created.
W21056374 >
W21056374 > INSERT INTO ADDRESS (Add No, Line1, City, Postcode)
      VALUES ('AD913021', '15 Gray Road', 'Blyth', 'NE22 OFF');
1 row created.
W21056374 >
W21056374 > INSERT INTO ADDRESS (Add No, Line1, City, Postcode)
      VALUES ('AD902784', '88 School Lane', 'Cramlington', 'NE23 3DD');
1 row created.
W21056374 >
W21056374 > INSERT INTO ADDRESS (Add No, Line1, City, Postcode)
      VALUES ('AD090898', '33 Green Lane', 'Cramlington', 'NE23 0CM');
1 row created.
W21056374 >
```



```
W21056374 > INSERT INTO ADDRESS (Add No, Line1, City, Postcode)
      VALUES ('AD059867', '8 Lancaster Road', 'Cramlington', 'NE23 2VT');
1 row created.
W21056374 >
W21056374 > INSERT INTO ADDRESS (Add No, Line1, City, Postcode)
      VALUES ('AD111539', '212 King Street', 'Cramlington', 'NE23 1NJ');
1 row created.
W21056374 >
W21056374 > INSERT INTO ADDRESS (Add No, Line1, City, Postcode)
      VALUES ('AD620439', '54 Castle Road', 'Cramlington', 'NE23 6SA');
1 row created.
W21056374 >
W21056374 > INSERT INTO ADDRESS (Add No, Line1, City, Postcode)
      VALUES ('AD110293', '25 New Street', 'Gateshead', 'NE9 8HG');
1 row created.
W21056374 >
W21056374 > INSERT INTO ADDRESS (Add No, Line1, City, Postcode)
      VALUES ('AD000005', '38 West Street', 'Gateshead', 'NE7 9BC');
1 row created.
W21056374 >
W21056374 > INSERT INTO ADDRESS (Add No, Line1, City, Postcode)
      VALUES ('AD394765', '22 Stormont Road', 'Gateshead', 'NE8 9DN');
1 row created.
W21056374 >
W21056374 > INSERT INTO ADDRESS (Add No, Line1, City, Postcode)
      VALUES ('AD950367', '66 Highfield Road', 'Sunderland', 'SR5 8DS');
1 row created.
W21056374 >
W21056374 > INSERT INTO ADDRESS (Add No, Line1, City, Postcode)
      VALUES ('AD893274', '101 Albert Road', 'Sunderland', 'SR6 1TR');
1 row created.
W21056374 >
W21056374 > INSERT INTO ADDRESS (Add No, Line1, City, Postcode)
      VALUES ('AD192832', '58 Mill Road', 'Sunderland', 'SR4 7JJ');
1 row created.
W21056374 >
W21056374 > INSERT INTO ADDRESS (Add No, Line1, City, Postcode)
      VALUES ('AD109275', '59 Victory Lane', 'Sunderland', 'SR6 6LM');
1 row created.
W21056374 >
W21056374 > INSERT INTO ADDRESS (Add No, Line1, City, Postcode)
```



```
VALUES ('AD753947', '68 Park Street', 'Sunderland', 'SR6 1BC');
1 row created.
W21056374 >
W21056374 > INSERT INTO ADDRESS (Add No, Line1, City, Postcode)
  VALUES ('AD539564', '2 George Street', 'Sunderland', 'SR7 9GG');
1 row created.
W21056374 >
W21056374 >
W21056374 > REM Loading data into CUSTOMER table.
W21056374 >
W21056374 > INSERT INTO CUSTOMER
    VALUES ('C856290', 'Steffan', 'Schultz', 'AD950367', '17-APR-1954',
'M', '07738973447', 's schultz@hotmail.com');
1 row created.
W21056374 >
W21056374 > INSERT INTO CUSTOMER
 2 VALUES ('C302849', 'Olivia', 'Martins', 'AD110293', '23-JUL-1980',
'F', '07343982634', 'oliviam80@aol.com');
1 row created.
W21056374 >
W21056374 > INSERT INTO CUSTOMER
 2 VALUES ('C552901', 'Mike', 'Wilson', 'AD000005', '03-MAY-1973', 'M',
'07704751623', 'mike wilson@protonmail.com');
1 row created.
W21056374 >
W21056374 > INSERT INTO CUSTOMER
     VALUES ('C000032', 'Carla', 'Barton', 'AD893274', '08-OCT-1978',
'F', '07273859673', 'carla1978@gmail.com');
1 row created.
W21056374 >
W21056374 > INSERT INTO CUSTOMER
 2 VALUES ('C174439', 'George', 'Davis', 'AD902784', '11-OCT-1990',
'M', '07112048573', 'gdavis@bing.com');
1 row created.
W21056374 >
W21056374 > INSERT INTO CUSTOMER
      VALUES ('C986032', 'Harry', 'Miller', 'AD192832', '05-NOV-1982',
'M', '07795937475', 'harry miller@aol.com');
1 row created.
W21056374 >
W21056374 > INSERT INTO CUSTOMER
  2 VALUES ('C678201', 'Charlotte', 'Reid', 'AD090898', '23-OCT-1960',
'F', '07807325212', 'charlotte1960@hotmail.com');
1 row created.
```



```
W21056374 >
W21056374 > INSERT INTO CUSTOMER
 2 VALUES ('C345750', 'Ava', 'Robertson', 'AD125837', '02-AUG-1954',
'F', '07734630932', 'arobertson@gmail.com');
1 row created.
W21056374 >
W21056374 > INSERT INTO CUSTOMER
 2 VALUES ('C220847', 'Isabella', 'Lopez', 'AD939346', '15-JUL-1965',
'F', '07763444412', 'lopez i@bing.com');
1 row created.
W21056374 >
W21056374 > INSERT INTO CUSTOMER
 2 VALUES ('C740283', 'Jack', 'Dunn', 'AD456732', '25-JAN-1978', 'M',
'07653094618', 'jackydunn@gmail.com');
1 row created.
W21056374 >
W21056374 > INSERT INTO CUSTOMER
 2 VALUES ('C110834', 'Mia', 'Beech', 'AD059867', '27-FEB-1988', 'F',
'07778395733', 'mia beech@protonmail.com');
1 row created.
W21056374 >
W21056374 > INSERT INTO CUSTOMER
 2 VALUES ('C985422', 'Sophia', 'Walker', 'AD109275', '18-SEP-1998',
'F', '07453627345', 'sophiawalker@hotmail.com');
1 row created.
W21056374 >
W21056374 > INSERT INTO CUSTOMER
 2 VALUES ('C002398', 'Elijah', 'Wood', 'AD394765', '10-DEC-1950', 'M',
'07720173845', 'e wood@hotmail.com');
1 row created.
W21056374 >
W21056374 > INSERT INTO CUSTOMER
 2 VALUES ('C309496', 'Reuben', 'Diaz', 'AD999420', '06-JUN-1972', 'M',
'07699012364', 'reuben diaz72@gmail.com');
1 row created.
W21056374 >
W21056374 > REM Loading data into ESTATE AGENT table.
W21056374 >
W21056374 > INSERT INTO ESTATE AGENT
 2 VALUES ('Your Move', 'Newcastle', 'AD175002', 'www.your-move.co.uk',
'01912676374', 'headoffice@your-move.co.uk');
1 row created.
W21056374 >
```

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```
W21056374 > INSERT INTO ESTATE AGENT
  2 VALUES ('Savills', 'London', 'AD693570', 'www.savills.co.uk',
'02074998644', 'enquiries@savills.com');
1 row created.
W21056374 >
W21056374 > INSERT INTO ESTATE AGENT
 2 VALUES ('Foxtons', 'London', 'AD336028', 'www.foxtons.co.uk',
'08003698667', 'hq@foxtons.co.uk');
1 row created.
W21056374 >
W21056374 > INSERT INTO ESTATE AGENT
 2 VALUES ('Knight Frank', 'London', 'AD469321',
'www.knightfrank.co.uk', '02039445824', 'admin@knightfrank.com');
1 row created.
W21056374 >
W21056374 > INSERT INTO ESTATE AGENT
 2 VALUES ('Aberdein Considine', 'Aberdeen', 'AD010264',
'www.acandco.com', '01224589700', 'ask@acandco.com');
1 row created.
W21056374 >
W21056374 >
W21056374 > REM Loading data into BRANCH table.
W21056374 >
W21056374 > INSERT INTO BRANCH
2 VALUES ('B01', 'AD528406', '01914887968', 'whickham@yourmove.co.uk', 'S9921', 'Your Move');
1 row created.
W21056374 >
W21056374 > INSERT INTO BRANCH
 2 VALUES ('B02', 'AD284145', '01919171444', 'newcastle@savills.com',
'S5790', 'Savills');
1 row created.
W21056374 >
W21056374 > INSERT INTO BRANCH
 2 VALUES ('B03', 'AD183994', '01915382636', 'newc@foxtons.co.uk',
'S5693', 'Foxtons');
1 row created.
W21056374 >
W21056374 > INSERT INTO BRANCH
 2 VALUES ('B04', 'AD809835', '01916078450', 'newcastle@acandco.com',
'S0137', 'Aberdein Considine');
1 row created.
W21056374 >
W21056374 >
W21056374 > REM Loading data into STAFF MEMBER table.
```



```
W21056374 >
W21056374 > INSERT INTO STAFF MEMBER
2 VALUES ('S6294', 'John', 'Smith', 'AD324873', '07737824938',
'jsmith@hotmail.com', 'B01');
1 row created.
W21056374 >
W21056374 > INSERT INTO STAFF MEMBER
 VALUES ('S0137', 'Sarah', 'Bloggs', 'AD000184', '07364925844',
'sarahb@aol.com', 'B04');
1 row created.
W21056374 >
W21056374 > INSERT INTO STAFF MEMBER
 2 VALUES ('S8835', 'Rachel', 'Santos', 'AD117439', '07123758362',
'rachel santos@bing.com', 'B03');
1 row created.
W21056374 >
W21056374 > INSERT INTO STAFF MEMBER
 2 VALUES ('S5693', 'Paul', 'Laporte', 'AD405337', '07788243944',
'plaporte1980@hotmail.com', 'B03');
1 row created.
W21056374 >
W21056374 > INSERT INTO STAFF MEMBER
 2 VALUES ('S0937', 'Trent', 'Davidson', 'AD811003', '07832013885',
'trent568@gmail.com', 'B04');
1 row created.
W21056374 >
W21056374 > INSERT INTO STAFF MEMBER
 2 VALUES ('S5790', 'Claire', 'Beattie', 'AD222235', '07437293172',
'beattie girl@gmail.com', 'B02');
1 row created.
W21056374 >
W21056374 > INSERT INTO STAFF MEMBER
 2 VALUES ('S4529', 'Emma, 'Jones', 'AD101018', '07234844921',
'ejones53@aol.com', 'B02');
1 row created.
W21056374 >
W21056374 > INSERT INTO STAFF MEMBER
2 VALUES ('S9921', 'Kareem', 'Jabbar', 'AD388093', '07732831932',
'kj21@protonmail.com', 'B01');
1 row created.
W21056374 >
W21056374 >
W21056374 > REM Loading data into PROPERTY table.
W21056374 >
W21056374 > INSERT INTO PROPERTY
```



VALUES ('P349879', 'AD229016', 'This exceptional home has been created with great imagination and finished to a high specification.', 'D', 5, 'Y', '01-JUN-2022', 'C552901', 'B01'); 1 row created. W21056374 > W21056374 > INSERT INTO PROPERTY 2 VALUES ('P018234', 'AD123673', 'A spacious extended four bedroom Victorian terraced home, with a loft conversion, south-west facing private enclosed garden and detached garage with power.', 'S', 4, 'Y', '27-MAY-2022', 'C174439', 'B01'); 1 row created. W21056374 > W21056374 > INSERT INTO PROPERTY 2 VALUES ('P832748', 'AD853037', 'This spacious and well-presented three bedroom semi-detached family home comes to market offering generous living space throughout.', 'S', 3, 'Y', '08-SEP-2021', 'C986032', 'B04'); 1 row created. W21056374 > W21056374 > INSERT INTO PROPERTY 2 VALUES ('P247587', 'AD913021', 'The property benefits from a lovely wrap around garden, off-road parking, and a large attached garage.', 'B', 3, 'Y', '04-AUG-2019', 'C000032', 'B03'); 1 row created. W21056374 > W21056374 > INSERT INTO PROPERTY 2 VALUES ('P347853', 'AD753947', 'Beautifully presented two bedroom first floor apartment town centre location, two bedrooms master with en suite and built in wardrobe, modern bright and airy open plan living room with balcony, kitchen with appliances and granite worktops, main bathroom, entry phone system, lifts to all floors, allocated underground parking.', 'F', 2, 'N', '09-NOV-2021', 'C856290', 'B04'); 1 row created. W21056374 > W21056374 > INSERT INTO PROPERTY VALUES ('P984752', 'AD539564', 'The conclusion of a short private road, this 4 bedroom detached modern build sits back from the High Street.', 'D', 4, 'Y', '28-APR-2022', 'C000032', 'B02'); 1 row created. W21056374 > W21056374 > INSERT INTO PROPERTY VALUES ('P223743', 'AD002385', 'The property boasts laminate flooring throughout, a separate bathroom semi open plan kitchen and reception with a single bedroom.', 'F', 1, 'N', '05-MAY-2022', 'C856290', 'B01'); 1 row created. W21056374 > W21056374 > INSERT INTO PROPERTY



VALUES ('P118364', 'AD111539', 'A beautifully stylish two bedroom first floor apartment in this prestigious and modern development, with extremely spacious accommodation, modern kitchen, and benefiting from one parking space.', 'F', 2, 'N', '05-AUG-2020', 'C856290', 'B02'); 1 row created. W21056374 > W21056374 > INSERT INTO PROPERTY VALUES ('P658439', 'AD620439', 'The house is arranged over two floors. To the ground floor there are two spacious reception rooms, a modern fitted kitchen and downstairs shower room.', 'T', 2, 'Y', '13-FEB-2018', 'C302849', 'B01'); 1 row created. W21056374 > W21056374 > INSERT INTO PROPERTY VALUES ('P102934', 'AD110293', 'A beautifully presented home in an ideal position for access to local schooling and the railway station. Fabulous garden, home office and off-road parking.', 'D', 3, 'Y', '17-JUN-2017', 'C740283', 'B02'); 1 row created. W21056374 > W21056374 > INSERT INTO PROPERTY 2 VALUES ('P298473', 'AD902784', 'A substantial detached chalet bungalow providing spacious and adaptable accommodation. This beautifully presented individual home of character has been sympathetically extended and refurbished to high specification now providing a comfortable home ready to move into with no upward chain.', 'B', 4, 'Y', '11-OCT-2021', 'C985422', 'B01'); 1 row created. W21056374 > W21056374 > W21056374 > REM Loading data into SALES PROPERTY table. W21056374 > INSERT INTO SALES PROPERTY VALUES ('P349879', 450000); 1 row created. W21056374 > W21056374 > INSERT INTO SALES PROPERTY VALUES ('P018234', 375000); 1 row created. W21056374 > W21056374 > INSERT INTO SALES PROPERTY VALUES ('P832748', 295500); 1 row created. W21056374 > W21056374 > INSERT INTO SALES PROPERTY 2 VALUES ('P247587', 220000);



```
1 row created.
W21056374 >
W21056374 > INSERT INTO SALES PROPERTY
  2 VALUES ('P984752', 350000);
1 row created.
W21056374 >
W21056374 > INSERT INTO SALES PROPERTY
  2 VALUES ('P658439', 185000);
1 row created.
W21056374 >
W21056374 > INSERT INTO SALES PROPERTY
  2 VALUES ('P102934', 275000);
1 row created.
W21056374 >
W21056374 > INSERT INTO SALES PROPERTY
 2 VALUES ('P298473', 305000);
1 row created.
W21056374 >
W21056374 >
W21056374 > REM Loading data into RENTAL PROPERTY table.
W21056374 >
W21056374 > INSERT INTO RENTAL PROPERTY
      VALUES ('P347853', 700, 'UF');
1 row created.
W21056374 >
W21056374 > INSERT INTO RENTAL PROPERTY
      VALUES ('P223743', 450, 'UF');
1 row created.
W21056374 >
W21056374 > INSERT INTO RENTAL PROPERTY
      VALUES ('P118364', 675, 'FF');
1 row created.
W21056374 >
W21056374 >
W21056374 > REM Loading data into SALE table.
W21056374 >
W21056374 > INSERT INTO SALE
      VALUES ('SA46734', '20-DEC-2021', 305000, 0, 305, 'C220847',
'P832748');
1 row created.
W21056374 >
W21056374 > INSERT INTO SALE
 2 VALUES ('SA58673', '05-NOV-2019', 230000, 4600, 230, 'C740283',
'P247587');
```



```
1 row created.
W21056374 >
W21056374 > INSERT INTO SALE
 2 VALUES ('SA19384', '18-JUN-2018', 208500, 4170, 209, 'C985422',
'P658439');
1 row created.
W21056374 >
W21056374 > INSERT INTO SALE
 2 VALUES ('SA98358', '27-SEP-2017', 278000, 2780, 278, 'C302849',
'P102934');
1 row created.
W21056374 >
W21056374 > INSERT INTO SALE
     VALUES ('SA23148', '25-JAN-2022', 310000, 3100, 310, 'C174439',
'P298473');
1 row created.
W21056374 >
W21056374 >
W21056374 > REM Loading data into LEASE table.
W21056374 >
W21056374 > INSERT INTO LEASE
 2 VALUES ('LE38563', '28-JAN-2022', '27-JAN-2023', 700, 70, 'My
Deposits', 'C002398', 'P347853');
1 row created.
W21056374 >
W21056374 > INSERT INTO LEASE
 2 VALUES ('LE85773', '10-NOV-2020', '09-NOV-2022', 675, 67.50,
'Tenancy Deposit Scheme', 'C309496', 'P118364');
1 row created.
W21056374 >
W21056374 > REM Loading data into VIEWING table.
W21056374 >
W21056374 > INSERT INTO VIEWING
      VALUES ('V10273477', TO TIMESTAMP('02-JUN-2022 18:00:00', 'DD-MON-
YYYY HH24:MI:SS'), 'Not interested.', 'P349879');
1 row created.
W21056374 >
W21056374 > INSERT INTO VIEWING
 2 VALUES ('V39827456', TO TIMESTAMP('29-MAY-2022 14:05:00', 'DD-MON-
YYYY HH24:MI:SS'), 'Want to return with partner to look around.',
'P018234');
1 row created.
W21056374 >
W21056374 > INSERT INTO VIEWING
```



```
VALUES ('V44824307', TO TIMESTAMP('20-SEP-2021 10:30:00', 'DD-MON-
YYYY HH24:MI:SS'), 'Very keen.', 'P832748');
1 row created.
W21056374 >
W21056374 > INSERT INTO VIEWING
      VALUES ('V34264472', TO TIMESTAMP('19-AUG-2019 12:15:00', 'DD-MON-
YYYY HH24:MI:SS'), 'Stated will submit an offer.', 'P247587');
1 row created.
W21056374 >
W21056374 > INSERT INTO VIEWING
 2 VALUES ('V73826125', TO TIMESTAMP('05-MAY-2022 15:00:00', 'DD-MON-
YYYY HH24:MI:SS'), 'Not quite what they are looking for.', 'P984752');
1 row created.
W21056374 >
W21056374 >
W21056374 > REM Loading data into VIEWS table.
W21056374 >
W21056374 > INSERT INTO VIEWS
      VALUES ('C678201', 'V10273477');
1 row created.
W21056374 >
W21056374 > INSERT INTO VIEWS
     VALUES ('C345750', 'V39827456');
1 row created.
W21056374 >
W21056374 > INSERT INTO VIEWS
      VALUES ('C220847', 'V44824307');
1 row created.
W21056374 >
W21056374 > INSERT INTO VIEWS
      VALUES ('C740283', 'V34264472');
1 row created.
W21056374 >
W21056374 > INSERT INTO VIEWS
      VALUES ('C110834', 'V73826125');
1 row created.
W21056374 >
W21056374 >
W21056374 > COMMIT;
Commit complete.
W21056374 >
W21056374 > ALTER TABLE SALES PROPERTY ADD CONSTRAINT FKEY SP FOREIGN KEY
(PID) REFERENCES PROPERTY (PID);
```



