

HARVARD
Extension School

Week 12

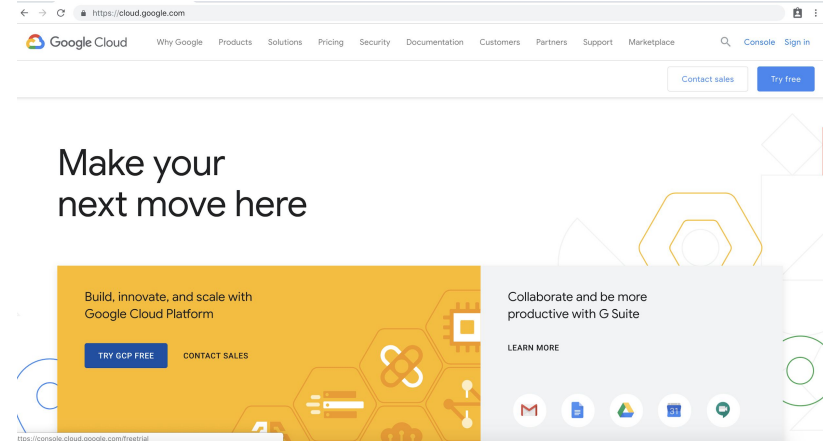
Google Cloud Platform (GCP)

Students will create a Google Cloud account and build a computation environment similar to the one they created with the AWS using the console and the API call.

- Create Google account
- Build a computing environment
 - Google Computing
 - Google VPC
 - Google Database
 - Google Function
- Managing resources and credentials
- Google SDK

Google Cloud Platform (GCP) Account

1. Go to <https://cloud.google.com>
2. Click on “Try GCP Free” blue button
3. Sign in to your google account
4. This only works the first time GCP users. The free trial is not available if you tried it before.
5. Set your country,
6. Click Agree and Continue
7. Select the account type “Individual”. Fill in your information and provide a credit card. You won't be billed until and unless you go over \$300
8. Navigate to the Google Cloud Console:
<https://console.cloud.google.com/>



Groups of Services

- Compute:
 - Virtual Machines
 - Container and Container Management
 - Functions and Lambdas
- Security and Identity
- Managing and Monitoring
- Storage
 - Files
 - Archival Storage
 - Persistent Disks for VMs
- Networking and Machine Learning
- Developer tools: <https://cloud.google.com/docs/overview/developer-and-admin-tools>

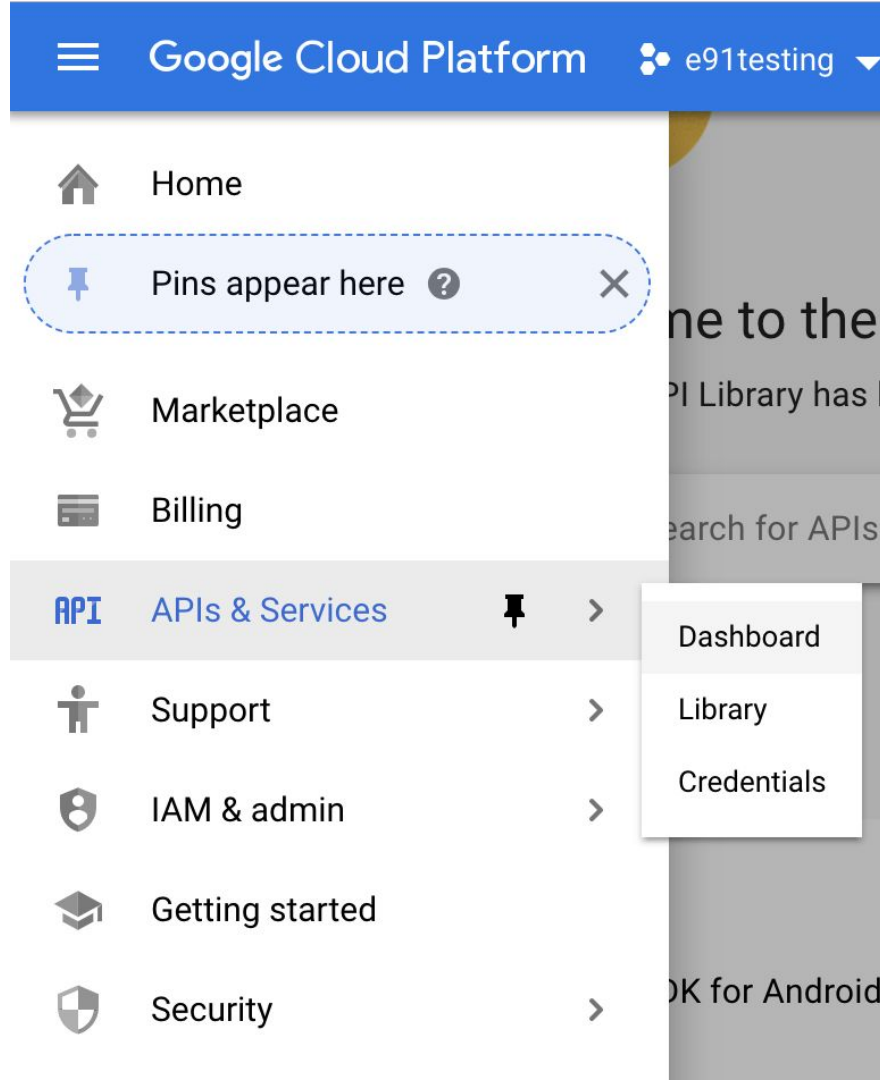
Map AWS services to Google Cloud Platform

