In [1]:

```
import daal4py as d4p
import os, sys, time
import numpy as np
from sklearn.metrics import accuracy_score
from sklearn.metrics import f1_score
from sklearn.metrics import recall_score
from sklearn.metrics import precision_score
from sklearn.metrics import confusion_matrix
from sklearn.metrics import f1_score
from sklearn.metrics import mean_absolute_error
from sklearn.metrics import mean_squared_error
from sklearn.metrics import datasets
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
```

In [2]:

```
#KNN
# let's try to use pandas' fast csv reader
    import pandas
    read_csv = lambda f, c, t=np.float64: pandas.read_csv(f, usecols=c, delimiter=',', header=None
except:
    # fall back to numpy loadtxt
    read_csv = lambda f, c, t=np.float64: np.loadtxt(f, usecols=c, delimiter=',', ndmin=2)
def main(readcsv=read csv, method='defaultDense'):
    start = time.clock() # 开始计时
    # Input data set parameters
    train_file = os.path.join('data', 'k_nearest_neighbors_train.csv')
    predict_file = os. path. join('data', 'k_nearest_neighbors_test.csv')
    # Read data. Let's use 5 features per observation
    nFeatures = 5
    nClasses = 5
    train data
                = readcsv(train file, range(nFeatures))
    train labels = readcsv(train file, range(nFeatures, nFeatures+1))
    # Create an algorithm object and call compute
    train_algo = d4p.kdtree_knn_classification_training(nClasses=nClasses)
    #'weights' is optional argument, let's use equal weights
    # in this case results must be the same as without weights
    weights = np. ones((train data. shape[0], 1))
    train_result = train_algo.compute(train_data, train_labels, weights)
    # Now let's do some prediction
    predict_data = readcsv(predict_file, range(nFeatures))
    predict labels = readcsv(predict file, range(nFeatures, nFeatures+1))
    # Create an algorithm object and call compute
    predict_algo = d4p.kdtree_knn_classification_prediction()
    predict_result = predict_algo.compute(predict_data, train_result.model)
    # We expect less than 170 mispredicted values
    assert np. count_nonzero(predict_labels != predict_result.prediction) < 170
    end=time.clock() #结束计时
    print("time", end-start)
    return (train result, predict result, predict labels)
if __name__ == "__main__":
    (train_result, predict_result, predict_labels) = main()
#
     print(predict_result.prediction.shape)
     print(predict labels.shape)
    print("accuracy_score", accuracy_score(predict_labels, predict_result.prediction))
    print ("precision score", precision score (predict labels, predict result.prediction, average="macr
    print("recall_score", recall_score(predict_labels, predict_result.prediction, average="macro"))
    print("f1_score", f1_score(predict_labels, predict_result.prediction, average="macro"))
    print("confusion_matrix\n", confusion_matrix(predict_labels, predict_result.prediction))
```

t:\pear1\anaconda3\envs\daa1\lib\site-packages\ipykerne1_launcher.py:13: Deprecatio
nWarning: time.clock has been deprecated in Python 3.3 and will be removed from Pyt
hon 3.8: use time.perf_counter or time.process_time instead
 del sys.path[0]

time 0.2818316000000003 accuracy_score 0.95775 precision_score 0.9571618356058407 recall_score 0.9574422555601799 f1_score 0.9572627831746068 confusion_matrix [[695 0 0 0 57] 0 823 14 8 0] 2 0] 0 8 810 0 7 1 760 0] [72 0 0 0 743]]

f:\pearl\anaconda3\envs\daal\lib\site-packages\ipykernel_launcher.py:43: Deprecatio nWarning: time.clock has been deprecated in Python 3.3 and will be removed from Python 3.8: use time.perf_counter or time.process_time instead