Table altered.

W21056374 >

W21056374 > ALTER TABLE RENTAL\_PROPERTY ADD CONSTRAINT FKEY\_RP FOREIGN KEY (PID) REFERENCES PROPERTY (PID);

Table altered.

W21056374 >

W21056374 > ALTER TABLE VIEWING ADD CONSTRAINT FKEY\_VG FOREIGN KEY (PID) REFERENCES PROPERTY (PID);

Table altered.

W21056374 >

W21056374 > ALTER TABLE PROPERTY ADD CONSTRAINT FKEY\_ADD FOREIGN KEY (PADDRESS) REFERENCES ADDRESS (ADD NO);

Table altered.

W21056374 > ALTER TABLE PROPERTY ADD CONSTRAINT FKEY\_BRA FOREIGN KEY (BID) REFERENCES BRANCH (BID);

Table altered.

W21056374 > ALTER TABLE PROPERTY ADD CONSTRAINT FKEY\_CUS FOREIGN KEY
(OWNER ID) REFERENCES CUSTOMER (CID);

Table altered.

W21056374 >

W21056374 > ALTER TABLE ESTATE\_AGENT ADD CONSTRAINT FKEY\_ADD2 FOREIGN KEY
(EADDRESS) REFERENCES ADDRESS (ADD NO);

Table altered.

W21056374 >

W21056374 > ALTER TABLE VIEWS ADD CONSTRAINT FKEY\_V1 FOREIGN KEY (VIEWER) REFERENCES CUSTOMER (CID);

Table altered.

W21056374 > ALTER TABLE VIEWS ADD CONSTRAINT FKEY\_V2 FOREIGN KEY (VIEW\_REF) REFERENCES VIEWING (REF);

Table altered.

W21056374 >

W21056374 > ALTER TABLE BRANCH ADD CONSTRAINT FKEY\_ADD3 FOREIGN KEY (BADDRESS) REFERENCES ADDRESS (ADD\_NO);

Table altered.

W21056374 > ALTER TABLE BRANCH ADD CONSTRAINT FKEY\_EA FOREIGN KEY (EA\_NAME) REFERENCES ESTATE AGENT (NAME);

Table altered.

W21056374 > ALTER TABLE BRANCH ADD CONSTRAINT FKEY\_MAN FOREIGN KEY (MANAGER) REFERENCES STAFF MEMBER (SID);



Table altered.

W21056374 >

W21056374 > ALTER TABLE STAFF\_MEMBER ADD CONSTRAINT FKEY\_ADD4 FOREIGN KEY (SADDRESS) REFERENCES ADDRESS (ADD NO);

Table altered.

W21056374 > ALTER TABLE STAFF\_MEMBER ADD CONSTRAINT FKEY\_BRA2 FOREIGN KEY (BID) REFERENCES BRANCH (BID);

Table altered.

W21056374 >

W21056374 > ALTER TABLE CUSTOMER ADD CONSTRAINT FKEY\_ADD5 FOREIGN KEY (CADDRESS) REFERENCES ADDRESS (ADD NO);

Table altered.

W21056374 >

W21056374 > ALTER TABLE SALE ADD CONSTRAINT FKEY\_BUYER FOREIGN KEY (BUYER ID) REFERENCES CUSTOMER (CID);

Table altered.

W21056374 > ALTER TABLE SALE ADD CONSTRAINT FKEY\_SPROP FOREIGN KEY (PID) REFERENCES PROPERTY (PID);

Table altered.

W21056374 >

W21056374 > ALTER TABLE LEASE ADD CONSTRAINT FKEY\_RENTER FOREIGN KEY
(RENTER ID) REFERENCES CUSTOMER (CID);

Table altered.

 $W21056374 > ALTER TABLE LEASE ADD CONSTRAINT FKEY_RPROP FOREIGN KEY (PID) REFERENCES PROPERTY (PID);$ 

Table altered.

W21056374 >

W21056374 > SET ECHO OFF

W21056374 > spool off



(B) Answer the following queries (retrievals) using SQL and/or PL/SQL and relational algebra.

(12 marks)

q1)Display details of *detached* or *semi-detached* properties for sale having at least four bedrooms in the *Fenham* or *Heaton* areas of *Newcastle* that were added to the system in the last 42 days.

#### Answer Part 2B (q1): Relational Algebra Expression: 2 marks

 $\Pi$  p.PID, p.TYPE, p.BEDROOMS, p.GARDEN, p.DATE\_MARKETED, s.ASKING\_PRICE, a.LINE2, a.LINE3, a.CITY ( $\sigma$  s.PID = p.PID and p.PADDRESS = a.ADD\_NO and (p.TYPE = "D" or p.TYPE = "S") and p.BEDROOMS >= 4 and a.CITY like "%ewcastle%" and p.DATE\_MARKETED > sysdate - 42 and ((a.LINE2 = "Fenham" or a.LINE2 = "fenham" or a.LINE2 = "Heaton" or a.LINE2 = "heaton") or (a.LINE3 = "Fenham" or a.LINE3 = "heaton")) (SALES PROPERTY \* PROPERTY \* ADDRESS))

#### Answer Part 2B (q1): SQL and/or PL/SQL code: 4 marks

```
SET VERIFY ON

SET ECHO ON

SET SERVEROUTPUT ON

/*

Display details of detached or semi-detached properties for sale having at least four bedrooms
in the Fenham or Heaton areas of Newcastle that were added to the system in the last 42 days.

*/

CREATE OR REPLACE PROCEDURE sel_prop1 AS

CURSOR pp IS select p.PID, p.TYPE, p.BEDROOMS, p.DATE_MARKETED, s.ASKING_PRICE, a.LINE1, a.LINE2, a.LINE3, a.CITY, a.POSTCODE

From PROPERTY p, SALES_PROPERTY s, ADDRESS a

Where s.PID = p.PID

and p.PADDRESS = a.ADD_NO
and p.TYPE in ('D', 'S')
```



```
and p.BEDROOMS >= 4
  and a.CITY LIKE '%ewcastle%'
  and p.DATE MARKETED > sysdate-42
  and (a.LINE2 IN ('Fenham', 'fenham', 'Heaton', 'heaton') or a.LINE3 IN
('Fenham', 'fenham', 'Heaton', 'heaton'));
v prop pp%ROWTYPE;
BEGIN
Open pp;
LOOP
  FETCH pp INTO v prop;
  EXIT WHEN pp%NOTFOUND;
  DBMS OUTPUT.PUT LINE (chr(10));
  DBMS OUTPUT.PUT LINE ('Property ID is: ' || v_prop.PID);
  DBMS OUTPUT.PUT LINE ('Type is: ' || v prop.TYPE);
  DBMS OUTPUT.PUT LINE ('Number of bedrooms: ' || v prop.BEDROOMS);
  DBMS OUTPUT.PUT LINE ('Date marketed: ' || v prop.DATE MARKETED);
  DBMS OUTPUT.PUT LINE ('Asking price: ' || v prop.ASKING PRICE);
  DBMS OUTPUT.PUT LINE ('Address: ' || v prop.LINE1 || ', ' || v prop.LINE2
|| ', ' || v prop.LINE3 || ', ' || v prop.CITY || ', ' || v prop.POSTCODE);
END LOOP;
CLOSE pp;
      EXCEPTION
            WHEN others THEN
                  DBMS OUTPUT.PUT LINE ('Error occurred');
                DBMS OUTPUT.PUT LINE ('SQL Error Code: ' || SQLCODE);
                DBMS OUTPUT.PUT LINE ('SQL Error Message: ' || SQLERRM);
                IF pp%ISOPEN THEN CLOSE pp;
                END IF;
END;
```



# Answer Part 2B (q1): SQL code's output (e.g., SPOOL file contents or screenshots):

```
W21056374 > @D:\pp query1.sql
W21056374 > SET SERVEROUTPUT ON
W21056374 >
W21056374 > /*
W21056374 > Display details of detached or semi-detached properties for
sale having at least four bedrooms
W21056374 > in the Fenham or Heaton areas of Newcastle that were added to
the system in the last 42 days.
W21056374 > */
W21056374 >
W21056374 > CREATE OR REPLACE PROCEDURE sel prop1 AS
  3 CURSOR pp IS select p.PID, p.TYPE, p.BEDROOMS, p.DATE MARKETED,
s.ASKING PRICE, a.LINE1, a.LINE2, a.LINE3, a.CITY, a.POSTCODE
  4 From PROPERTY p, SALES PROPERTY s, ADDRESS a
  5 Where s.PID = p.PID
     and p.PADDRESS = a.ADD NO
  6
      and p.TYPE in ('D', 'S')
      and p.BEDROOMS >= 4
  8
       and a.CITY LIKE '%ewcastle%'
  9
 10
      and p.DATE MARKETED > sysdate-42
       and (a.LINE2 IN ('Fenham', 'fenham', 'Heaton', 'heaton') or a.LINE3
IN ('Fenham', 'fenham', 'Heaton', 'heaton'));
 12
 13
    v prop pp%ROWTYPE;
 14
 15 BEGIN
 16
 17 Open pp;
 18
 19 LOOP
 20
      FETCH pp INTO v prop;
 21
       EXIT WHEN pp%NOTFOUND;
 22
 23
       DBMS OUTPUT.PUT LINE (chr(10));
 24
       DBMS OUTPUT.PUT LINE ('Property ID is: ' |  v prop.PID);
       DBMS OUTPUT.PUT LINE ('Type is: ' |  v prop.TYPE);
 25
```



```
DBMS OUTPUT.PUT LINE ('Number of bedrooms: ' || v prop.BEDROOMS);
 26
 27
       DBMS OUTPUT.PUT LINE ('Date marketed: ' || v prop.DATE MARKETED);
       DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE ('Asking price: ' || v_prop.ASKING_PRICE);
 28
       DBMS OUTPUT.PUT LINE ('Address: ' || v prop.LINE1 || ', ' ||
 29
v prop.LINE2 || ', ' || v prop.LINE3 || ', ' || v prop.CITY || ', ' ||
v prop.POSTCODE);
 30
 31 END LOOP;
 32 CLOSE pp;
 33
 34
          EXCEPTION
 35
             WHEN others THEN
 36
               DBMS OUTPUT.PUT LINE ('Error occurred');
                   DBMS OUTPUT.PUT LINE ('SQL Error Code: ' || SQLCODE);
 37
 38
                   DBMS OUTPUT.PUT LINE ('SQL Error Message: ' ||
SQLERRM);
 39
                  IF pp%ISOPEN THEN CLOSE pp;
 40
                  END IF;
 41 END;
 42 /
Procedure created.
W21056374 > execute sel prop1;
Property ID is: P349879
Type is: D
Number of bedrooms: 5
Date marketed: 01-JUN-22
Asking price: 450000
Address: 17 Fraser Drive, Fenham, , Newcastle upon Tyne, NE4 2BB
Property ID is: P018234
Type is: S
Number of bedrooms: 4
Date marketed: 27-MAY-22
Asking price: 375000
Address: 88 Carpenters Croft, Heaton, , Newcastle upon Tyne, NE6 9FD
```



PL/SQL procedure successfully completed.

W21056374 > spool off



q2)Display details of properties sold in Newcastle, Sunderland, Gateshead or Cramlington between £195,000 and £375,000 in the years 2018 to 2022.