<https://cloud.google.com/docs/compare/aws/>

Compute		Database	
Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud	Compute Engine	RDBMS	
Serverless Functions		Amazon Relational Database Service, Amazon Aurora	Cloud SQL, Cloud Spanner
AWS Lambda	Cloud Functions		
Network		Management Services	
Virtual Networks		Monitoring/Logging	
Amazon Virtual Private Cloud	Virtual Private Cloud	Amazon CloudWatch Logs	Stackdriver Logging/Monitoring
Load Balancer			
Elastic Load Balancer	Cloud Load Balancing		
Domains and DNS		Machine Learning	
Amazon Route 53	Google Domains, Cloud DNS	Speech	
		Amazon Transcribe	Cloud Speech-to-Text
Storage			
Object Storage			
Amazon Simple Storage Service	Cloud Storage		
Block Storage			
Amazon Elastic Block Store	Persistent Disk		
Archival Storage			
Amazon Glacier	Cloud Storage Coldline		

Google Cloud Console

1. A project contains enabled services and at the level of each service, you set the location
2. GCP projects are identified by:
 - a. the ID,
 - b. the name
 - c. the number.
3. Regions and Zones:
<https://cloud.google.com/compute/docs/regions-zones/>
4. The services menu is customized based on services API being disabled or enabled



Security and IAM

- IAM: (for people) to add members and control permissions per project
- Service accounts: (for services) to add service accounts and control add keys
- Quotas: to control spending and avoid billing surprises per service
(Not available for free accounts)

<https://cloud.google.com/iam/docs/overview>



Identity and Access Management

Policy

Member Identity



Google Account

userid@gmail.com

Service Account

12345678@cloudservices.
gserviceaccount.com



Google Group

groupname@googlegroups.com

Cloud Identity or
G Suite Domain

alias@example.com

+

Roles

Instance Admin

(compute.instanceAdmin.v1)

Object Admin

(storage.objectAdmin)

App Engine Admin

(appengine.appAdmin)

Log Viewer

(logging.viewer)

Pub/Sub Publisher

(pubsub.publisher)

Google Compute Engine (GCE)

1. In the GCP Console, go to the VM Instances page.
2. Click Create instance.
3. In the Boot disk section, click Change to begin configuring your boot disk.
4. In the OS images tab, choose Debian 9.
5. Click Select.
6. In the Firewall section, select Allow HTTP traffic.
7. Click Manage disks, Networking and SSH Keys
 - a. User data
 - b. Ssh keys
8. Click Create to create the instance.