In [3]:

```
#SVM
# let's try to use pandas' fast csv reader
   import pandas
   read_csv = lambda f, c, t=np.float64: pandas.read_csv(f, usecols=c, delimiter=',', header=None
except:
   # fall back to numpy loadtxt
   read_csv = lambda f, c, t=np.float64: np.loadtxt(f, usecols=c, delimiter=',', ndmin=2)
def main(readcsv=read csv, method='defaultDense'):
   start = time.clock()
   # input data file
   infile = "./data/svm_two_class_train_dense.csv"
   testfile = "./data/svm two class test dense.csv"
   # Configure a SVM object to use rbf kernel (and adjusting cachesize)
   kern = d4p.kernel_function_linear(method=method) # need an object that lives when creating trai
   train_algo = d4p.svm_training(doShrinking=True, kernel=kern, cacheSize=600000000)
   # Read data. Let's use features per observation
   data = readcsv(infile, range(20))
   labels = readcsv(infile, range(20, 21))
   train_result = train_algo.compute(data, labels)
   # Now let's do some prediction
   predict algo = d4p. svm prediction(kernel=kern)
   # read test data (with same #features)
   pdata = readcsv(testfile, range(20))
   plabels = readcsv(testfile, range(20,21))
   # now predict using the model from the training above
   predict_result = predict_algo.compute(pdata, train_result.model)
   # Prediction result provides prediction
   assert(predict_result.prediction.shape == (pdata.shape[0], 1))
   end=time.clock() #结東计时
   print("time", end-start)
   return (predict result, plabels)
if name == " main ":
    (predict result, predict labels) = main()
   #predict labels = np. squeeze(predict labels)
     print (predict labels. shape)
#
     print(predict result.prediction.shape)
#
     print(predict result.prediction)
     官方的包写错了,没有进行二值化,这里进行改正
   for i in range (len (predict result. prediction)):
        if predict result.prediction[i][0]>=0:
           predict result.prediction[i][0]=1
       else:
           predict_result.prediction[i][0]=-1
     print(predict result.prediction)
   print("accuracy_score", accuracy_score(predict_labels, predict_result.prediction))
   print ("precision score", precision score (predict labels, predict result.prediction, average="mage"
   print("recall score", recall score(predict labels, predict result.prediction, average="macro"))
```

```
print("f1_score", f1_score(predict_labels, predict_result.prediction, average="macro"))
print("confusion_matrix\n", confusion_matrix(predict_labels, predict_result.prediction))
```

f:\pearl\anaconda3\envs\daal\lib\site-packages\ipykernel_launcher.py:13: Deprecatio nWarning: time.clock has been deprecated in Python 3.3 and will be removed from Python 3.8: use time.perf_counter or time.process_time instead del sys.path[0]

time 0.6110118
accuracy_score 0.971
precision_score 0.971037103710371
recall_score 0.9709918839675359
fl_score 0.9709989559624146
confusion_matrix
[[977 25]
[33 965]]

f:\pearl\anaconda3\envs\daal\lib\site-packages\ipykernel_launcher.py:38: Deprecatio nWarning: time.clock has been deprecated in Python 3.3 and will be removed from Python 3.8: use time.perf_counter or time.process_time instead

```
In [4]:
```

```
#朴素贝叶斯
# let's try to use pandas' fast csv reader
try:
    import pandas
    read csv = lambda f, c, t=np.float64: pandas.read csv(f, usecols=c, delimiter=',', header=None
    # fall back to numpy loadtxt
    read_csv = lambda f, c, t=np.float64: np.loadtxt(f, usecols=c, delimiter=',', ndmin=2)
def main(readcsv=read csv, method='defaultDense'):
    start = time.clock()
    # input data file
    infile = "./data/naivebayes_train_dense.csv"
    testfile = "./data/naivebayes test dense.csv"
    # Configure a training object (20 classes)
    talgo = d4p.multinomial_naive_bayes_training(20, method=method)
    # Read data. Let's use 20 features per observation
    data = readcsv(infile, range(20))
    labels = readcsv(infile, range(20, 21))
    tresult = talgo.compute(data, labels)
    # Now let's do some prediction
    palgo = d4p.multinomial_naive_bayes_prediction(20, method=method)
    # read test data (with same #features)
    pdata = readcsv(testfile, range(20))
    plabels = readcsv(testfile, range(20, 21))
    # now predict using the model from the training above
    presult = palgo.compute(pdata, tresult.model)
    # Prediction result provides prediction
    assert (presult. prediction. shape == (pdata. shape[0], 1))
    end=time.clock() #结束计时
    print("time", end-start)
    return (presult, plabels)
if name == " main ":
    (predict_result, predict_labels) = main()
    print("accuracy_score", accuracy_score(predict_labels, predict_result.prediction))
    print("precision_score", precision_score(predict_labels, predict_result.prediction, average="mac
    print("recall score", recall score(predict labels, predict result.prediction, average="macro"))
    print("fl_score", fl_score(predict_labels, predict_result.prediction, average="macro"))
    print("confusion_matrix\n", confusion_matrix(predict_labels, predict_result.prediction))
f:\pearl\anaconda3\envs\daal\lib\site-packages\ipykernel_launcher.py:12: Deprecatio
nWarning: time.clock has been deprecated in Python 3.3 and will be removed from Pyt
hon 3.8: use time.perf_counter or time.process_time instead
  if sys. path[0] == '':
time 0.2384398000000001
accuracy score 1.0
precision score 1.0
rocall coord 1 A
```

fl gooms 1 0

0

99]]