#### Answer Part 2B (q2): Relational Algebra Expression: 2 marks

 $\Pi$  p.PID, p.TYPE, p.BEDROOMS, p.GARDEN, s.SALE\_PRICE, s.SALE\_DATE, a.CITY ( $\sigma$  s.PID = p.PID and p.PADDRESS = a.ADD\_NO and (s.SALE\_PRICE >= 195000 and s.SALE\_PRICE <= 375000) and (s.SALE\_DATE >= '01-JAN-2018' and s.SALE\_DATE <= '31-DEC-2022') and (a.CITY like "%ewcastle%" or a.CITY like "%underland" or a.CITY like "%ateshead" or a.CITY like "%ramlington") (SALE \* PROPERTY \* ADDRESS))

#### Answer Part 2B (q2): SQL and/or PL/SQL code: 4 marks

```
SET VERIFY ON
SET ECHO ON
SET SERVEROUTPUT ON
/*
Display details of properties sold in Newcastle, Sunderland, Gateshead or
Cramlington between
£195,000 and £375,000 in the years 2018 to 2022.
* /
CREATE OR REPLACE PROCEDURE sel prop2 AS
CURSOR pp IS select p.PID, p.TYPE, p.BEDROOMS, p.GARDEN, s.SALE PRICE,
s.SALE DATE, a.CITY
From SALE s, PROPERTY p, ADDRESS a
Where s.PID = p.PID
 and p.PADDRESS = a.ADD NO
 and s.SALE PRICE between 195000 and 375000
  and s.SALE DATE between '01-JAN-2018' and '31-DEC-2022'
  and (a.CITY LIKE '%ewcastle%' or a.CITY LIKE '%underland' or a.CITY LIKE
'%ateshead' or a.CITY LIKE '%ramlington');
v prop pp%ROWTYPE;
```



```
BEGIN
Open pp;
LOOP
 FETCH pp INTO v prop;
 EXIT WHEN pp%NOTFOUND;
  DBMS OUTPUT.PUT LINE (chr(10));
  DBMS OUTPUT.PUT LINE ('Property ID is: ' || v_prop.PID);
  DBMS OUTPUT.PUT LINE ('Type is: ' |  v prop.TYPE);
  DBMS OUTPUT.PUT LINE ('Number of bedrooms: ' || v prop.BEDROOMS);
  DBMS OUTPUT.PUT LINE ('Garden: ' || v prop.GARDEN);
  DBMS OUTPUT.PUT LINE ('Sale price: ' || v prop.SALE PRICE);
  DBMS OUTPUT.PUT LINE ('Sale date: ' || v prop.SALE DATE);
  DBMS OUTPUT.PUT LINE ('City: ' || v prop.CITY);
END LOOP;
CLOSE pp;
      EXCEPTION
            WHEN others THEN
                  DBMS OUTPUT.PUT LINE ('Error occurred');
                DBMS OUTPUT.PUT LINE ('SQL Error Code: ' | SQLCODE);
                DBMS OUTPUT.PUT LINE ('SQL Error Message: ' || SQLERRM);
                IF pp%ISOPEN THEN CLOSE pp;
                END IF;
END;
```

Answer Part 2B (q2): SQL code's output (e.g., SPOOL file contents or screenshots): Minus 2 marks (if output is missing or deduct partial marks accordingly for partial or inadequate output)

```
W21056374 > @D:\pp_query2.sql
W21056374 > SET VERIFY ON
W21056374 > SET ECHO ON
W21056374 > SET SERVEROUTPUT ON
W21056374 >
```



```
W21056374 >
W21056374 > /*
W21056374 > Display details of properties sold in Newcastle, Sunderland,
Gateshead or Cramlington between
W21056374 > £195,000 and £375,000 in the years 2018 to 2022.
W21056374 > */
W21056374 >
W21056374 > CREATE OR REPLACE PROCEDURE sel prop2 AS
  3 CURSOR pp IS select p.PID, p.TYPE, p.BEDROOMS, p.GARDEN, s.SALE PRICE,
s.SALE DATE, a.CITY
  4 From SALE s, PROPERTY p, ADDRESS a
  5 Where s.PID = p.PID
  6
     and p.PADDRESS = a.ADD NO
      and s.SALE PRICE between 195000 and 375000
  8
       and s.SALE DATE between '01-JAN-2018' and '31-DEC-2022'
  9
       and (a.CITY LIKE '%ewcastle%' or a.CITY LIKE '%underland' or a.CITY
LIKE '%ateshead' or a.CITY LIKE '%ramlington');
 10
 11 v prop pp%ROWTYPE;
 12
 13 BEGIN
 14
 15 Open pp;
 16
 17 LOOP
      FETCH pp INTO v_prop;
 19
       EXIT WHEN pp%NOTFOUND;
 20
 21
       DBMS OUTPUT.PUT LINE (chr(10));
 22
      DBMS OUTPUT.PUT LINE ('Property ID is: ' |  v prop.PID);
 23
       DBMS OUTPUT.PUT LINE ('Type is: ' || v prop.TYPE);
 24
       DBMS OUTPUT.PUT LINE ('Number of bedrooms: ' || v prop.BEDROOMS);
 25
       DBMS OUTPUT.PUT LINE ('Garden: ' || v prop.GARDEN);
       DBMS OUTPUT.PUT LINE ('Sale price: ' |  v prop.SALE PRICE);
 26
       DBMS OUTPUT.PUT LINE ('Sale date: ' || v prop.SALE DATE);
 27
       DBMS OUTPUT.PUT LINE ('City: ' || v prop.CITY);
 28
 29
 30 END LOOP;
 31
    CLOSE pp;
 32
```

City: Cramlington



```
33
           EXCEPTION
 34
             WHEN others THEN
 35
               DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE ('Error occurred');
                   DBMS OUTPUT.PUT LINE ('SQL Error Code: ' || SQLCODE);
 36
 37
                   DBMS OUTPUT.PUT LINE ('SQL Error Message: ' ||
SQLERRM);
 38
                   IF pp%ISOPEN THEN CLOSE pp;
 39
                   END IF;
 40 END;
 41
Procedure created.
W21056374 > execute sel prop2;
Property ID is: P832748
Type is: S
Number of bedrooms: 3
Garden: Y
Sale price: 305000
Sale date: 20-DEC-21
City: Newcastle upon Tyne
Property ID is: P658439
Type is: T
Number of bedrooms: 2
Garden: Y
Sale price: 208500
Sale date: 18-JUN-18
City: Cramlington
Property ID is: P298473
Type is: B
Number of bedrooms: 4
Garden: Y
Sale price: 310000
Sale date: 25-JAN-22
```



PL/SQL procedure successfully completed.

W21056374 > spool off



#### Part 3 (20 marks)

(A) Create an object-based subset of the PropertyPortal database using object-relational (O-R) features of Oracle 11g/12c/19c. Select and justify any two entity types / relations of your choice which have relationships with each other and design and implement them using nested-relational and object-relational approach covered in this module. Your answer should include object types, object tables, data loading into object tables, and answering a suitable sample query.

(12 marks)

Selection and justification of entity types / relations for implementation using nested-relational and object-relational approach code (2 marks):

Three entities were chosen to implement the nested-relational and object-relational approach in this scenario: Property, Branch and Address. A property is registered at just one branch (Property 0..\* <<--registered at--> 1..1 Branch) and a branch registers many properties (Branch 1..1 <--registers--> 0..\* Property). Consequently, it makes sense to insert a reference to Branch in the Property User Defined Type (UDT) and a nested table referencing Property in the Branch UDT, as follows:

Property (PID, Description, Type, Bedrooms, Garden, Date Marketed, Owner\_ID, registered\_at: REF Branch)

Branch (BID, Bphone, Bemail, Manager, EA\_Name, registers: nested table [REF Property])

A property and branch are both located at just one address, therefore it is appropriate to insert a reference to Address in the Property and Branch UDTs. Conversely, an address can refer to a property, branch or any other entity type which may be added later. Therefore, a bidirectional relationship between the Address UDT and Property or Branch UDTs is not desirable as this will result in many nulls in the former.

The final UDTs are as follows:



Property (PID, Description, Type, Bedrooms, Garden, Date Marketed, Owner\_ID, registered at: REF Branch, located at: REF Address)

Branch (BID, Bphone, Bemail, Manager, EA\_Name, registers: nested table [REF Property], sited\_at: REF Address)

Address (Add No, Line1, Line2, Line3, City, Postcode)

SQL code for creating object types including nested table types (4 marks) and SQL code for creating object tables including nested tables (2 marks):

```
SET VERIFY ON
SET ECHO ON
Create Type ADDRESS T as Object
   (ADD_NO CHAR(8),
LINE1 VARCHAR(30),
LINE2 VARCHAR(30),
LINE3 VARCHAR(30),
CITY VARCHA
                             VARCHAR(20),
    POSTCODE VARCHAR(8)
   )
Create Type PROPERTY T
Create Type PROPERTY NT TYPE as Table of REF PROPERTY T
Create Type BRANCH T as Object
  reate Type BRANCH_T as Object
(BID CHAR(3),
ADD_REF REF ADDRESS_T,
BPHONE CHAR(11),
BEMAIL VARCHAR(50),
MANAGER CHAR(5),
EA_NAME VARCHAR(30),
PROP_REF PROPERTY_NT_TYPE
Create or Replace Type PROPERTY T as Object
    (PID CHAR(7),
ADD_REF REF ADDRESS_T,
DESCRIPTION VARCHAR(500),
TYPE CHAR(1),
   (PID
    TYPE CHAR
BEDROOMS NUMBER(2),
GARDEN CHAR(1),
                                    CHAR(1),
    DATE MARKETED DATE,
    OWNER_ID CHAR(7),
BRA_REF REF BRANCH_T
```



```
Create Table ADDRESS_TAB of ADDRESS_T

(primary key (ADD_NO))

Create Table BRANCH_TAB of BRANCH_T

(primary key (BID),

foreign key (ADD_REF) references ADDRESS_TAB)

Nested Table PROP_REF Store As BRANCH_PROP_NTAB

Create Table PROPERTY_TAB of PROPERTY_T

(primary key (PID),

foreign key (BRA_REF) references BRANCH_TAB,

foreign key (ADD_REF) references ADDRESS_TAB)

/

SET ECHO OFF
```

#### Populating the object tables:

**Provide SQL code for** creating / inserting objects in object tables **and populating** relevant one-to-many, many-to-one, and many-to-many relationships among the objects in your object tables (2 Marks)

```
SET VERIFY ON

REM Loading data into ADDRESS_TAB table.

INSERT INTO ADDRESS_TAB

VALUES ('AD175002', 'Newcastle House', 'Albany Court', 'Newcastle

Business Park', 'Newcastle upon Tyne', 'NE4 7YB');

INSERT INTO ADDRESS_TAB

VALUES ('AD336028', '566 Building One', 'Chiswick High Road', 'Chiswick

Park', 'London', 'W4 5BE');

INSERT INTO ADDRESS_TAB

VALUES ('AD528406', 'Bishop Court', 'Front St', 'Whickham', 'Newcastle

upon Tyne', 'NE16 4JQ');

INSERT INTO ADDRESS TAB (Add No, Line1, Line2, City, Postcode)
```



```
VALUES ('AD125837', '49 Bunyan Road', 'Fenham', 'Newcastle upon Tyne',
'NE4 1SK');
INSERT INTO ADDRESS TAB (Add No, Line1, Line2, City, Postcode)
 VALUES ('AD229016', '17 Fraser Drive', 'Fenham', 'Newcastle upon Tyne',
'NE4 2BB');
INSERT INTO ADDRESS TAB (Add No, Line1, Line2, City, Postcode)
 VALUES ('AD853037', '12 Dunecht Road', 'Fenham', 'Newcastle upon Tyne',
'NE4 5HN');
INSERT INTO ADDRESS_TAB (Add_No, Line1, Line2, City, Postcode)
 VALUES ('AD002385', 'The Willows', 'Grove Road', 'Gateshead', 'NE9 4KL');
INSERT INTO ADDRESS TAB (Add No, Line1, Line2, City, Postcode)
 VALUES ('AD456732', '3 North Street', 'Heaton', 'Newcastle upon Tyne',
'NE6 9LT');
INSERT INTO ADDRESS TAB (Add No, Line1, Line2, City, Postcode)
 VALUES ('AD123673', '88 Carpenters Croft', 'Heaton', 'Newcastle upon
Tyne', 'NE6 9FD');
INSERT INTO ADDRESS TAB (Add No, Line1, Line2, City, Postcode)
 VALUES ('AD284145', 'Helix', 'St James Blvd', 'Newcastle upon Tyne', 'NE4
5BZ');
INSERT INTO ADDRESS TAB (Add No, Line1, City, Postcode)
  VALUES ('AD010264', '5 - 9 Bon Accord Crescent', 'Aberdeen', 'AB11 6DN');
INSERT INTO ADDRESS_TAB (Add_No, Line1, City, Postcode)
 VALUES ('AD693570', '33 Margaret Street', 'London', 'W1G OJD');
INSERT INTO ADDRESS TAB (Add No, Line1, City, Postcode)
 VALUES ('AD469321', '55 Baker Street', 'London', 'W1U 8AN');
INSERT INTO ADDRESS_TAB (Add_No, Line1, City, Postcode)
  VALUES ('AD183994', '33 Union Street', 'Newcastle upon Tyne', 'NE1 7DN');
INSERT INTO ADDRESS TAB (Add No, Line1, City, Postcode)
 VALUES ('AD809835', '30 Cloth Market', 'Newcastle upon Tyne', 'NE1 1EE');
```



```
INSERT INTO ADDRESS TAB (Add No, Line1, City, Postcode)
 VALUES ('AD324873', '6 High Street', 'Newcastle upon Tyne', 'NE2 7SD');
INSERT INTO ADDRESS_TAB (Add No, Line1, City, Postcode)
 VALUES ('AD000184', '77 Station Road', 'Newcastle upon Tyne', 'NE6 8HH');
INSERT INTO ADDRESS TAB (Add No, Line1, City, Postcode)
 VALUES ('AD117439', '45 Main Street', 'Newcastle upon Tyne', 'NE9 8DC');
INSERT INTO ADDRESS TAB (Add No, Line1, City, Postcode)
 VALUES ('AD405337', '67 Church Road', 'Newcastle upon Tyne', 'NE5 3ED');
INSERT INTO ADDRESS TAB (Add No, Line1, City, Postcode)
 VALUES ('AD811003', '345 Victoria Road', 'Newcastle upon Tyne', 'NE7
3EE');
INSERT INTO ADDRESS TAB (Add No, Line1, City, Postcode)
 VALUES ('AD222235', '8 Church Lane', 'Newcastle upon Tyne', 'NE4 4NL');
INSERT INTO ADDRESS TAB (Add No, Line1, City, Postcode)
 VALUES ('AD101018', '103 Mill Lane', 'Newcastle upon Tyne', 'NE8 1NN');
INSERT INTO ADDRESS TAB (Add No, Line1, City, Postcode)
 VALUES ('AD388093', '23 York Road', 'Newcastle upon Tyne', 'NE2 4FA');
INSERT INTO ADDRESS TAB (Add No, Line1, City, Postcode)
 VALUES ('AD999420', '29 Victoria Crescent', 'Newcastle upon Tyne', 'NE7
2XY');
INSERT INTO ADDRESS_TAB (Add_No, Line1, City, Postcode)
 VALUES ('AD939346', '98 Windmill Road', 'Newcastle upon Tyne', 'NE8
3AS');
INSERT INTO ADDRESS TAB (Add No, Line1, City, Postcode)
 VALUES ('AD913021', '15 Gray Road', 'Blyth', 'NE22 OFF');
INSERT INTO ADDRESS TAB (Add No, Line1, City, Postcode)
 VALUES ('AD902784', '88 School Lane', 'Cramlington', 'NE23 3DD');
INSERT INTO ADDRESS TAB (Add No, Line1, City, Postcode)
 VALUES ('AD090898', '33 Green Lane', 'Cramlington', 'NE23 0CM');
```



```
INSERT INTO ADDRESS TAB (Add No, Line1, City, Postcode)
 VALUES ('AD059867', '8 Lancaster Road', 'Cramlington', 'NE23 2VT');
INSERT INTO ADDRESS TAB (Add No, Line1, City, Postcode)
 VALUES ('AD111539', '212 King Street', 'Cramlington', 'NE23 1NJ');
INSERT INTO ADDRESS TAB (Add No, Line1, City, Postcode)
 VALUES ('AD620439', '54 Castle Road', 'Cramlington', 'NE23 6SA');
INSERT INTO ADDRESS TAB (Add No, Line1, City, Postcode)
  VALUES ('AD110293', '25 New Street', 'Gateshead', 'NE9 8HG');
INSERT INTO ADDRESS TAB (Add No, Line1, City, Postcode)
 VALUES ('AD000005', '38 West Street', 'Gateshead', 'NE7 9BC');
INSERT INTO ADDRESS TAB (Add No, Line1, City, Postcode)
 VALUES ('AD394765', '22 Stormont Road', 'Gateshead', 'NE8 9DN');
INSERT INTO ADDRESS TAB (Add_No, Line1, City, Postcode)
 VALUES ('AD950367', '66 Highfield Road', 'Sunderland', 'SR5 8DS');
INSERT INTO ADDRESS TAB (Add No, Line1, City, Postcode)
 VALUES ('AD893274', '101 Albert Road', 'Sunderland', 'SR6 1TR');
INSERT INTO ADDRESS TAB (Add No, Line1, City, Postcode)
 VALUES ('AD192832', '58 Mill Road', 'Sunderland', 'SR4 7JJ');
INSERT INTO ADDRESS TAB (Add No, Line1, City, Postcode)
 VALUES ('AD109275', '59 Victory Lane', 'Sunderland', 'SR6 6LM');
INSERT INTO ADDRESS TAB (Add No, Line1, City, Postcode)
 VALUES ('AD753947', '68 Park Street', 'Sunderland', 'SR6 1BC');
INSERT INTO ADDRESS TAB (Add No, Line1, City, Postcode)
 VALUES ('AD539564', '2 George Street', 'Sunderland', 'SR7 9GG');
REM Loading data into BRANCH TAB table.
INSERT INTO BRANCH TAB
```



```
VALUES ('B01', (select REF(e) from ADDRESS TAB e where e.ADD NO =
'AD528406'), '01914887968', 'whickham@your-move.co.uk', 'S9921', 'Your
Move', PROPERTY NT TYPE());
INSERT INTO BRANCH TAB
  VALUES ('B02', (select REF(e) from ADDRESS TAB e where e.ADD NO =
'AD284145'), '01919171444', 'newcastle@savills.com', 'S5790', 'Savills',
PROPERTY NT TYPE());
INSERT INTO BRANCH TAB
  VALUES ('B03', (select REF(e) from ADDRESS TAB e where e.ADD NO =
'AD183994'), '01915382636', 'newc@foxtons.co.uk', 'S5693', 'Foxtons',
PROPERTY NT TYPE());
INSERT INTO BRANCH TAB
  VALUES ('B04', (select REF(e) from ADDRESS TAB e where e.ADD NO =
'AD809835'), '01916078450', 'newcastle@acandco.com', 'S0137', 'Aberdein
Considine', PROPERTY NT TYPE());
REM Loading data into PROPERTY TAB table and
REM include REF to the Branch ID (BID)
INSERT INTO PROPERTY TAB
 VALUES ('P349879', (select REF(e) from ADDRESS TAB e where e.ADD NO =
'AD229016'), 'This exceptional home has been created with great imagination
and finished to a high specification.', 'D', 5, 'Y', '01-JUN-2022',
'C552901', (select REF(e) from BRANCH TAB e where e.BID = 'B01'));
INSERT INTO PROPERTY TAB
 VALUES ('P018234', (select REF(e) from ADDRESS TAB e where e.ADD NO =
'AD123673'), 'A spacious extended four bedroom Victorian terraced home,
```