Google Compute Engine (GCE)

Create instance with user data

```
#!/bin/bash
# Yum Update
yum update -y
# Install httpd
yum install httpd -y
# Start and enable service
systemctl start httpd
systemctl enable httpd
sudo groupadd www
sudo usermod -a -G www fadwa
sudo chown -R fadwa:www /var/www
sudo chmod 2775 /var/www
find /var/www -type d -exec chmod 2775 {} \;
find /var/www -type f -exec chmod 0664 {} \;
echo My New Instance on GCP >> /var/www/html/index.html
```

User data (Startup script)

Re-run user data

You can login to the instance and force rerun userdata script

```
> sudo google_metadata_script_runner --script-type startup
```

Check the output

```
> sudo journalctl -u google-startup-scripts.service
```

User data in a file (will talk about gcloud later)

```
gcloud compute instances create example-instance --metadata-from-file  
startup-script=/PATH/TO/YOUR/SCRIPT.sh
```

Instance template and groups

- An instance template is an API resource used create a managed instance group or to create individual VM instances groups with identical configurations.

<https://console.cloud.google.com/compute/instanceTemplates/>

- Defines
 - the machine type,
 - boot disk image or container image,
 - zone,
 - labels,
 - other instance properties.
- A managed instance group contains identical instances that you can manage as a single entity.

Google Storage

- Go to <https://console.cloud.google.com>
- Navigation menu
- Storage
- Create Bucket
 - Name
 - Multiregional
 - US
 - Create
 - Upload files
- To make the file public
 - Select and edit permissions
 - Entity : User
 - Name: allUsers
 - Access: Reader

GCP VPC

- VPC networks, including their associated routes and firewall rules, are global resources. They are *not* associated with any particular region or zone.
- *Subnets* are regional resources. Each subnet defines a range of IP addresses. Traffic to and from instances can be controlled with network firewall rules.
- Resources within a VPC network can communicate with one another using internal (private) IPv4 addresses.
- Instances with internal IP addresses can communicate with Google APIs and services.
- Network administration can be secured using Identity and Access Management (IAM) roles.
- More on VPC <https://cloud.google.com/vpc/docs/vpc>

Create VPC

- Go to <https://console.cloud.google.com>
- Navigation menu
- VPC Networks
- Create VPC Network
 - Name :
 - Description
 - Subnets
 - Subnet Creation mode : custom
 - New Subnet
 - Name : pub
 - Region: us-east4
 - IP Address range : 10.10.0.0/16
 - Dynamic routing mode : Regional

Google Database

- Go to <https://console.cloud.google.com>
- Navigation menu
- SQL
- Create instance
 - MySQL (or Postgresql)
 - Choose second generation
 - Instance ID : e91sql
 - Root password : PASSWORD
 - Location
 - Region
 - Create

Connect to your database

Using MySQL Client

```
$ apt install mariadb-client OR yum install mariadb-client
```

```
$ mysql -u root -h DATABASE-IP
```

Using gcloud API (will talk about gcloud api later in the slides)

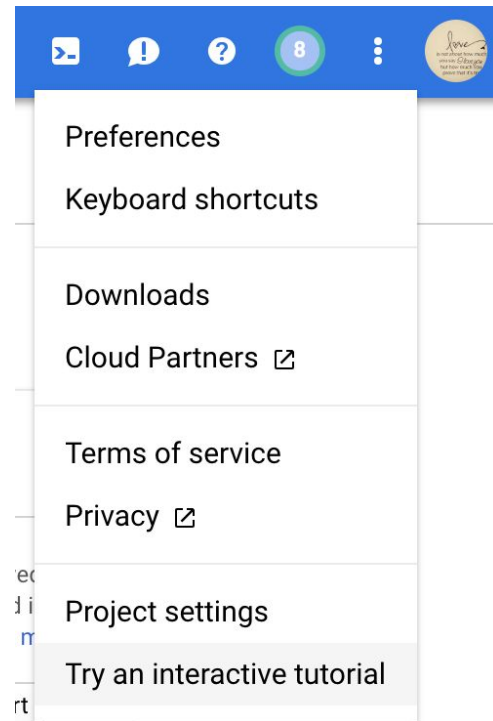
```
$ gcloud sql connect e91sql --user=root --quiet
```

