

# Intro to Python Practice

Stevens Python Club

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## 1 Fibonacci Sequence

Define a function called `sum_fib` that has one parameter, "max, with a default value of 4 million. The function should return the sum of all even numbers in the Fibonacci sequence that are less than our max value.

A reminder on the Fibonacci sequence: the next value of the sequence is always the sum of the previous two values. So starting with 0 and 1 the sequence would go 0, 1, 1, 2, 3, 5, 8...

To test that you're on the right track you can try doing the calculations manually on a small set of values, such as all numbers in the sequence less than 10.

## 2 Power Digit Sum

Define a function called `power_digit_sum` that has two parameters, "base" and "exp". The function should calculate the value of  $base^{exp}$  and then return the sum of the digits of that value.  $2^{15} = 32768$  and the sum of its digits is  $3 + 2 + 7 + 6 + 8 = 26$ . Brownie points if you can do it in one line.

## 3 Sum Square Difference

The sum of the squares of the first ten natural numbers is,  $1^2 + 2^2 + \dots + 10^2 = 385$ . The square of the sum of the first ten natural numbers is,  $(1 + 2 + \dots + 10)^2 = 55^2 = 3025$ . Hence the difference between the sum of the squares of the first ten natural numbers and the square of the sum is  $3025 - 385 = 2640$ . Define a function called "ssd" that has one parameter, "x", that finds the difference between the sum of the squares of the first x natural numbers and the square of the sum. Brownie points if you can do it in one line.