VALUES ('P018234', (select REF(e) from ADDRESS\_TAB e where e.ADD\_NO = 'AD123673'), 'A spacious extended four bedroom Victorian terraced home, with a loft conversion, south-west facing private enclosed garden and detached garage with power.', 'S', 4, 'Y', '27-MAY-2022', 'C174439', (select REF(e) from BRANCH\_TAB e where e.BID = 'B01'));

#### INSERT INTO PROPERTY\_TAB

VALUES ('P832748', (select REF(e) from ADDRESS\_TAB e where e.ADD\_NO = 'AD853037'), 'This spacious and well-presented three bedroom semi-detached family home comes to market offering generous living space throughout.',



'S', 3, 'Y', '08-SEP-2021', 'C986032', (select REF(e) from BRANCH\_TAB e where e.BID = 'B04'));

#### INSERT INTO PROPERTY TAB

VALUES ('P247587', (select REF(e) from ADDRESS\_TAB e where e.ADD\_NO = 'AD913021'), 'The property benefits from a lovely wrap around garden, off-road parking, and a large attached garage.', 'B', 3, 'Y', '04-AUG-2019', 'C000032', (select REF(e) from BRANCH TAB e where e.BID = 'B03'));

#### INSERT INTO PROPERTY TAB

VALUES ('P347853', (select REF(e) from ADDRESS\_TAB e where e.ADD\_NO = 'AD753947'), 'Beautifully presented two bedroom first floor apartment town centre location, two bedrooms master with en suite and built in wardrobe, modern bright and airy open plan living room with balcony, kitchen with appliances and granite worktops, main bathroom, entry phone system, lifts to all floors, allocated underground parking.', 'F', 2, 'N', '09-NOV-2021', 'C856290', (select REF(e) from BRANCH TAB e where e.BID = 'B04'));

#### INSERT INTO PROPERTY TAB

VALUES ('P984752', (select REF(e) from ADDRESS\_TAB e where e.ADD\_NO = 'AD539564'), 'The conclusion of a short private road, this 4 bedroom detached modern build sits back from the High Street.', 'D', 4, 'Y', '28-APR-2022', 'C000032', (select REF(e) from BRANCH\_TAB e where e.BID = 'B02'));

#### INSERT INTO PROPERTY TAB

VALUES ('P223743', (select REF(e) from ADDRESS\_TAB e where e.ADD\_NO = 'AD002385'), 'The property boasts laminate flooring throughout, a separate bathroom semi open plan kitchen and reception with a single bedroom.', 'F', 1, 'N', '05-MAY-2022', 'C856290', (select REF(e) from BRANCH\_TAB e where e.BID = 'B01'));

#### INSERT INTO PROPERTY TAB

VALUES ('P118364', (select REF(e) from ADDRESS\_TAB e where e.ADD\_NO = 'AD111539'), 'A beautifully stylish two bedroom first floor apartment in this prestigious and modern development, with extremely spacious accommodation, modern kitchen, and benefiting from one parking space.', 'F', 2, 'N', '05-AUG-2020', 'C856290', (select REF(e) from BRANCH\_TAB e where e.BID = 'B02'));

INSERT INTO PROPERTY\_TAB



VALUES ('P658439', (select REF(e) from ADDRESS\_TAB e where e.ADD\_NO = 'AD620439'), 'The house is arranged over two floors. To the ground floor there are two spacious reception rooms, a modern fitted kitchen and downstairs shower room.', 'T', 2, 'Y', '13-FEB-2018', 'C302849', (select REF(e) from BRANCH TAB e where e.BID = 'B01'));

#### INSERT INTO PROPERTY TAB

VALUES ('P102934', (select REF(e) from ADDRESS\_TAB e where e.ADD\_NO = 'AD110293'), 'A beautifully presented home in an ideal position for access to local schooling and the railway station. Fabulous garden, home office and off-road parking.', 'D', 3, 'Y', '17-JUN-2017', 'C740283', (select REF(e) from BRANCH TAB e where e.BID = 'B02'));

#### INSERT INTO PROPERTY TAB

VALUES ('P298473', (select REF(e) from ADDRESS\_TAB e where e.ADD\_NO = 'AD902784'), 'A substantial detached chalet bungalow providing spacious and adaptable accommodation. This beautifully presented individual home of character has been sympathetically extended and refurbished to high specification now providing a comfortable home ready to move into with no upward chain.', 'B', 4, 'Y', '11-OCT-2021', 'C985422', (select REF(e) from BRANCH\_TAB e where e.BID = 'B01'));

REM Populate BRANCH\_TAB.PROP\_REF which
REM is a nested table of type PROPERTY NT TYPE

INSERT INTO TABLE (SELECT D.PROP\_REF FROM BRANCH\_TAB D WHERE D.BID = 'B01')
SELECT REF(E) FROM PROPERTY\_TAB E WHERE E.BRA\_REF.BID = 'B01';

INSERT INTO TABLE (SELECT D.PROP\_REF FROM BRANCH\_TAB D WHERE D.BID = 'B02')

SELECT REF(E) FROM PROPERTY TAB E WHERE E.BRA REF.BID = 'B02';

INSERT INTO TABLE (SELECT D.PROP\_REF FROM BRANCH\_TAB D WHERE D.BID = 'B03')
SELECT REF(E) FROM PROPERTY TAB E WHERE E.BRA REF.BID = 'B03';

INSERT INTO TABLE (SELECT D.PROP\_REF FROM BRANCH\_TAB D WHERE D.BID = 'B04')

SELECT REF(E) FROM PROPERTY TAB E WHERE E.BRA REF.BID = 'B04';

COMMIT;



SET ECHO OFF

#### Querying the object tables:

Provide SQL code for **running** a sample query to retrieve some data from the object tables (2 Marks).

```
SET ECHO ON
SET SERVEROUTPUT ON
REM How many properties has the Your Move branch in Whickham (B01)
REM marketed in Cramlington the last 5 years? What are their addresses?
select COUNT(b.column value.pid)
from branch tab a, table(a.prop ref) b
where a.bid = 'B01'
and b.column value.add ref.city = 'Cramlington'
and b.column_value.date_marketed > sysdate - 1825;
select b.column_value.pid, b.column_value.add_ref.line1 as STREET,
b.column_value.add_ref.city as CITY, b.column_value.add_ref.postcode as
POSTCODE
from branch tab a, table(a.prop ref) b
where a.bid = 'B01'
and b.column value.add ref.city = 'Cramlington'
and b.column value.date marketed > sysdate - 1825;
```

Provide the above SQL code's output (e.g., SPOOL file contents or screenshots): Minus 2 marks (if output is missing or deduct partial marks accordingly for partial or inadequate output)

#### Output from type and table creation

```
W21056374 > @D:\pp_or_tabs.sql
W21056374 >
W21056374 > Create Type ADDRESS T as Object
```



```
2
     (ADD NO
                          CHAR(8),
 3 LINE1
                    VARCHAR(30),
 4 LINE2
                    VARCHAR(30),
 5 LINE3
                    VARCHAR(30),
 6 CITY
                    VARCHAR (20),
 7 POSTCODE VARCHAR (8)
 8
     )
 9 /
Type created.
W21056374 >
W21056374 > Create Type PROPERTY T
Type created.
W21056374 >
W21056374 > Create Type PROPERTY NT TYPE as Table of REF PROPERTY T
 2 /
Type created.
W21056374 >
W21056374 > Create Type BRANCH T as Object
                    CHAR(3),
                    REF ADDRESS_T,
 3 ADD_REF
 4 BPHONE
                          CHAR (11),
 5 BEMAIL
                          VARCHAR (50),
 6 MANAGER
                    CHAR(5),
 7 EA NAME
                    VARCHAR(30),
    PROP REF
                    PROPERTY NT TYPE
 8
 9
     )
   /
10
Type created.
W21056374 >
W21056374 > Create or Replace Type PROPERTY_T as Object
 2
     (PID
                    CHAR(7),
 3 ADD_REF
                    REF ADDRESS T,
```



```
4
     DESCRIPTION
                   VARCHAR (500),
  5
    TYPE
                     CHAR(1),
  6 BEDROOMS
                     NUMBER (2),
  7 GARDEN
                            CHAR(1),
  8
    DATE MARKETED
                           DATE,
  9
    OWNER ID
                     CHAR(7),
 10
    BRA REF
                     REF BRANCH T
 11
     )
 12
Type created.
W21056374 >
W21056374 > Create Table ADDRESS TAB of ADDRESS T
 2 (primary key (ADD NO))
Table created.
W21056374 >
W21056374 > Create Table BRANCH TAB of BRANCH T
 2 (primary key (BID),
 3 foreign key (ADD REF) references ADDRESS TAB)
 4 Nested Table PROP REF Store As BRANCH PROP NTAB
 5 /
Table created.
W21056374 >
W21056374 > Create Table PROPERTY_TAB of PROPERTY_T
 2 (primary key (PID),
 3 foreign key (BRA REF) references BRANCH TAB,
  4 foreign key (ADD REF) references ADDRESS TAB)
  5 /
Table created.
W21056374 >
W21056374 > SET ECHO OFF
W21056374 > spool off
```



#### **Output from inserts**

```
W21056374 > QD:\pp or inserts.sql
W21056374 >
W21056374 > SET VERIFY ON
W21056374 >
W21056374 > REM Loading data into ADDRESS TAB table.
W21056374 >
W21056374 > INSERT INTO ADDRESS_TAB
  2 VALUES ('AD175002', 'Newcastle House', 'Albany Court', 'Newcastle
Business Park', 'Newcastle upon Tyne', 'NE4 7YB');
1 row created.
W21056374 >
W21056374 > INSERT INTO ADDRESS TAB
      VALUES ('AD336028', '566 Building One', 'Chiswick High Road',
'Chiswick Park', 'London', 'W4 5BE');
1 row created.
W21056374 >
W21056374 > INSERT INTO ADDRESS TAB
     VALUES ('AD528406', 'Bishop Court', 'Front St', 'Whickham',
'Newcastle upon Tyne', 'NE16 4JQ');
1 row created.
W21056374 >
W21056374 > INSERT INTO ADDRESS TAB (Add No, Line1, Line2, City, Postcode)
      VALUES ('AD125837', '49 Bunyan Road', 'Fenham', 'Newcastle upon
Tyne', 'NE4 1SK');
1 row created.
W21056374 >
W21056374 > INSERT INTO ADDRESS TAB (Add No, Line1, Line2, City, Postcode)
  2 VALUES ('AD229016', '17 Fraser Drive', 'Fenham', 'Newcastle upon
Tyne', 'NE4 2BB');
```



```
1 row created.
W21056374 >
W21056374 > INSERT INTO ADDRESS TAB (Add No, Line1, Line2, City, Postcode)
      VALUES ('AD853037', '12 Dunecht Road', 'Fenham', 'Newcastle upon
Tyne', 'NE4 5HN');
1 row created.
W21056374 >
W21056374 > INSERT INTO ADDRESS TAB (Add No, Line1, Line2, City, Postcode)
  2 VALUES ('AD002385', 'The Willows', 'Grove Road', 'Gateshead', 'NE9
4KL');
1 row created.
W21056374 >
W21056374 > INSERT INTO ADDRESS TAB (Add No, Line1, Line2, City, Postcode)
      VALUES ('AD456732', '3 North Street', 'Heaton', 'Newcastle upon
Tyne', 'NE6 9LT');
1 row created.
W21056374 >
W21056374 > INSERT INTO ADDRESS TAB (Add No, Line1, Line2, City, Postcode)
     VALUES ('AD123673', '88 Carpenters Croft', 'Heaton', 'Newcastle upon
Tyne', 'NE6 9FD');
1 row created.
W21056374 >
W21056374 > INSERT INTO ADDRESS TAB (Add No, Line1, Line2, City, Postcode)
  2 VALUES ('AD284145', 'Helix', 'St James Blvd', 'Newcastle upon Tyne',
'NE4 5BZ');
1 row created.
W21056374 >
W21056374 > INSERT INTO ADDRESS TAB (Add No, Line1, City, Postcode)
      VALUES ('AD010264', '5 - 9 Bon Accord Crescent', 'Aberdeen', 'AB11
6DN');
```



```
1 row created.
W21056374 >
W21056374 > INSERT INTO ADDRESS TAB (Add No, Line1, City, Postcode)
      VALUES ('AD693570', '33 Margaret Street', 'London', 'W1G 0JD');
1 row created.
W21056374 >
W21056374 > INSERT INTO ADDRESS TAB (Add No, Line1, City, Postcode)
      VALUES ('AD469321', '55 Baker Street', 'London', 'W1U 8AN');
1 row created.
W21056374 >
W21056374 > INSERT INTO ADDRESS TAB (Add No, Line1, City, Postcode)
  2 VALUES ('AD183994', '33 Union Street', 'Newcastle upon Tyne', 'NE1
7DN');
1 row created.
W21056374 >
W21056374 > INSERT INTO ADDRESS TAB (Add No, Line1, City, Postcode)
  2 VALUES ('AD809835', '30 Cloth Market', 'Newcastle upon Tyne', 'NE1
1EE');
1 row created.
W21056374 >
W21056374 > INSERT INTO ADDRESS TAB (Add No, Line1, City, Postcode)
  2 VALUES ('AD324873', '6 High Street', 'Newcastle upon Tyne', 'NE2
7SD');
1 row created.
W21056374 >
W21056374 > INSERT INTO ADDRESS TAB (Add No, Line1, City, Postcode)
  2 VALUES ('AD000184', '77 Station Road', 'Newcastle upon Tyne', 'NE6
8HH');
```



```
1 row created.
W21056374 >
W21056374 > INSERT INTO ADDRESS TAB (Add No, Line1, City, Postcode)
      VALUES ('AD117439', '45 Main Street', 'Newcastle upon Tyne', 'NE9
8DC');
1 row created.
W21056374 >
W21056374 > INSERT INTO ADDRESS TAB (Add No, Line1, City, Postcode)
  2 VALUES ('AD405337', '67 Church Road', 'Newcastle upon Tyne', 'NE5
3ED');
1 row created.
W21056374 >
W21056374 > INSERT INTO ADDRESS TAB (Add No, Line1, City, Postcode)
     VALUES ('AD811003', '345 Victoria Road', 'Newcastle upon Tyne', 'NE7
3EE');
1 row created.
W21056374 >
W21056374 > INSERT INTO ADDRESS TAB (Add No, Line1, City, Postcode)
  2 VALUES ('AD222235', '8 Church Lane', 'Newcastle upon Tyne', 'NE4
4NL');
1 row created.
W21056374 >
W21056374 > INSERT INTO ADDRESS TAB (Add No, Line1, City, Postcode)
  2 VALUES ('AD101018', '103 Mill Lane', 'Newcastle upon Tyne', 'NE8
1NN');
1 row created.
W21056374 >
W21056374 > INSERT INTO ADDRESS TAB (Add No, Line1, City, Postcode)
     VALUES ('AD388093', '23 York Road', 'Newcastle upon Tyne', 'NE2
4FA');
```



```
1 row created.
W21056374 >
W21056374 > INSERT INTO ADDRESS TAB (Add No, Line1, City, Postcode)
      VALUES ('AD999420', '29 Victoria Crescent', 'Newcastle upon Tyne',
'NE7 2XY');
1 row created.
W21056374 >
W21056374 > INSERT INTO ADDRESS_TAB (Add_No, Line1, City, Postcode)
      VALUES ('AD939346', '98 Windmill Road', 'Newcastle upon Tyne', 'NE8
3AS');
1 row created.
W21056374 >
W21056374 > INSERT INTO ADDRESS TAB (Add No, Line1, City, Postcode)
      VALUES ('AD913021', '15 Gray Road', 'Blyth', 'NE22 OFF');
1 row created.
W21056374 >
W21056374 > INSERT INTO ADDRESS TAB (Add No, Line1, City, Postcode)
      VALUES ('AD902784', '88 School Lane', 'Cramlington', 'NE23 3DD');
1 row created.
W21056374 >
W21056374 > INSERT INTO ADDRESS TAB (Add No, Line1, City, Postcode)
      VALUES ('AD090898', '33 Green Lane', 'Cramlington', 'NE23 OCM');
1 row created.
W21056374 >
W21056374 > INSERT INTO ADDRESS TAB (Add No, Line1, City, Postcode)
      VALUES ('AD059867', '8 Lancaster Road', 'Cramlington', 'NE23 2VT');
1 row created.
```



```
W21056374 >
W21056374 > INSERT INTO ADDRESS TAB (Add No, Line1, City, Postcode)
      VALUES ('AD111539', '212 King Street', 'Cramlington', 'NE23 1NJ');
1 row created.
W21056374 >
W21056374 > INSERT INTO ADDRESS TAB (Add No, Line1, City, Postcode)
      VALUES ('AD620439', '54 Castle Road', 'Cramlington', 'NE23 6SA');
1 row created.
W21056374 >
W21056374 > INSERT INTO ADDRESS TAB (Add No, Line1, City, Postcode)
      VALUES ('AD110293', '25 New Street', 'Gateshead', 'NE9 8HG');
1 row created.
W21056374 >
W21056374 > INSERT INTO ADDRESS TAB (Add No, Line1, City, Postcode)
  2   VALUES ('AD000005', '38 West Street', 'Gateshead', 'NE7 9BC');
1 row created.
W21056374 >
W21056374 > INSERT INTO ADDRESS TAB (Add No, Line1, City, Postcode)
      VALUES ('AD394765', '22 Stormont Road', 'Gateshead', 'NE8 9DN');
1 row created.
W21056374 >
W21056374 > INSERT INTO ADDRESS TAB (Add No, Line1, City, Postcode)
      VALUES ('AD950367', '66 Highfield Road', 'Sunderland', 'SR5 8DS');
1 row created.
W21056374 >
W21056374 > INSERT INTO ADDRESS TAB (Add No, Line1, City, Postcode)
    VALUES ('AD893274', '101 Albert Road', 'Sunderland', 'SR6 1TR');
1 row created.
```



```
W21056374 >
W21056374 > INSERT INTO ADDRESS TAB (Add No, Line1, City, Postcode)
      VALUES ('AD192832', '58 Mill Road', 'Sunderland', 'SR4 7JJ');
1 row created.
W21056374 >
W21056374 > INSERT INTO ADDRESS TAB (Add No, Line1, City, Postcode)
      VALUES ('AD109275', '59 Victory Lane', 'Sunderland', 'SR6 6LM');
1 row created.
W21056374 >
W21056374 > INSERT INTO ADDRESS TAB (Add No, Line1, City, Postcode)
      VALUES ('AD753947', '68 Park Street', 'Sunderland', 'SR6 1BC');
1 row created.
W21056374 >
W21056374 > INSERT INTO ADDRESS TAB (Add No, Line1, City, Postcode)
      VALUES ('AD539564', '2 George Street', 'Sunderland', 'SR7 9GG');
1 row created.
W21056374 >
W21056374 > REM Loading data into BRANCH TAB table.
W21056374 > INSERT INTO BRANCH TAB
      VALUES ('B01', (select REF(e) from ADDRESS TAB e where e.ADD NO =
'AD528406'), '01914887968', 'whickham@your-move.co.uk', 'S9921', 'Your
Move', PROPERTY NT TYPE());
1 row created.
W21056374 >
W21056374 > INSERT INTO BRANCH TAB
      VALUES ('B02', (select REF(e) from ADDRESS TAB e where e.ADD NO =
'AD284145'), '01919171444', 'newcastle@savills.com', 'S5790', 'Savills',
PROPERTY NT TYPE());
```