Google Function

- Go to <https://console.cloud.google.com>
- Navigation menu
- Cloud Function
 - Name
 - Memory allocated
 - Trigger
 - Source code
 - Runtime
 - Function to execute
 - Create

Using the tutorial : GCE Kubernetes Example

- Google offers wizard like tutorials to build some services.
- From the console, at the top right corner, click on the three dotted menu and select Interactive Tutorial
- Select Try Kubernetes Engine which will build a Hello World App
- Follow the wizard steps



Command Line Tool

1. Method1: Using the Google Cloud SDK installer:
<https://cloud.google.com/sdk/docs/downloads-interactive>
2. Method2: Installing from versioned archives
 - a. Download GCP SDK <https://cloud.google.com/sdk/install>
 - b. Extract and run Install script to add Cloud SDK tools to your path
 - On Linux or macOS:
./google-cloud-sdk/install.sh
 - On Windows:
.\google-cloud-sdk\install.bat
 - c. Initialize the SDK: ./google-cloud-sdk/bin/gcloud init
3. Restart Terminal and check version:

```
Fadwas-MacBook-Pro:~ fadwa$ gcloud version
Google Cloud SDK 225.0.0
bq 2.0.37
core 2018.11.09
gsutil 4.34
```

gcloud authentication

From terminal authenticate to gcloud: `$ gcloud init`

```
Fadwas-MacBook-Pro:~ fadwa$ gcloud init
Welcome! This command will take you through the configuration of gcloud.
```

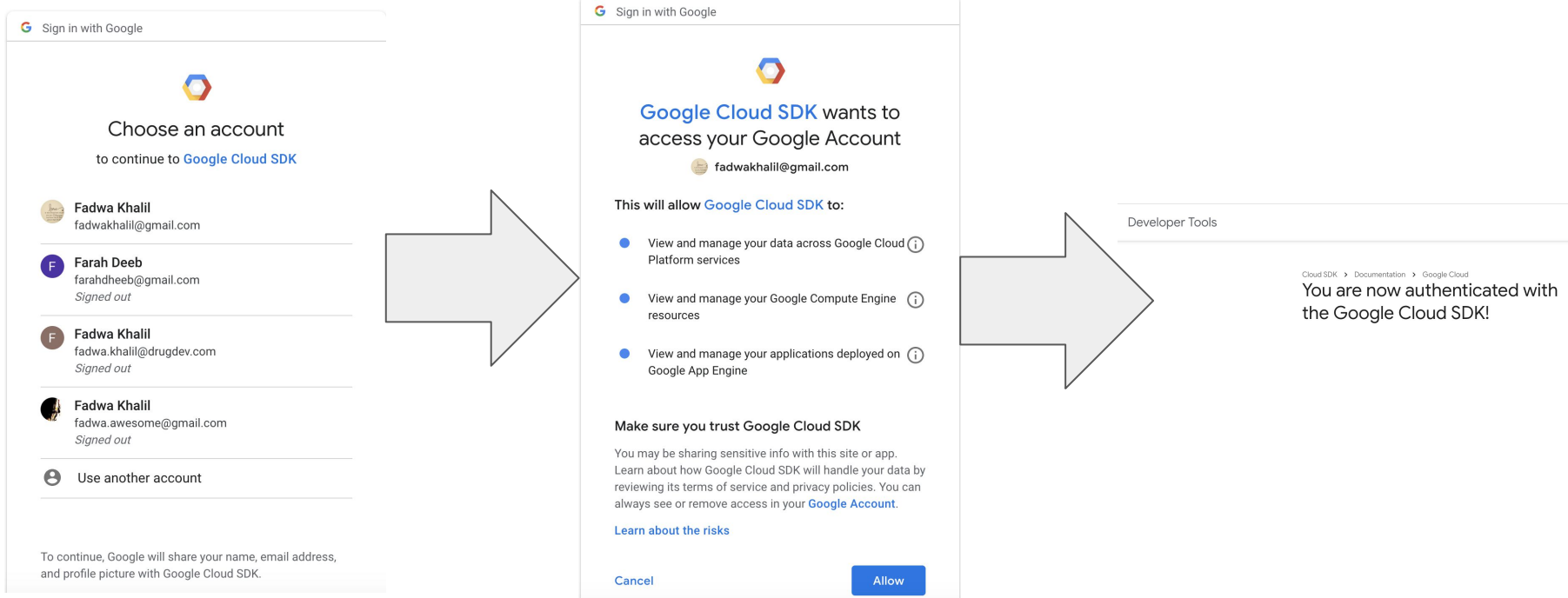
```
Your current configuration has been set to: [default]
```

```
You can skip diagnostics next time by using the following flag:
gcloud init --skip-diagnostics
```

```
Network diagnostic detects and fixes local network connection issues.
Checking network connection...done.
Reachability Check passed.
Network diagnostic passed (1/1 checks passed).
```

```
You must log in to continue. Would you like to log in (Y/n)? Y
```

```
Your browser has been opened to visit:
```