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con	fus	ion_n	natr	ix															
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[0	90 0]	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
	0	0 1	104	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
[0	0	0	91	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
[0	0]	0	0	95	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
[0	0]	0	0	0	93	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
	0	0]	0	0	0	0	97	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
[0	0]	0	0	0	0	0	106	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
[0	0]	0	0	0	0	0	0	92	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
[0	0]	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	105	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
[0	0]	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	107	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
[0	0]	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	98	0	0	0	0	0	0	
[0	0]	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	115	0	0	0	0	0	
[0	0]	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	103	0	0	0	0	
_	0	0]	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	109	0	0	0	
Ĺ	0	0]																	
[0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			0	0	
[0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		106	0	
[0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	97	
	0 01	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	

f:\pearl\anaconda3\envs\daal\lib\site-packages\ipykernel_launcher.py:37: Deprecatio nWarning: time.clock has been deprecated in Python 3.3 and will be removed from Python 3.8: use time.perf_counter or time.process_time instead

In [5]:

```
# adaboost
# let's try to use pandas' fast csv reader
try:
    import pandas
    read_csv = lambda f, c, t=np.float64: pandas.read_csv(f, usecols=c, delimiter=',', header=None
except:
    # fall back to numpy loadtxt
    read_csv = lambda f, c, t=np.float64: np.loadtxt(f, usecols=c, delimiter=',', ndmin=2)
def main(readcsv=read csv, method='defaultDense'):
    start = time.clock()
    infile = "./data/adaboost_train.csv"
    testfile = "./data/adaboost_test.csv"
    nClasses = 2
    # Configure a adaboost training object
    train_algo = d4p.adaboost_training(nClasses=nClasses)
    # Read data. Let's have 20 independent, and 1 dependent variable (for each observation)
    indep data = readcsv(infile, range(20))
             = readcsv(infile, range(20,21))
    # Now train/compute, the result provides the model for prediction
    train_result = train_algo.compute(indep_data, dep_data)
    # Now let's do some prediction
    predict algo = d4p.adaboost prediction(nClasses=nClasses)
    # read test data (with same #features)
    pdata = readcsv(testfile, range(20))
    # now predict using the model from the training above
    predict_result = predict_algo.compute(pdata, train_result.model)
    # The prediction result provides prediction
    assert predict result.prediction.shape == (pdata.shape[0], dep data.shape[1])
    predict_labels = np.loadtxt(testfile, usecols=range(20,21), delimiter=',', ndmin=2)
    assert np.allclose(predict_result.prediction, predict_labels)
    end=time.clock() #结束计时
    print("time", end-start)
    return (train result, predict result, predict labels)
if name == " main ":
    (train result, predict result, predict labels) = main()
    print("accuracy_score", accuracy_score(predict_labels, predict_result.prediction))
    print("precision_score", precision_score(predict_labels, predict_result.prediction,average="macr
    print("recall_score", recall_score(predict_labels, predict_result.prediction, average="macro"))
    print("f1_score", f1_score(predict_labels, predict_result.prediction, average="macro"))
    print ("confusion matrix\n", confusion matrix (predict labels, predict result.prediction))
```

f:\pearl\anaconda3\envs\daal\lib\site-packages\ipykernel_launcher.py:13: Deprecatio nWarning: time.clock has been deprecated in Python 3.3 and will be removed from Python 3.8: use time.perf_counter or time.process_time instead del sys.path[0]

```
accuracy_score 1.0
precision_score 1.0
recall_score 1.0
f1_score 1.0
confusion_matrix
[[1599 0]
[ 0 401]]
```

f:\pearl\anaconda3\envs\daal\lib\site-packages\ipykernel_launcher.py:40: Deprecatio nWarning: time.clock has been deprecated in Python 3.3 and will be removed from Python 3.8: use time.perf_counter or time.process_time instead