1 row created.



```
1 row created.
W21056374 >
W21056374 > INSERT INTO BRANCH TAB
      VALUES ('B03', (select REF(e) from ADDRESS TAB e where e.ADD NO =
'AD183994'), '01915382636', 'newc@foxtons.co.uk', 'S5693', 'Foxtons',
PROPERTY NT TYPE());
1 row created.
W21056374 >
W21056374 > INSERT INTO BRANCH TAB
      VALUES ('B04', (select REF(e) from ADDRESS TAB e where e.ADD NO =
'AD809835'), '01916078450', 'newcastle@acandco.com', 'S0137', 'Aberdein
Considine', PROPERTY NT TYPE());
1 row created.
W21056374 >
W21056374 >
W21056374 > REM Loading data into PROPERTY TAB table and
W21056374 > REM include REF to the Branch ID (BID)
W21056374 >
W21056374 > INSERT INTO PROPERTY TAB
      VALUES ('P349879', (select REF(e) from ADDRESS TAB e where e.ADD NO
= 'AD229016'), 'This exceptional home has been created with great
imagination and finished to a high specification.', 'D', 5, 'Y', '01-JUN-
2022', 'C552901', (select REF(e) from BRANCH TAB e where e.BID = 'B01'));
1 row created.
W21056374 >
W21056374 > INSERT INTO PROPERTY TAB
      VALUES ('P018234', (select REF(e) from ADDRESS TAB e where e.ADD NO
= 'AD123673'), 'A spacious extended four bedroom Victorian terraced home,
with a loft conversion, south-west facing private enclosed garden and
detached garage with power.', 'S', 4, 'Y', '27-MAY-2022', 'C174439',
(select REF(e) from BRANCH TAB e where e.BID = 'B01'));
```



W21056374 > W21056374 > INSERT INTO PROPERTY TAB VALUES ('P832748', (select REF(e) from ADDRESS TAB e where e.ADD NO = 'AD853037'), 'This spacious and well-presented three bedroom semidetached family home comes to market offering generous living space throughout.', 'S', 3, 'Y', '08-SEP-2021', 'C986032', (select REF(e) from BRANCH TAB e where e.BID = 'B04')); 1 row created. W21056374 > W21056374 > INSERT INTO PROPERTY TAB VALUES ('P247587', (select REF(e) from ADDRESS TAB e where e.ADD NO = 'AD913021'), 'The property benefits from a lovely wrap around garden, off-road parking, and a large attached garage.', 'B', 3, 'Y', '04-AUG-2019', 'C000032', (select REF(e) from BRANCH TAB e where e.BID = 'B03')); 1 row created. W21056374 > W21056374 > INSERT INTO PROPERTY TAB VALUES ('P347853', (select REF(e) from ADDRESS TAB e where e.ADD NO = 'AD753947'), 'Beautifully presented two bedroom first floor apartment town centre location, two bedrooms master with en suite and built in wardrobe, modern bright and airy open plan living room with balcony, kitchen with appliances and granite worktops, main bathroom, entry phone system, lifts to all floors, allocated underground parking.', 'F', 2, 'N', '09-NOV-2021', 'C856290', (select REF(e) from BRANCH TAB e where e.BID = 'B04')); 1 row created. W21056374 > W21056374 > INSERT INTO PROPERTY TAB VALUES ('P984752', (select REF(e) from ADDRESS TAB e where e.ADD NO

= 'AD539564'), 'The conclusion of a short private road, this 4 bedroom detached modern build sits back from the High Street.', 'D', 4, 'Y', '28-APR-2022', 'C000032', (select REF(e) from BRANCH\_TAB e where e.BID = 'B02'));



1 row created. W21056374 > W21056374 > INSERT INTO PROPERTY TAB VALUES ('P223743', (select REF(e) from ADDRESS TAB e where e.ADD NO = 'AD002385'), 'The property boasts laminate flooring throughout, a separate bathroom semi open plan kitchen and reception with a single bedroom.', 'F', 1, 'N', '05-MAY-2022', 'C856290', (select REF(e) from BRANCH TAB e where e.BID = 'B01')); 1 row created. W21056374 > W21056374 > INSERT INTO PROPERTY TAB VALUES ('P118364', (select REF(e) from ADDRESS TAB e where e.ADD NO = 'AD111539'), 'A beautifully stylish two bedroom first floor apartment in this prestigious and modern development, with extremely spacious accommodation, modern kitchen, and benefiting from one parking space.', 'F', 2, 'N', '05-AUG-2020', 'C856290', (select REF(e) from BRANCH TAB e where e.BID = 'B02'));1 row created. W21056374 > W21056374 > INSERT INTO PROPERTY TAB VALUES ('P658439', (select REF(e) from ADDRESS TAB e where e.ADD NO = 'AD620439'), 'The house is arranged over two floors. To the ground floor there are two spacious reception rooms, a modern fitted kitchen and downstairs shower room.', 'T', 2, 'Y', '13-FEB-2018', 'C302849', (select REF(e) from BRANCH TAB e where e.BID = 'B01')); 1 row created. W21056374 > W21056374 > INSERT INTO PROPERTY TAB VALUES ('P102934', (select REF(e) from ADDRESS\_TAB e where e.ADD\_NO = 'AD110293'), 'A beautifully presented home in an ideal position for access to local schooling and the railway station. Fabulous garden, home office and off-road parking.', 'D', 3, 'Y', '17-JUN-2017', 'C740283',

(select REF(e) from BRANCH TAB e where e.BID = 'B02'));



1 row created. W21056374 > W21056374 > INSERT INTO PROPERTY TAB VALUES ('P298473', (select REF(e) from ADDRESS TAB e where e.ADD NO = 'AD902784'), 'A substantial detached chalet bungalow providing spacious and adaptable accommodation. This beautifully presented individual home of character has been sympathetically extended and refurbished to high specification now providing a comfortable home ready to move into with no upward chain.', 'B', 4, 'Y', '11-OCT-2021', 'C985422', (select REF(e) from BRANCH TAB e where e.BID = 'B01')); 1 row created. W21056374 > W21056374 > W21056374 > REM Populate BRANCH TAB.PROP REF which W21056374 > REM is a nested table of type PROPERTY NT TYPE W21056374 > W21056374 > INSERT INTO TABLE (SELECT D.PROP REF FROM BRANCH TAB D WHERE D.BID = 'B01')2 SELECT REF(E) FROM PROPERTY TAB E WHERE E.BRA REF.BID = 'B01'; 5 rows created. W21056374 > W21056374 > INSERT INTO TABLE (SELECT D.PROP REF FROM BRANCH TAB D WHERE D.BID = 'B02')2 SELECT REF(E) FROM PROPERTY TAB E WHERE E.BRA REF.BID = 'B02'; 3 rows created. W21056374 > W21056374 > INSERT INTO TABLE (SELECT D.PROP REF FROM BRANCH TAB D WHERE D.BID = 'B03')2 SELECT REF(E) FROM PROPERTY TAB E WHERE E.BRA REF.BID = 'B03'; 1 row created. W21056374 >



```
W21056374 > INSERT INTO TABLE (SELECT D.PROP_REF FROM BRANCH_TAB D WHERE D.BID = 'B04')

2 SELECT REF(E) FROM PROPERTY_TAB E WHERE E.BRA_REF.BID = 'B04';

2 rows created.

W21056374 > W21056374 > COMMIT;

Commit complete.

W21056374 > SET ECHO OFF
W21056374 > spool off
```

#### **Output from queries**

```
W21056374 > @D:\pp_or_queries.sql
W21056374 > SET SERVEROUTPUT ON
W21056374 >
W21056374 >
W21056374 > REM How many properties has the Your Move branch in Whickham
(B01)
W21056374 > REM marketed in Cramlington the last 5 years? What are their
addresses?
W21056374 >
W21056374 > select COUNT(b.column value.pid)
  2 from branch tab a, table(a.prop ref) b
  3 where a.bid = 'B01'
  4 and b.column_value.add_ref.city = 'Cramlington'
  5 and b.column value.date marketed > sysdate - 1825;
COUNT(B.COLUMN_VALUE.PID)
_____
W21056374 >
```



```
W21056374 > select b.column value.pid, b.column value.add ref.line1 as
STREET, b.column value.add ref.city as CITY,
b.column value.add ref.postcode as POSTCODE
  2 from branch tab a, table(a.prop_ref) b
  3 where a.bid = 'B01'
  4 and b.column value.add ref.city = 'Cramlington'
  5 and b.column value.date marketed > sysdate - 1825;
COLUMN STREET
                                     CITY
                                                          POSTCODE
P658439 54 Castle Road
                                     Cramlington
                                                         NE23 6SA
                                     Cramlington NE23 3DD
P298473 88 School Lane
W21056374 > spool off
```

(B) Create a NOSQL subset of the PropertyPortal database using MongoDB. Select and justify any two entity types / relations of your choice which have relationships with each other and design and implement them using NOSQL database approach covered in this module. Your answer should include creating and populating collection(s) and answering a suitable sample query.

(8 marks)

#### **Answer Part 3B**

Selection and justification of entity types / relations for implementation using NOSQL database approach (2 mark):

The Branch, Property and Address entities have been selected to form the subset that will be created. They have been chosen as they provide an opportunity to employ both the embedded and normalised data models in MongoDB.

Alotaibi and Pardede (2019) propose some simple rules for transforming a relational database schema for use in NoSQL. If two entities are frequently accessed together, they state that the two should be transformed into collections with one embedded in



the other if there is a one-to-one or one-to-many relationship between them. Otherwise, they recommend inserting the ID of one collection as a reference into the other.

In the PropertyPortal conceptual data model, the Branch and Property entities have a one-to-many relationship and will be accessed together on a regular basis, as individuals interesting in viewing a property will need to contact the relevant branch which manages it. Consequently, it makes sense to embed the Property collection in the Branch collection in MongoDB.

These entities also have one-to-one relationship with the Address entity, which could be embedded in both Branch and Property. However, the reference approach using user-generated IDs is preferred as Branch is unlikely to be accessed concurrently with Address on a regular basis, as viewings are often scheduled via email or on the phone rather than in person. The same assumption regarding access does not apply to Property and Address, as both are intrinsically linked and are likely to be retrieved simultaneously in many instances. Despite this, the reference approach is being utilised to ensure consistency in the database. Moreover, if further entities are added to the database and they are related to Address (such as Staff\_Member or Customer), it is assumed that frequent concurrent access will not be required.

#### MongoDB code for creating collections for the above entity types (1 mark):

```
// Create a collection for the Branch entity
db.createCollection("Branch")

// Create a collection for the Address entity
db.createCollection("Address")
```