You are logged in as: [fadwakhalil@gmail.com].

Pick cloud project to use:

[1] e91testing

[2] Create a new project

Please enter numeric choice or text value (must exactly match list item):

Common Commands

\$ gcloud auth login ## To authenticate again

\$ gcloud info --show-log ## To check logs

\$ gcloud config set project <project-id> ## To set project

\$ gcloud init <project-name> ## To set project

Gcloud command help:

\$ gcloud --help

gcloud cheat sheet:

<https://gist.github.com/pydevops/cffbd3c694d599c6ca18342d3625af97>

Google Deployment Manager

From Console: <https://console.cloud.google.com> -> Navigation menu -> Deployment Manager

Using gcloud :

create a yaml file of resources “for example centos.yaml”

```
$ gcloud deployment-manager deployments create centos-template --config centos.yaml
```

```
$ gcloud deployment-manager deployments describe centos-template
```

From the Console or the gcloud API check your instances

```
$ gcloud compute instance list
```

To delete the template

```
$ gcloud deployment-manager deployments delete centos-template
```



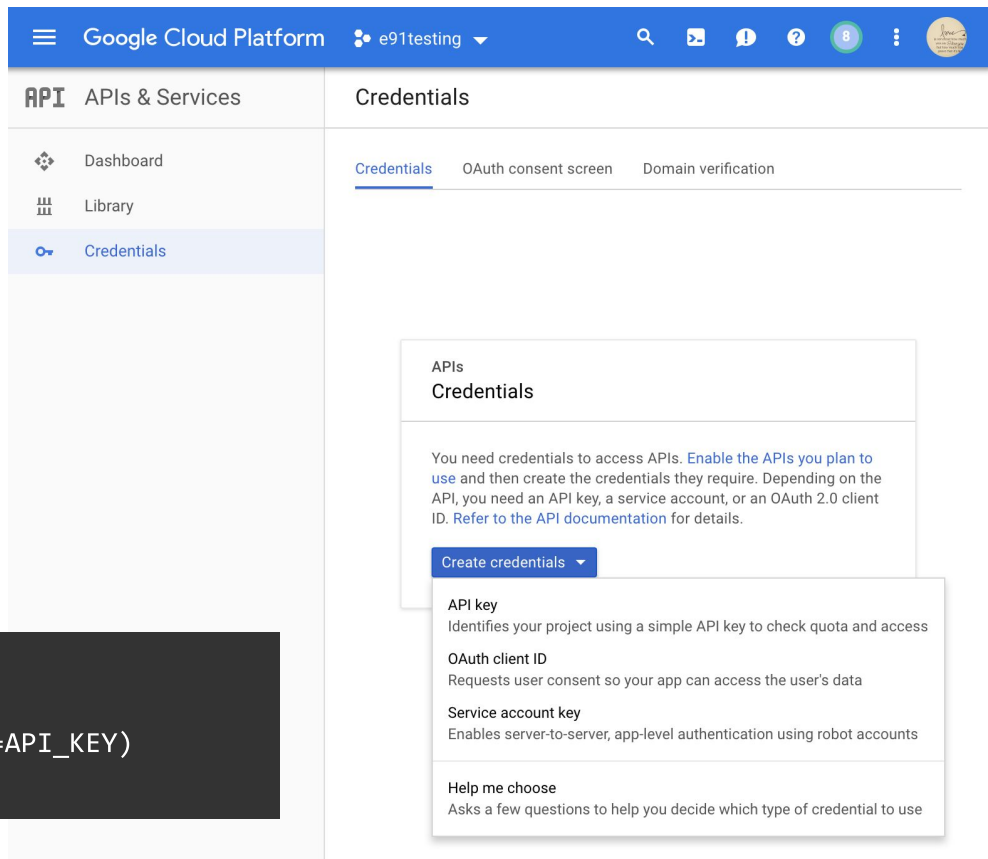
```
# centos.yaml

# Replace cscie91-222920 with your project ID
# Replace sourceImage with the image of your desire.
# List of Images: https://cloud.google.com/compute/docs/images#os-compute-support
resources:
- type: compute.v1.instance
  name: CentOS-7-VM
  properties:
    # The properties of the resource depend on the type of resource.
    zone: us-central1-f
    machineType:
      https://www.googleapis.com/compute/v1/projects/cscie91-222920/zones/us-central1-f/machineTypes/f1-micro
    disks:
      - deviceName: boot
        type: PERSISTENT
        boot: true
        autoDelete: true
        initializeParams:
          sourceImage: https://www.googleapis.com/compute/v1/projects/centos-cloud/global/images/family/centos-7
    networkInterfaces:
      - network: https://www.googleapis.com/compute/v1/projects/cscie91-222920/global/networks/default
        # Access Config required to give the instance a public IP address
        accessConfigs:
          - name: External NAT
            type: ONE_TO_ONE_NAT
```

Google cloud python