In [6]:

```
# 随机森林RandomFroest
# let's try to use pandas' fast csv reader
try:
    import pandas
    read_csv = lambda f, c, t=np.float64: pandas.read_csv(f, usecols=c, delimiter=',', header=None
except:
    # fall back to numpy loadtxt
    read_csv = lambda f, c, t=np.float64: np.loadtxt(f, usecols=c, delimiter=',', ndmin=2, dtype=t]
# Get Intel(R) Data Analytics Acceleration Library (Intel(R) DAAL) version
from daal4py import __daal_link_version__ as dv
daal\_version = tuple(map(int, (dv[0:4], dv[4:8])))
def main(readcsv=read_csv, method='defaultDense'):
    start = time.clock()
    # input data file
    infile = "./data/df_classification_train.csv"
    testfile = "./data/df_classification_test.csv"
    # Configure a training object (5 classes)
    train algo = d4p. decision forest classification training (5,
                                                             minObservationsInLeafNode=8,
                                                             featuresPerNode=3,
                                                             engine = d4p. engines_mt19937 (seed=777),
                                                             varImportance='MDI',
                                                             bootstrap=True,
                                                             resultsToCompute='computeOutOfBagError'
    # Read data. Let's use 3 features per observation
         = readcsv(infile, range(3), t=np.float32)
    labels = readcsv(infile, range(3,4), t=np.float32)
    train result = train algo.compute(data, labels)
    # Traiing result provides (depending on parameters) model, outOfBagError, outOfBagErrorPerObserv
    # Now let's do some prediction
    predict algo = d4p. decision forest classification prediction (nClasses=5)
      if daal_version < (2020, 1):
         predict algo = d4p. decision forest classification prediction(nClasses=5)
#
     else:
#
          predict algo = d4p. decision forest classification prediction (nClasses=5,
#
              resultsToEvaluate="computeClassLabels|computeClassProbabilities", votingMethod="unweig"
    # read test data (with same #features)
    pdata = readcsv(testfile, range(3), t=np.float32)
    plabels = readcsv(testfile, range(3,4), t=np.float32)
    # now predict using the model from the training above
    predict_result = predict_algo.compute(pdata, train_result.model)
    # Prediction result provides prediction
    assert(predict_result.prediction.shape == (pdata.shape[0], 1))
    end=time.clock() #结束计时
    print("time", end-start)
    return (train_result, predict_result, plabels)
if name == " main ":
    (train result, predict result, predict labels) = main()
```

```
print("accuracy_score", accuracy_score(predict_labels, predict_result.prediction))

print("precision_score", precision_score(predict_labels, predict_result.prediction, average="mac print("recall_score", recall_score(predict_labels, predict_result.prediction, average="macro"))
print("fl_score", fl_score(predict_labels, predict_result.prediction, average="macro"))
print("confusion_matrix\n", confusion_matrix(predict_labels, predict_result.predict_result.prediction))
```

f:\pearl\anaconda3\envs\daal\lib\site-packages\ipykernel_launcher.py:16: Deprecatio nWarning: time.clock has been deprecated in Python 3.3 and will be removed from Python 3.8: use time.perf_counter or time.process_time instead app.launch_new_instance()

```
time 1.9564907999999992
accuracy_score 0.972
precision_score 0.9724331546028709
recall_score 0.9724483374081128
f1_score 0.9723101652373585
confusion_matrix
         2
             0
                 0
                     0]
 [[161
    2 155
            3
                0
                    0]
                2
                     0]
    0
        8 310
    0
        0
            5 193
                     0]
                6 153]]
```

f:\pearl\anaconda3\envs\daal\lib\site-packages\ipykernel_launcher.py:53: Deprecatio nWarning: time.clock has been deprecated in Python 3.3 and will be removed from Python 3.8: use time.perf counter or time.process time instead

In [7]:

```
# EM算法
# let's try to use pandas' fast csv reader
try:
    import pandas
    read_csv = lambda f, c=None, t=np.float64: pandas.read_csv(f, usecols=c, delimiter=',', header
except:
    # fall back to numpy loadtxt
    read_csv = lambda f, c=None, t=np.float64: np.loadtxt(f, usecols=c, delimiter=',', ndmin=2)
def main(readcsv=read csv, method='defaultDense'):
    start = time.clock()
    nComponents = 2
    infile = "./data/em_gmm.csv"
    # We load the data
    data = readcsv(infile)
    # configure a em_gmm init object
    algo1 = d4p.em_gmm_init(nComponents)
    # and compute initial model
    result1 = algo1. compute (data)
    # configure a em_gmm object
    algo2 = d4p. em gmm (nComponents)
    # and compute em_gmm using initial weights and means
    result2 = algo2.compute(data, result1.weights, result1.means, result1.covariances)
    end=time.clock() #结束计时
    print("time", end-start)
    # implicit als prediction result objects provide covariances, goalFunction, means, nIterations a
    return result2
if __name__ == "__main__":
    res = main()
    # daal库的api不支持预测
    print("Weights:\n", res.weights)
    print("Means:\n", res.means)
    for c in res. covariances:
       print("Covariance:\n", c)
    print('All looks good!')
time 0.004831300000001093
Weights:
 [[0.50004707 0.49995293]]
 [10.16638183 0.04546081 -7.21141
 [ 0.19393028  0.01859487  0.37642873]]
Covariance:
 [ 7. 56786995 1. 30583815 -0. 06336321]
 [ 1.30583815 0.97932635 0.63631872]
 [-0.06336321 0.63631872 2.27659338]]
Covariance:
 [ 0.85968907 -0.22851204 0.08127243]
 [-0.22851204 \quad 2.2197825 \quad -0.10165961]
               0 10105001
```