Populating the above MongoDB collections: (3 Marks)



```
// Inserting data into the Branch collection
// which includes the embedded Property collection
db.Branch.insert(
  { id: "B01",
    add no: "AD528406",
    tel no: "01914887968",
    email: "whickham@your-move.co.uk",
    manager id: "S9921",
    estate agent: "Your Move",
    properties:
    [{property id: "P349879", add no: "AD229016", type: "D", bedrooms: 5,
garden: "Y", date marketed: ISODate("2022-06-01"), owner id: "C552901",
description: "This exceptional home has been created with great imagination
and finished to a high specification."},
     {property id: "P018234", add no: "AD123673", type: "S", bedrooms: 4,
garden: "Y", date marketed: ISODate("2022-05-27"), owner id: "C174439",
description: "A spacious extended four bedroom Victorian terraced home,
with a loft conversion, south-west facing private enclosed garden and
detached garage with power."},
     {property id: "P223743", add no: "AD002385", type: "F", bedrooms: 1,
garden: "N", date marketed: ISODate("2022-05-05"), owner id: "C856290",
description: "The property boasts laminate flooring throughout, a separate
bathroom semi open plan kitchen and reception with a single bedroom."},
     {property id: "P658439", add no: "AD620439", type: "T", bedrooms: 2,
garden: "Y", date marketed: ISODate("2018-02-13"), owner id: "C302849",
description: "The house is arranged over two floors. To the ground floor
there are two spacious reception rooms, a modern fitted kitchen and
downstairs shower room."},
     {property id: "P298473", add no: "AD902784", type: "B", bedrooms: 4,
garden: "Y", date marketed: ISODate("2021-10-11"), owner id: "C985422",
description: "A substantial detached chalet bungalow providing spacious and
adaptable accommodation. This beautifully presented individual home of
character has been sympathetically extended and refurbished to high
specification now providing a comfortable home ready to move into with no
upward chain."}]
});
db.Branch.insert(
   { id: "B02",
```



```
add no: "AD284145",
    tel no: "01919171444",
    email: "newcastle@savills.com",
   manager id: "S5790",
    estate agent: "Savills",
    properties:
    [{property id: "P984752", add no: "AD539564", type: "D", bedrooms: 4,
garden: "Y", date marketed: ISODate("2022-04-28"), owner id: "C000032",
description: "The conclusion of a short private road, this 4 bedroom
detached modern build sits back from the High Street."},
     {property id: "P118364", add no: "AD111539", type: "F", bedrooms: 2,
garden: "N", date marketed: ISODate("2020-08-05"), owner id: "C856290",
description: "A beautifully stylish two bedroom first floor apartment in
this prestigious and modern development, with extremely spacious
accommodation, modern kitchen, and benefiting from one parking space."},
     {property id: "P102934", add no: "AD110293", type: "D", bedrooms: 3,
garden: "Y", date marketed: ISODate("2017-06-17"), owner id: "C740283",
description: "A beautifully presented home in an ideal position for access
to local schooling and the railway station. Fabulous garden, home office
and off-road parking."}]
});
db.Branch.insert(
   { id: "B03",
   add no: "AD183994",
   tel no: "01915382636",
    email: "newc@foxtons.co.uk",
   manager id: "S5693",
   estate agent: "Foxtons",
   properties:
    [{property id: "P247587", add no: "AD913021", type: "B", bedrooms: 3,
garden: "Y", date marketed: ISODate("2019-08-04"), owner id: "C000032",
description: "The property benefits from a lovely wrap around garden, off-
road parking, and a large attached garage."}]
});
db.Branch.insert(
   { id: "B04",
   add no: "AD809835",
   tel no: "01916078450",
    email: "newcastle@acandco.com",
```



```
manager id: "S0137",
    estate agent: "Aberdein Considine",
    properties:
    [{property id: "P832748", add no: "AD853037", type: "S", bedrooms: 3,
garden: "Y", date marketed: ISODate("2022-09-08"), owner id: "C986032",
description: "This spacious and well-presented three bedroom semi-detached
family home comes to market offering generous living space throughout."},
     {property id: "P347853", add no: "AD753947", type: "F", bedrooms: 2,
garden: "N", date marketed: ISODate("2021-11-09"), owner id: "C856290",
description: "Beautifully presented two bedroom first floor apartment town
centre location, two bedrooms master with en suite and built in wardrobe,
modern bright and airy open plan living room with balcony, kitchen with
appliances and granite worktops, main bathroom, entry phone system, lifts
to all floors, allocated underground parking."}]
});
// Check that all data has been inserted into
// the Branch collection
db.Branch.find();
// Inserting data into the Address collection
db.Address.insertMany([
{ id: "AD175002", line1: "Newcastle House", line2: "Albany Court", line3:
"Newcastle Business Park", city: "Newcastle upon Tyne", postcode: "NE4
{ id: "AD528406", line1: "Bishop Court", line2: "Front St", line3:
"Whickham", city: "Newcastle upon Tyne", postcode: "NE16 4JQ"},
{ id: "AD284145", line1: "Helix", line2: "St James Blvd", city: "Newcastle
upon Tyne", postcode: "NE4 5BZ"},
{ id: "AD183994", line1: "33 Union Street", city: "Newcastle upon Tyne",
postcode: "NE1 7DN"},
{ id: "AD809835", line1: "30 Cloth Market", city: "Newcastle upon Tyne",
postcode: "NE1 1EE"},
{ id: "AD853037", line1: "12 Dunecht Road", line2: "Fenham", city:
"Newcastle upon Tyne", postcode: "NE4 5HN"},
{ id: "AD753947", line1: "68 Park Street", city: "Sunderland", postcode:
"SR6 1BC"},
```



```
{ id: "AD913021", line1: "15 Gray Road", city: "Blyth", postcode: "NE22
OFF"},
{ id: "AD539564", line1: "2 George Street", city: "Sunderland", postcode:
"SR7 9GG"},
{ id: "AD111539", line1: "212 King Street", city: "Cramlington", postcode:
"NE23 1NJ"},
{ id: "AD110293", line1: "25 New Street", city: "Gateshead", postcode: "NE9
{ id: "AD229016", line1: "17 Fraser Drive", line2: "Fenham", city:
"Newcastle upon Tyne", postcode: "NE4 2BB"},
{ id: "AD123673", line1: "88 Carpenters Croft", line2: "Heaton", city:
"Newcastle upon Tyne", postcode: "NE6 9FD"},
{ id: "AD002385", line1: "The Willows", line2: "Grove Road", city:
"Gateshead", postcode: "NE9 4KL"},
{ id: "AD620439", line1: "54 Castle Road", city: "Cramlington", postcode:
"NE23 6SA"},
{ id: "AD902784", line1: "88 School Lane", city: "Cramlington", postcode:
"NE23 3DD"},
]);
// Check that all data has been inserted into
// the Address collection
db.Address.find();
```

#### Querying the above MongoDB collections: (2 Marks)



```
as: "address"
}
}
```

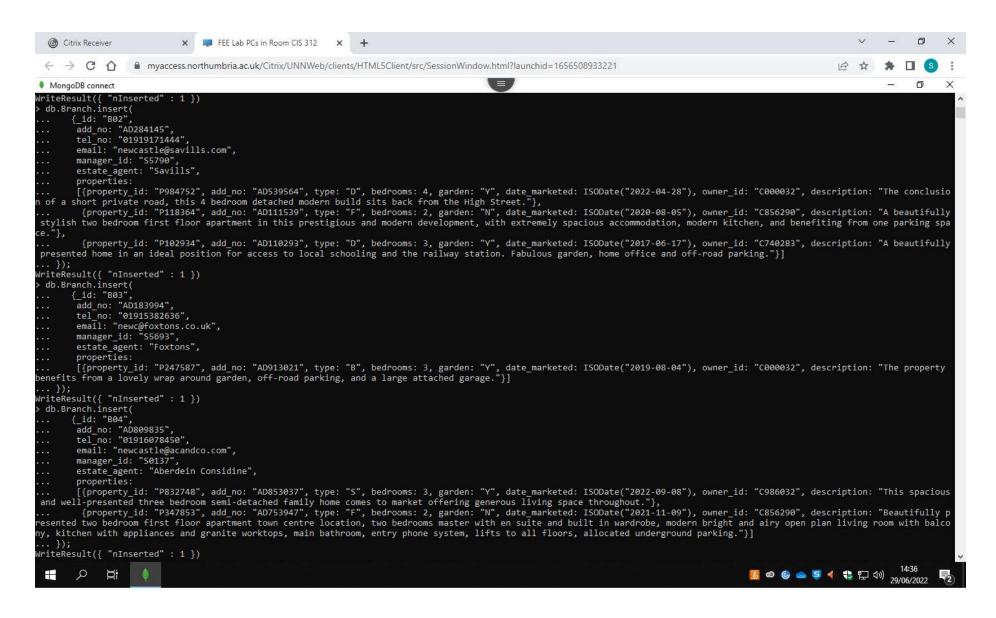
Provide the above MongoDB code's output (e.g., copy & paste of code and output from the MongoDB window or screenshots): Minus 2 marks (if output is missing or deduct partial marks accordingly for partial or inadequate output)

The output is provided in screenshots starting on the next page, which is set to landscape orientation.

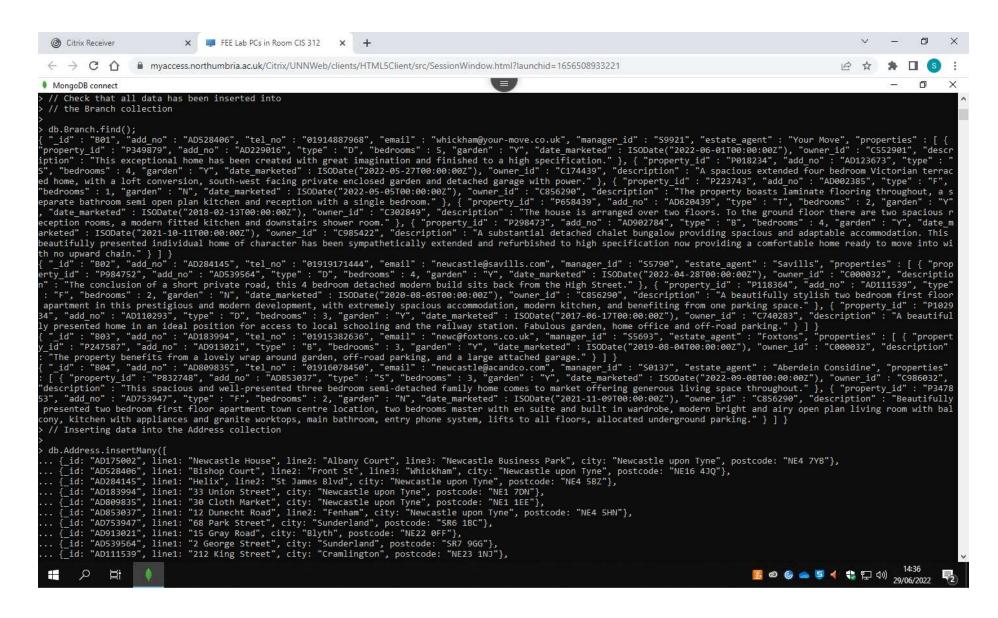


```
X FEE Lab PCs in Room CIS 312
                                                                                                                                                                              ( Citrix Receiver
 ← → C
                   myaccess.northumbria.ac.uk/Citrix/UNNWeb/clients/HTML5Client/src/SessionWindow.html?launchid=1656508933221
MongoDB connect
                                                                                                                                                                              // Create a collection for the Branch entity
 db.createCollection("Branch")
  "ok" : 1 }
 // Create a collection for the Address entity
 db.createCollection("Address")
  "ok" : 1 }
 // Inserting data into the Branch collection
 // which includes the embedded Property collection
 db.Branch.insert(
      {_id: "B01",
       add_no: "AD528406",
       tel no: "01914887968",
       email: "whickham@your-move.co.uk",
       manager id: "S9921",
       estate_agent: "Your Move",
       properties:
        [{property_id: "P349879", add_no: "AD229016", type: "D", bedrooms: 5, garden: "Y", date_marketed: ISODate("2022-06-01"), owner_id: "C552901", description: "This exceptio
nal home has been created with great imagination and finished to a high specification."},
... {property_id: "P018234", add_no: "AD123673", type: "S", bedrooms: 4, garden: "Y", date_marketed: ISODate("2022-05-27"), owner_id: "C174439", description: "A spacious ex
tended four bedroom Victorian terraced home, with a loft conversion, south-west facing private enclosed garden and detached garage with power."},
         {property_id: "P223743", add_no: "AD002385", type: "F", bedrooms: 1, garden: "N", date_marketed: ISODate("2022-05-05"), owner_id: "C856290", description: "The property
boasts laminate flooring throughout, a separate bathroom semi open plan kitchen and reception with a single bedroom."},
         {property id: "P658439", add no: "AD620439", type: "T", bedrooms: 2, garden: "Y", date marketed: ISODate("2018-02-13"), owner id: "C302849", description: "The house is
arranged over two floors. To the ground floor there are two spacious reception rooms, a modern fitted kitchen and downstairs shower room."},
         {property_id: "P298473", add_no: "AD902784", type: "B", bedrooms: 4, garden: "Y", date_marketed: ISODate("2021-10-11"), owner_id: "C985422", description: "A substantial
detached chalet bungalow providing spacious and adaptable accommodation. This beautifully presented individual home of character has been sympathetically extended and refurbish
ed to high specification now providing a comfortable home ready to move into with no upward chain."}]
WriteResult({ "nInserted" : 1 })
 db.Branch.insert(
       { id: "B02",
       add_no: "AD284145",
       tel no: "01919171444"
       email: "newcastle@savills.com",
       manager_id: "S5790"
       estate agent: "Savills",
        [{property_id: "P984752", add_no: "AD539564", type: "D", bedrooms: 4, garden: "Y", date_marketed: ISODate("2022-04-28"), owner_id: "C000032", description: "The conclusio
 of a short private road, this 4 bedroom detached modern build sits back from the High Street."},
         {property id: "P118364", add no: "AD111539", type: "F", bedrooms: 2, garden: "N", date marketed: ISODate("2020-08-05"), owner id: "C856290", description: "A beautifully
                                                                                                                                             0
             Ħ
```





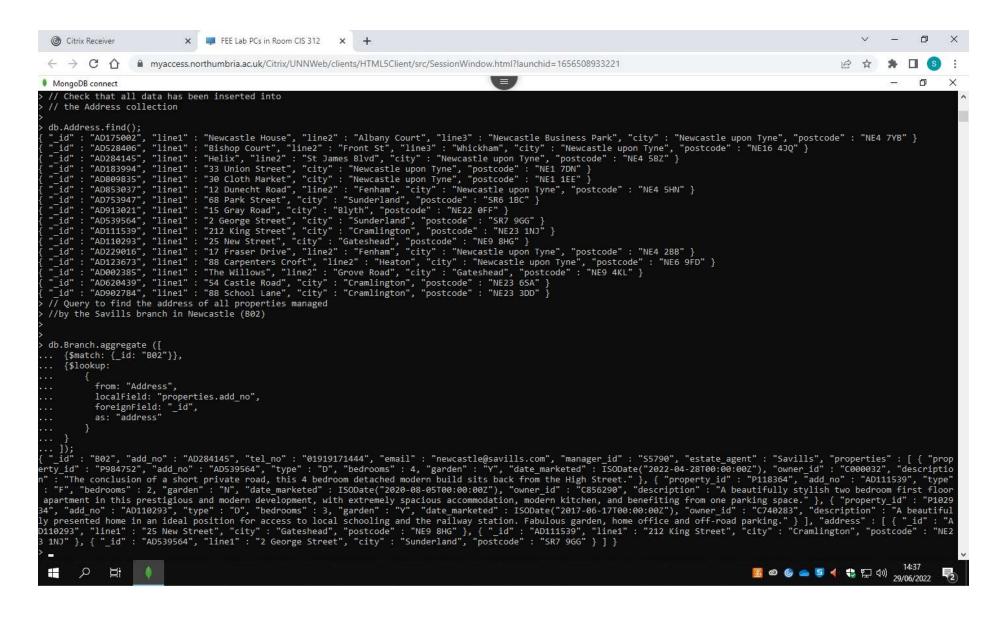






```
Citrix Receiver
                                                                     FEE Lab PCs in Room CIS 312 X +
  ← → C △
                                        myaccess.northumbria.ac.uk/Citrix/UNNWeb/clients/HTML5Client/src/SessionWindow.html?launchid=1656508933221
MongoDB connect
> db.Address.insertMany([
db.Address.insertMany([
... { id: "AD175002", line1: "Newcastle House", line2: "Albany Court", line3: "Newcastle Business Park", city: "Newcastle upon Tyne", postcode: "NE4 7YB" },
... { id: "AD528406", line1: "Bishop Court", line2: "Front St", line3: "Whickham", city: "Newcastle upon Tyne", postcode: "NE16 4JQ" },
... { id: "AD284145", line1: "Helix", line2: "St James Blvd", city: "Newcastle upon Tyne", postcode: "NE4 5BZ" },
... { id: "AD183994", line1: "33 Union Street", city: "Newcastle upon Tyne", postcode: "NE1 7DN" },
... { id: "AD809835", line1: "30 Cloth Market", city: "Newcastle upon Tyne", postcode: "NE1 1EE" },
... { id: "AD853037", line1: "12 Dunecht Road", line2: "Fenham", city: "Newcastle upon Tyne", postcode: "NE4 5HN" },
... { id: "AD753947", line1: "68 Park Street", city: "Sunderland", postcode: "SR6 1BC" },
... { id: "AD753947", line1: "68 Park Street", city: "Sunderland", postcode: "SR6 1BC" },
... { id: "AD753947", line1: "68 Park Street", city: "Sunderland", postcode: "SR6 1BC" },
... { id: "AD753947", line1: "68 Park Street", city: "Sunderland", postcode: "SR6 1BC" },
... { id: "AD753947", line1: "68 Park Street", city: "Sunderland", postcode: "SR6 1BC" },
... { id: "AD753947", line1: "68 Park Street", city: "Sunderland", postcode: "SR6 1BC" },
... { id: "AD753947", line1: "68 Park Street", city: "Sunderland", postcode: "SR6 1BC" },
... { id: "AD753947", line1: "68 Park Street", city: "Sunderland", postcode: "SR6 1BC" },
... { id: "AD753947", line1: "68 Park Street", city: "Sunderland", postcode: "SR6 1BC" },
... { id: "AD753947", line1: "68 Park Street", city: "Sunderland", postcode: "SR6 1BC" },
... { id: "AD753947", line1: "68 Park Street", city: "Sunderland", postcode: "SR6 1BC" },
... { id: "AD753947", line1: "68 Park Street", city: "Sunderland", postcode: "SR6 1BC" },
... { id: "AD753947", line1: "68 Park Street", city: "SR0 Park 
        [id: "AD913021", line1: "15 Gray Road", city: "Blyth", postcode: "NE22 0FF"},
        { id: "AD539564", line1: "2 George Street", city: "Sunderland", postcode: "SR7 9GG"},
       { id: "AD111539", line1: "212 King Street", city: "Cramlington", postcode: "NE23 1NJ"},
        [id: "AD110293", line1: "25 New Street", city: "Gateshead", postcode: "NE9 8HG"},
       { id: "AD229016", line1: "17 Fraser Drive", line2: "Fenham", city: "Newcastle upon Tyne", postcode: "NE4 2BB"},
       { id: "AD123673", line1: "88 Carpenters Croft", line2: "Heaton", city: "Newcastle upon Tyne", postcode: "NE6 9FD"},
       { id: "AD002385", line1: "The Willows", line2: "Grove Road", city: "Gateshead", postcode: "NE9 4KL"},
       { id: "AD620439", line1: "54 Castle Road", city: "Cramlington", postcode: "NE23 6SA"},
        { id: "AD902784", line1: "88 School Lane", city: "Cramlington", postcode: "NE23 3DD"},
                 "acknowledged" : true,
                "insertedIds" : [
                                  "AD175002",
                                  "AD528406",
                                  "AD284145",
                                  "AD183994",
                                  "AD809835",
                                  "AD853037",
                                  "AD753947"
                                  "AD913021",
                                  "AD539564",
                                  "AD111539",
                                  "AD110293",
                                  "AD229016",
                                  "AD123673",
                                  "AD002385".
                                  "AD620439",
                                  "AD902784"
   // Check that all data has been inserted into
  // the Address collection
  db.Address.find();
   " id" : "AD175002", "line1" : "Newcastle House", "line2" : "Albany Court", "line3" : "Newcastle Business Park", "city" : "Newcastle upon Tyne", "postcode" : "NE4 7YB" }
"_id" : "AD528406", "line1" : "Bishop Court", "line2" : "Front St", "line3" : "Whickham", "city" : "Newcastle upon Tyne", "postcode" : "NE16 4JQ" }
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               図 ◎ ◎ △ ⑤ →  ▼ 🔁 🕬 29/06/2022
                           買
```







#### Part 4 (20 Marks)

This part is based on the Universal Finance Credit Card (UFCrC) company's customers defaulting scenario as described in the Appendix 2. The main purpose of this part is correctly predicting if credit card customers will default on their due payments. You are required to perform the following tasks:

 Explore the dataset and justify whether UFCrC's problem belongs to predictive or descriptive data mining models. Choose which data mining task (e.g., classification, association rules, clustering, regression, etc) will be used to produce data mining models for the UFCrC's scenario.