- Install the google-api-python-client library.
`$ pip install --upgrade google-api-python-client`
- To keep projects secure, the first step is to authorize access.
- Create API Key
- Reference the API Key in python code
- git clone
<https://github.com/GoogleCloudPlatform/python-docs-samples>
- Use your generated key to authenticate

```
from apiclient import discovery
API_KEY = # copied from project credentials page
SERVICE = discovery.build(API, VERSION, developerKey=API_KEY)
```



Google Cloud Platform e91testing

APIs & Services

- Dashboard
- Library
- Credentials

Credentials

Credentials OAuth consent screen Domain verification

APIs Credentials

You need credentials to access APIs. [Enable the APIs you plan to use](#) and then create the credentials they require. Depending on the API, you need an API key, a service account, or an OAuth 2.0 client ID. [Refer to the API documentation](#) for details.

Create credentials

- API key
Identifies your project using a simple API key to check quota and access
- OAuth client ID
Requests user consent so your app can access the user's data
- Service account key
Enables server-to-server, app-level authentication using robot accounts
- Help me choose
Asks a few questions to help you decide which type of credential to use

Example

Objectives and steps:

- Use client secret key,
- List managed virtual machine instances in your project,
- Run gcloud auth login from command line
- Create new Client ID from Console > API > Credentials
- verify your results.

```
#!/usr/bin/env python
from googleapiclient import discovery

def get_authentication():
    API_KEY = # copied from project credentials page
    SERVICE = discovery.build('compute', 'v1', credentials=API_KEY)
    return service

def get_managed_instance_groups(project='my-project'):
    service = get_authentication()
    instance_groups_manager = service.instanceGroupManagers()
    aggregated_list_request = instance_groups_manager.aggregatedList(project=project)
    response = aggregated_list_request.execute()
    return response['items']

groups = get_managed_instance_groups()

assets = groups['zones/us-east4-a']['instanceGroupManagers']

for asset in assets:
    print(asset)
```