[0.08127243 -0.10165961 2.57295252]] All looks good!

f:\pearl\anaconda3\envs\daal\lib\site-packages\ipykernel_launcher.py:13: Deprecatio nWarning: time.clock has been deprecated in Python 3.3 and will be removed from Python 3.8: use time.perf_counter or time.process_time instead del sys.path[0]

f:\pearl\anaconda3\envs\daal\lib\site-packages\ipykernel_launcher.py:30: Deprecatio nWarning: time.clock has been deprecated in Python 3.3 and will be removed from Python 3.8: use time.perf_counter or time.process_time instead

In [8]:

```
# 随机森林回归
# let's try to use pandas' fast csv reader
try:
    import pandas
    read_csv = lambda f, c, t=np.float64: pandas.read_csv(f, usecols=c, delimiter=',', header=None
except:
    # fall back to numpy loadtxt
    read_csv = lambda f, c, t=np.float64: np.loadtxt(f, usecols=c, delimiter=',', ndmin=2, dtype=n
def main(readcsv=read csv, method='defaultDense'):
    start = time.clock()
    infile = "./data/df_regression_train.csv"
    testfile = "./data/df_regression_test.csv"
    # Configure a Linear regression training object
    train algo = d4p. decision forest regression training (nTrees=100,
                                                         varImportance='MDA_Raw',
                                                         bootstrap=True,
                                                         engine = d4p.engines_mt2203(seed=777),
                                                         resultsToCompute='computeOutOfBagError|comp
    # Read data. Let's have 13 independent, and 1 dependent variables (for each observation)
    indep data = readcsv(infile, range(13), t=np.float32)
    dep_data = readcsv(infile, range(13, 14), t=np.float32)
    # Now train/compute, the result provides the model for prediction
    train result = train algo.compute(indep data, dep data)
    # Traiing result provides (depending on parameters) model, outOfBagError, outOfBagErrorPerObserv
    # Now let's do some prediction
    predict_algo = d4p. decision_forest_regression_prediction()
    # read test data (with same #features)
    pdata = readcsv(testfile, range(13), t=np.float32)
    ptdata = readcsv(testfile, range(13, 14), t=np. float32)
    # now predict using the model from the training above
    predict_result = predict_algo.compute(pdata, train_result.model)
    # The prediction result provides prediction
    assert predict result.prediction.shape == (pdata.shape[0], dep data.shape[1])
    end=time.clock() #结束计时
    print("time", end-start)
    return (train_result, predict_result, ptdata)
if __name__ == "__main__":
    from daal4py import __daal_link_version__ as dv
    daal\_version = tuple(map(int, (dv[0:4], dv[4:8])))
    if daal_version < (2019, 1):
        print("Need Intel(R) DAAL 2019.1 or later")
    else:
        (train result, predict result, ptdata) = main()
        print("MAE", mean_absolute_error(ptdata, predict_result.prediction))
        print("MSE", mean_squared_error(ptdata, predict_result.prediction))
```

$f: \pearl\anaconda 3 envs \daal\lib\site-packages\ipykernel_launcher.\ py: 13:\ Deprecation of the control of$
nWarning: time.clock has been deprecated in Python 3.3 and will be removed from Pyt
hon 3.8: use time.perf_counter or time.process_time instead
del svs.path[0]

time 0.12507719999999978 MAE 2.7084110872930176 MSE 17.652745413976746

f:\pearl\anaconda3\envs\daal\lib\site-packages\ipykernel_launcher.py:42: Deprecatio nWarning: time.clock has been deprecated in Python 3.3 and will be removed from Python 3.8: use time.perf_counter or time.process_time instead

In []:	
In []:	