(2 marks)

#### Answer

Descriptive models are concerned with identifying patterns and relationships in a dataset and generally involve unsupervised learning, where "the machine has not been told what it is to learn" (Defence Science and Technology Laboratory, 2019, p.23). Conversely, predictive models are trained to forecast a specific variable or value using supervised learning. They also require labelled data to make their predictions (Defence Science and Technology Laboratory, 2019). In this instance, the dataset contains labels and UFCrC have been explicit about what they want the model to learn, which can be predicted using the DEFAULTPAYNXTMNT binary attribute. Therefore, the problem that UFCrC are trying to solve is best served by a predictive data mining model.

Regression, prediction or classification can be used as the foundation to build a predictive model. Regression uses and predicts numerical values, so it is not appropriate in this scenario as the aim is to establish whether a customer belongs to a defined category. Likewise, prediction forecasts values whereas classification assigns objects or items to classes or categories "based on combinations of parameters" (Elmasri and Navathe, 2017, p.1102). In addition, classification algorithms are often used to determine credit risks (Çığşar and Ünal, 2019) and they are accustomed to handling binary classifiers (Oracle, 2010), such as whether a



customer will default on a credit card payment or not. As such, classification will be used to produce the data mining model in this scenario.

2. Prepare and setup your data/views/tables for accessing the shared CreditCardsV2 dataset, which also includes splitting the dataset for building, testing and applying the data mining models.

(3 marks)

#### **Answer**

Including more data in the training or build set can potentially improve the accuracy of a model and prevent issues like overfitting (IBM, 2021). Consequently, different sample sizes were utilised to find the most accurate model, using the three 'view collections' in the table below.

View Collection No	<b>Build Data Cases</b>	Test Data Cases	Apply Data Cases
1	10,000	10,000	10,000
2	15,000	9,000	6,000
3	21,000	6,000	3,000

The code below was used to setup the views. Please note, the spool output is shown.

```
W21056374 > @D:\UFCrC_Views.sql
W21056374 >
W21056374 > REM Split the CreditCardsV2 dataset into 9 views and three view collections
W21056374 > REM for use with different build, test and apply subsets/samples. The table
W21056374 > REM below outlines how the 30,000 records in the base dataset are divided amongst
W21056374 > REM the collections.
W21056374 >
```



	_	• ,	•			
W210	56374 > REM	Collect	ion No	Build Data	Test Data	Apply
Data	L					
W210	56374 > REM	1	10,000	)	10,000	10,000
W210	56374 > REM	2	15,000	)	9,000	6,000
W210	)56374 > REM	3	21,000	)	6,000	3,000
W210	)56374 >					
W210	)56374 >					
W210	)56374 > REM C	reate firs	t view co	ollection		
W210	)56374 >					
W210	)56374 > CREAT	E OR REPLA	CE VIEW (	afcrc_build_	data_col_1 as	
2	SELECT *					
3	FROM					
4		_	r() over	(order by c	.card) as RNK	
5	FROM credit					
6	WHERE RNK <=	10000;				
View	created.					
™210	056374 >					
		E OD DEDIA	CE VIEW 1	ifara toat d	ata gol 1 ag	
w210 2	SELECT *	e ok kerla	CE VIEW (	ircrc_test_d	ata_coi_i as	
3	FROM					
4		row numbe	r() over	(order by c	.card) as RNK	
5	FROM credit	_	1 () 0 0 0 1	(order by e	. Cara, as min	
6	WHERE RNK >		RNK <= 20	0000;		
				,		
View	created.					
W210	)56374 >					
W210	56374 > CREAT	E OR REPLA	CE VIEW (	afcrc_apply_	data_col_1 as	
2	SELECT *					
3	FROM					
4	(SELECT c.*,	row_numbe	r() over	(order by c	.card) as RNK	

View created.

5 FROM creditcardsv2 c)

W21056374 >

W21056374 >

W21056374 > REM Create second view collection

6 WHERE RNK > 20000 AND RNK <= 30000;

6 WHERE RNK <= 21000;



```
W21056374 >
W21056374 > CREATE OR REPLACE VIEW ufcrc build data col 2 as
  2 SELECT *
  3 FROM
  4 (SELECT c.*, row number() over (order by c.card) as RNK
  5 FROM creditcardsv2 c)
  6 WHERE RNK <= 15000;
View created.
W21056374 >
W21056374 > CREATE OR REPLACE VIEW ufcrc_test_data_col_2 as
 2 SELECT *
  3 FROM
  4 (SELECT c.*, row number() over (order by c.card) as RNK
  5 FROM creditcardsv2 c)
  6 WHERE RNK > 15000 AND RNK <= 24000;
View created.
W21056374 >
W21056374 > CREATE OR REPLACE VIEW ufcrc apply data col 2 as
 2 SELECT *
  3 FROM
  4 (SELECT c.*, row number() over (order by c.card) as RNK
  5 FROM creditcardsv2 c)
  6 WHERE RNK > 24000 AND RNK <= 30000;
View created.
W21056374 >
W21056374 >
W21056374 > REM Create third view collection
W21056374 >
W21056374 > CREATE OR REPLACE VIEW ufcrc build data col 3 as
  2 SELECT *
  3 FROM
  4 (SELECT c.*, row number() over (order by c.card) as RNK
  5 FROM creditcardsv2 c)
```



```
View created.
W21056374 >
W21056374 > CREATE OR REPLACE VIEW ufcrc test data col 3 as
  2 SELECT *
  3 FROM
  4 (SELECT c.*, row_number() over (order by c.card) as RNK
  5 FROM creditcardsv2 c)
  6 WHERE RNK > 21000 AND RNK <= 27000;
View created.
W21056374 >
W21056374 > CREATE OR REPLACE VIEW ufcrc apply data col 3 as
  2 SELECT *
  3 FROM
  4 (SELECT c.*, row number() over (order by c.card) as RNK
  5 FROM creditcardsv2 c)
  6 WHERE RNK > 27000 AND RNK <= 30000;
View created.
W21056374 >
W21056374 >
W21056374 > spool off
```

3. Develop at least TWO models using suitable algorithms for performing your chosen data mining task for the UFCrC's dataset.

(8 marks)

#### **Answer**

Six models were developed in total: three using the random forest algorithm and three employing naive bayes. In each algorithm group, the three view collections were used to check how the models would perform with different sample sizes.



When the models were being developed, the number of trees used by the random forest algorithm were increased to ascertain what impact this would have on performance. It was quickly established that the accuracy gains were minimal, yet the time taken to build the model increased significantly. As a result, the idea of adjusting the number of trees to improve accuracy was abandoned and no code from this experiment was retained.

The following code was used to develop the six models. Please note, the spool output is shown.

```
W21056374 > @D:\UFCrC Models.sql
W21056374 >
W21056374 > REM Create settings table for the Random Forest (RF) model and
populate it.
W21056374 >
W21056374 > CREATE TABLE ufcrc rf model settings (
     setting name VARCHAR2(50),
      setting value VARCHAR2(50));
Table created.
W21056374 >
W21056374 > BEGIN
      INSERT INTO ufcrc rf model settings (setting name, setting value)
      VALUES (dbms data mining.algo name,
dbms data mining.algo random forest);
      INSERT INTO ufcrc rf model settings (setting name, setting value)
  5
      VALUES (dbms_data_mining.prep_auto,dbms_data_mining.prep_auto_on);
    COMMIT;
  6
  7 END;
  8 /
PL/SQL procedure successfully completed.
W21056374 >
W21056374 >
W21056374 > REM Now create the first RF model using the first view
collection.
W21056374 >
```



```
W21056374 > BEGIN
      DBMS DATA MINING.CREATE MODEL (
  3
      model name => 'ufcrc rf model 1',
                        => dbms data mining.classification,
      mining function
  4
                        => 'ufcrc build data col 1',
     data table name
  6 case id column name => 'card',
      target_column_name => 'defaultpaynxtmnt',
     settings table name => 'ufcrc rf model settings');
  9 END;
 10 /
PL/SQL procedure successfully completed.
W21056374 >
W21056374 >
W21056374 > REM Test the first RF model.
W21056374 >
W21056374 > SELECT defaultpaynxtmnt AS actual target value,
        PREDICTION (ufcrc rf model 1 USING *) AS predicted target value,
        COUNT(*) AS total value
  4 FROM ufcrc test data col 1
  5 GROUP BY defaultpaynxtmnt, PREDICTION(ufcrc rf model 1 USING *)
  6 ORDER BY 1,2;
ACTUAL TARGET VALUE PREDICTED TARGET VALUE TOTAL VALUE
______
                 0
                                      0
                                              7267
                                      1
                                              482
                                     0
                                              1469
                                     1
                                               782
W21056374 >
W21056374 >
W21056374 > REM Display the accuracy of the first RF model.
W21056374 >
W21056374 > COLUMN ACCURACY FORMAT 99.99
W21056374 > SELECT ROUND(SUM(correct)/COUNT(*),4)*100 AS accuracy
     FROM (SELECT DECODE (defaultpaynxtmnt,
  3
               PREDICTION(ufcrc rf model 1 USING *), 1, 0) AS correct
            FROM ufcrc test data col 1);
```



```
ACCURACY
_____
  80.49
W21056374 >
W21056374 >
W21056374 > REM Now create the second RF model using the second view
collection.
W21056374 >
W21056374 > BEGIN
      DBMS DATA MINING.CREATE MODEL (
    model name => 'ufcrc_rf_model_2',
  4 mining function
                        => dbms data mining.classification,
  5 data table name => 'ufcrc build data col 2',
  6 case id column name => 'card',
     target column name => 'defaultpaynxtmnt',
 8 settings table name => 'ufcrc rf model settings');
 9 END;
10 /
PL/SQL procedure successfully completed.
W21056374 >
W21056374 >
W21056374 > REM Test the second RF model.
W21056374 >
W21056374 > SELECT defaultpaynxtmnt AS actual_target_value,
        PREDICTION (ufcrc rf model 2 USING *) AS predicted target value,
         COUNT(*) AS total value
  4 FROM ufcrc_test_data_col_2
  5 GROUP BY defaultpaynxtmnt, PREDICTION(ufcrc rf model 2 USING *)
  6 ORDER BY 1,2;
ACTUAL TARGET VALUE PREDICTED TARGET VALUE TOTAL VALUE
                                       0
                 0
                                               6751
                                       1
                                               325
                 Λ
                                       0
                                               1285
                 1
                                               639
                                      1
                 1
```

W21056374 >



```
W21056374 >
W21056374 > REM Display the accuracy of the second RF model.
W21056374 >
W21056374 > COLUMN ACCURACY FORMAT 99.99
W21056374 > SELECT ROUND(SUM(correct)/COUNT(*),4)*100 AS accuracy
       FROM (SELECT DECODE (defaultpaynxtmnt,
                PREDICTION(ufcrc_rf_model_2 USING *), 1, 0) AS correct
             FROM ufcrc test data col 2);
ACCURACY
-----
   82.11
W21056374 >
W21056374 >
W21056374 > REM Now create the third RF model using the third view
collection.
W21056374 >
W21056374 > BEGIN
      DBMS DATA MINING.CREATE MODEL (
  3
      model name
                    => 'ufcrc rf model 3',
  4
    mining function
                         => dbms data mining.classification,
                         => 'ufcrc build data col 3',
      data table name
      case id column name => 'card',
      target column name => 'defaultpaynxtmnt',
      settings table name => 'ufcrc rf model settings');
  9 END;
 10 /
PL/SQL procedure successfully completed.
W21056374 >
W21056374 >
W21056374 > REM Test the third RF model.
W21056374 >
W21056374 > SELECT defaultpaynxtmnt AS actual_target_value,
          PREDICTION(ufcrc rf model 3 USING *) AS predicted target value,
          COUNT(*) AS total value
  4 FROM ufcrc test data col 3
  5 GROUP BY defaultpaynxtmnt, PREDICTION(ufcrc rf model 3 USING *)
  6 ORDER BY 1,2;
```



```
ACTUAL TARGET VALUE PREDICTED TARGET VALUE TOTAL VALUE
____________
                 0
                                      0
                                               4662
                 0
                                       1
                                               171
                                       0
                                               765
                                               402
W21056374 >
W21056374 >
W21056374 > REM Display the accuracy of the third RF model.
W21056374 > COLUMN ACCURACY FORMAT 99.99
W21056374 > SELECT ROUND(SUM(correct)/COUNT(*),4)*100 AS accuracy
     FROM (SELECT DECODE (defaultpaynxtmnt,
               PREDICTION(ufcrc rf model 3 USING *), 1, 0) AS correct
  4
           FROM ufcrc test data col 3);
ACCURACY
_____
  84.40
W21056374 >
W21056374 >
W21056374 >
W21056374 > REM Create settings table for the Naive Bayes (NB) model and
populate it.
W21056374 > REM Note the algorithm doesn't need to be specified as it is
the default.
W21056374 >
W21056374 > CREATE TABLE ufcrc nb model settings (
     setting name VARCHAR2(50),
     setting value VARCHAR2(50));
Table created.
W21056374 >
W21056374 > BEGIN
      INSERT INTO ufcrc nb model settings (setting name, setting value)
  3
      VALUES (dbms data mining.prep auto, dbms data mining.prep auto on);
      COMMIT;
```



```
5 END;
 6 /
PL/SQL procedure successfully completed.
W21056374 >
W21056374 >
W21056374 > REM Now create the first NB model using the first view
collection.
W21056374 >
W21056374 > BEGIN
     DBMS_DATA_MINING.CREATE_MODEL(
    model name => 'ufcrc_nb_model_1',
 4 mining function => dbms data mining.classification,
 5 data table name => 'ufcrc build data col 1',
 6 case id column name => 'card',
     target column name => 'defaultpaynxtmnt',
     settings table name => 'ufcrc nb model settings');
 9 END;
10 /
PL/SQL procedure successfully completed.
W21056374 >
W21056374 >
W21056374 > REM Test the first NB model.
W21056374 >
W21056374 > SELECT defaultpaynxtmnt AS actual target value,
        PREDICTION (ufcrc nb model 1 USING *) AS predicted target value,
        COUNT(*) AS total value
 4 FROM ufcrc test data col 1
 5 GROUP BY defaultpaynxtmnt, PREDICTION(ufcrc nb model 1 USING *)
 6 ORDER BY 1,2;
ACTUAL TARGET VALUE PREDICTED TARGET VALUE TOTAL VALUE
0
                Λ
                                             6813
                0
                                     1
                                             936
                1
                                     0
                                             1232
                                             1019
                                    1
                1
```



```
W21056374 >
W21056374 >
W21056374 > REM Display the accuracy of the first NB model.
W21056374 >
W21056374 > COLUMN ACCURACY FORMAT 99.99
W21056374 > SELECT ROUND(SUM(correct)/COUNT(*),4)*100 AS accuracy
       FROM (SELECT DECODE (defaultpaynxtmnt,
  3
                PREDICTION(ufcrc nb model 1 USING *), 1, 0) AS correct
  4
            FROM ufcrc test data col 1);
ACCURACY
-----
   78.32
W21056374 >
W21056374 >
W21056374 > REM Now create the second NB model using the second view
collection.
W21056374 >
W21056374 > BEGIN
      DBMS DATA MINING.CREATE MODEL (
      model name => 'ufcrc nb model 2',
  3
                         => dbms data mining.classification,
  4
      mining function
                         => 'ufcrc build data col 2',
  5
    data table name
      case id column name => 'card',
      target column name => 'defaultpaynxtmnt',
      settings table name => 'ufcrc nb model settings');
  9 END;
 10
PL/SQL procedure successfully completed.
W21056374 >
W21056374 >
W21056374 > REM Test the second NB model.
W21056374 >
W21056374 > SELECT defaultpaynxtmnt AS actual target value,
          PREDICTION (ufcrc nb model 2 USING *) AS predicted target value,
          COUNT(*) AS total value
  4 FROM ufcrc test data col 2
  5 GROUP BY defaultpaynxtmnt, PREDICTION(ufcrc nb model 2 USING *)
```



6 ORDER BY 1,2;

```
ACTUAL_TARGET_VALUE PREDICTED_TARGET_VALUE TOTAL_VALUE
-----
                0
                                    0
                                             6233
                                     1
                                             843
                0
                                    0
                                            1029
                                    1 895
W21056374 >
W21056374 >
W21056374 > REM Display the accuracy of the second NB model.
W21056374 > COLUMN ACCURACY FORMAT 99.99
W21056374 > SELECT ROUND(SUM(correct)/COUNT(*),4)*100 AS accuracy
     FROM (SELECT DECODE (defaultpaynxtmnt,
 3
             PREDICTION(ufcrc nb model 2 USING *), 1, 0) AS correct
           FROM ufcrc test data col 2);
  4
ACCURACY
-----
  79.20
W21056374 >
W21056374 >
W21056374 > REM Now create the third NB model using the third view
collection.
W21056374 >
W21056374 > BEGIN
     DBMS_DATA_MINING.CREATE_MODEL(
 3 model name => 'ufcrc nb model 3',
 4 mining function
                       => dbms data mining.classification,
 5 data table name => 'ufcrc build data col 3',
 6 case id column name => 'card',
     target column name => 'defaultpaynxtmnt',
     settings_table_name => 'ufcrc_nb_model_settings');
 9 END;
10 /
```

PL/SQL procedure successfully completed.



```
W21056374 >
W21056374 >
W21056374 > REM Test the third NB model.
W21056374 >
W21056374 > SELECT defaultpaynxtmnt AS actual target value,
         PREDICTION (ufcrc nb model 3 USING *) AS predicted target value,
        COUNT(*) AS total value
 4 FROM ufcrc test data col 3
 5 GROUP BY defaultpaynxtmnt, PREDICTION(ufcrc nb model 3 USING *)
 6 ORDER BY 1,2;
ACTUAL_TARGET_VALUE PREDICTED_TARGET_VALUE TOTAL_VALUE
4350
                                      0
                0
                                     1
                                              483
                                      0
                1
                                              625
                                              542
                1
                                     1
W21056374 >
W21056374 >
W21056374 > REM Display the accuracy of the first NB model.
W21056374 >
W21056374 > COLUMN ACCURACY FORMAT 99.99
W21056374 > SELECT ROUND(SUM(correct)/COUNT(*),4)*100 AS accuracy
 2 FROM (SELECT DECODE (defaultpaynxtmnt,
 3
              PREDICTION(ufcrc nb model 3 USING *), 1, 0) AS correct
            FROM ufcrc test data col 3);
ACCURACY
-----
  81.53
W21056374 >
```



W21056374 >
W21056374 >
W21056374 >
W21056374 >
W21056374 >
W21056374 >

W21056374 > spool off

4. Evaluate capabilities of the models you have developed.

(3 marks)

#### **Answer**

Using the output of the code above, the performance of each of the six models is summarised in the table below:

Model	Number of Build Cases	Accuracy (%)	False Positives (%)	False Negatives (%)
ufcrc_rf_model_1	10,000	80.49	4.82	14.69
ufcrc_rf_model_2	15,000	82.11	3.61	14.27
ufcrc_rf_model_3	21,000	84.40	2.85	12.75
ufcrc_nb_model_1	10,000	78.32	9.36	12.32
ufcrc_nb_model_2	15,000	79.20	9.37	11.43
ufcrc_nb_model_3	21,000	81.53	8.05	10.42

The table shows that both the random forest and naive bayes models improved in accuracy as the sample size of the build data was increased. It also shows the random forest model performed slightly better in each instance.

Lift and gain charts can also be used to evaluate the performance of a data mining model and compare one against another (Larose and Larose, 2015). A lift chart provides a visual representation of how the model compares to a random guess and



uses a lift score or factor to quantify the difference (Microsoft, 2022). At each decile, a gain chart shows the ratio of cumulative observations that are correct up to that decile against the total number of correct observations in the dataset, when ranked in descending order of estimated probability.

In this scenario, lift and gain charts were not produced as the Oracle Data Mining application used did not provide the requisite functionality. Therefore, the following code was used to calculate the lift and gain scores for the third random forest and naive bayes models, as they performed the best when compared to models one and two. Please note, the spool output is shown.

```
W21056374 > @D:\UFCrC Models Lift.sql
W21056374 >
W21056374 > REM Calculate lift for third RF model.
W21056374 >
W21056374 > CREATE TABLE rf eval AS
  2 SELECT card, t.prediction, t.probability
     FROM ufcrc test data col 3, TABLE (PREDICTION SET (ufcrc rf model 3
USING *)) t;
Table created.
W21056374 >
W21056374 > BEGIN
          DBMS DATA MINING.COMPUTE LIFT (
              apply_result_table_name => 'rf_eval',
  3
              target table name
                                          => 'ufcrc test data col 3',
  4
  5
              case id column name
                                         => 'card',
  6
              target column name
                                           => 'defaultpaynxtmnt',
                                                    => 'rf lift tab',
  7
              lift table name
              positive target value
                                              => to char(1),
  8
                                   => 'PREDICTION',
              score column name
  9
              score criterion column name
                                              => 'PROBABILITY',
 10
 11
              num quantiles
                                            => 10,
 12
              cost matrix table name
                                              => null,
              apply result_schema_name
 13
                                              => null,
 14
              target schema name
                                           => null,
              cost_matrix_schema_name => null,
 15
                                               => 'PROBABILITY');
 16
              score criterion type
```



```
17 END;
18 /
```

PL/SQL procedure successfully completed.

W21056374 > W21056374 > SELECT quantile\_number AS DECILE, gain\_cumulative AS GAIN, lift\_cumulative AS LIFT, quantile\_total\_count AS CASES

2 FROM rf lift tab;

DECILE	GAIN	LIFT	CASES
1	.355612682	3.55612682	600
2	.52613539	2.63067695	600
3	.630676949	2.1022565	600
4	.712082262	1.78020566	600
5	.789203085	1.57840617	600
6	.849185947	1.41530991	600
7	.896315338	1.28045048	600
8	.946015424	1.18251928	600
9	.984575835	1.09397315	600
10	1	1	600

10 rows selected.

3

```
W21056374 >
W21056374 > REM Calculate lift for third NB model.
W21056374 > REM Calculate lift for third NB model.
W21056374 > CREATE TABLE nb_eval AS
   2    SELECT card, t.prediction, t.probability
   3    FROM ufcrc_test_data_col_3, TABLE(PREDICTION_SET(ufcrc_nb_model_3
USING *)) t;
Table created.
W21056374 >
W21056374 > BEGIN
```

=> 'nb eval',

=> 'ufcrc test data col 3',

DBMS DATA MINING.COMPUTE LIFT (

apply result table name

target table name



```
=> 'card',
5
             case id column name
 6
             target column name
                                 => 'defaultpaynxtmnt',
7
             lift table name
                                                    => 'nb lift tab',
             positive target_value
8
                                              \Rightarrow to char(1),
9
             score column name
                                          => 'PREDICTION',
             score criterion column name
10
                                              => 'PROBABILITY',
11
             num quantiles
                                             => 10,
12
             cost matrix table name
                                             => null,
             apply result schema name
                                             => null,
13
             target schema name
14
                                          => null,
15
             cost matrix schema name
                                            => null,
                                              => 'PROBABILITY');
16
             score criterion type
17 END;
18 /
```

PL/SQL procedure successfully completed.

W21056374 > W21056374 >

W21056374 > SELECT quantile\_number AS DECILE, gain\_cumulative AS GAIN, lift\_cumulative AS LIFT, quantile\_total\_count AS CASES

2 FROM nb lift tab;

DECILE	GAIN	LIFT	CASES
1	.318766067	3.18766067	600
2	.502999143	2.51499572	600
3	.621251071	2.0708369	600
4	.718747019	1.79686755	600
5	.798628963	1.59725793	600
6	.847472151	1.41245358	600
7	.89545844	1.27922634	600
8	.93916024	1.1739503	600
9	.973436161	1.08159573	600
10	1	1	600

10 rows selected.

W21056374 > spool off



These metrics also show the random forest model performing slightly better than the naive bayes model, by achieving more correct observations as a proportion of the total in the first three deciles. The difference between the remaining deciles is negligible.

5. Present and discuss your findings and make recommendations for UFCrC company.

(4 marks)

#### **Answer**

UFCrC requested that a highly accurate data mining model be developed to help them predict if a customer will default in the next month. Those customers identified as being most likely to default will then be offered suitable terms in an attempt to prevent them from doing so.

Six models were developed using two different algorithms and varying sample sizes derived from the CreditCardsV2 dataset. The models performed better and were more accurate as the sample size used to build them was increased. For example, the accuracy of the model using an algorithm called random forest rose from 80.49% to 84.4%, and the other model using the naive bayes algorithm increased in accuracy from 78.32% to 81.53%. These figures represent the percentage of predictions that each model got right when asked to process a number of test cases drawn from the CreditCardsV2 dataset. It is important to note that these test cases differed from the cases used to build the model.

A metric known as the lift score and another called the gain were used to evaluate the performance of the models further. Again, the random forest model performed slightly better and was able to predict 63.1% of correct cases amongst the top 30% of customers ranked as most likely to default, compared to a value of 62.1% for the naive bayes model. Equally, the random forest model performed 3.56 times better than a random guess when selecting the top 10% of customers ranked as most likely



to default. In comparison, the naive bayes model performed 3.19 times better, although it is important to note the scores narrowed considerably after the first decile.

Consequently, the model that performed best in testing accurately predicted 84.4% of defaulters using the random forest algorithm and a build data sample size of 21,000 cases. It should be noted that false negatives accounted for 12.75% of predictions when this algorithm was used, meaning 765 out of the 6,000 test cases were predicted not to default when the opposite was true. The value for false positives, where a customer was predicted to default but didn't, was lower at 2.85% of predictions, which equates to 171 test cases. These figures highlight that the model is not 100% reliable and a small but significant number of defaulters will not be identified.

The performance of the model improved as the sample size of the data used to build it increased, which suggests that greater accuracy might be achieved with more cases. As such, it is recommended that a dataset larger than 30,000 cases be provided if a more accurate model is required. Likewise, providing a statement and payment history of 12 months for each customer, rather than 6 months might result in greater accuracy as more data points are used to build the model.

The model that was developed did achieve a very good level of accuracy, predicting 84.4% of cases in the test dataset. The number of customers who were correctly predicted to default was 402, which equates to 6.7% of the dataset. Moving forward, if this percentage of customers are offered terms and just half are prevented from defaulting, UFCrC could retain their accounts and save a significant amount of money, particularly if the company has a large customer base.

#### Part 5 (10 marks)

Consider the PropertyPortal scenario in the Appendix. Produce a report for the Managing Director PropertyPortal elaborating on professional, legal, ethical and



security issues that need to be considered and make recommendations that you think are appropriate for the PropertyPortal database.

(10 marks)

The report should be concise and comprehensive and in the region of 800-900 words. You should use Harvard style of citation and referencing by following the guidelines in Pears and Shields (2008).

Answer Part 5: 10 Marks [7 for the quality of your report addressing the above points, 2 for the quality of referencing and citation and adhering to the Harvard style, 1 for presentation of the report]

#### <u>Introduction</u>

This report sets out the professional, legal, ethical and security issues that PropertyPortal should consider throughout the lifetime of the database. It outlines threats which may harm the viability of the business and the importance of complying with legislation, as well as the consequences if things go wrong. Importantly, it offers recommendations on how to manage the risks associated with these issues.

It should be noted that the issues discussed in the report are deeply intertwined and cannot be considered in isolation. For example, an inability to secure a database (a security issue) could result in a breach of data protection legislation (a legal issue). It is also important to note that many of the issues considered will apply whether the database is hosted on the company's servers or in the cloud.

#### Key Issues

The PropertyPortal database contains personal information about customers and estate agent staff across England. Consequently, it is subject to the provisions of the Data Protection Act (DPA) 2018 and UK General Data Protection Regulation (GDPR). Both pieces of legislation apply to organisations that process personal data and there can be severe financial penalties for noncompliance. In some cases, fines totalling tens of millions of pounds can be issued if the principles in the DPA 2018 and GDPR are breached (Digit News, 2022).



Consequently, PropertyPortal should ensure it processes personal data in accordance with the principles in these pieces of legislation, which includes ensuring that consent is sought from an individual before their data is shared with a third party. This point is particularly relevant in this case, as the PropertyPortal database contains information that is commercially valuable to utilities providers, homeware retailers, insurance companies and a host of other businesses, including data analytics firms. As such, individuals need to be told clearly how their data will be processed and who will have access to it when consent is sought.

Another important legal issue concerns liability, particularly if personal data is held in the cloud by a service provider. It may be difficult to ascertain who is accountable if a breach occurs and responsibilities aren't set out explicitly in service level agreements or contracts. It has also been noted that hosting data in the cloud can make it difficult to comply with legislation (Dulaney and Easttom, 2018, p.15).

The last two paragraphs highlight that third party access to data is commonplace. It is therefore important to consider whether those granted access to this information are able to protect it. Similarly, it is worth considering whether they can be trusted to use the data as intended. This was illustrated by the companies Cambridge Analytica (Cadwalladr and Graham-Harrison, 2018) and Rapleaf (Sharda, Delen and Turban, 2017, p.477), who were shown to have an ulterior motive when processing Facebook user data.

Even when the processing of personal data is legal, there is still a need to consider whether it is ethical. This isn't easy, as ethics often aren't clearly defined and can vary across societies (Connolly and Begg, 2015, p.643). Moreover, ethical issues may not be immediately evident at the data processing stage. For example, an artificial intelligence tool developed by Amazon to screen job applications was later found to be biased against women (Dastin, 2018). Therefore, PropertyPortal should carefully consider how its data is used and continually review the secondary and tertiary effects of it being processed.



There are also several security issues that need to be considered. The PropertyPortal database will be accessed by independent estate agents, presumably through a web application. As a result, it will form part of a larger network of interconnected devices which will only be as secure as its weakest link (Elmasri and Navathe, 2017, p.1153). This means the security of the database cannot be viewed in isolation, particularly since an SQL injection attack using a web-based application is one of the biggest threats to a database system (Elmasri and Navathe, 2017, p.1173).

Cyber criminals can also employ denial of service attacks and ransomware to prevent an organisation and its users from accessing data (Dulaney and Easttom, 2018). Although, the threat isn't always posed by an external party as data breaches and attacks can be perpetrated from inside an organisation, either maliciously or unwittingly. Likewise, access to information can be lost if the datacentre hosting it is taken offline, such as by a natural disaster. Information can also be vulnerable when it is taken out of the database and either moved across networks or held on portable media.

Lastly, an organisation can suffer serious reputational damage if it misuses or fails to protect its data, which in turn can have significant financial consequences. The cyber attack suffered by the UK company Talk Talk in 2015 is a case in point. It was targeted by a group of teenage cyber criminals, who used a SQL injection attack to steal personal information belonging to thousands of its customers (Information Commissioner's Office, no date). The value of the company's shares plummeted following the attack (Guibourg, 2015) and its profits more than halved (Monaghan, 2016). Furthermore, it was later given a then record fine of £400,000 by the Information Commissioner's Office, which concluded that Talk Talk had the resources to prevent the breach but failed to do so (Information Commissioner's Office, no date).

#### Recommendations

To mitigate the risk of the issues above materialising, it is recommended that PropertyPortal consider implementing the following measures:



- Employ a qualified Database Administrator (DBA) This individual can secure the database and ensure that the principle of least privileges is followed (Dulaney and Easttom, 2018, p376) by using database security mechanisms (Elmasri and Navathe, 2017, p1153). This should help counter both insider and external threats.
- Employ a qualified web developer As web applications can be used to launch attacks against databases, a web developer who can secure these applications is essential.
- Introduce a comprehensive information security policy and code of ethics –
   These documents can help guide staff and ensure their actions comply with expected legal and ethical behaviour (Connolly and Begg, 2015, p656).
- Ensure third parties are subjected to quality assurance If third parties are
  granted access to the PropertyPortal data, expectations of how they should use
  and handle that data should be detailed in an information sharing agreement or
  contract. Provisions for auditing their performance against these standards
  should be included. Alternatively, PropertyPortal could consider only working with
  third parties that have been accredited against a recognised information security
  standard, such as ISO/IEC 27001.
- Use a backup If a breach or loss cannot be prevented, PropertyPortal needs to be able to recover its data in a timeframe that won't have a detrimental impact on the business.

#### <u>Summary</u>

PropertyPortal must ensure it complies with the UK's data protection legislation and actively take steps to protect the information held in its database. It should also give careful consideration to whether its data is being used in an ethical manner. Failing to act could result in the manifestation of the legal, security and ethical issues detailed in this report. In turn, this could have serious reputational and financial consequences for the business and harm its prospects.



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